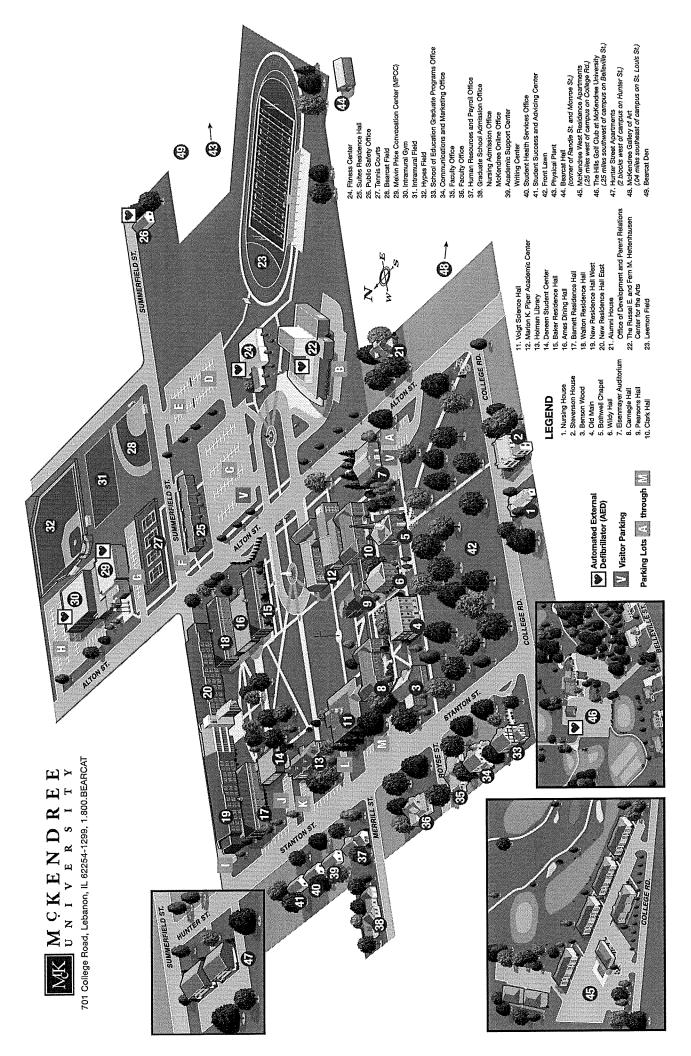


Security Council





Subject: Cyprus

Sponsored By: The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland Submitted To: Security Council

1 NOTES that the situation in Cyprus is a conflict between two ethnic groups in the region, 2 Greek Cypriots and Turkish Cypriots, that both want to maintain current positions of 3 power within the region which is defined as the following: Greek Cypriots want to unite 4 the entire island of Cyprus and maintain the current government while the Turkish Cypriots 5 want to maintain control of Northern Cyprus and the de-facto government there and,

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7 NOTICES that in 1974 both Greek and Turkish forces invaded the island of Cyprus at 8 different times with the Greek forces estbalshing a military junta which was then removed 9 and replaced with a civilian government when Turkish forces invaded but then Turkish 10 forces invaded again establishing the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyrpus which is not a 11 Untied Nations recongized state and,

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13 AWARE of the fact that the United Nations Security Council Resolution 186 14 [S/RES/186(1964)] established important policies for the conflict in Cyprus including but 15 not limited to establishment of a Peace Keeping force, working towards peace in the 16 conflict, avoid actions that cause increased stress of the problems within the region, and the creation of a mediator (upon agreement of the governments of Cyprus, Turkey, Greece, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland) to work towards peace in the region and,

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REAFFRIMS that the United Kingdom shall maintain the Soverign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia (SBA) on the island of Cyprus as these bases are sovereign British Oversea Territory:

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1) RECCOMENDS the continuation of the United Nations Security Council Peace Keeping forces in the region for the protection of aid, peace, and any other United Nations efforts;

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2) CALLS UPON the Security Council to instruct Turkey and the Turkish Republic of Cyprus to cease military efforts, remove all troops, and to return all land and governing power of controlled regions (Northern Cyprus) to the United Nations recongnized nation of the Republic of Cyprus immediately and without delay;

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37 38 3) REQUESTS that all future United Nations resolutions or actions include provisions to reaffirm the United Kingdom's Soverign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia (SBA) which are legally apart of the United Kingdom as stated in the 1960 London and Zürich Treaty, which was signed by Turkey, Greece, the United Kingdom, and Cypriot leaders.



Subject: Cyprus
Sponsored By: People's Republic of China
Submitted To: Security Council

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 ACKNOWLEDGING the 1.16 million inhabitants of the island of Cyprus, roughly 258,000 of which are impoverished, 78,880 of which are classified as starving, and

NOTING WITH SATISFACTION the decline of humanitarian crisis on the island of Cyprus since United Nations involvement with a projected 27,000 people rescued from poverty between 2008 and 2020, and

<u>DEEPLY CONCERNED</u> by the forty year long occupation of the northern section of the island of Cyprus and the current 30,000 Turkic troops stationed in said occupation zone, making Cyprus one of the the most militarized zones in the world, and

<u>HAVING ADOPTED</u> the Treaty of Guarantee by the United Nations in 1960, which outlines that the Republic of Greece, United Kingdom, and the Republic of Turkey may intervene to protect the independence and territorial integrity of the Republic of Cyprus, and

<u>BEARING IN MIND</u> that the Republic of Turkey has established a nation of which they recognize as independent in a partition of Northern Cyprus which is in direct violation of the aforementioned treaty, and

NOTING FURTHER Northern Cyprus is only recognized by the occupational Republic of Turkey, while the Republic of Cyprus has received recognition as an independent nation from all United Nations members except the Republic of Turkey, and

- 1) <u>CALLS UPON</u> an increase in International Maritime Organization (IMO) funding and deployment in port cities located in the Republic of Cyprus:
 - a) Deployment of anti-ballistic defenses operated by United Nations Peacekeepers in port cities of the Republic of Cyprus;
- 2) <u>DEMANDS</u> removal of all foreign military on the island unapproved by the Republic of Cyprus by January 1st 2024:
 - a) Giving exception to United Kingdom in the territories held by said nation and United Nation Peacekeepers
 - b) Nations with an unapproved military presence by the stated date will receive economic sanctions to be decided by the United Nations Security Council upon violation date
 - c) Forbids the Republic of Cyprus military to pass the United Nations Buffer Zone until authorized by the United Nations Security Council;
- 3) AFFIRMS the independence of the Republic of Cyprus to all voting members.



Subject: Belarus and Poland Sponsored By: United States of America Submitted To: Security Council

Aware that about 4,000 refugees from Iraq, Syria, and Afghanistan remain at the Belarus border attempting to seek asylum in Poland and other European Union countries despite facing harsh winter conditions that have killed more than a dozen individuals and temporarily living without proper shelter, limited food, water, medical supplies, or access to humanitarian aid, and

Understanding that in the summer of 2021 Belarusian authorities assisted refugees from Iraq to travel

to Minsk, although both Poland and Belarus authorities are unwilling to allow refugees into their 8

nations as asylum-seekers, and

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Noting that this is the largest European Union border crisis since 2015 when migrants gathered in Turkey to cross into Europe, and understanding that Polish border guards have used water cannons and tear gas against refugees that have thrown stones at guards in retaliation and that Belarusian border guards have beaten refugees while prompting them to cross the border, and

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Bearing in mind that Poland's denial of immigrants seeking asylum under refugee status and their return of immigrants to their native land where they were being persecuted is illegal under the Common European Asylum System, which has its basis in Article 14 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, stating that it is a human right to seek asylum, and

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1) Stresses the importance of protecting refugees that are the victims of armed conflict worldwide and the effects that ensue afterward and recognizing the severity of the humanitarian crisis;

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2) Desires for the governments of Belarus and Poland to allow humanitarian staff, civil society representatives, journalists, and lawyers access to the area;

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3) Requests for Poland to consider reviewing their legislation about detaining refugees in line with international law and providing adequate physical and mental healthcare, along with access to independent lawyers and human rights monitors while being detained;

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4) Requests for a fund to be constructed by the United Nations in order to allocate funding to aid food distribution and other services, and to request monetary donations from both member nations and international sponsors to aid the distribution of sufficient food, healthcare, clean drinking water, and sanitary facilities for the refugees;

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5) Urges the UNHCR to provide refugees currently at the border with the proper resources to apply for asylum within the European Union or elsewhere under the Geneva Refugee Convention and Protocol or under national refugee law.





Subject: Belarus and Poland Sponsored by: The Socialist Republic of Vietnam Submitted to: Security Council

AWARE OF the elections that took place on 9th of August 2020 in Belarus, being an election that became a very heated election within Belarus, and a bomb being detected on RyanAir Flight 4978, asking for the plane to land, and detaining a Belarussian citizen on said plane after the bomb threat had been proven to be a false flag, and

<u>APPALLED</u> with the use of sanctions against Belarus after the results of the democratic elections were released and the arrest of the Belarusian citizen in question, only worsening the stability of the Belarussian nation, and

CONCERNED with the use of underhanded techniques of geopolitical pressure being used by the Belarussian state, such as the use and threat of the entry of refugees into the European Union, and

EXPRESSES DEEP CONCERN that many of the refugees that were encouraged to seek asylum in the EU are unable to access basic human necessities, like food and shelter, and

<u>ALARMED</u> by the growing geopolitical flashpoint between Belarus and the EU, which could cause;

- 1. <u>URGES</u> all nations pay attention to a rapidly deteriorating state of affairs in a region of major geopolitical significance;
- 2. <u>DEMANDS</u> the UN implement a delivery of humanitarian aid to the refugees that provides clothing, food, and shelter until the crisis is resolved;
- 3. <u>CALLS FOR</u> sanctions levied on Belarus as a result of the detaining of its citizens and the results of its own elections be lifted;
- **4. HOPES** to see a summit between member nations of the EU and Belarus to be held in neutral territory in order to ease growing tensions in the area;
- 5. <u>WISHES</u> to see a calm and peaceful resolution be seen to this growing geopolitical crisis.



Subject: Belarus and Poland Sponsored By: Russian Federation Submitted To: Security Council

AWARE that Poland has seen an increase in the number of migrants attempting to enter their territory 2 via Belarus in recent months, and 3 4 CONCERNED that the wave of migrants, many from Middle Eastern nations like Iraq, Syria, and 5 Afghanistan have been camped in border areas such as the Białowieża Forest in freezing temperatures, struggling to keep their families warm in tents or improvised shelters while also facing the continued threat of COVID-19, and 7 9 RECALLING Article 14 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948), which recognizes the 10 right of persons to seek asylum from persecution in other countries, and the 1951 Refugee Convention which expects States to cooperate with the UN Refugee Agency UNHCR in ensuring that the rights of refugees are respected and protected, and 12 13 MINDFUL that the the increased deployment of troops and rising tensions on the Belarus-Poland 14 border is escalating the situation and preventing refugees from accessing the humanitarian support 15 they need, and 16 17 EMPHASIZING UN Rights High Commissioner Michelle Bachelet's statement that "the human rights of these individuals are the paramount concern", and that the strong security-focused and politically charged responses on both sides serve only to exacerbate the vulnerability and risks that migrants and 20 21 refugees face; 22 1) DEMANDS all parties involved to take immediate steps to de-escalate and resolve the 23 situation in line with their obligations under international human rights law and refugee law; 24 25 2) URGES both parties to grant access to human rights groups and humanitarian organizations, 26 as well as other civil society representatives, journalists, and lawyers where they are needed; 27 28 3) CALLS UPON UNHCR to conduct a review of both parties' national refugee legislation, and 29 make recommendations to each State for revisions of their legislation with a focus on the 30 31 migrants' human rights in line with international law; 32 4) REQUESTS the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights 33 (OHCHR) to conduct an impartial investigation of human rights abuses in refugee camps in 34 the Belarus-Poland border area; and 35 36 5) DIRECTS that if the OHCHR investigation reveals significant need, UN peacekeepers be 37

deployed to protect specific refugee camps in the region and ensure humanitarian aid is

provided in accordance with international law.



Subject: Belarus - Poland Border Sponsored By: Kenya Submitted To: Security Council

EMPHASIZING the state of distress and crisis that the refugees of the Belarus - Poland border have been forced into without aid and through this political turn, and 3 STRESSING that the United Nations provide aid for the refugees with funding, food and 4 water sources along with medical aid, and 5 6 FULLY ACKNOWLEDGING that the crisis on the Belarus - Poland border crisis should be a 7 case taken seriously that requires immediate action for the sake of the immigrants and refugees being abused by both sides of the issue, and 10 NOTING WITH DEE CONCERN that the battle against poverty and corruption on both sides 11 of the issue should be taken care of immediately for the sake of the nearly 4,000 migrants 12 stranded at the border after being pushed back from the Poland border, and the denial of humanitarian aid to these migrants should be taken into consideration and put to a stop by the 14 15 United Nations, and 16 EMPHASIZING FURTHER that the refugees at the border require the help of the united 17 nations in form of healthcare, food, clean water, and shelter along with proper and protective 18 19 relocation; 20 (1) STRESSES the importance of the United Nations aid on the thousands of 21 migrants suffering at the border, and doing whatever means possible and 22 necessary to help avert the crisis at the border for the benefit of the migrants, 23 24 and 25 (2) PROMOTING the improvement of the conditions of the refugees, if not the 26 complete replacement, trough acts implemented by the United Nations, and 27 28 (3) <u>IMPLORES</u> the cooperations of neighboring countries and fellow delegates on 29 the Security Council to aid these people on their path to a safe life, and 30 31 (4) ENCOURAGES STRONGLY the use of funding and humanitarian aid for the 32 refugees violently caught between the borders of these two counties, and 33 34 (5) SUGGESTING the delegates' cooperation to send help to the thousands of 35 people suffering at the borders without aid, and by making a decision on the 36 lives of many, that we may work together to find a compromise to best help 37

the people in need.



Subject: Belarus - Poland Border Sponsored By: Kenya Submitted To: Security Council

EMPHASIZING the state of distress and crisis that the refugees of the Belarus - Poland border have been forced into without aid and through this political turn, and 3 STRESSING that the United Nations provide aid for the refugees with funding, food and 4 water sources along with medical aid, and 5 6 FULLY ACKNOWLEDGING that the crisis on the Belarus - Poland border crisis should be a 7 case taken seriously that requires immediate action for the sake of the immigrants and refugees being abused by both sides of the issue, and 10 NOTING WITH DEE CONCERN that the battle against poverty and corruption on both sides 11 of the issue should be taken care of immediately for the sake of the nearly 4,000 migrants stranded at the border after being pushed back from the Poland border, and the denial of 13 humanitarian aid to these migrants should be taken into consideration and put to a stop by the 14 United Nations, and 15 16 EMPHASIZING FURTHER that the refugees at the border require the help of the united 17 nations in form of healthcare, food, clean water, and shelter along with proper and protective 18 relocation; 19 20 (1) STRESSES the importance of the United Nations aid on the thousands of 21 migrants suffering at the border, and doing whatever means possible and 22 necessary to help avert the crisis at the border for the benefit of the migrants, 23 24 and 25 (2) PROMOTING the improvement of the conditions of the refugees, if not the 26 complete replacement, trough acts implemented by the United Nations, and 27 28 (3) IMPLORES the cooperations of neighboring countries and fellow delegates on 29 the Security Council to aid these people on their path to a safe life, and 30 31 (4) ENCOURAGES STRONGLY the use of funding and humanitarian aid for the 32 refugees violently caught between the borders of these two counties, and 33 34 (5) SUGGESTING the delegates' cooperation to send help to the thousands of 35 people suffering at the borders without aid, and by making a decision on the 36 lives of many, that we may work together to find a compromise to best help 37

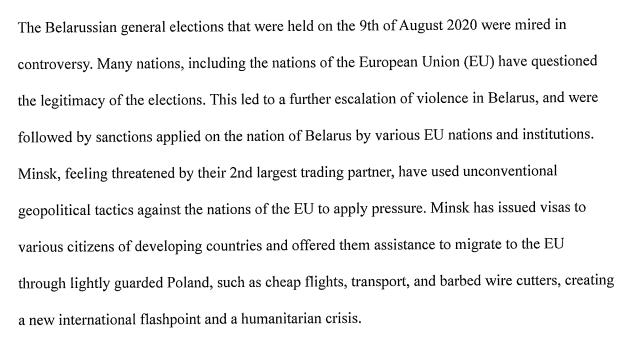
the people in need.

The Socialist Republic of Vietnam on the Belarus/Poland border crisis

COUNTRY: The Socialist Republic of Vietnam

TOPIC AREA: The Belarus and Poland border crisis

COMMITTEE: United Nations Security Council (UNSC)



CURRENT CONDITION

Minsk has not stopped applying pressure to the EU through this unconventional tactic. It has, however, caused the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) and the EU to condemn such actions. It has also caused Warsaw and the EU to start to deploy military personnel and construct steel walls to keep refugees away from the EU. As a result, these refugees have been stuck in Belarus with inadequate access to food and shelter.

THE POSITION OF THE SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM

The Socialist Republic of Vietnam strongly believes that other nations should recognize the results of the elections that occurred in Belarus in order to ease tensions and to not interfere with

the Belarussian democratic process. There should also be talks held between Poland, Belarus, and the EU in order to ease tensions in the area.



Subject: Belarus and Poland Sponsored By: Republic of Estonia Submitted To: Security Council

RECOGNIZING the premeditated effort of the Belarusian government to "flood" the European Union with migrants as a political pressure tactic, using vulnerable asylum seekers as a means to a political 3 end, and

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DEPLORING the treatment of migrants at the Belarusian border by Belarusian security forces as 5 reported by a UN Human Rights Team deployed to Poland, with the majority reporting that they had been beaten or threatened by security forces, and alleging that the Belarusian security forces forced them to cross the border, instructed them how to cross, and prevented people from leaving the border 9 area to return to Minsk, and

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11 ALARMED by treatment of migrants by authorities in neighboring nations, with border security automatically turning away migrants seeking international protection, unlawfully detaining migrants, 12 denying migrants international legal council, and providing limited access to food, clean water and shelter amid freezing temperatures, and 14

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16 NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that the cost of continued inaction regarding this crisis is human life, with 13 deaths attributed to freezing as of December 8th, 2021 as reported by Polish authorities, with an unknown amount of migrant deaths remaining unreported, and

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MINDFUL that lack of access for human rights and humanitarian organisations, lawyers, and media 20 has created a significant information gap, raising transparency and accountability concerns on both 22 sides of the border, and

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NOTING WITH REGRET that focuses on security that have been fuelled by anti-migrant narratives, practices, and policy choices are being made on both sides that violate the human rights of refugees and migrants;

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1. URGES the governments involved to take immediate steps to de-escalate and resolve this intolerable situation in line with their obligations under international human rights law and refugee law, putting the safety of migrants at the center of their actions;

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2. CALLS UPON authorities of both nations to allow access to the border areas for human rights and humanitarian actors, journalists, lawyers, as well as civil society representatives, and to stop practices that put refugees and other migrants at risk;

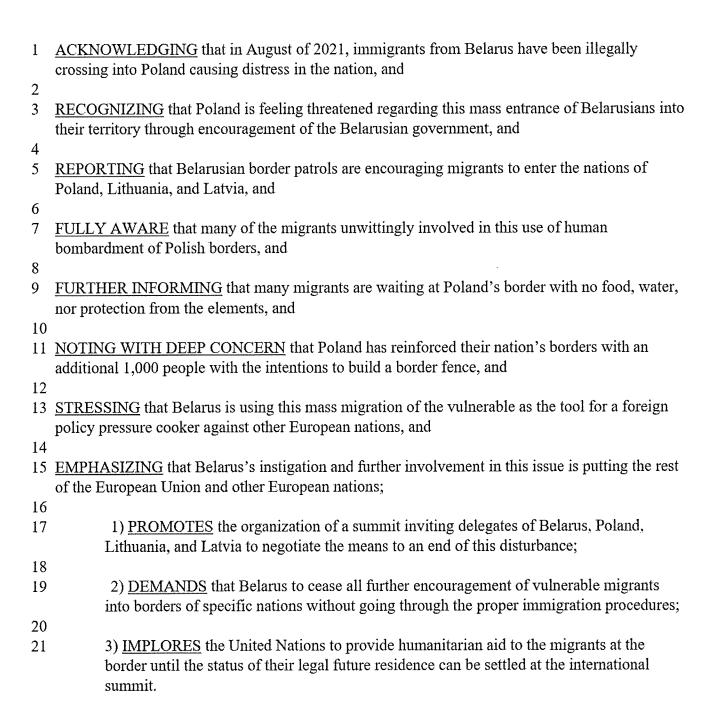
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3. IMPLORES Belarus and Poland to ensure that refugees' and migrants' human rights are at the center of their actions.



Submitted To: Security Council Topic: Belarus and Poland Submitted By: Norway





Subject: Belarus and Poland Sponsored By: Ireland Submitted To: Security Council

Aware that following the Belarusian presidential election in 2020, the country of Belarus has been facing protests due to the election of Alexander Lukashenko by Anti-Government protests, Alexander Lukashenko has been president of Belarus since 1994 to present day, Alexander Lukashenko has stated himself that the government of Belarus will no longer enforce border controls with the EU, this is a kick back at sanctions against his party and,

<u>Noting</u> that Alexander Lukashenko refuses to lock down on border control, the UN faces the urges of Belarusians leaving the country due to the dictatorship of Alexander Lukashenko, these migrants are fleeing to Poland for they are the neighboring country to Belarus and,

<u>Emphasizing</u> on how unhelpful the government of Poland has been with the immigrants, going as far as beating, harassing and even killing 12 people as of November of 2021, there have also been reports of more than 2,000 Belarus immigrants are trapped in a makeshift camp on the edge of the border and,

<u>Reiterating</u> that it is the duty of the security council to make sure that the people of Belarus are able to make a safe passage into any country they they are able to, we must keep in mind that the immigrants are only leaving the country due to dictatorship;

1. <u>Stresses</u> the amount of abuse is happening to innocent immigrants and the effects of the constant halting of immigrants causes humanitarian concerns for the UN;

2. <u>Request</u> the security council send aid to the border of Poland and Belarus to aid in the humanitarian crisis;

 3. <u>Calls Upon</u> neighboring countries of Russia, Ukraine, Germany and Lithuania to welcome any immigrants from Belarus to help aid Poland in the extreme waves of immigrants.





Subject: Yemen Sponsored By: Niger Submitted To: Security Council

- 1. **AWARE OF** the atrocious and harrowing conflict of human rights and ethics that
- 2. rears its head at this very moments within the geographical boundaries and ideological
- 3. presence of Belarus and its people, and

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- 5. Understanding the future and continuous need for immediate support and aid
- 6. distributed to refugees fleeing into Poland from their native or non native land of
- 7. Belarus, and

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- 9. ALARMED BY the continuous ignorance and inactivity of many nations who
- 10. seemingly choose rather to turn a blind eye to an issue that is caused in turn by the
- 11. numerous and illegitimate actions by many of this committee's representatives, and

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- 13. **COMMENDING** the immediate and constant attribution of error to the nations
- 14. involved with the border crisis and a call to action of nations within acceptable
- 15. financial situation to bring assistance without hope for personal gain by;

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- 17. 1) SUGGESTS the immediate sending life preserving resources, including but not
- 18. limited to, clothing, ready made housing, MRE packages, and other materials to those
- 19. in need;

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- 21. 2) REQUESTS for immediate transferring of U.N workers to in-need areas within
- 22. Belarus to aid in healthcare and aid to locals stout with malnourishment and freeing
- 23. temperature;

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- 25. 3) DEMANDS the immediate aid of expedited policy of political asylum be granted
- 26. to those at the borders in order to enable aid and efforts to be sent to prevent further
- 27. pointfull loss of life;

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- 29. 4) CALLS for immediate preventive action in the form of fierce legislature for plans
- 30. in a defensive measure to immediately and indefinitely prevent the recurrence of this
- 31. problem within the lives of any other nation.