

Science & Technology

- 1. Cyber Security
- 2. International Pollution and Global Climate Change
- 3. Energy Exploration



Submitted To: Science and Technology

Topic: Cyber Security Submitted By: Egypt



1	Recognizing that a large majority of the world's population is dependent on technology, and
2 3	Aware that the amount of cyber-attacks increases every year, and
4 5 6	Alarmed that many countries do not have up-to-date cyber security measures in place to protect
7	the government and its citizens, and
8 9	<u>Noting</u> with urgency that as new cyber security measures are implemented, cyber criminals are developing ways to circumvent them, and
10 11	Acknowledging that a vast amount of wealth is lost to cybercrime;
12 13	1) Stresses the need to increase cyber security for major areas of infrastructure;
14 15	2) <u>Urges</u> that cyber espionage be condemned by all countries in the United Nations;
16 17	3) <u>Demands</u> that international law be implemented to punish cyber criminals regardless
1.0	and the state of the purion cycle criminals regardless

4) Recommends not only cooperation between countries, but also between businesses

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of their location;

when dealing with cyber security matters;



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Cyber Security Submitted By: France

1/2

BEARING IN MIND that the overall general purpose of cyberspace is to maintain a peaceful, secure, open and cooperative environment for Governments, military, corporations, financial institutions, hospitals and other businesses to process and store a great deal of confidential information on computers and transmit that data across networks to other computers,

NOTING that cyber security is transnational issue that affects (as of 2011) 431 million adult victims globally each year – or 14 adult victims every second, one million cybercrime victims every day,

 RECOGNIZING that international achievement is not merely achieved through only government and law, but throughout society and national efforts increasing learning and employment opportunities, which can lead to a better quality of life by using secure information and promoting universal access,

 NOTING that more and more data information and network systems are more vulnerable and under threat of as a result of the advancements toward increasing interconnectivity and expansion of the Internet access,

 1. <u>CALLS UPON</u> nations to identify and prosecute hackers suspicious or guilty of cybercrimes toward a country or government and to conspire with international investigators about criminal activity and crimes concerning cyber security,

2. SUGGESTS the creation of a international software program with the latest up to date software and that holds true to the fundamentals freedoms of association, expression and information while being protected from unlawful interference and gives countries around the world a data storing software to save and hold data of importance and major files valuable to that country,

3. DRAWS THE ATTENTION to informing our citizens and employees of precautions to take while being on the Internet and steps to take to ensure safety while browsing the web and other private documents and to act responsibly to protect and secure national and international documents of importance,



Submitted To: Science and Technology
Topic: Cyber Security
Submitted By: Brazil

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1 2 3	<u>KEEPING IN MIND</u> that cybersecurity is the protection of information systems and cyber activity from information theft, damage to information on hardware and software, and also from disturbance or misguiding of services provided by them, and
4	**************************************
5	HAVING CONSIDERED that sophisticated hackers and nation states both take advantage of
6	weaknesses in security to steal information and money, and are developing skills to interrupt,
7	destroy, or threaten the delivery of important services, and
8	
9	TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION that cyberspace is more difficult to protect due to the
10	ability of hackers to operate from anywhere in the world, connections between cyberspace and
11	physical systems, and the struggles of reducing vulnerabilities and repercussions in advanced
12	networks, and
13	
14	ALARMED that 46% of respondents to the 2015 Global Cyberspace Report expected a cyber-
15	attack to target their organization in 2015, and only 38% of respondents say that they are
16	prepared to handle an attack, and
17	NOTING WITH CONGEDNAL of in 2011 and an estada manifest in 1 william and in demands
18 19	<u>NOTING WITH CONCERN</u> that in 2011 cyber-attacks resulted in 1 trillion usd in damage globally with that number rising every year;
20	globally with that humber fishing every year,
21	1.) TAKES NOTE OF the special event on "Cybersecurity and Development" held by
22	ECOSOC which aimed to:
23	a. Build awareness at the internet policy level;
24	b. Identify the best policy practices to set in place around the world to build
25	cybersecurity;
26	c. Explore options to combat global cybercrime;
27	
28	2.) DRAWS ATTENTION TO resolution 68/243 passed by the United Nations on
29	"Developments in the field of information and telecommunication in the context of
30	international security";
31	
32	3.) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> that member states in the United Nations provide their citizens with
33	protection against information theft if not already implemented;

4.) FURTHER INVITES all nations to assist one another in the search for known cyber

criminals in the hopes of stopping cyber-attacks.

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Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Cyber Security Submitted By: Sudan

1 2 3		ND that cyber security is the measures taken to protect a computer or computer (internet) against unauthorized access or attack, and
4 5		act that cyber-attacks are estimated to take hundreds of billions of dollars out leconomy annually, and
6		
7		ut the fact that in December of 2013, Target, a large retailor, was hacked into
8		e than forty million credit and debit card records from Target customers to be
9	_	ersonal information such as email to be leaked from more than seventy million
10	people, and	
11		
12		<u>FION TO</u> the scarcity of cooperation and communication between developed
13	countries about the	e cyber-attacks around the world, and
14		
15		EEP CONCERN with the fact that multiple developed nations share a lack of
16		tween themselves about information from cyberattacks either affecting their
17	people or being car	used by citizens of their country, and
18	DEGO CHIGEG 4	
19		e effort already put forth by many developed countries to halt cyber-attacks in
20		ges them to attempt to seize cyber-attacks carried out throughout the world,
21	and	
22	DEITED ATDIC 4	11. (1. (1. (1.11)) (2. (1. (1. (1.11))) (2. (1.11))
23		ne idea that millions of citizens, corporations, and government officials have
24	nad money and/or	personal information stolen from them by hackers;
25 26	1\ 110	CES developed according to invest on one founds into technology, and founds
27	•	GES developed countries to invest more funds into technology used for the
28	pro	tection and prevention of cyber-attacks around the world;
29	2) 811/	GGESTS nations with citizens and/or organizations that perform cyber-attacks
30		be extremely strict and harsh with their punishments in order to send the
31		sage that it is wrong to execute these attacks;
32	nics	sage that it is wrong to execute these attacks,
33	3) RF	QUESTS for the creation of a UN committee that works to develop and
34	,	dernize technology in developing countries.





Submitted to: Science and Technology
Topic: Cyber Security
Submitted by: Rwanda

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1 2

<u>EMPHASIZING THAT</u> if a country wants to stay powerful or keep its ranking as a powerful country it needs to adapt and evolve with technology that is constantly evolving and changing. Were more and more things are being done on technology and less by paper and

<u>INFORMING</u> Cyber Security is made up of the all the technology, practices, solutions, and enforcement taken to protect computers data and information stored on said technology. As well used to protect companies, and countries in conflict with each other and

STRESSING that action must be taken place against said hacker or hacker groups who time and time again have attacked countries systems ranging from power grids to entire security systems and releasing classified information to the general public. As well hacking companies and releasing information and data allowing other rival companies to take advantage and

<u>RECOGNIZING</u> that Countries are not the only ones who need Cyber Security. Companies, Businesses that are not only on a National Level but a Local Level do as well. They would need to use Cyber Security to protect themselves from competitors who want to steal their information and secrets. All while

<u>PRESSING</u> that all countries find new innovative ways through technology to protect themselves against new threats that arise due to the evolution of technology and which is happening on a day by day basis.

1. <u>SUGGESTS</u> raising more awareness on the threats of Cyber Security and to make a global effort on Countries uniting to find better protections or solutions against the Cyber Threats that come through multiple locations in the World.

2. <u>RECOMMENDS</u> hiring known hackers who have actual in the experience in the field to work for the government or a global organization that protects the people of which countries or businesses that get involved with said group.

3. <u>ENCOURAGES</u> everyone to use stronger passwords for any account that persons uses which is important to said person for a daily basis which could range from bank accounts, loans, social security, anything of value that hijackers could steal and use against you.

4. <u>INSISTS</u> that this simple method it will make it more difficult and challenging for hijackers to hack into the accounts and get personal information.



Submitted To: Science and Technology
Topic: Cyber Security
Submitted By: Pakistan

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1 2 3	Expressing deep concern that it is difficult to secure cyber information because of the ability of actors to operate from anywhere in the world, the link between cyberspace and physical systems the difficulty of reducing vulnerabilities and consequences in complex cyber networks, and
4 5 6	Recalling a 2011 Norton study, cyber threats have increased to 431 million adult victims per year, which is approximately 14 adult victims every second and one million cybercrime victims
7 8	every day, and
9 10 11 12	<u>Concerned</u> by the fact that a shadow network was able to target government, business, and academic computers at the United Nations and at the Embassy of Pakistan in the United States, among others, and
13 14 15	Recognizing a recent study by the United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research, more than 40 states have developed some military cyber capabilities, 12 of them for offensive cyber warfare, and
16 17 18 19	Emphasizing that global cyber security can only be accomplished and maintained by countries banning together to discover new and improved ways to protect valuable information from cyber-attacks, and
20 21 22 23 24	<u>Taking into account</u> the right, specified in Article 51 of the UN Charter, to self-defense including the use of force would apply if cyber-attack reached the level of an "armed attack", and
25	1) <u>Invites</u> nations to coordinate for Cyber Security Strategy and Cyber Security Policy;
26 27 28 29	 Suggests that countries join or create an organization like the Association of Southeast Asian Nations where countries can discuss current security issues and develop measures in order to increase peace and security;
30 31 32	3) <u>Urges</u> nations to realize how big of an issue cyber security is instead of looking at it as being irrelevant to their country's security;

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4) <u>Calls upon</u> nations to practice protecting their country against a cyber-attack to see where there cyber programs need improvements.



Submitted To: Science and Technology
Topic: Cyber Security
Submitted By: Ukraine

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<u>RECOGNIZING</u> that in order to have a highly functioning governmental body, it is necessary to store classified data in cyberspace for all the measures necessary to run a government in a feasible fashion, but

CONCERNED with the lack of universal cyber security and the repeated susceptibility of cyberspace to be infiltrated by individuals who expose classified information without proper closure from its country of origin, and

MINDFUL that in 2010, the U.N. Security Council submitted steps towards forming a framework of international cyber laws, and that most cyber-crimes and attacks are governed under normal legal frameworks, yet

EMPHASIZING that no comprehensive, legal framework exists covering all cyber-attacks and to govern and protect the stability of the international usage of cyberspace and leaves nations at risk of cyber-attacks and hacks of classified information, and

EMPHASIZING FURTHER the fact that many violators of international cyber security go unpunished for their crimes due to a lack of an efficient method to catch cyberspace criminals, which leaves nations at further risk of cyber warfare, compromising the security of their data and their people;

1) <u>STRESSES</u> the importance of disciplining nations for violations of international laws in cyberspace;

2) <u>IMPLORES</u> the development of an online identification process, designed to discover the origin of criminal activities occurring on the internet against many international nations to combat the sweltering numerics of criminal activity;

3) PROPOSES the formal creation of international cyberspace laws, clearly outlining proper punishment for violations, and the establishment of a method to punish criminals nonaffiliated with a state government that are working against state powers;

4) <u>SUGGESTS</u> the development of a committee to outline the features of the law code, made up of member states greatly affected by cyber warfare;

5) ENCOURAGES the regulation of the international cyber laws in each nation to prevent international cyber-crimes with help from U.N. online Peacekeepers.



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Cyber Security Submitted By: Republic of Korea

1/8

1 2		$\underline{\mathbf{D}}$ at the advances in cyber-warfare, with both the ease of use and the ease of \mathbf{v} to those wanting to commit acts of terror, and
3		
4	CONSIDE	ERING the successes of cyber-attacks against nuclear and electrical infrastructure, and
5	the ability	of "hackers" to inflict kinetic damage to both civilian and military interests such as the
6	STUXNET	virus's success in damaging the Islamic Republic Iran's nuclear enrichment facilities
7		ser and Natanz, and
8	4 4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
9	COMME	NDING INTERPOL for its attempts to stop cybercrime and to crack down on online
10		to matter where they are from, and
11		
12	EMPHAS	IZING the lack of a unified branch of international police or military forces to combat
13	cybercrime	and bring criminals to justice, and
14	•	
15	<u>APPALLI</u>	ED at the vulnerabilities of both the military and civilian infrastructure and the
16	potential fo	or acts of terror;
17	-	
18	1)	CALLS UPON the UN to form a special group, much like INTERPOL to focus on
19		the identification and arresting of cybercriminals;
20		
21	2)	<u>INVITES</u> all nations to strengthen their laws in relation to cyber
22		criminals/terrorists;
23		
24	3)	SUGGESTS that all nations strengthen their cyber defense in their infrastructure and
25		start contingency planning for an attack on its infrastructure;
26		the same
27	4)	REQUESTS that all nations consider cyber-attacks from other nations on the same
28		level that a nation would view kinetic attacks.



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Cyber Security Submitted By: Spain

1 2	Emphasizing the importance of cyber security to all nations, especially as more services vital to any country's general operation become reliant on the internet, and
3	and the contract of the contra
4 5	Stressing that in a 2010 UN report published by a group of governmental experts, a joint statement was made that, "Existing and potential threats in the sphere of information security are
6	among the most serious challenges of the twenty-first century," and
7	The state of the s
8	Alarmed by the fact that a recent McAfee study reports that cybercrime costs an estimated \$1
9	trillion dollars per year globally, and
10	Noting with deep concern that 431 million adults are victims of cyber crime globally every
11	year, amounting to nearly one victim every 14 seconds, and
12	year, amounting to hearly one victim every 14 seconds, and
13	Bearing in mind the disproportionate burden placed on developing countries in the fight against
14 15	cybercrime, and the possibility of countries not capable of preventing cybercrime becoming
16	"safe havens" for cyber criminals, and
17	Sale navens for eyest examinate, and
18	Commending the Budapest Convention, created by the Council of Europe and ratified by more
19	than 45 countries world wide, as a leading example of international treaties to prevent
20	cybercrime among multiple member states;
21	
22	1) Calls upon all member nations to draft an international document similar to the
23	Budapest Convention, that would normalize cybercrime laws both at the global
24	and national level, and aim to answer rising rates of global cybercrime;
25	
26	2) <u>Invites</u> developed nations and developing nations to form a conference focused
27	on spreading successful cybersecurity practices and helping developing countries
28	to prevent cyber safe havens;
29	
30	3) Suggests that all nations inform their citizens on the dangers of cybercrime, and

make instruction available to those who wish to protect themselves online.



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Cyber Security

Submitted By: United States of America

1/10

1 2	Noting that most modern governments depend on computers, and by extension the Internet, for the storage of sensitive and confidential data that could potentially be harmful to that nation and itself in the sensitive of the storage of sensitive in the sensitive		
3	its allies' security if stolen or released to the public, and		
4 5 6	Mindful that this unique and evolving medium creates challenges for law enforcement agencies trying regulate what is created and accessed on the Internet, especially when many lawbreakers		
7 8	are more informed about the technology than law enforcement, and		
9	Aware of multiple recent cyber attacks against large companies resulting in the theft of financial		
10	account numbers, medical records, and account login information and as well as espionage		
11	efforts by governments and individuals to gain information on topics from nuclear facilities to		
12	private pictures of innocent individuals, and		
13	F		
14	Welcoming the efforts that the United Nations and its members have taken in discussing and		
15	studying cyber security issues the 2011 Cybersecurity and Development Special Event hosted by		
16	United Nations Economic and Social Council and continuing reports and research into the		
17	Developments in the Field of Information and Telecommunications in the Context of		
18	International Security, and		
19			
20	Stressing the importance of respecting a nation's sovereignty while dealing with matters of cyber		
21	security and the Internet, and		
22			
23	1) Expresses its hope that the United Nations and its member nations continue to unite on		
24	the grounds of making the Internet a safe place and holding cyber criminals accountable		
25	for their crimes;		
26			
27	2) <u>Suggests</u> that nations take advantage of recent advancements in cyber security		
28	technology in hopes that it prevents further cyber attacks;		
29			
30	3) Encourages nations to share their experience with preventing cyber attacks with other		
31	countries that would benefit from the information to create a more informed and educated		
32	world;		
33	4) Calla un an nationa viha hava mada advancementa in the realm of evihan accounity to		
34 35	4) <u>Calls upon</u> nations who have made advancements in the realm of cyber security to		
22	cooperate with other nations to share their findings to help make the Internet a more		

36

secure space.



Submitted To: Science and Technology
Topic: Cyber Security
Submitted By: Mongolia

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Aware of the fact that Mongolia is a very high target for cyber security related infractions and theft, and

<u>Guided by</u> the information that Mongolian stakeholders are at the 4th highest cyber Security risk in the world, and

Emphasizing the fact that Asia as a whole has the highest risk of internet related computer infection, and

<u>Expressing its satisfaction</u> towards other nations for already increasing their Cyber Security such as the United States of America, and

Observing that Cyber Security is a worldwide problem and needs to be addressed as soon as possible and as accurately as possible, and

<u>Confident</u> in the fact that Cyber Security issues could be largely fixed by public awareness and knowledge;

- 1. <u>Endorses</u> the creation of a committee dedicated to raising international awareness towards cyber security;
- 2. <u>Further invites</u> this committee to focus their efforts toward developing and at-risk countries;
- 3. <u>Further reminds</u> the United Nations that as the world moves to be more digitally oriented Cyber Security is of the utmost importance;
- 4. Expresses its hope that the United Nations will take the steps necessary to protect the world from cyber criminals.



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Cyber Security Submitted By: The People's Republic of China

1/12

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DEEPLY CONCERNED that the situation of cyber security, if left unchecked, can be a serious threat not only to one's personal life and belongings but to the security and structure of entire nations, and

STATING WITH GREAT PRIDE that president and party leader Xi Jinping has made cyber security a

 focal point in government work and other Chinese high ranking officials from many political sectors are involved in implementing newly solidified cyber security policies, and

GRAVELY AWARE that many countries, until most recently, have not been following any coherent

8 9

GRAVELY AWARE that many countries, until most recently, have not been following any coherent cyber security strategies and this lack of a concentrated decision making authority has yielded in very inconsistent results in the defense against cyber criminals, and

<u>SYMPATHETICALLY MINDFUL</u> that the growing need for cyber security has resulted in a large expansion of national security standards that yields an ever increasing monetary burden on the nation, and

<u>SINCERELY CONSCIOUS</u> of the fact that some governments believe that the reason their online or otherwise technological systems have been compromised is a direct result of using foreign software such as Western products, and

 <u>RECOGNIZING WITH DEEP CONCERN</u> that some governments' wish to regulate Internet security in a uniform process conflicts with the needs of individual internet users and that such security checkpoints, if mandatory, could result in points of penetration for hackers and other forms of malware;

1) <u>IMPLORES</u> nations everywhere to start developing, continue developing, or seek help in developing fully equipped and certified cyber security protocols;

 2) <u>INSISTS</u> that the countries that are more experienced in the situation of cyber security pass down their expertise in any way that they find possible as to not let the same problem effect the world more than once;

 3) <u>SUGGESTS</u> that other nations and committees should look into more effective forms of technology monitoring and Internet regulating due to its effectiveness in the past;

 4) <u>CALLS UPON</u> all software constructing nations and companies to release any requested information in order to remove any lack of trust that may exist;

 5) <u>STRONGLY URGES</u> members of the United Nations to consider an international funding program to help sustain the ever growing need for cyber security in larger nations and to help immediately eradicate early threats in smaller nations.



Submitted To: Sci Tech Topic: Cyber Security Submitted By: Saint Vincent and the Grenadines

STRESSING the fact that cyber security can be interrupted by viruses made by hackers used to 1 2 get computer data and resources, and 3 KNOWING that there are people in the world who have jobs that require hacking into other 4 people's personal information to help the greater good of themselves, and 5 6 ACKNOWLEDGING breaches in cyber security hinder growth of industries that are key to the 7 development of nations such as alternative energy solution, and 8 9 ALARMED that the number of cyber hackers worldwide is growing, rising 25 percent in the last 10 decade, and 11 12 13 RECOGNIZING that cyber attacks can have an impact of more than 3 trillion dollars on the economy, and 14 15 BELIEVING the issues of cyber security can be dealt with by having all member nations work 16 together to fight off these cyber threats effectively; 17 18 19 1) URGES nations to assist developing nations to do what means necessary to combat cyber threats in order to cut down on cyber terrorists; 20 21 2) SUGGESTS that the United Nations take steps to keep member states from using 22 developments in technology to further advancements of cyber security as weapons. 23





Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Cyber Security Submitted By: Qatar

1	RECOGNIZING that technology is increasingly prevalent in most countries, and
2	
3 4	MINDFUL that the UN's definition of cybercrime is: any illegal behavior either directed by means of electronic operations that targets the security of computer systems and the data
5	processed by them or committed by means of, or in relation to, a computer system or network,
6 7	including illegal possession and distribution of information by means of a computer network, and
8	GRIEVED that illegal behavior in this instance is dependent on the nation, and
9	
10	AWARE of the difference between local cybercrimes within a nation and international
11	cybercrimes between nations, and
12	
13	<u>COGNIZANT</u> of the fact that while the level of security increases, hackers with the skill to are
14	able to find loopholes, and
15	
16	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that in many instances it is extremely difficult to determine if the
17	culprit is a nation or separate organization;
18	4) GIPPOPTG 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
19	1) <u>SUPPORTS</u> any added security measures to ensure safety from cybercrimes;
20	
21	2) <u>SUGGESTS</u> the formation of a taskforce to determine the culprit of any future
22	cybercrimes against nations and international organizations;
23	
24	3) <u>INVITES</u> any nation seeking guaranteed assistance to aid this taskforce;
25	
26	4) <u>DEMANDS</u> member nations impose sanctions on any nation found guilty of
27	committing a cybercrime;
28	5) Provinging (1 . '
29	5) <u>REQUESTS</u> that international cybercrimes be considered under the above definition
30	with all potential illegal behaviors determined by the UN so it is the same regardless
31	of the nation of origin;

6) STRESSES that all nations enforce these decided on rules to reduce threat of

organizations committing international cybercrimes.

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Submitted To: Science and Technology **Topic: Cyber Security** Submitted By: Luxembourg

1	Recognizing the conscious efforts of 1st world countries to aid countries in need, and		
2 3 4		f the fact that many countries are more financially suitable to provide aid for other including themselves, and	
5			
6	Embracing	g future efforts of 1st world countries giving financial aid to the research of cyber	
7	security, and		
8			
9	Hoping for progress towards a greater good in regards to the security of cyberspace, and		
10			
11	Noting with great concern the fact that cyber security is the new frontier of war in which all		
12	resources of any country can be disrupted while also noting the importance of universal unity		
13	across the world so that progress can be made, and		
14			
15		ng the efforts made by 1st world countries to aid other countries in need of financial	
16	support in	regards to those respective countries' cyber security;	
17			
18	1)	Suggests awareness of the importance of cyber security be spread worldwide so that	
19		certain aspects of cyber terrorism can be funded by possible charitable organization	
20		across the world;	
21	2)		
22	2)	Supports countries with said organizations in place already	
23	2)	Direction of Contract of Contr	
24	3)	Believes in the fact that awareness of this universal issue can lead to means and	
25		methods of prevention so that this potential Achilles of our world can be exposed to	
26		the public.	



Submitted To: Science and Technology **Topic:** Cyber Security

Submitted By: Sweden

1/16

1	Aware of the fact that Cyber Security is very important for the safety of pivotal civilian,	
2	financial, and military systems throughout the world, and	
3		
4	Alarmed by many recent security breaches that have affected the networks of numerous state and	
5	civilian entities, that has allowed the private information of millions to fall into the hands of	
6	those planning to use it maliciously, and	
7		
8	Concerned about the high security risk that occurs from the stealing of sensitive data from	
9	governmental and military agencies, and	
10		
11	Endorsing the actions that have already taken place to strengthen Cyber Security such as the	
12	sharing of advanced technology to prevent security breaches, and the increased cooperation in	
13	helping to catch those breaching data networks, and	
14		
15	1) <u>Urges</u> the creations of higher punishments for those convicted of wrongly breaching	
16	data networks;	
17		
18	2) Requests the further sharing of technology to help combat Cyber Security issues;	
19		
20	3) <u>Calls upon</u> member states to respect the sovereignty of the security networks of	
21	civilian and governmental entities within other member states.	



2 3

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Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Technology Security and Trust Submitted By: Mexico 1/1-

4 5

Recalling the fact that, the world's economy and security is largely dependent of modern technology, and

6 7 8

Bearing in mind that the world is semi-automated with recent technologic advances, and

9 10

Noting with great concern the many recent hackings and attacks on government data bases, and

11 12

1) Acknowledges the importance of improving security;

13 14

2) <u>Invites</u> the improvement of trust between countries;

15 16

17

3) <u>Suggests</u> that the United Nations proposes a treaty that states countries should not attempt to access other countries data and resources.



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: International Pollution and Global Climate Change Submitted By: India

2/1

1 2	and wild f	G awareness and resources recently heat waves, floods, infectious disease out breaks, fires have hit all over the world because of the global warming on earth and peoples
3	careless a	cts to the world we live in, and
4		
5	<u>NOTING</u>	that carbon dioxide, a greenhouse gas, is the main pollutant in global warming, and
6		
7	ACKNOV	VLEDGING that clean air is an essential to life, we have failed to keep the air clean by
8	letting fer	tilization dust, mills and power plants, factors, petroleum, and many over chemicals
9	take over	our air all around the world leading to millions of deaths, also
10	-	
11	STRESSI	NG that without the improvements made in technology and science to better the
12	nation's a	ir pollution and global warming, countries will only get worse that it will become
13	unsafe to	live in and destroy the world for the unborn generations leaving it to them to fix;
14		J was the second
15	1)	<u>PROMOTING</u> the effects of global warming in the news and at school will help us
16	-7	realize why it is so important, with the help of atmospheric scientists from the United
17		Nation's we can provide a beneficial learning experience;
18		a time to the time provide a contentional fourthing experience,
19	2)	RECOMMENDING that we should strive to make things carbon-free by using solar
20	_)	powered, wind power, geothermal energy, or low-head hydropower;
21		powered, while power, goodiermar energy, or row-nead nydropower,
22	3)	REALIZING that improving the economies technology by making devices more
23	3)	health beneficial, close hazardous air polluting industries, plant more plants, and
24		reduce the use of outomobiles may be small stone but if the maining in a small stone but if the small
25		reduce the use of automobiles may be small steps but if the majority of people do it
43		we can make a change:

4) <u>SUGGESTING</u> that countries keep money stable and taxes low, the country will

gradually become wealthy which will allow you to put your money and heart into protecting the world you live in and bettering the worlds science and technology.

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2728





Submitted to: Science and Technology
Topic: International Pollution and Climate Change

Submitted by: Chile Date: October 9 2015

2/2

1	MINDFUL that	the World Bank Group is working with developing countries and
2	development par	tners to reduce pollution, implement proper waste management,
3	improve water a	nd air quality and promote clean development for healthier lives and
4	better economic	opportunity;
5		
6	HAVING CONS	SIDERED that Chile has taken the lead in Latin America in tackling
7	urban air pollutio	on, little has been done to help smaller towns address particulate
8	pollution from fi	rewood burning, which supplies 20 percent of the country's energy;
9	also	bullet supplies 20 percent of the country's chergy,
10		
11	LACKING prop	er care for citizens is leading to hospitalization for almost 3,500
12	children every da	ay, causing a reduce in population and overall growth within the
13	country; also	by subside a reader in population and overall growth within the
14	,	
15	RECOGNIZING	that an issue like this is clearly resolvable, it will make a solution
16	for Chile simple	and structured, and
17	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	and building and
18	1)	DEMOLISHING companies that cause black carbon will reduce
19	-7	the amount that is going into the air that Chileans breath every day
20		and
21		
22	2)	CONSTRUCTING wind mills to create purer, cleaner air will
23	-)	create circulation with the black carbon, making it not stay in one
		place but to spread and/or be cleaned with fresher air; and
24		place but to spread and/or be eleaned with fresher all, and
25	3)	KEEPING IN MIND that many organizations are helping to solve
26	3)	this issue Chileans can depend on those clubs and gatherings to
27		help solve this major issue and with the help of the Haited National
28		help solve this major issue and with the help of the United Nations this will no longer be an issue for Chile.
		mis will no longer be all issue tor Cime.



Submitted To: The Committee on Science and Technology Topic: International Pollution and Global Climate Change Submitted By: Republic of Chad

2/3

1 2 3		ZING the effects of climate change in Chad itself as well as other nations within the African (AU) like Sudan, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, and Ethiopia, and
4 5 6 7	of carb	FUL that climate change can be a potentially harmful and a persistent presence if the world's use on dioxide-emitting gases continues to increase like it did in 2014 with an increase of .8% in total sumption in the world and a .4% increase in both coal and natural gas consumption, and
8 9 10	petrole	<u>DERING</u> the necessity of maintaining economic income through the export of crude oil and um from member states such as Chad, United Arab Emirate, Iran, Iraq, Nigeria, Kuwait, Qatar, and Syria, and
11 12 13 14		GNIZING the lack of stability in many of these countries that rely on the export of oil to maintain evel of economic well-being in their areas of governance, and
15 16 17	STRES fuels, a	SING efforts by many nations to increase the use of renewable energy and decrease use of fossil nd
18 19 20		RATING the importance of limiting fossil fuel consumption, while also keeping developing, who rely on the export of fossil fuels, stable both financially and politically;
21 22 23	1)	<u>APPLAUDS</u> efforts by the AU and other organizations in assisting developing African nations fund research and implementation of renewable energy resources such as solar panels in Chad;
24 25	2)	<u>DEPLORES</u> efforts by other nations to eradicate the use of all forms of fossil fuels by the year 2050 or any time in the next 100 years due to the harm it would cause;
26 27 28 29 30	3)	<u>REQUESTS</u> more economic assistance from abroad for nations in Africa who are currently suffering from desertification and financial difficulties revolving around the implementation of renewable energy in our nations;
31 32 33 34	4)	<u>RENEWS ITS APPEALS</u> to continue effective and efficient research on energy infrastructure especially in meetings of multiple countries at annual summits to update participating states on technological advancements, valuable economic strategies, and other information that may be relevant to the nation who requests this intelligence;
35 36 37	5)	<u>URGES</u> prosperous member states not to rush into a solution that cannot be met by developing nations who rely on oil as their primary export and cannot establish efficient energy solutions

without significant financial assistance from nations or private organizations from abroad.



Submitted To: Science and Technology **Topic:** International Pollution and global Climate Change **Submitted By:** Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea

2/4

J T	<u>AWARE</u> when fossil fuels such as coal, oil, and natural gas, are burnt, they release CO2 into the atmosphere, and
2 3	into the authosphere, and
4	MINDFUL of the highly toxic chemicals that are being released into the atmosphere that
5	cause plants and food to be contaminated to diseases, and
6	
7	RECALLING that pollution effects more than 4.6 million people worldwide, and that in
8	polluted places children loose 30 to 40 IQ points and life expectancies can be as low
9	as 45 years because of cancers and other diseases, and
10	CTDESCING that more triand leaders deplt take action as this problem is riging at the
11 12	<u>STRESSING</u> that more world leaders don't take action as this problem is rising at the heart of there nation, and
13	heart of there hadon, and
14	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT 80 percent of the pollution in the oceans comes from
15	land sources such as a runoff, and
16	
17	ALARMED that the death toll for air pollution is more than 2 million people each year, and
18	
19	<u>REALIZING</u> that global temperatures have risen 1 degree celsius over the past century;
20	1) DEMANDS the support of more notions to solve this ground exists hefere it
21 22	 DEMANDS the support of more nations to solve this world crisis before it furthers its mark on history;
23	iditalets as mark on fastory,
24	2) WISHING more green energy facilities are installed to reduce the amount of
25	pollution going into the air and effecting more and more people;
26	
27	3) <u>URGES</u> every nation to turn to the DOHA Amendment added to the KYOTC
28	protocol to reduce the amount of pollution;
29	
30	4) <u>SUPPORTS</u> the creation of more solar and hydro facilities to reduce pollution
31 32	by not releasing the gasses into the atmosphere;
32 32	5) INVITES nations to make programs for cleaning pollution



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: International Pollution and Global Climate Change Submitted By: Afghanistan

2/5

<u>EMPHASIZING</u> the fact that ground-level ozone pollution is highly common and 6-7 hours of exposure significantly reduces lung function and can cause permanent structural issues of the lungs of healthy adults and children, even at low concentrations, and

- being only two of the thousands of causes to such a crippling type of pollutant affecting nations worldwide, and

ALARMED by the main causes of ground-level ozone pollution – gasoline vapors, and chemical solvents

<u>COGNIZANT</u> that ground-level ozone pollution is only one of the thousands of types of pollution that greatly contribute to global climate change, ozone layer depletion, and international pollution levels, and

<u>DISTRAUGHT</u> over the constant addition of pollutants from industrial, chemical, and everyday waste to bodies of water that if remain untreated affect the aquatic wildlife in oceanic ecosystems, discolor natural water, and raise temperatures in water that can destroy the ecosystems closely in contact, and

<u>CONSIDERING</u> that along with ecosystems being destroyed, the raising of the global climate greatly affects populations by increasing drought time and amounts in regions across the globe, increasing amount and intensity of wildfires, as well as increasing the amount of and duration of tropical storms that cripple nations and kill innocent people each year, and

<u>NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN</u> that not only does water pollution affect plants and wildlife, but it also greatly affects the population in all nations, causing diseases such as dysentery, cholera, and amoebiasis, which are diseases that are present in waters that are untreated, unclean, and contaminated with wastes, and

<u>AWARE</u> that what cannot be seen, can in fact hurt for in each breath, particles are contaminating nations' populations' lungs and killing many by an easily preventable cause;

- 1) <u>ENCOURAGES</u> every nation to consider initiating a program to explore as well as implement a clean, alternative energy act such as the Afghan Clean Energy Project (ACEP) that has been sustained by the USAID to help establish cleaner acts of energy;
- 2) <u>RECOGNIZES</u> the direct comparison between global climate change and international pollution, and how if pollution levels are lowered, global climate change shall lower and stabilized definitely;
- 3) <u>INVITES</u> any willing nation to provide a summit for information to developing nations and other nations interested to start a program of their own;
- 4) <u>COMMENDS</u> all nations that have set laws as well as started programs to limit pollution and carbon emissions as they have realized release of gas effects not only their country, but neighboring countries, and the global population as a whole.



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: International Pollution and Global Climate Change Submitted By: Syrian Arab Republic

2/6

<u>REALIZING</u> that the main cause of global warming is the vast amounts of carbon dioxide being released into the atmosphere every day by burning fossil fuels, thickening the layer of greenhouse gases and trapping in heat, and

<u>ALARMED</u> by the 37% of carbon dioxide released by the global power sector burning coal alone, which provides 40% of global electricity, creating about 23 billion tonnes of carbon dioxide emissions per year, generating 70% more carbon dioxide per every unit of energy produced than natural gas, making it the main problem in global warming, and

NOTING FURTHER that in 2012 coal was responsible for 43% of carbon dioxide emissions generated by burning fossil fuels and producing cement, while oil was only responsible for 33%, and

<u>REAFFIRMING</u> that from 1751 to 2014 coal has contributed 47.5% of carbon emissions and oil has contributed 35.2%, so reducing the amount of dirty coal burnt would greatly improve carbon emissions, while burning oil produces much less, and

AWARE that since 1980 the global temperature average has risen by about 1.4 degrees Fahrenheit, and 2/3 of the warming has occurred since 1975, this is so alarming because it represents the amount of energy received from the sun and released back, the amount of energy emitted from Earth depends on the chemical composition of the atmosphere and how much is being trapped by greenhouse gasses, the more being trapped by greenhouse gasses, the less energy is released, making it warmer, and

<u>NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN</u> the effects global warming has been having on the Earth, such as sea levels rising by 6.7 inches in the past century, over the past 5 decades spring snow cover has decreased in the Northern Hemisphere, Arctic sea ice has been declining by 13.3% per decade, glaciers are retreating in almost all areas of the world, the surface water's acidity has increased by 30%, weather has been extreme and harmful, typhoons could even increase in strength by 14%, and the top 700 meters of the ocean has shown an increase of temperature by 0.302 degrees Fahrenheit;

1) <u>SUGGESTS</u> the promotion of oil production rather than coal, and further only burn coal when necessary using clean coal methods to help cut down on the main source of carbon dioxide emissions;

2) <u>ENCOURAGES</u> countries to consider renewable energy options, from wind, water, solar and other various options, that would be effective in their respective countries, and better for the environment than coal and other fossil fuels;

3) <u>SUPPORTS</u> educating people about the dangers and consequences of global warming along with what needs to be done to prevent it through programs such as the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) and its Climate Change Education for Sustainable Development program.



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: International Pollution and Global Climate Change Submitted By: Andorra

2/7

NOTING that international pollution is the collective presence of harmful substances in the environment throughout the planet, and

KEEPING IN MIND that the CO2 emissions are lowering the PH levels of oceans and acidifying them, and

FULLY AWARE that pollution from coastal waters cause the global economy €11.3 billion in costs through death and disease, and

GRAVELY CONCERNED that even pollution in China affects American weather through jet streams, which causes less precipitation, and

COGNIZANT that the UN allocates about €484 million on environmental efforts, and

RECOGNIZING that the UN Environmental Programme has highlighted the devastation to the Earth's ozone layer;

- 1.) **ENCOURAGES** reigning in factories emissions of CO2, mining, and use of chemicals without proper disposal by use of laws and encouragement through subsidies for green tech;
- 2.) <u>URGES</u> countries that have a large carbon footprint to invest in the furtherment of pollution efficient technology such electric cars, clean energy (I.E solar panels), and the reforestation to combat the increase of CO2 in the air;
- 3.) **REQUESTS** for an end to be put to unnecessary deforestation and dumping of waste into the ocean;
- 4.) **RECOMMENDS** a committee for environmental purposes to be put together;
- 5.) **SUGGESTS** the monitoring of countries(Within the UN) pollution output;
- 6.) **EXPRESSES THE HOPE** that the future of the planet may be saved by the efforts put forward to prevent a pollution filled nightmare.



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: International Pollution and Global Climate Change

Submitted By: South Africa

1 2	CONSID issues, an	ERING the high levels of water and air pollution in a variety of countries raise a number of differer	
3	100 a 00, a 1		
4	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN the gradual, yet steady change in climate that poses a real threat to the		
5 6	natural beauty of countries, and		
7	STRESSING the effects on the inhabitants if nothing is done about water or air pollution, and		
8	m. rrn ro		
9 10	TAKING	INTO ACCOUNT the lack of funds developing countries currently have, and	
11	FULLY A	ACKNOWLEDGING the past efforts made by the Green Economy to try and both reduce pollution	
12	and create	e jobs;	
13			
14 15	1)	<u>DEMANDS</u> the creating of a Pollution and Conservation Task Force;	
16 17	2)	RECOGNIZES and enforces the objective of South Africa's National Climate Change Response Policy that states, "build and sustain South Africa's social, economic and environmental resilience	
18		and emergency response capacity";	
19 20	3)	<u>REAFFIRMS</u> its second objective to South Africa's National Climate Change Response Policy th	
21	- /	states, "a fair contribution to the global effort to stabilize greenhouse gas concentrations in the	
22		atmosphere";	
23 24	4)	ATITHODIZES the hailding of dome and waster transfer as house.	
25	4)	AUTHORIZES the building of dams and water transfer schemes;	
26	5)	<u>DESIGNATES</u> the reusing of effluent water;	
27			
28	6)	<u>INSTRUCTS</u> the conservation of electricity;	
29 30	7)	RECOMMENDS the reduction of factories and large warshouses that made as a lot of air wells.	
31	1)	RECOMMENDS the reduction of factories and large warehouses that produce a lot of air pollutic	
32	8)	RECOGNIZES and enforces the objective of South Africa's National Climate Change Response	
33		Policy that states, "build and sustain South Africa's social, economic and environmental resilience	

34 35

36 37

38

9) <u>REAFFIRMS</u> its second objective to South Africa's National Climate Change Response Policy tl states, "a fair contribution to the global effort to stabilize greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere".

and emergency response capacity";



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: International Pollution and Global Climate Change Submitted By: Poland

2/9

1 2		mind that the ever increasing pollution and climate are being caused by igence in regards to wastes put in the environment, and	
3			
4	Realizing t	he greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere will continue to increase	
5	unless the b	oillions of tons of annual emissions decrease substantially, and	
6			
7	Alarmed th	nat the global emissions from fossil fuels have increased by 150% since 1990	
8	to 2008, an	d the European Union, which includes Poland, Germany, France, United	
9	Kingdom,	and many more European countries, make up 13% of this increase, and	
10	_		
11	Taking int	o account the many efforts of the United Nations such as, United Nations	
12	Framework	Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) as one of the first steps in	
13	reducing po	ollution and the climate, and	
14			
15	Noting sev	eral other steps taken by the United Nations and the Convention's 1997 Kyoto	
16	Protocol, w	hich set emission reduction targets for industrialized countries, and	
17			
18	Stressing t	he detrimental effects of both increased pollution and climate change, which	
19	will cause stress on the human body, ecosystems, and cause dangerous storms worldwide,		
20	and		
21			
22	1.)	Welcomes any and all countries to join in the efforts of the United Nations to	
23		reduce the harmful emissions that people do not realize they are causing	
24		every day;	
25		a second and the second and the second and an arranged and the second and the sec	
26	2.)	Considers research to find innovative technologies that even everyday	
27		people can use to help contribute in the decrease of harmful pollutions;	
28		1 to C 1.1 -1 -1 -1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
29	3.)	Draws attention to the main culprits of global climate change: burning fossil	
30		fuels and deforestation, hoping these can be reduced dramatically;	

4.) Reiterates the choices people make now will affect the amount of

nearly a century.

greenhouse gases in the atmosphere, which can linger in the atmosphere for

31

32

33



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: International Pollution and Global Climate Change Submitted By: Libya

2/10

<u>Recognizes</u> that pollution has become an international concern with air pollution able to travel anywhere their is air and water pollution engaging sea life.

Noting with concern that pollution has gotten so bad in places like Rio De Janeiro Brazil's guanabara bay is polluted to the point that it has become questionable as to whether Brazil will be able to host the 2016 Summer Olympics.

Encourages larger countries to assist third world countries to acquire the technology necessary to help remediate the pollution issue regarding both water and land, and

Expressing deep concern that TTIP (Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership) as it is will only pollute the world more and will decimate laws regarding pollutions

<u>Urges</u> nations to work together to persuade the US and EU to revise the TTIP which in its present form threatens to weaken already inadequate environmental protections.

<u>Express with hope</u> that the US and the EU will recognize their global responsibility for the quality of life on this planet seeing as both are some of the biggest and most influential nations and will prove to be an example for the other smaller nations

Request that The EU take action to limit outside influence, of business and manufacturers. like chemical manufactures who want law required filter removed to save more money.

<u>Suggests</u> that EU adds an environmentalist to help regulate environmental standards; as well as to help make cleaner and efficient ways to bring down pollution from factories and other manufactures.





Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: International Pollution and Global Climate Change Submitted By: Kuwait

2/11

1	KNOWING that the global climate change can cause problems for member countries, and
2	
3	NOT WISHING TO ignore the possibilities and detriments of global climate change, and
4	
5	RECOGNIZING that international pollution is partially the cause of global climate change, and
6	
7	ACCEPTING that not all members of the United Nations are able to reduce the amount of
8	emissions that their country produces in a few years;
9	
10	1) Recommends that the United Nations create a program in which countries submit bi-
11	yearly emission reports in an attempt to monitor the change in emissions over time;
12	

- 2) <u>Stresses</u> the United Nations to develop a group of specialist from member countries to assess the condition of the global climate to ascertain if it is actually changing as a direct reaction to the emissions or if it is a natural part of the Earth's cycle;
- 3) <u>Suggests</u> that the United Nations make a team of emissions experts whose job it is to go to member nations and assist them in finding ways to reduce the country's emissions at the country's request only;
- 4) <u>Emphasizes</u> that a specific set of goals should be set by the United Nations to reduce emissions of all member countries by an amount decided by a team of specialist and while having the reduction be unique to fit each member country's capabilities.



Submitted To: United Kingdom Topic: International Global Pollution and Climate Change Submitted By: Science and Technology

1 2 3 4	EMPHASING the fact that the world needs a change encompassing the reducing pollution which will then impact the climate change, the environment has deteriorated, plants and animals have perished with countries devastated by the effects of pollution, and
5 6 7	STRESSING the problems with money, the support of the people and business, the available technology, and
8 9	FULLY ACKNOWLEDGING the effort already being put forth around the world already, and
10 11 12 13	<u>ALARMED BY</u> , the lack of concern around the world by this growing epidemic, Pope Francis said in his speech to Congress about stopping climate change, no person has ever succeeded doing this, but with the help of the UN we could complete this, and
14 15 16	EMPHASING FURTHER that in California they are currently experiencing the longest lasting drought due to climate change; polar ice caps are melting at an increasingly alarming rate;
17 18 19	1) <u>STRESSES</u> with the amount of money it will take and time for this to take effect by giving tax breaks to those who use green cars, surprisingly 1/3 of air pollution comes from cars, the rest is from factories and waste, and
20 21 22 23 24	2) <u>PROMTES</u> that we should lower the amount of pollution in the air, mass produce more plants or oxygen in the atmosphere, also make more green materials that are good for the Earth, and
25 26 27 28	3) <u>IMPLORES</u> that the help of a small community could change a great deal, one tree could help save many marine life with the decrease of pollution, also to lower the amount of factories and to mass produce green cars, and
29 30 31	4) <u>ENCOURAGES</u> strongly for a strong strive to help the atmosphere and air that we breath, because the air that all humans breath is contaminated by pollution, and
32 33	5) <u>SUGGESTING</u> for everyone in the United Nations to acknowledge that there is an increase of pollution in the air, lowering the amount of pollution would decrease

climate change and global warming.



Submitted To: Science and Technology

Topic: International Pollution and Global Climate Change **Submitted By:** Argentina

2/13

1	ALARMED that in 2006 China and the United States produced vast amounts of CO2
_	
2	emissions, nearly half of the emissions of the entire world, and
3	
4	CONCERNED that in the past 10 years some parts of the globe average temperature has
5	risen by up to 5 degrees while other parts have decreased by 2 degrees, and

<u>COGNIZANT</u> that many nations are not doing as much as they could do to reduce, or decrease the amount of carbon emissions, and

<u>DETERMINED</u> to discover the main source of carbon emissions, and provide member nations with solutions to the problem at hand, and

MINDFUL in many nations the awareness of the climate change problem is not a well-known issue to many citizens, who may not know the harm they are doing to the environment, and

AWARE that the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change have provided many solutions to the pollution issue and have helped many member nations apply these solutions to their nation, and

REFERRING nations to the Durban Platform for Enhanced Action, a protocol that will be implemented in 2020 to reduce overall international pollution, but allow for sustainable development to be in effect;

- 1. <u>CALLS UPON</u> member nations to consider adopting the Durban Platform for Enhanced Action as an effective and up to date way to rid the planet of many harmful pollutants;
- 2. <u>SUPPORTS</u> the efforts of the UNFCCC and their efforts in lowering international pollution since its creation in 1992;
- 3. <u>SUGGESTS</u> willing nations increase funding toward NGO's and IGO's to aid the fight against pollution, and the respective climate change problem until the issues no longer cause harm to the environment;
- 4. <u>WELCOMES</u> member nations to establish grant programs that promote innovation and seek the best possible practices reduce the amount of CO2 and greenhouse gasses being produced and released.

Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: International Pollution and Global Climate Change Submitted By: Lithuania

2/14

1 **HAVING REGARDED** the fact that limiting human-made global climate warming to 2 degrees 2 Celsius higher than the preindustrial level is too large and would make young people, future 3 generations and nature subjects to irreparable harm, and 4 5 AWARE of the rising levels of all greenhouse gases such as Co2, H2o, and Ch4 and their 6 contribution to the effects of global climate change which includes higher temperatures, longer 7 lasting heat waves and droughts, and higher sea levels, and 8 9 **ALARMED** at the rapidly increasing CO2 levels worldwide due to man's use of transportation, 10 electricity, and industry, and 11 12 EMPHASIZING the fact that CO2 levels are rising at an alarmingly high rate and that by the year 13 2030 CO2 levels will have risen to an estimated rate of 760 ppm, and 14 15 EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN about the lack of actions made by some member states to 16 decrease the amount of CO2 emissions they are responsible for, and 17 18 **NOTING** the benefits of creating hydroelectric power plants to reduce the large amount of CO2 19 emissions annually, and 20 21 APPRECIATING the efforts taken by organizations such as IPCC to help decrease the devastating 22 effects caused by global climate change: 23 24 1.) **URGES** member states to create media campaigns in order to promote the dangers of 25 global warming and educational campaigns to support the decreased use of fossil fuels as a 26 primary source of energy; 27 28 2.) CALLS UPON member states to enact an incentive based cap and trade system in their 29 nations; 30 31 3.) **RECOMMENDS** that member states sign the KYOTO protocol that commits state 32 parties to reduce greenhouse gases emissions; 33 34 4.) **SUGGESTS** that member states create a standard procedure for gradually decreasing their 35 usage of fossil fuels whilst increasing their use of alternative energy resources such as 36 hydroelectric power plants, solar energy, and wind energy: 37 38 5.) **REQUESTS** that member states hold an annual summit for the purpose for sharing best 39 practices and sharing resources and technologies to help protect present and future 40 generations from climate change; 41 42 6.) STRONGLY ENCOURAGES member states to develop alternative energy resources best

suited to meet the needs of their citizens.



Submitted To: Science and Technology **Topic: Energy Exploration Submitted By: Russian Federation**

FULLY AWARE that the human population will always require energy in order to survive, and 1 2 that the overall energy demand will continue to rise with an exponentially increasing population 3 that is estimated to grow to 8.5 billion people by 2030, even while per-capita energy will 4 decrease due to advanced technology, and

5 6

7

RECOGNIZING that new oil resources are becoming harder and harder to find and extract and that while oil reserves are currently in excess and prices are declining, they will not always remain in such large quantities, and

8 9 10

<u>CONVINCED</u> the exploratory drilling in the Arctic Circle is a viable option due to the Arctic conservatively containing around 10% of the world's natural gas and oil reserves and that these resources could become vital to humanity in the future, and

12 13 14

15

11

TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that the use of safety practices is crucial when drilling to keep fragile ecosystems from being destroyed and that this is especially important in the Arctic, which has one of the most delicate ecosystems in the world, and

16 17 18

ACKNOWLEDGING the vast stores of natural gas located in Siberia that could be collected to the benefit of all nations who require natural gas to assist in powering their countries, and

19 20 21

NOTING that the main hindrance of energy exploration is the remoteness of natural gas and oil reserves and the fact that most oil reserves remain discovered but not yet harvested due to the reserves being too difficult or too expensive to extract;

23 24 25

22

1) ENCOURAGES the use of advanced drilling techniques, such as the process of carbon dioxide drilling to extract resources that were previously thought to be too costly or simply too hard to reach while also reducing greenhouse gas emissions;

27 28 29

30

26

2) SUGGESTS that further exploration of the Arctic be conducted by all nations whose territories lie within the Arctic Circle so as to better understand the difficultly of extracting natural gas and oil from that region;

31 32 33

3) RECOMMENDS the development of safer and less invasive drilling practices to reduce the ecological footprint while collecting oil and natural gas;

34 35 36

37 38 4) <u>URGES</u> nations to discontinue the practice of traditional fracking where water is not abundant due to the enormous waste of water when fracking which could also lead to earthquakes and the loss of precious oil.



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Energy Exploration Submitted By: Islamic Republic of Iran

1 2 3	<u>REALIZING</u> that the process of trying to find accumulations of oil and natural gas trapped under the Earth's surface is defined as exploration, and
4 5 6	<u>AWARE</u> that the exploration of oil in Antarctica must be carefully executed in order not to disturb the fragile ecosystems, and
7 8 9	<u>UNDERSTANDING</u> that international oil companies (IOC's) can participate in exploration and development of new oil production, and
10 11 12	<u>CONSCIOUS</u> that with new frontiers being impeded on by foreign powers that numerous numbers of altercations may take place, and
13 14 15	EMPHASZING the need for the Antarctica treaty nations to allow for more nations interested in the need for new energy sources the ability to safely explore the energy sources possibly easier to obtain in accordance with global warming causing major climate change, and
16 17 18 19	<u>CONCERNED</u> with the depleting amounts of energy being squandered as the years surpass the needs of modern society, and
20 21	STRESSING the deprivation for new and economical solutions to our energy crisis in an effort to increas the ability to create a new source of energy that is clean, reliable, and is plentiful in nature, and
22 23 24	EMPHASIZES the need to further the development and research behind finding new ways to create and conserve energy within inhabitable regions of the world; and
25 26 27	 ACKNOWLEDGES the contribution of all countries in the effort of pursuing new ways of finding and creating energy;
28 29 30	2) <u>SUGGEST</u> that with the proper resources and technology inhabitable land like Antarctica could subsequently be used as a new and viable source of energy production;
31 32 33	3) <u>ENCOURAGES</u> the further investigation of oil in Antarctica with the help of all cooperative nations in order to create a larger surplus of oil;
34 35 36	4) <u>CONSIDERS</u> that the treaty nations of Antarctica allow for more countries to benefit in the further scientific research in the 15 percent of Antarctica that still remains unclaimed.



Submitted To: Science and Technology
Topic: Energy Exploration
Submitted by: Nigeria

3/3

RECOGNIZING energy exploration's enormous role in today's economy, and

CONSCIOUS that energy exploration and its various mediums employ millions of people worldwide, and

ACKNOWLEDGING that energy exploration is highly competitive and important to maintaining the great fuel needs of the world, and

AWARE that the most common form of energy exploration today is the search for oil and gas, and that drilling for and extracting those substances can endanger ecosystems and geographic locations, and

STRESSING the importance of safe and eco-friendly energy exploration in order to protect and maintain the earth;

- 1.) <u>CALLS UPON</u> all countries to devote resources to the research of safe energy exploration, as well as encourage and help industries utilize green methods of searching for and extracting oils and gases, as well as other energy sources;
- 2.) **FURTHER INVITES** the formation of an international conference open to all and any nations that wish to attend in order to discuss such topics as
 - a.) any breakthroughs in energy exploration in order to encourage cooperation between countries,
 - b.) discussing and designing a general process to be used by countries and industries with regards to energy exploration and the safe and eco-friendly discovery and extraction of fuels,
 - c.) aiding smaller and less developed countries in their own energy exploration in order to maintain an international standard for energy exploration and aiding other countries;
- 3.) **REMINDS** all nations that the mindful execution of energy exploration will help protect the earth and help form a more economically viable and safer planet.



Submitted To: Science and Technology

Topic: Energy Exploration **Submitted By: Germany**

3/4

Ī	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that huge emissions of carbon dioxide (CO2), sulfur dioxide
((SO2), and nitrogen oxides (NOx) are emitting high amounts of greenhouse gases that are creating global
١	warming, leading to the gradually flooding of coastal areas and damaging of agriculture reaching its
١	worse in 25-50 years, and

<u>HAVING REGARDED</u> that coal power produces 1,904 kilowatts-hour (KwH) per ton, 0.95 KwH per pound, and oil produces 570 KwH per barrel, 13.6 KwH per gallon, and

NOTING WITH REGRET that coal and oil power, the two greatest sources for energy, emit a combined 3921 pounds per megawatt-hour (lbs/MwH) of CO2, 25 lbs/MwH of SO2, and 10 lbs/MwH NOx, and

RECOGNIZING that Canada produces 60% of it's electrically power use with hydropower which is 350 KwH/year, that 150 countries around the world generate hydropower, and that the amount of electrical power produced throughout the world only contributes to 20%, and

RECALLING that Germany has converted 75% of their energy production to wind, solar, and hydropower with wind power reaching the highest amount produced with 25.2 gigawatts (GW), 39% of the electrical supply, on a single day, and

- 1) <u>REQUESTS</u> those nations with high CO2, SO2, and NOx outputs, try their best to explore alternate energy while decreasing their CO2, SO2, AND NOx outputs extremely by the year 2025;
- 2) <u>APPLAUDS</u> nations that currently produce greater amount of energy through wind power, hydropower, solar power, and other forms of alternative energy sources than coal power and oil power;
- 3) <u>URGES</u> developed nations in alternative power, such as Germany and Canada, to promote the use of wind power, hydropower, solar power, and other alternative energy sources and help undeveloped nations convert to alternative power;
- 5) <u>STRESSES</u> the importance of sharing information concerning alternative energy research;
- 4) <u>WELCOMES</u> the use of other alternative energy such as nuclear energy and the research that the United States has done with generation 5 reactors to make clean nuclear energy;
- 5) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> member states convene at an annual summit for discussion of new research and recommendations on alternative energy sources.

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Submitted To: Science & Technology **Topic: Energy Exploration** Submitted By: Turkey

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Emphasizing the fact that the world's economic prosperity relies heavily on the discovery of new energy sources through out the world, these discoveries need to be made in order to promote a truly selfstimulating world economy, research must be completed in order to help the world economy even in countries lacking the fiscal means to research these energy sources, and

Recognizing the fact that, for the developing nations mentioned above to complete the research and development needed to help improve the exploration of energy sources, the countries with more financial stability must help put forth a financial plan to help fund these developing nations areas of the world, and

Aware an attempt has already been put forth by the International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA) along with the United Nations system in order to reduce the economic burden on the countries described above for the development and implication of both renewable and non-renewable energy sources, and

Bearing in mind, the fact that a major divide has formed between those countries with available alternative energy solutions and those with little if any available access to renewable energy sources, this divide should be diminishing, however, under the current agreement little progress is being made, and

Reaffirming that the research and development of alternative energy sources would both improve the overall economy of the nation in which the research is being completed and the global economy as a whole as more solutions to the energy crisis are found, and

- 1). Emphasizes the need for the research and development of energy sources for all nations in order to solve the world energy crisis and improve the global economy as a whole;
- 2) Urges the deep importance of pooling fiscal resources of prospering nations in order to help developing nations research and find new energy sources to help quench the ever growing global energy need;
- 3) Reiterates the importance of collaboration and coherence within the United Nations in order to help with the development of energy sources throughout all nations to eventually solve the global energy crisis, these sources of energy could include but are not limited to: offshore drilling, wind, solar, hydro, and geothermal;
- 4) Stresses the need for a global unity in order to solve the looming energy crisis on the global scale rather than just on a country to country basis;
- 5) Requests that the United Nations hold an annual meeting divided by global regions focused on determining the most effective and useful energy source in that geographical region, so that each region of the world can use its fiscal resources to harvest the most effective energy source relative to the area.

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: Science and Technology
Topic: Energy Exploration
Submitted By: Republic of Tajikistan

3/6

Expressing Deep Concern for countries of the mountainous Central Asian region in that i	new
energy resources need to be identified and utilized, and	

Appreciating current attempts to promote the use of hydroelectric plants and small hydroelectric power to increase available energy resources, and

<u>Conscious</u> of the constraints of the difficulties that a poor nation faces when trying to expand its energy production capacity; such as lack of financing for the project and underdeveloped economic systems, and

<u>Taking into account</u> an absence of local engineering expertise in the regions to address the development and maintenance problems occurring within the small hydroelectric plants, and

<u>Mindful</u> of the fact that countries surrounding The Republic of Tajikistan possess the availability to help and would benefit themselves both economically and in the sense of development as a whole, which would lead to Central Asia gaining a better opportunity to strengthen their ability to provide for the people of the region, and

<u>Having decided</u> that in order to utilize the available hydroelectric power potential Central Asia needs to construct more plants and build a robust distribution networks that will effectively cut the cost that all can afford and all can benefit from, and

- 1) Recommends the United Nations to conduct a business case analysis to illustrate the economic benefits for the neighboring countries involved that outweigh the costs in the long term;
- 2) Expresses the hope of the United Nations to present the case study to the World Bank and other Development investors to gain funding;
- 3) Welcomes the Nations of Kyrgyzstan, Uzbekistan, Kazakhstan, and Afghanistan to work alongside Tajikistan in advancing in this energy exploring project;
- 4) <u>Suggests</u> the United Nations assemble a group of volunteer hydroelectric engineers to address and develop solutions for the current inadequacies present in the hydroelectric plants.



Submitted To: Science and Technology

Topic: Energy Exploration **Submitted By: Lebanon**

3/7

1 2	<u>Concerned</u> that taking advantage of oil and natural gas as an energy source comes with issues impacting the environment and various habitats, and
3 4 5	Recognizing that the use of oil and natural gas as an energy source benefits the world's economy, but
6	coonomy, out
7 8	Considering the 35% rise in soil, aquatic, and air pollution levels that the world has seen in the last 30 years impacts over 100,000,000 people every year, and
9	
10	Recalling the UN's unconditional support of Biocentras, based in Lithuania, which focuses on
11	biological methods for cleansing the environment of oil hydrocarbons in water, air, and soil, als
12	
13	Emphasizing that in order for the world's population to develop sustainably and to make energy
14	exploration come with fewer environmental issues, everyone must work together for the good of
15	the environment, and
16	A D' A similar againstians for their afforts to greate cleaner ways of
17	<u>Applauds</u> Biocentras and similar organizations for their efforts to create cleaner ways of acquiring oil and natural gas and minimize the negative effects of these resources on the
18	• •
19	environment, and
20 21	1.) Invites nations to support Biocentras and aid in their mission to reduce the negative
22	impact of oil and natural gas retrieval;
23	,
24	2.) Calls Upon corporations to research ways to collect oil and natural gas with fewer
25	harmful effects to the environment;
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27	3.) Recommends that within the foundations of the United Nations, nations create

ones that are less harmful towards the environment.

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guidelines for the ways in which nations collect oil and natural gas, encouraging the



Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Energy Exploration Submitted By: Japan

3/8

1 2 3	<u>Alarmed</u> by the continuous rise in Carbon Dioxide present in the Earth's atmosphere, and sub sequential increase in temperature known as the Global Warming Effect, and			
4 5 6	Mindful that modern industry combined with energy usage and the burning of fossil fuels has elevated the atmospheric carbon dioxide levels from 280 parts per million to 400 parts per million in the last 150 years, and			
7 8 9	Emphasizing the importance of finding alternate energy sources that are comparable to current technology, but do not emit carbon dioxide, therefore slowing air pollution, and			
10 11 12	Noting the advances made in alternate energy research, specifically in utilizing Biomass Energy, Wind Energy, Solar Energy, Geothermal Energy, and Hydroelectric Energy, and the positive			
13 14 15	outcomes when used in homes, and Conscious of the searches for new sources of energy, such as cold fusion, that remain			
16 17 18	unsuccessful due to the lack of governmental and traditional science support, forcing the new technologies out of reach for the general population, and			
19 20 21	Recognizing the efforts of UNESCO's Programme which promotes energy policies and involves the development of national action plans and strategies while focusing on the partnerships between countries necessary to resolve this global issue;			
22 23 24 25	 Stresses the need for the intercultural dialogue of UNESCO to progress from the 199 represented countries, especially in developing nations in order to increase the efficiency of energy uses; 			
26 27 28	 Encourages governments to support research by independent companies to find greater sources of energy; 			
29 30 31 32	 Applauds companies, such as European majors Shell and Total, who are joining in the global sector-wide responses to climate talks and backing of a global carbon pricing system; 			
33				

4) Calls upon all nations to participate in the Convention on Climate Change in Paris

rise to 2 degrees Celsius.

November-December 2015 and to support the deal limiting the global temperature



Submitted To: Science and Technology

Topic: Energy Exploration **Submitted By: Algeria**

3/9

<u>ALARMED BY</u> the effect on society and surrounding ecosystems through greenhouse gases such as increase or decrease in rainfall, influence on agricultural crop yields, human health, changes to forests and other ecosystems, or even impact on our energy supply, and

AWARE of the fact that the world economy has been developing with oil as its lifeblood for over a hundred years, and

<u>COGNIZANT</u> that oil is directly responsible for about 2.5% of world GDP, but accounts for 1/3rd of humanity's primary energy supply, and

<u>NOTICING</u> that power plants are the largest single source of carbon pollution, accounting for about one-third of all domestic greenhouse gas emissions, and

<u>DEEPLY CONVINCED</u> that climate changes are caused by human activity and interaction due to the release of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases into the atmosphere, and

EXPRESSING IT'S APPRECIATION to the EPA for taking immediate steps to implement the variety of solutions at hand as well as promoting a clean energy economy through successful partnerships, and

<u>REFERRING TO</u> the Clean Air Act that requires the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to take steps to reduce air pollution that harms the public's health, and

<u>NOTING WITH SATISFACTION</u> the great amount of energy exploration companies out there such as Center for Exploration of Energy and Matter, Energy & Exploration Partners, LLC, Eagle Energy Exploration, and Kosmos Energy, and

FULLY AWARE OF the locations nearby to conduct the exploration, and

- 1. Recommends all nations to consider alternate energy sources to result in cleaner air;
- 2. <u>Encourages</u> the use of these nearby locations to begin the exploration for clean energy;
- 3. <u>Further invites</u> nations to influence surrounding nations to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and allow exploration of clean energy to transpire.





Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Energy Conservation Submitted By: Turkmenistan 3/10

NOTING that most of our energy consumption come from non-renewable resources like coal, oil, and petroleum, and

<u>ACKNOWLEDGING</u> that total energy consumption in the last 65 years have more than sextupled and forecasted to rise in the next decade, and

<u>TAKING IN ACCOUNT</u> the over estimation of the amount of resources remaining in the world and the time remaining to find a solution to the impending problem approaching of an energy less world, and

<u>KEEPING IN MIND</u> that it takes extreme heat, massive pressure and thousands, if not millions of years to create more of these resources, and

<u>STRESSING</u> that these resources are endanger and becoming harder to make or get synthetics of yet;

1) <u>INVITES</u> all member states to create of group of scientists, that are devoted to the exploration of renewable resources:

2) <u>DRAWS ATTENTION TO</u> the pass and current data that shows the flocculation of the amount used compared to the amount of people, which both are constantly growing at rapid rates;

3) <u>CALLS UPON</u> the International Monetary Fund to loan starter money for energy saving projects and to pay devoted scientists working in the name of good will;

4) <u>SUPPORTS</u> all states who have taken an initiative to create laws and regulations that provide a protection of these many resources and also the environment;

5) <u>NOTES WITH INTEREST</u> what we will come up with as a world to provide a stable world for future generations and provide adequate energy for the entire world.





Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Energy Exploration Submitted By: Oman

3/11

1	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that monopolization of energy might cause political			
2	divides between countries, and			
3				
4	CONSIDERING the economic advantages, not only for the government but also for the people,			
5	of privatizing energy exploration, and			
6				
7	BEARING IM MIND that the amount of natural gas and oil are diminishing throughout Middle			
8	Eastern countries, and			
9				
10	REALIZING that focusing too much on a single type of energy source, or a single source of			
11	energy can cause economic and political strains on countries in times of conflict, and			
12				
13	STRESSING that positive change can only be achieved through getting rid of central			
14	government's reliance on energy exploration;			
15				
16	1) <u>Invites</u> private businesses to take over major control for energy exploration;			
17				
18	2) Urges that precautions are put in place so that any government or organization			
19	may not become too strong in the energy exploration industry and become a			
20	monopoly;			
21				
22	3) Suggests that countries are provided opportunities to diversify their energy			
23	sources so that countries can achieve greater prosperity.			





Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Energy Exploration Submitted By: Bahrain

3/12

1	APPREC:	ATING the importance of fossil fuels as energy and as a primary export to many	
2	Middle Eastern countries, and		
3			
4	RECOGN	<u>IIZING</u> changing a nations primary energy source to something other than burning	
5	fossil fuels costs varies from millions to trillions of dollars, and		
6			
7	EMPHASIZING that alternative energy sources other than fossil fuels do not create the needed		
8	amount of	energy;	
9			
10	1.	Supports researching new ways to make energy from fossil fuels more efficient;	
11			
12	2.	Recommends that a country's contribution to the research of energy exploration be	
13		reflected in said country's economic capability;	
14			
15	3.	Believes that a country's contribution to energy exploration should be optional;	
16			
17	4.	<u>Urges</u> member nations to support further research into safer and more stable nuclear	
18		energy facilities;	





Submitted To: Science and Technology Topic: Energy Exploration Submitted By: Uzbekistan

3/13

1 2	<u>CONCERNED</u> that the exploration, production, distribution and sale of energy sources is at rist of being monopolized, for short-term economic gain, with little or no regard for the
3	consequences in the future, and
4	
5	<u>COGNIZANT</u> that in order to ensure future economic prosperity for the greatest number of
6	people of all socio-economic strata, we must diversify our sources of energy, and
7	
8	REALIZING that becoming dependent on a singular or limited set of energy sources as to type
9	and location can become an economic and strategic detriment in times of war, shortage, and
10	natural disaster, and
11	
12	KEEPING IN MIND that 68% of the world's energy comes from only four nations, which
13	creates a few world superpowers that control the energy of the many and,
14	creates a few world superpowers that control the charge of the many and,
	TAKING DITO ACCOUNT that while there notions of great energy output do not necessarily
15	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that while these nations of great energy output do not necessarily
16	intend to create an energy monopoly, we must take action to ensure the option does not present
17	itself;

18 19 20

21

1) <u>Suggests</u> that countries should attempt to diversify their energy sources by exploring other options, risking current economic loss, in order to ensure future economic and energy stability;

22 23 24

2) <u>Endorses</u> self-fulfilling energy solutions, such as internal production of energy and infrastructure investments that realize large-scale efficiencies, all through government endorsed programs that stimulate private-sector engagement;

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3) <u>Urges financial</u> assistance from World Bank, UN and other international sources to nations dependent on single or limited energy sources to to stabilize and diversify their energy supply.





Subject: Solar Energy Sponsored By: Yemen Submitted To: Science and Technology

3/14

1 2	ALARMED by the rising cost of energy due to the overuse of coal, oil, and natural gases, and				
3	HAVING CONSIDERED other sources of energy, such as wind and water, neither of which are				
4	as practical as solar energy, and				
5	r				
6	REALIZI	NG that the wasting of coal, oil, and natural gases can not go on any longer, and			
7					
8	TAKING NOTE of the potential and very real threat of pollution, to not only our air, but also to				
9	the very Earth humans inhabit, and				
10					
11	MINDFUL of the cost that solar panels can take to install for the lower class, and				
12					
13	STRESSING that energy, whether used to charge a phone, cook dinner, or even to simply have				
14	light, is ne	ecessary in the modern world;			
15	45				
16	1)	EMPHASIZES the need to switch to solar power, or at least a cleaner source of			
17		energy;			
18	2)	A CVNOVU EDCES the union of solar repole and what can be done to make the			
19 20	2)	<u>ACKNOWLEDGES</u> the price of solar panels, and what can be done to make the installation cheaper;			
21		installation cheaper,			
22	3)	DRAWS ATTENTION TO the lack of pollution in areas that have switched to solar			
23	3)	energy;			
24		chorgy,			
25	4)	EXPRESSES ITS BELIEF that global warming could be slowed by ruling out			
26	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	harmful greenhouse gases;			
27		marining growth gases,			
28	5)	REGRETS waiting so long to switch over completely to clean energy;			
29	-,				
30	6)	ENCOURAGES all countries to, while not all at once, start implementing solar			
31	,	panels and energy into their land;			
32					
33	7)	APPLAUDS countries such as India and Zimbabwe for their ever increasing use of			
34	,	solar energy;			
35					
36	8)	NOTES WITH SATISFACTION the progress science has made toward helping			
37		people all across the world have energy, and the easy means to get it.			