

First Political

- 1. Africa
- 2. Asia
- 3. Americas
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Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Jordan

Noting with grave concern the current civil war in South Sudan between the government and the Sudan People's Liberation Movement-in-Opposition which has destroyed the stability in this region, and

Keeping in mind the mandate of the United Nations Mission in South Sudan (UNMISS), which includes:

a) Protection of civilians:

- b) Monitoring and investigating human rights;
- c) Creating the conditions for delivery of human assistance;
- d) Supporting the Implementation of the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement;

<u>Deeply disturbed</u> by the recent report of this conflict, where there has been a reported "push by the government, both through the military leadership and the political leadership, to displace, kill, rape, abduct, and pillage large portions of the civilian population", and

<u>Recalling</u> the press release of the United Nations Security Council, which has "condemned in the strongest terms all attacks and provocations against civilians and the United Nations by armed actors, including SPLA soldiers, and reminded all parties, including Government security forces, of the civilian character of the protection of civilian sites in South Sudan";

1) <u>Requests</u> that the United Nations Security Council devote a greater peacekeeper presence to the South Sudan region and take a stronger stance there;

2) <u>Applauds</u> the work of the United Nations Mission in South Sudan in investigating the human rights atrocities occurring and supporting the civilians of South Sudan in their struggle;

3) <u>Calls upon</u> all nations to provide the utmost humanitarian support to these civilians through the UNHCR, UNICEF, or other non-governmental organizations.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Saudi Arabia

1	<u>Fully Aware</u> that Africa is the most malnourished and underdeveloped continent,
2 3 4	<u>Disturbed</u> that countless children are going to bed hungry every night,
5 6	<u>Convinced</u> that with some effort we can effectively stimulate a long lasting system that will put an end to the hunger epidemic in Africa,
7 8	Realizing that many groups have tried this before and have not been successful,
9	
10	<u>Declaring</u> that if all of the countries in the UN help stimulate this area that the problem can
11 12	eventually be nonexistent,
13	Guided by the hope that once this problem is dealt with the countries in Africa can be more
14 15	prosperous and help contribute to the global economy,
16	<u>Confident</u> that with foreign stimulation the region will quickly gain independence
17 18	despite being plagued with political turmoil and violence across the continent,
19	1)Recommends members of the United Nations to begin helping or increase the amount
20	of foreign aid they are supplying which includes: food, clean water, medical supplies,
21	medical professionals, clothes, or anything else that could help the people that are
22	affected by this poverty stricken continent,
23	O) Endouges the idea that exercise country inspects each stop of this process to ensure that
24 25	2) <u>Endorses</u> the idea that every country inspects each step of this process to ensure that these supplies stay out of corrupt hands and are used for their intended purposes,
26	these supplies stay but of corrupt hands and are used for their intended purposes,
27	3)Reaffirming that this process will help the countries of Africa and eventually allow
28	them to contribute more to the global economy which in turn helps the members of the
29	IIN





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Libya Submitted By: Algeria

Considering the fact that Libya is still in its Second Civil War, the fighting between the self titled "New General National Congress", extremist Islamic group, and the "Council of Deputies", the Libyan Parliament also with the support of General Haftar continues, and

Concerned that the flow of weapons is uncontrolled, many of the these weapons are from when the Gadhafi Regime fell, and have been found be smuggled across the border in not only Algeria but across the continent of Africa, and

<u>Having reviewed</u> the unlimited amount of weapons smuggled across the border have led to unrest in the Middle East and Africa, and

Expressing deep concern that smuggling has increased and the smugglers have become more efficient at smuggling weapons, and

Noting that the United Nations has limited the importing of weapons by the Libyan Government has helped to control the amount of weapons into the country, and

- 1) Calls for the United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs to help the Libyan government to disarm rebel groups in Libya that are not loyal to the government, and
- 2) Requests help from the Libyan government to help close the border to stop the illegal flow of weapons, and
- 3) Approves of the United Nations embargo on weapon imports into Libya, and
- 4) Recommends other countries to stop funding the Libyan Militias with money, weapons, and other supplies.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: France

1	<u>RECOGN</u>	<u>VIZING</u> terrorist groups such as Boko Haram in Nigeria have been creating havoc in
2		Africa and the surrounding countries by attacking rival clerics, politicians, schools,
3		buildings, public institutions, and civilians with increasing regularity since 2009, and
4	C	5 · 7 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5	TAKING	INTO CONSIDERATION the rationale behind such attacks are believed to be from
6		revolt against government corruption, abusive security powers, and a broadening
7		n an economy already impoverished.
8	1 ,	
9	FULLY A	ALARMED of the past abduction of more than 200 school girls in Chibok who many
10	still remai	
11		
12	NOTING	WITH GRAVE CONCERN that many women and children are being used by Boko
13		suicide bombers to attack government buildings, villages, and churches, and
14		
15	EMPHAS	SIZING that Boko Haram is not only instilling fear but also causing massive casualties,
16		splacement, social disruption, and government failure overflowing into neighboring
17		causing a crisis, and
18		
19	1)	CONDEMNS the actions of Boko Haram that are inhuman and have left many
20		communities of Nigeria traumatized and destroyed;
21		
22	2)	<u>DEPLORES</u> state governments in Northern Africa to lead the charge and be the
23		forces of the main fight against Boko Haram;
24		
25	3)	SUPPORTS the conduction of speedy trials under stricter laws of those involved in
26		Boko Haram;
27		
28	4)	ENDORSES an institution of a marshal plan for the northeast of Africa aimed at
29		winning the hearts and minds of civilians
30		
31	5)	EMPHASIZES the need for other nations to supply manpower and resources in
32		order to assist in the fighting of Boko Haram's already dwindling numbers.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: The Republic of Chad

T	<u>Making Note</u> that many nations in the continent of Africa surfer from oppressive and tyrannical
2	governments, and
3	
4	Keeping in mind that many of the leaders in Africa have risen to power through violent military
5	coups such as: Muammar Gaddafi, Robert Mugabe, and Charles Taylor, and
6	
7	Mindful that nations like Somalia, Central African Republic, and Uganda have been through
8	constant corrupt and unfit leaders in the past ten years, and
9	
10	Realizing that many civil wars have religious undertones and can be easily prevented, and
11	
12	Fearful that many war crimes have been committed by the belligerents in these civil wars such as
13	General Joseph Bliayh in the First Liberian Civil War, and
14	
15	Aware that Rwanda, Liberia, Somalia, Sudan, Congo, Tunisia, Egypt, Algeria have all tragically
16	had to deal with the threat of civil war in the past five years, and
17	
18	Recognizing that many of these armed conflicts are fought with forced child soldiers, and
19	
20	Stressing the undeniable correlation between violence and education, where the countries with
21	the lowest standards in education often have an increase in violence and an increase in
22	governmental instability;
23	
24	1) <u>STRESSES</u> the importance of standardized and adequately funded K-12 education in
25	all African countries to increase the number of education citizens to not only be
26	useful in enhancing their nation's economy and decrease poverty, but also curb the
27	amount of violence;
28	2) PROMOTES the continent wide goal of educating the population on sexual education
29	and aggressively pursuing because nations in Africa have some of the highest rates of
30	rape which are all too often caused by armie3s of military coups in the continent;
31	3) <u>IMPLORES</u> the United Nations First Political committee to actively encourage the
32	pros of diplomatic talks as opposed to savage and brutal uses of force to uproot
33	oppressive governments;
34	4) ENCOURAGES outside nations to generously accept desperate and innocent
35	refugees of these war-torn nations;
36	5) SUGGESTS the United Nations create a fund to provide economic provisions for
37	nations accepting massive amounts of African refugees.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Democratic People's Republic of Korea

1 2		WITH CONCERN that Africa scored highest among any continent on the Political (PRI) of 2015, with an average score of 67 as compared to a global average over 6
3	points high	her, and
4		
5		NG that this lack of political stability is due to African overdependence on Western aid
6	sources as	well as the Western exploitation of developing African nations, and
7		
8		GIN MIND that Africa has enormous potential for economic growth in the coming
9	decades, b	ut
10	TT 4 X 7 D 1 C	DEVIEWED 1 '' (1 1 d I 1 66 ' E ' ' ' 2000 d (
11		REVIEWED a decisive study by the Journal of Socio-Economics in 2008 that
12 13	connected	rapid economic growth to increasing political instability, and
13	NOTING:	that the aforementioned economic growth could result in human rights violations,
15		estabilization, and serious environmental concerns, and
16	ponticar di	establization, and sorious chrimental concerns, and
17	EMPHAS	IZING that the United Nations must do its utmost to assure that African nations are
18		velop independent, functioning governments capable of overseeing the social and
19		dvancement of their nation while at the same time maintaining low carbon emissions, a
20	^	ard of living, and a stable democracy, and
21	•	
22	<u>REALIZII</u>	NG that Africa's goals can only be achieved through the establishment an independent
23		ough the enhancement of education and sustainable infrastructure, as well as controlled
24	economic	growth;
25		
26	1)	ACKNOWLEDGES that African nations undergoing the expected explosive
27		economic growth in coming decades may need to consider increased federal
28		regulation of their respective economies to ensure that economic growth is steady and
29		does not result in unnecessarily increased pollution, instability, and radicalization;
30	2)	TNICTRICTC and an afficiant in A.C.
31 32	2)	<u>INSTRUCTS</u> nations offering aid to Africa to ensure that said aid is used efficiently to develop a sustainable independent Africa, rather than creating an insecure
33		environment that is overly reliant on temporary sources of monetary aid;
34		environment that is overly renant on temporary sources of monetary ard,
35	3)	STRESSES that the establishment of fair education systems, increased access to
36	2)	higher learning, environmentally friendly energy sources, democratic governing, and
37		equal rights for all citizens will be key in forming the self-reliant, modernized Africa

that every member state of the UN hopes to see in the coming decades.



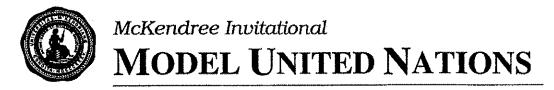
Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: The People's Republic of China 2/

1	MAKING MOST PROPER NOTE of the alarming crisis that is the unfortunate situation that
2	involves the wages and living conditions of the lower and working class of several Asian
3	countries, and
4	
5	LETTING THE REST OF THE WORLD KNOW that they as people can contribute
6	positively to this issue by raising awareness of the bettering of working conditions even if they
7	pale in comparison to the rest of the world, and
8	
9	SHOWING GREAT PATIENCE in order to coax these nations into bettering these conditions
10	in order to let these people contribute more positively to the nation's themselves, and
11	
12	GIVING SUCH PERFECT MODELS to show the vast comparison and stark difference
13	between some sub standard Asian working standards in opposition to the more standard
14	conditions of the rest of the world;
15	
16	1) BEGS Asian nations that enforce sub standard wages and living conditions to follow
17	the common protocol and standards used and set by much of the rest of the world;
18	
19	2) URGES SERIOUSLY that other countries maintain the model for these nations
20	to follow in order to lead by stern and serious example;
21	
22	3) UNDERSTANDS that these changes are gradual and don't and shouldn't
23	happen overnight due to particular policies currently held in some countries and

therefore people must show patience and mercy to these countries as they slowly begin

to increase standards and conditions.

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Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: Australia

1. <u>Informing nations</u> that China has currently created 3 man made islands, and plan on 2. making 2 more in an effort to gain more territory for their country, in the past two years 3. China has claimed more than 2000 acres of land in the water, 4. 5. **Noting** that these islands are being used as airstrips, ports and lighthouses, for the Chinese 6. military, and other trading routes, but raises concern of possibly being a place where 7. weapons can be held against other countries, 8. 9. <u>Urging</u> nations to realize that these islands are in international waters, and therefore can not 10. be under the control of China itself, and these islands would be open to all countries due to 11. them being in international waters, therefore China can not have military on these islands 12. 13. Also noting That if China were to hold weapons, on these islands that they have created it 14. could destabilize the region and interrupt the shipping and air traffic, in a highly used trade 15. route, 16. 17. 18. 1) **Recommending** that China should open the man made islands to all 19. Countries seeing that they are in international waters and are not under 20. The control of China himself, just because China built them, 21. 22. 2) **Seeing** that if China refuses to share the island with all countries, they 23. Would be breaking the laws set by the UNCLOS, which has its own 24. Punishments, 25.

3) **Stressing** that if China does not demilitarize these islands that the UN

Should put sanctions on China, until they agree to the terms above,

26.

27.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: Lithuania 2/3

1	ALARMED by the growing nuclear stockpile being attained by North Korea, and
1 2 3 4 5 6	NOTING that many sanctions have already been placed on North Korea do to their nuclear program including an embargo on military and technological materials and luxury goods, as well as a set of inancial sanctions, and
7 8 9	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that North Korea, though they have continued to strengthen their nuclear program, is not a signatory of the NPT though they were in past years and then recently elected to withdraw, and
10 11 12 13	CONCERNED that North Korea will not allow the IAEA inspectors to examine their nuclear program, and
14 15 16	APPLAUDS the work of the Security Council to push North Korea to either sign and ratify the NPT or isband their nuclear program, and
17 18 19	AFFIRMING the need for North Korea to comply with the Nuclear Test Ban Treaty which has already een complied with and ratified by close to 170 countries, and
20 21 22	EMPHASIZING the belief that North Korea's missile tests North Korea threaten peace and security of the region and are a violation of the U.N. Security Council Resolutions 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009), 2087 2013) and 2094 (2013), and
23 24 25 26	1.) <u>CALLS UPON</u> the Security Council to enact all sanctions possible on North Korea until the sign, ratify, and comply with the NPT;
27 28 29	 EMPHASIZES the need for North Korea to and permanently cease its ballistic missile program and comply with UN Security Council Resolutions;
30 31 32	3.) IMPLORES the need for the IAEA to inspect all nuclear programs that are continuing to develop in North Korea;
33 34 35	4.) REQUESTS that member nations enact an incentive-based system that encourages North Korea to follow requisite U.N. treaties and protocols;
36 37 38 39	5.) ENCOURAGES member nations to allow a U.N. regulated body to monitor the situation in North Korea if and only if it reaches a critical state, a critical state that can be defined by the nations of the United Nations;
40 41	6.) RECOMMENDS that all nations, especially China, enact sanctions on North Korea's nuclear program, specifically with China's support, being North Korea's primary ally, the

44 45 46

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program;

7.) **SUGGESTS** the resumption of the 6-Party Talks to promote diplomatic relations while maintaining peace and international security.

international community may be able to expedite the process of slowing North Korea's



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: Democratic People's Republic of Korea

1 RECOGNIZING the escalating nuclear situation unfolding in the Korean peninsula due to 2 outward aggression towards the DPRK, and 3 4 CONSCIOUS that the DPRK has been forced to develop a hydrogen bomb to protect the rights 5 of its sovereign citizens, due constant military threat and pressure from outside nations to 6 destroy the traditional government and culture that the Korean people hold dear, and 7 8 NOTING that the DPRK is incapable of destroying nuclear weapons until threats from 9 imperialistic nations come to a halt and the DPRK is confident that the people of Korea can be protected without the need for an atomic arsenal, and 10 11 12 EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN that the UN estimates that 30% of the DPRK's children suffer 13 from malnutrition, due mostly to economic sanctions that prevent needed resources from 14 reaching starving Korean children and infants, and 15 SHOCKED that UN estimates suggest that roughly 7,470,000 North Koreans suffer chronic 16 17 malnutrition due to sanctions as well as a lack of aid being sent to the DPRK because of political 18 bias and corruption in Western nations, and 19 20 ALARMED by minatory military exercises that attempt to intimidate the Korean people and 21 threaten their sovereignty, held by the United States of America in the Republic of Korea 22 regularly, and encroaching upon the rights of the DPRK as a sovereign nation; 23 24 1) STRONGLY ENCOURAGES any nations maintaining sanctions on the DPRK to put 25 the rights of innocent people before political and cultural differences, and remove sanctions, seeing as these sanctions infringe upon the basic human rights of all people 26 27 laid out in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights as well as United Nations 28 Human Rights Council Resolution 6/2; 29 30 2) CALLS UPON the United States to halt military exercises on the Korean peninsula 31 and adopt policies of working towards peace, disarmament, and nuclear de-escalation; 32 33 3) IMPLORES the United Nations as well as all of its member states to increase 34 monetary aid towards the DPRK to resolve the expanding humanitarian crisis; 35 36 4) EXPRESSES ITS HOPE that all member states will do their utmost to ensure peace on the Korean peninsula through a policy of peaceful negotiation, without putting the 37 rights of the citizens of any sovereign nation at risk. 38



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Americas Submitted By: The People's Republic of China

1 2 3	JUDGING BY THE CURRENT STATE of the United States presidential race, the world must take action, because the obvious leading candidate has the potential to be a detriment to the world and its operation, and
4	The state of the s
5	REALIZING THAT much of the world holds little to no power in who does and doesn't get
6	elected into the office of another country, it must be noted that people have the power to do
7	anything, and
8	
9	TAKING MOST PROPER NOTE that it isn't the rest of the world's job to babysit a single
10	nation's government leaders, but realizing that it is for their own individual betterment as nations
11	as well as the betterment of the nation in question;
12	
13	1,) HUMBLY ADVISE that all nations in union with the United Nations
14	participate in a check and balance act in order to keep our world leaders within
15	their own purview;
16	
17	2.) GRACIOUSLY RECOGNIZE that some nations will be strongly opposed
18	to this bill;
19	
20	3.) WOULD THANK DEARLY the countries who would participate in this
21	action for their cooperation and betterment of the world as a whole.
22	



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Americas Submitted By: Mexico

1	Havin	g decided that some governments are no longer considered independent from the
2		nces of the cartel's leaders, including all positions from police officers to stay quite to
3	higher	-ranking officials that have more say in the decisions being made, and
4	J	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
5	Noting	with grave concern that the people of the country are not receiving the care that they
6	deserv	e due to the cartels controlling the government which in turn controls the people, and
7		
8	Expre	ssing with deep concern the tortured lives of all the people of that live in poverty while
9	the top	1% are owning 99% of the wealth without any sort indication that they will be giving that
10	money	away any time soon, and
11		
12	<u>Reaffi</u>	rming the need to have the governing body of the country separate from the cartels with
13	their h	ostile nature, and
14		
15		asizing further that nothing but benefits would come from the cartel becoming severed
16		he government such as more emphasis on fixing poverty, repairing cities, and helping
17	those v	who have abused drugs;
18		
19	1)	<u>Calls upon</u> nations with a solid government to help assist those that don't to understand
20		that they are only hurting themselves by doing this by drawing upon their own lessons,
21		providing counseling, or perhaps military assistance to start the initial extermination of
22		the corruption;
23		
24	2)	<u>Invites</u> all nations that are known to have a lot of corruption to admit it so that aid can be
25		given to them with no fear that violence will reach them for coming forward;
26		
27	3)	Expresses with hope that the United Nations will help to the best of their abilities to
28		make these countries whole again with the citizens no longer living in fear.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Americas Submitted By: Democratic People's Republic of Korea

1 2 3		FIN MIND that Latin America has faced rapid political destabilization due to an ly hostile economic environment, and
4 5 6 7	has faced 1	S for the particularly threatened nation of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, which reduced to a nearly nonexistent state of economic growth due to oil prices dropping to hirty dollars a barrel, and
8 9		$\underline{\mathbf{D}}$ by the inflation rate of 68% in Venezuela, the highest in the world, as well as a ng public debt and a huge increase in cost of living, and
10 11 12 13 14	assure that	<u>PUS</u> that rapid economic and political reform will be necessary if Venezuela is to its fragile economy does not crumble, resulting in great political disruption and the of a violent and costly revolution, and
15 16 17 18	the nation	WITH GRAVE CONCERN that the Venezuelan people face a lack of goods entering seeing as the federal government has been financially unable to import goods to Venezuela, where nearly a quarter of the food resources are imported, and
19 20		IZING that foreign aid will be absolutely pivotal in assisting Venezuela attain basic goods that it has been unable to purchase in recent months;
21 22 23 24 25	1)	STRONGLY ENCOURAGES all member states of the UN to put aside differences regarding Venezuela's socialist policies, and bear in mind that the collapse of Venezuela could result in enormously fluctuating oil prices as well as the political destabilization of the entire Latin American region;
26 27 28	2)	<u>CALLS UPON</u> the UN to increase aid to Venezuela, particularly in consumer goods, to decrease the high standard of living in Venezuela and decrease political tension;
29 30 31 32	3)	<u>ACKNOWLEDGES</u> that reforming the Venezuelan exchange rate will be key in correcting the course of Venezuela and stabilizing its currency;
33 34 35	4)	<u>SUGGESTS</u> that Venezuela take advantage of its socialist policies by increasing prices on cheap products like gasoline and reducing prices on basic consumer goods;
36 37	5)	STRESSES that diversification of the oil-focused Venezuelan economy will be necessary to ensure economic and political stability in the future.



Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Drug Trafficking in Latin America
Submitted By: Finland

CONCERNED by the widespread drug trafficking by drug cartels in Latin American countries, and

<u>ACKNOWLEDGING</u> the negative impact of the drug trafficking on the local and federal governments, specifically, the lack of safety;

EXPRESSES ITS REGRET that the death counts have risen due to the attempts at restrictions and regulations of the drugs, using force of local and federal government officials and,

EXPRESSES ITS CONVICTION to change the ways in which law is carried out by,

- 1.) SUGGESTING an increase in laws regarding jail time, fines, and early releases,
- 2.) <u>REQUESTS</u> that law officials are not sent in small groups with little protection to confront drug gangs and cartels,
- 3.) <u>STRESSES</u> the importance of the lives of federal and local officers as opposed to those of relations to the drug trafficking, and
- 4.) <u>ENCOURAGES</u> as protection as possible provided by the governments of the countries facing the struggles of drug trafficking.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Jordan

1 Noting with grave concern the current multi-party conflict in Syria between the Assad regime, 2 the Free Syrian Army (FSA), and the Islamic State (ISIS), which has killed an estimated 250,000 3 and displaced 9 million, and 4 5 Cognizant that a unified international strategy is of the utmost importance when combatting the global threat of ISIS in order to defeat this terrorist group as effectively as possible and avoid 6 7 additional conflict between states, and 8 9 Calling to mind that neither the Free Syrian Army nor Assad are affiliated with the Islamic State. 10 and that continuing and focusing military efforts on this conflict only allows ISIS to grow 11 stronger, and 12 13 Emphasizing that a defensive containment strategy to protect bordering countries both reduces 14 the chance of hurting civilians in ISIS territory and impedes ISIS from accomplishing its central 15 mission of territorial expansion, and 16 17 Reminds nations that ISIS does not represent the true tenets and pillars of Islam, nor does it 18 characterize the 1.6 billion peaceful Muslims living around the world; 19 20 1) Pleads for all countries to work together under a unified international strategy to contain 21 and roll back the Islamic State rather than attempting to accomplish individual goals and 22 strategies; 23 24 2) Requests an additional committee meeting be held specifically to develop a 25 comprehensive strategy in which willing members nations give coordinated support to 26 areas surrounding the Islamic State in order to contain it and fight back; 27 28 3) Calls upon all nations to set a priority of aiding nations that border ISIS in order to 29 strengthen the worldwide military defense against this terrorist group;

4) Urges nations to consider the rights and needs of citizens embroiled in this horrible

conflict, both refugees scattered across the world and citizens stuck in a war-torn region.

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Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: The Republic of Malawi

1 ALARMED of the threat that ISIS and other Middle Eastern terrorist organizations pose to the 2 general population in that area, and 3 4 BEARING IN MIND that this is not merely a regional issue, but a global issue as well, and 5 6 AWARE that one of the major root causes of this spread of terrorism is maintained and carried 7 out through the exchange of information on the internet, and 8 9 DETERMINED to end this state of terror and war and result in peace, freedom, and equality, and 10 11 TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that if we are able to curtail their use of technology through services like social media, recruitment to terrorist groups could fall as well as international 12 terrorism: 13 14 15 1. DEPLORES that countries and nations should take a more serious approach on countering terrorism through the internet: 16 17 18 2. URGES that a recruitment process for white hat hackers be put in place, dedicated to stopping the access of ISIS to influencing and directing people through the internet; 19 20 21 3. RECOMMENDS the need for a task force against terrorisms recruitment system and 22 use of the internet to do so: 23 24 4. EXPRESSES IT'S CONVICTION that countries contribute immediately to put a stop 25 to terrorism directed through the internet; 26 27 5. REITERATES that this task force would fight these terrorist organizations root source of causing violence. 28



Submitted To: First Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Azerbaijan

1 BEARING IN MIND the terrorist attacks around the world that are done by members of ISIS and how dangerous those specific members can be, and 2 3 4 ANXIOUS about the continuing threats and dangers that this group has and trying to figure out a way to stop them that would not only end the ISIS threat, but also benefit all countries around the 5 6 world, and 7 8 GRIEVED the many deaths caused by this horrible terrorist group and the many other loses they 9 have caused, as well as damage to other countries and territories, and 10 11 RECOGNIZING the potential benefits and damages that going to war against ISIS would have, especially the threat that the war could end up as a world-wide struggle and potentially create 12 major losses for most countries, and 13 14 15 BELIEVING that one day, the world will be rid of ISIS as well as any other terrorist group that might be started or has already started; 16 17 18 1) STRESSES to ISIS that they should stop and not continue any violent acts, and that if 19 they do this, the world will be more peaceful and safe and will benefit their human needs 20 as well as everyone else's; 21 22 2) DEPLORES the violent acts of ISIS and all other terrorist groups as non-humanitarian 23 and not good for anybody on the planet; 24 3) DECLARES that the war against ISIS should start if ISIS does not comply with these 25 requests to stop all violence and keeps on performing violent acts against other countries; 26 27 28 4) CALLS UPON members of all countries to assist and help in the fight against ISIS, if 29 ISIS does not agree to stop violent acts.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: St. Vincent and the Grenadines

1	HORRIFIED that the fallout of Saudi Arabia's execution of a Shiite cleric is spreading beyond
2	a spat between the Saudis and Iranians, as other Middle East nations chose sides and world
3	powers Russia and China weighed in, and
4	
5	SYMPATHETIC TO THE FACT hours after the death sentence was carried out, protesters in
6	Shiite-majority Iran attacked the Saudi Embassy in Tehran, and
7	
8	DISCOURAGED that Saudi Arabia cut all diplomatic relations with Iran over the attack on its
9	embassy, and
10	
11	DISTURBED that the diplomatic row spread to Africa, where Sudan, a majority Sunni Muslim
12	country, expelled the Iranian ambassador and the entire Iranian diplomatic mission in the
13	country, with Sudan doing the same, recalling its ambassador from Iran;
14	
15	1) KEEPING HOPE that all parties can remain calm and restrained, use dialogue and
16	negotiations to properly resolve differences, and work together to safeguard the region's
17	peace and stability and
18	
19	2) ENCOURAGES that all parties involved, hold a summit to resolve diplomatic and
20	religious differences and to prevent more direct military conflict between Saudi Arabia
21	and Iran, and
22	
23	3) PROMOTES the watchful eye of the Security Council over this "cold war" and to
24	hope for the best, but prepare for the worst by having reserve troops on standby if
25	necessary.
26	



Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Middle East
Submitted By: United States of America

<u>Understanding</u> the strained relations and hostile attitudes towards the Israeli-Palestine conflict, The need for a compromise and peaceful agreement over territorial issues is more relevant than ever, This conflict has gone on for many years since the 1947 United Nations plan for a two-state solution for the territories in question, The heated debate over the sovereignty of Israel and the State of Palestine has sparked bloodshed and war, and

1 2

<u>Noting</u> the official recognition of the State of Palestine as a non-member observer state in the United Nations (UN) stresses the need to address these territorial issues, and that the decision by the United Nations General Assembly on 29 November, 2012 passing resolution 67/19 was intended as a move to recognize the sovereign power of the State of Palestine further solidifies the importance and desire to accept Palestine as a nation, and

<u>Taking in account</u> that as of 14 September, 2015, 139 of the 193 member nations of the UN formally acknowledge the State of Palestine, The remaining member nations of the United Nations that do not recognize the State of Palestine acknowledge the PLO (Palestine Liberation Organization) as the representative of the Palestinian people, and

<u>Realizing</u> the desperate need for a consensus on the control of Jerusalem and the religious nature of these territorial disputes finding a compromise between Israel and Palestine will be a great step for the future of the Middle East, whether these solutions will be successful and permanent will depend on the involvement of all nations;

1. <u>Request</u> for all member nations of the UN to recognize the State of Palestine as a sovereign entity with control over the West Bank and Gaza Strip territories, Israel to end the occupation of these territories, For both parties in the Israeli-Palestine conflict to reach peaceful terms to create a more stable Middle East;

2. <u>Proposes</u> for Jerusalem to become a sovereign nation to be governed by representatives of all of the religions that claim it to be their holy land, Jerusalem will have sole sovereign power over its land much like Vatican City in Rome;

3. <u>Insist</u> that nations cooperate with establishing Jerusalem as an independent sovereign state that will be governed by representatives of religions present in the state, It is also encouraged for Jerusalem to be considered by the United Nations Security Council for membership in the UN.



Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Middle East
Submitted By: Luxembourg

1	Fully aware of the dire situation currently happening in the Middle East, and
2	
3	Seeking global peace and unity and to live as a global community together, and
4	
5	Having received news that the situation is currently escalating and in a few years the
6	world may be plunged into war as a result of terror acts originating in the Middle East,
7	and
8	
9	Recognizing the need for religious difference and not wanting to infringe upon the
10	sovereignty of any individual nation, and
11	
12	1. Confirms the need for the development of a international police service to monitor
13	the actions of terrorists in the Middle East;
14	
15	2. Deplores the idea of war and is willing to work towards every goal in an effort to
16	prevent it;
17	
18	3. Recommends a second committee be put together to perform a system of checks
19	and balances on the newly imposed police force;
20	
21	4. Further invites countries with most of the world's money fund the formation of these
22	groups.
23	



Submitted to: First Political Submitted by: Nigeria Topic: Middle East

RECOGNIZING the Special Action Programme to Combat Forced Labor (SAP-FL) created in 2001 to spearhead activities against forced labour and human trafficking, and to reinforce ILO declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work;

NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that human trafficking is in fact the third largest crime worldwide, with estimates of 21 million victims per year;

<u>ALARMED</u> that the Middle East is a major area for human trafficking with misled migrant workers, sweatshops, trafficking for organ removals, and prostitution;

<u>TAKING NOTE</u> that in areas of legalized prostitution, there is an even larger amount of human trafficking, as legalized prostitution leads only to more prostitution;

DRAWS ATTENTION TO the 2013 Anti-Human Trafficking Index that shows that victim protection is largely ignored in the Middle East, and victims are treated more like criminals, therefore they do not support in the fight against their traffickers;

NOTING WITH REGRET that in 2005 the global human trafficking industry made profits over \$31.6 billion;

RECOGNIZING that in 2014 the International Labor Organization estimated an approximate 4.5 million people were trapped in sexual exploitation globally, and

- 1.) <u>URGES</u> countries worldwide *not* to legalize prostitution, as it only brings up the numbers, and
- 2.) CALLS UPON politicians to not just take the easy route for once, and begin to help in the fight against human trafficking, and
- 3.) RECOMMENDS countries create new, more efficient methods of regulating prostitution in a more effective way, and
- **4.) ENCOURAGES RECOGNITION** to the victims and their need for protection against their traffickers, so they may support those against said traffickers rather than stay silent out of fear of both the state and the traffickers, and
- 5.) ENCOURAGES the support of several acts working to stop human trafficking such as Convention on the Rights of the Child and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, and organizations such as International Organization for Migrants.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Sweden

1	<u>RECOGNIZING</u> the civil war in Syria has displaced approximately 9 million Syrians from their
2	homes since March 2011, taking refuge in neighboring countries, 3 million to Turkey, Lebanon,
3	Jordan, and Iraq, 6.5 million inside Syria itself, and another 150,000 are taking refuge in the
4	European Union, and
5	
6	<u>COGNIZANT</u> that countries may be taking in many refugees that are unknown or are there
7	without permission, which can cause problems for the government and general populations of
8	various countries, and
9	
10	<u>CONSCIOUS</u> of the recent bombings of the Free Syrian Army by the Russian Federation and the
11	bombings of the National Syrian Army, and
12	
13	<u>CALLS UPON</u> the countries to treat the refugees of the mass migration with respect and
14	dignity, and
15	
16	EXPRESSES ITS HOPE that these countries will accept the refugees because of a sense
17	of sympathy for those displaced during this unsettling event, and
18	
19	RECOMMENDS that aid be sent to those in Syria and surrounding countries affected
20	that are unable to leave the area, and
21	
22	STRESSES that help should be given to sort out this conflict throughout all areas affected
23	by it.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Lebanon

1 2 3 4	<u>Alarmed</u> by many nations' responses to the admittance of refugees from Syria and surrounding countries in the face of prolonged conflict while 220,000 Syrian's have been killed, mostly civilians, and
5 6 7	Appalled that with over 4 million refugees fleeing the country since 2012, over 3 million of them have been admitted by just 5 nations neighboring Syria, and
8 9 10	Encouraging efforts made by Canada, Germany and other western nations in accepting a combined 1 million Syrians, while another 13 million are in need of assistance, and
11 12 13 14	<u>Reaffirming</u> Security Council resolutions 2139 and 2165 to provide increased areas for Syrian refugees of endangered areas to reside and increase the number of partner nations participating in the program, and
15 16 17	<u>Recognizing</u> that the overwhelming majority of refugees are women and children (15,937), and that these refugees have a vast wait time before admittance to another nation, during which they are subject to background checks, and
18 19 20 21	<u>Recalling</u> that out of 748,000 refugees admitted to the United States since the events of September 11 th , 2001, only 3 have been linked to acts of terrorism, thus these background checks proved to be greatly effective while, and
22 23 24 25 26	<u>Taking into account</u> the extreme strain that nations surrounding Syria have suffered as a result of accepting so many refugees, such as Jordan in which 20% of its population are now Syrian refugees, or Turkey, which is struggling to provide for its people with over 1.9 million refugees admitted since 2012, and
27 28 29	 Urges all nations to strongly consider the admittance of Syrian refugees in order to alleviate the current strain on nations surrounding Syria;
30 31 32	 Stresses the need for increased funding through donations to better assist refugees living in poor conditions;
33 34	3.) Draws attention to the continued deaths occurring in Syria due to lack of resources

and places to relocate these refugees.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Japan

i	Recog	unizing the recent actions of the P5+1 group and its agreement with Iran to prevent the risk
2 3	of a fi	iture military nuclear program in response to lifting large Western sanctions, and
3		
4		g recent news items coming from the Munich Security Conference, stating that the Gulf
5	states	would be seeking nukes, especially those seeking to counter Iran, and
6		
7		ful that that these nuke-seeking countries have held clandestine meetings with Israel, even
8 9		officially hostile to Tel Aviv, to further research nukes, although not all nuke-seeking ries have created official ties with Tel Aviv, and
10	Counti	ties have created official ties with Tel Aviv, and
11	Empl	asizing that these Arab countries are not willing to make negotiations with Iran while on
12		ge of a possible nuclear or atomic bomb dropping, and
13		- 1
14	<u>Beari</u>	ng in mind that Israel is believed to possess dozens of nuclear warheads, although an
15	officia	Il count does not exist, and also possesses multiple fighter aircrafts capable of long distance
16		ries of nuclear weapons and a naval nuclear strike ability, and
17		
18	Recal	ling the past statements of Prince Turki al-Faisal, a former Saudi ambassador to the United
19		, that nuclear threats from Israel and Iran might force Saudi Arabia to join in against Iran
20	throug	th purchase of weapons from Pakistan, and
21		
22		zant of the inhumane suffering from nuclear bombs in Hiroshima and Nagasaki and the
23	impac	t that remains on these regions today, and
24	4.	
25	1)	Notes with approval the previous actions of the P5+1 group in its effort to decrease
26		nuclear tensions and manufacturing;
27	2	6
28	2)	Suggests that a committee be formed to discourage the use of nuclear or atomic weapons
29 30		by any Gulf nations or surrounding countries;
31	3)	Promotes the establishment of public and sincere meetings by Gulf countries, so as to
32	3)	lessen the chances of nuclear war;
33		suppose and anastrato As statement state
34	4)	Expresses its hope that these nations will continue the inspection and de-escalation of
35	• • •	nuclear stock piles through mutual assessments of each other's nuclear facilities and
36		manufacturers or allow a neutral third-party committee or nation to do these inspections

so as to further the lessening of tensions.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Spain

<u>Drawing attention</u> to the brutality, destruction, and economic burden of the Syrian Civil War, which has claimed an estimated 250,000 lives, forced approximately 9 million Syrians to flee as refugees, and has drained the economies of near-by nations such as Germany, which alone has earmarked £6.6billion to aid these refugees, and

<u>Appalled</u> by the actions of The Islamic State (ISIL), by which they have infiltrated Syria during their civil war, both killing Syrians and attempting to take advantage of the weakened military of Syria's government and the social upheaval of the time to convince young fighters to join them, and

<u>Alarmed</u> by the prospect of ISIL having a strong presence so near vital United Nations member states such as Israel, Saudi Arabia, and Turkey, as this presents ISIL with the opportunity to attack more innocents and to recruit even more fighters from surrounding nations, yet

<u>Encouraged</u> by the United Nations' resolution 2254 (2015) to establish communications between opposition leaders and the representatives of the Syrian government, to call a ceasefire between these groups, and to begin the process with the early goal of 6 months to create alongside Syrians a democratic government comprised of members of each faction with the goal of fairly representing the nation, yet

<u>Aware</u> of the daunting challenges facing this young government such as the infighting between rebel groups looking to seize control of territory and the presence of militant ISIL factions which seek to overpower any standing government in Syria, impress new fighters into its ranks, and to claim the land a resources of Syria as its own, and

<u>Calls upon</u> the deployment of the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization after the upcoming ceasefire in Syria, to assist the interim government in Syria with the suppression of residual fighting between factions so as to maintain the continuity of government during the transition;

<u>Urges</u> member nations to commit military force via air strikes to combatting ISIL forces in the region to ensure both the safety of Syria from such threats and to ensure that these enemy militants cannot attack nearby nations or attempt to gain access to mainland Europe;

<u>Stresses</u> that the only permanent solution to the humanitarian crisis of the Syrian refugees is making their home country a safe place that they could return to.

 Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East

	Submitted By: Lithuania
1 2 3	ALARMED by the fact that International human rights organizations have documented multiple war crimes and severe human rights violations in Syria and Iraq committed by ISIS, and
4 5 6	BEARING IN MIND that such an outrageous use of force against civilian population and non-combatants constitutes a violation of international law and the Geneva Convention, and
7 8 9	NOTING that ISIS is creating an Islamic State also known as a caliphate throughout Iraq and Syria which has increased the influx of recruits both from abroad and within the region eager to join ISIS in fighting a common enemy, and
11 12 13	CONCERNED that ISIS has demonstrated its ability to plan and carry out terrorist actions, fundraising, and recruiting of fighters through the use of social media, and
14 15 16 17	GRIEVED by the fact that ISIS's primarily finances itself by selling thousands of barrels of oil on the black market and by the fact that the oil paid for almost entirely in cash, making the transactions extremely difficult to track, and
17 18 19 20	AWARE that ISIS and ISIL have used the civil war in Syria and the instability of Iraq's government to recruit foreign militant while displacing millions of civilians and claim territory, and
21 22 23 24	NOTING that the United Nations Security Council has adopted several different resolutions to combat the growing threat posed by ISIS including Security Council Resolutions 2170 (2014) and 2195 (2014);
25 26 27	 <u>CALLS UPON</u> all member states to increase international cooperation to stop the flow of foreign fighters and combat cyber terrorism;
28 29 30 31	2.) <u>URGES</u> all members to fulfill their requirements listed under the 1267/1989 Sanctions Committee to ensure that member states do not conduct financial transactions with groups associated with ISIS, especially the oil in Iraq and Syria;
32 33 34 35	3.) EMPHASIZES the need for member states to restrict donations to individuals and entities associated with ISIS, including the freezing of the financial assets of those individuals who finance terrorism and terrorist activities;
36 37 38	 REQUESTS the developed countries of world which possess sophisticated intelligence capabilities to address the states and individuals who finance ISIS and purchases their oil;
39 40 41 42	5.) <u>APPEALS</u> to member states to initiate actions to protect the safety of the civilians and refugees during this crisis in accordance with the U.N. regulated Charter which is emphasized under the Responsibility to Protect (R2P) principle;

6.) REQUESTS increased improvement of humanitarian access inside Syria, Iraq, and

Turkey as essential in order to help the families fleeing from the violence.



Submitted To: 1st political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Russian Federation

1	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN the current conflict in Syria that has resulted in millions
2	of causalities and the destabilization of the legitimate Syrian government, and
3	
4	GREIVED that the imperialistic greed of the West has fueled the conflict by supplying terrorist
5	organizations threatening the security and livelihood of the Syrian peoples and their government,
6	and
7	
8	BEARING IN MIND the importance of Syria's national sovereignty, and that any incursion into
9	its territories without prior approval is a direct and unforgivable infringement of national
.0	sovereignty and these rights are to be honored and,
1	
.2	ALARMED by the use of chemical weapons by numerous terrorist organizations against Bashar
3	al Assad threatening the stability of the government as well as killing countless innocent
4	civilians, and
.5	
6	AWARE of the paramount need to eliminate terrorist threats that not only threaten Syria but the
7	region and the world at large by assisting Bashar al Assad and eliminating those organizations to
8	help better the world as a whole;
9	
20	1). REQUEST that all nations bear in mind the sovereignty of Syria, and that no nation
	interfere with their handling of the terrorist organization for any interference with Syria's
22	affairs without their approval is a violation of their national sovereignty,
23	
21 22 23 24 25	2.) STRONGLY SUGGEST the implementation of sanctions by all nations against those
25	who continue to send aid to terrorist organizations that threaten again and again not only
26	the stabilization of the Syrian government, but also the wellbeing of the innocent civilians
27	the safety of all nations in the middle east,
28	•••• ••••• ••• ••• ••• ••• ••• ••• •••
29	3). APPLAUDS nations that support the Al-Qaida Sanctions Committee and encourages
0	all nations to support this organization and its efforts to sanction all terrorist
1	organizations.
•	~- 9



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Sudan

1 Emphasizing the fact that ISIS puts a threat on the Middle East youth, and in order for the youth 2 of undeveloped countries to stop fleeing to become part of ISIS, the undeveloped country must 3 teach the youth in both school and the political field that ISIS is wanting a type of government 4 that will not be good for the area ISIS takes over, and 5 6 Realizing the fact that, in order for the students to stop fleeing undeveloped countries we must 7 keep the Islamic teachers who want to join ISIS away from the youth along with the social 8 media that helps recruit the youth from all around the globe, and 9 10 Stressing the fact that, in order for ISIS to stop we must go for their leaders as much as we can 11 and then take the fighters; 12 13 1) Emphasizes that by teaching the youth of undeveloped countries about the cruel and 14 terrible type of people ISIS is and the corrupt government ISIS will form can help 15 student learn the they should not join ISIS because it is a group that will not succeed; 16 17 2) Draws attention to the fact that undeveloped countries must keep the religious leaders 18 and other teachers that promote ISIS to stay out of all the universities and schools so 19 therefore they cannot tell the children the reasons why they should join ISIS and also 20 to stop any social media that draws youth to ISIS; 21 22 3) Recommends that if the countries go together and stop ISIS the countries must take 23 down the leaders and then kill the soldiers quickly after so a new leader isn't found in 24 the group that will help eliminate the amount of ISIS fighters in the Middle East.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Chile

 <u>Disturbed</u> by the rising of The Islamic State of Iraq and Levant in the middle east. 2. especially in Syria and Iraq and 3. 4. **Deeply Concerned** by the violence and attacks the rising of these groups has caused, 5. all over the world, especially in Belgium and surrounding countries and 6, 7. Noting with Deep Concern that ISIS is committing genocide against Christians, 8. Yazidis, and Shiite Muslims, and will continue to do so unless action is taken to stop this 9. from happening and 10. 11. **Emphasizing** that western nations such as the United States, Canada, and any other 12. country in the Americas is in no position to lead a coalition to fight the terrorist threat in 13. the Middle East, and that the only way to defeat the threat is to have a coalition lead by a 14. State within the troubled region: 15. 16. 1) Encourages nations in the Middle East like Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates. 17. Turkey to step up as some of the biggest military spenders in the world and lead 18. a coalition to defeat terrorism in the Middle East 19. 20. 2) Calls Upon nations to help the effort in the middle east by helping to fund the 21. fight against the threat of ISIS and support the coalition leaders in the war on 22. genocide 23. 24. 3) Urges the lead countries and their allies to block the illegal smuggling of oil 25. which is one of the main sources of revenue for this terrorist group that is causing 26. acts of extreme violence all over the troubled region of the Middle East

Submitted To: First Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Democratic People's Republic of Korea

1 2 3	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that the United Nations estimation of deaths in the civil war in the Syrian Arab Republic amounted to 250,000 in 2015, and
4 5	GRIEVED that the organization Save the Children has estimated that 10,000 children have perished in the conflict in Syria, with an additional 4,300,000 children in need of humanitarian aid, and
6 7 8	<u>ALARMED</u> that an estimated 14,000,000 civilians have been displaced as a result of warfare between terrorist factions and the democratically elected government, and
9 10 11 12 13	NOTING that President Bashar al-Assad as well as the entirety of Syrian government officials were elected or re-elected to their respective positions in an internationally observed and recognized election with multiple candidates representing multiple parties, and
14 15 16 17	STRESSING that the displacement of the current democratically elected government will likely result in enormous growth for radicalism and terrorist groups within the nation, as well as the establishment of a radical terrorist regime, and
18 19 20	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN that UN member states have maintained support for known terror groups within Syria, whom the UN has accused of torture, unlawful killing, kidnapping, hostage taking, ill treatment, public executions, and the utilization of child soldiers, and
21 22 23 24 25 26	EMPHASIZING that although some Western nations have expressed displeasure towards President Assad and his administration's political actions, President Assad is nevertheless a democratically elected leader whom the UN cannot attempt to displace without severely infringing upon the sovereignty of the Syrian Arab Republic as well as destabilizing the entire Middle East region by unintentionally establishing a brutal terrorist regime;
27 28 29 30	1) <u>DENOUNCES</u> terrorist organizations in Syria, particularly the Free Syrian Army and the Islamic State, for their countless human rights abuses and attacks on civilians;
31 32 33	 EXPRESSES ITS SUPPORT for the Syrian government and its efforts to eliminate terrorism within its nation and within the Middle East as a whole;
34	3) CONDEMNS any nations or organizations that in any way support or assist in the arming

4) <u>EXPRESSES ITS HOPE</u> that the member states of the UN will do their utmost to counter terrorism in Syria and ensure stability and prosperity in the Middle East by supporting the

democratically elected government and assisting it in the fight against terrorism.

of terrorist rebel groups within the Syrian Arab Republic;

35 36 37

38

Submitted To: First Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Afghanistan

1	Cognizant of the fact that a total of ten million Syrian civilians have fled their home country to
2	live in neighboring nations and other places in Syria to avoid the civil unrest, and
3	
4	Acknowledging that people of other nations, such as Somalia, are also fleeing their homes to
5	avoid war and violence, and
6	
7	Noting with deep concern that there are more countries that will not accept refugees immigrating
8	into their country than those who will, and
9	
10	Reminding all nations that not all refugees are a threat to their country;
11	
12	1) Stresses that with proper screening techniques, refugees can be deemed as dangerous or
13	not a threat;
14	
15	2) Promotes the idea of accepting refugees with proper paperwork and qualifications;
16	
17	3) Suggests that all nations accept and welcome refugees who have gone through an
18	immigration screening process into their nation.

Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Syrian Civil War Submitted By: Venezuela

<u>CONCERNED</u> with the increase of violence in the nations of Iraq and Syria due to a direct result of the cease fire made by the United Nations that began on the 27th of February 2016, and

<u>ALARMED</u> by the casualities both armed and civilian that range into the 450,000 due to the increasing violence of groups such as ISIS and the Syrian Government itself because of a lack of control in the nation and the inability to prevent violence within its national borders, and

<u>AWARE</u> that the United Nations Security Council is currently working on ending this war and create safer and more efficient methods in order to prevent terrorist groups to spread with such aggression and deal with cases in order to prevent further conflicts within the Middle East and other areas in the world where violent organizations continue to reign, and

<u>COGNIZANT</u> that even with a possible end to this Civil War, social services such as medical care and solving the issue of the 4,000,000 displaced Syrian Refugees and returning them to a safer Syria as well as trying to prevent the spread of ISIS and ending the cruel regime that it holds in Syria, and

- 1) <u>ASKS</u> all nations willing to spare any aid towards this region including medical care, food and water, shelter, clothing, and anything else that these people need;
- 2) <u>DEPLORES</u> the continuation of carpet bombing and any other violent methods in order to avoid the continuation of this war;
- 3) <u>SUPPORTS</u> the efforts of any nation attempting to help the people of Syria in a diplomatic way and in a peaceful way without the use of any weapons or violent means of trying to get their point across;
- 4) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> that a Summit with the different organizations affected by this war in order to determine any treaties in a peaceful manner without the influence of outer parties who could potentially sway the decision among the members participating in the Summit.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Finland

<u>ALARMED</u> of the ongoing events in the Middle East, Syria in particular, Syrian refugees are becoming the responsibility of other countries, individualized to their own refugee policies, and also noting that different nations have agreed to take in drastically varied numbers of refugees, and

<u>MINDFUL</u> that countries lack not only space, but also do not have the finances to take on large amounts of foreign peoples, few countries that have agreed to accept Syrian refugees have a stable and successful economy, and

<u>ENDORSING</u> the intervention of the United Nations to aid in transporting the refugees to a location where interim and permanent lifestyles may be appropriately set up, and recording which countries have the resources to stabilize the lives of the refugees, and

<u>IMPLORING</u> that countries could possibly benefit from Syrian refugees aiding in building the nation's economies through jobs, the refugees will also have the opportunity to improve their lives and set up a new lifestyle and blending of cultures, if chosen, and following all immigrant laws provided by the United Nations;

- 1) <u>INVITES</u> all nations in the United Nations to they could benefit from the addition of refugees in an economic aspect;
- 2) <u>SUGGESTS</u> that nations request permission from the United Nations to send troops into the nation of Syria to combat the existing instability;
- 3) <u>REQUESTS</u> that the Security Council keeps an eye on the status of the Middle East, with Syria as a main concern, to ensure that the situation does not evolve into a major disaster that would affect many, if not all, countries around the world.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: The Federative Republic

of Brazil

1 2 3	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that the number of registered Syrian refugees is over 4.5 million and an estimated 9 million have fled their homes since 2011 due to the outbreak of their civil war, and
4	
5	ALARMED that the right to asylum has disparities amongst nations but still has similar goals to
6	provide protection to individuals that have been forced to flee their nations due to civil conflicts, and
7	
8	BEARING IN MIND that a refugee is an individual that has been forced to flee their country or homes
9	and is unable or unwilling to return because of a well-founded fear of persecution because of a civil
10	conflict not including individuals fleeing due to natural disasters, and
11	
12	MINDFUL that the Universal Declaration of Human Rights declares that anyone has the
	right to leave any country and is able to return to his/her country and "the right to seek
	and enjoy in other countries, asylum from persecution" without in anyway providing for the right of an
	individual to be admitted into any country but his/her own, and
16	
	GRIEVED for those during times of crisis because traffickers and robbers exploit displaced persons
	whilst many nations now are preventing them from entering their borders;
19	many many many many many many many many
20	1) RECOGNIZES that some nations do not have the resources to house many displaced people,
21	but many support other nations and those who do;
22	out many support other nations and those who do,
23	2) <u>REQUESTS</u> that a universal system be adopted allowing member states to have the same
24	policies about taking in refugees, regulating the system already in place to be able to grant the
25	right of asylum to create maximum efficiency;
26	right of asytum to create maximum efficiency,
27	3) <u>INVITES</u> all nations to meet annually to share ideas to make it easier for refugees to enter other
28	nations;
29	nations,
30	4) STRESSES that states who refuse admission to prevent refugees from seeking asylum would
31	not be a solution to a problem but would direct the flow of refugees somewhere else;
32	not be a solution to a problem but would direct me now of refugees somewhere else,
32 33	5) FURTHER EMPHASIZES that UN member states are asked to contribute only what is
33 34	necessary to alleviate crisis situations.
J T	necessary to aneviate crisis situations.



Submitted To: 1st Political **Topic: Middle East** Submitted By: Republic of Iraq

1	Deeply	concerned by the Islamic terrorist group under the name of Islamic State of Iraq and the	
2	Levant (ISIL), and		
3			
4	Recog	nizing that they comprised of more than 100,000 members and have caused an estimated	
5	300,00	0 of casualties in many raids, and	
6			
7	Deeply	disturbed by the gruesomeness of the acts of terrorism from ISIL, including their	
8 9	trafficking of oil, sex trafficking, drug trafficking (such as Captagon, which deprives the user of empathy for others), and		
10	• input	1 101 CMA210), 4114	
11	Fully a	ware of the previous attacks on other territories, such as the Paris attacks in November	
12	2015, and other global locations, and		
13	,		
14	Keepir	ag in mind that residents across the globe are funding the group for supplies and food, as	
15	well as	joining this terrorist group, which further advances the group, and	
16			
17	Observ	ring that ISIL is claiming the credit for many bomb attacks and drone attacks, and	
18			
19	Realiz	ing that ISIL is planning more enormous acts of terrorism, and are becoming increasingly	
20	more o	organized;	
21			
22	1)	<u>Further invites</u> nations with large numbers of ISIL supporters to make a series public	
23		service announcements regarding the nations' stands on ISIL;	
24			
25	2)	Encourages stronger forces to be enforced upon ISIL, in reply of every new video	
26		released of executions, as well as when they claim bomb attacks;	
27			
28	3)	Recommends that nations strongly against the acts of terrorism, as well as nations	
29		recovering from attacks, arrange a coalition to seek mutual plans to stop the ISIL group;	
30			
31	4)	Strongly affirms nations to prepare for the worst, as the ISIL group is growing in	
32		numbers daily, and reminds nations that dead terrorists are easily replaced by new ones.	



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Israel

İ	Having reviewed General Assembly resolution 67/19, upgrading Palestine to non-member
2	observer state, and
3	
4	<u>Taking into account</u> the current threat posed by the Palestinian Authority, both to the security
5	and stability of the entire middle east, and
6	
7	Recognizing the need for a two-state solution, in order to help end the current conflict, which has
8	unnecessarily led to countless casualties, and
9	
10	Stressing the fact that any two state solution to the current situation would require a direct
11	agreement between Israel and the Palestinian Authority, without intervention by a third party,
12	and
13	
14	Noting with regret previous unsuccessful attempts by third parties to mediate or negotiate a
15	resolution to the current conflict throughout territories controlled by the Palestinian Authority;
16	
17	1) Requests that nations that have recognized the State of Palestine recognize the sovereign
18	state of Israel as well;
19	
20	2) <u>Urges</u> nations to allow the negotiations between the Israeli government and the
21	Palestinian people proceed without strictly between those two nations, with no third par
22	involvement;
23	
24	3) Encourages the State of Palestine to discontinue their claim to all of Jerusalem, due to it
25	importance to the Israeli people.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Syrian Crisis Submitted By: Ireland

Expressing deep concern that more than 250,000 Syrians have died in the past four and a half years due to a civil war in the country, and realizing that an additional 11 million Syrians have been forced to leave their homes causing one of the largest refugee exoduses in recent history and straining other countries who are accepting these refugees, and

<u>Emphasizing</u> that this conflict has allowed the Islamic State to find a breeding area where they have been able to recruit citizens, form plans, and carry out acts of terrorism against other countries while the Syrian government is unable to handle the situation because it's preoccupied with fighting the Syrian rebels, and

Alarmed that although the United Nations has recognized all parties have committed war crimes such as murder, torture, and rape in addition to causing civilian suffering by blocking access to food, water, and health services through siege, and called for all parties to end indiscriminate use of weapons in populated areas, the situation has worsen instead of bettering with 1.2 million Syrians being forced to leave in 2015 alone, and

Noting with grave concern that in the year 2013, chemical warfare was found to be used by the Syrian government who sent rockets with sarin gas onto the city of Damascus, and even after Assad promised to destroy and remove his chemical arsenal, a deadly attack on rebel groups using chlorine occurred during the year 2014, and

Stressing that 13.5 million Syrians, including 6 million children, need humanitarian services such as 70 percent of population are without access to adequate drinking water, one-third are unable to meet basic food needs, and 2 million kids are out of school meaning four out of every five Syrians are living in poverty, yet warring parties refuse to allow humanitarian agencies to enter Syria to help the civilians, and

- 1.) <u>Urges</u> nations to work with the United Nations to raise money to provide these civilians with the life essentials they are lacking, and for the Syrian government and rebels to allow these humanitarian groups to enter and help civilians;
- 2.) <u>Calls upon</u> nations to continue allowing Syrian refugees to enter their countries and strongly appreciate other nations that give aid to those struggling to cope with the wave of refugees entering while all parties involved work strongly towards reaching a compromise or at minimum a cease fire;
- 3.) <u>Draws attention to</u> the threat of the Islamic State recruiting and strengthening in Syria while the Syrian government is preoccupied in a civil war, and encourages nations to join others and help strengthen global government policies against this threat of terrorism in the Middle East.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Jordan

1 Mindful of the current complex political crisis between Ukraine and Russia which has displaced 2 over 500,000 people and resulted in a fractured and dangerous Eastern European landscape, and 3 4 Recognizing that a two-party diplomatic solution is the only possible way to maintain a lasting 5 level of security and peace in this region, and 6 7 Optimistic that current diplomatic negotiations between the Russian Federation and Ukraine can 8 continue and expand further in order to find a mutual agreement and an eventual end to this 9 conflict, and 10 Stressing that the intentions of Ukraine, the Russian Federation, and the people in Crimea must 11 12 all be taken into account when deciding the jurisdiction of Crimea, not just one of these groups, 13 and 14 15 Reminding the United Nations that this body should always look to pursue demilitarization, 16 peace, and unity in all but the most extreme of circumstances; 17 18 1) Requests the First Committee of the United Nations to develop a more comprehensive mechanism for peaceful negotiations between Russia and Ukraine that brings in a greater 19 20 variety of governmental and personal perspectives; 21 22 2) Urges all parties involved to ensure that said negotiations include the voice of the 23 respective citizens as much as possible through open democratic referendum votes or 24 polls in Ukraine, Russia, and the Crimean territory; 26

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3) Recommends that all member nations, especially those in Europe, pursue greater bilateral trade relations with these troubled regions to protect them from economic collapse, excepting the special case of trade sanctions.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Greece

DEEPLY CONCERNED by the fact that unemployment rates in the eurozone, especially concerning countries including, but not limited to Greece and Spain, have escalated in the past year or so to a striking percentage of 25 and above, and

NOTING WITH SATISFACTION the amount of awareness put towards the crisis by not only victimized countries, but others, as well as attempts to properly prepare and train the youth of dangered countries, providing them with a better skill set to appeal to hiring companies, but

AWARE OF the slow and sporadic increases and decreases in eurozone unemployment rates, eventually rising back to high unemployment percentages, especially in European youth, and the benefits of welfare encouraging the unemployed to stay unemployed, and

<u>DEEPLY CONCERNED</u> by the miniscule amount of action being taken, despite the OECD Youth Action Plan being established in 2013 with statistics swaying only slightly, and

BEARING IN MIND that great shifts made in aggregate demand, labor market flexibility, and fiscal policy may not improve employment rates in European countries, but cause inflation issues;

- 1.) **DRAWS ATTENTION TO** the importance of vocational training in European youth and the possibility of a slight increase in labor market flexibility to ensure that youth will be ready to find employment;
- 2.) **PROMOTES** the idea that increasing employment rates should begin with the youth of the eurozone, which account for most of its unemployment complications as the incoming adults of the continent;
- 3.) **REQUESTS** a steady change in economy labor markets flexibility to avoid inflation and move towards an increase in youth employment to live a healthy life;
- 4.) <u>SUGGESTS</u> removing some benefits of unemployment to encourage and motivate those in question to seek employment.
- 5.) **EXPRESSES THE HOPE** that in the near future, European unemployment rates will drastically decrease.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Great Britain

1	Alarmed by the millions of both legal and illegal Syrian refugees that are fleeing into European
2	countries, and
3	
4	Cognizant that tensions have risen in the European Union because of the disproportionate
5	burden that certain countries like Greece, Italy, and Hungary face because they have received
6	majority of the migrants, and
7	
8	Mindful that the United Nations defines a refugee as someone who "owing to a well-founded
9	fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular
10	social group or political opinion, is outside the country of his nationality, and is unable to, or
11	owing to such fear, is unwilling to avail himself of the protection of that country," and,
12	
13	Noting with grave concern that ISIS continues to cause much distraught in Europe, especially
14	after the terrorist attacks in Paris on November 13, 2015, and
15	
16	Concerned by the massive amounts of immigration in Europe, especially in the case of Cologne,
17	Germany where over 1,000 men, immigrants with Arab or North African appearance, were
18	arrested for the sexual assault of dozens of women, and
19	
20	Grieved by the increase of loss of jobs and life in Europe during these times of distress and
21	conflict;
22	
23	1) Recognizes that some nations do not have the necessary resources that are needed to help
24	support the millions of refugees that are fleeing into Europe;
25	
26	2) Urges all able nations in Europe, and in the United Nations, to help fund and support
27	these nations that have been welcoming to the refugees, but have been unable to provide

3) Applauds all the work that the United Nations has done so far in helping these refugees,

as well as trying to make Europe a safe place, free of terrorism.

them with these necessary resources;

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Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Ukraine

Stressing the importance of all European nations to continue cooperating with one another throughout times of conflict, especially in the time of increased amounts of terrorism and economic crisis, and

Alarmed by the fact that 81,000 refugees fleeing to Turkey and other Eastern European nations from Iraq, Syria, and Afghanistan are currently struggling to be properly being implemented into society, and

Concerned with Greece's extreme debt problem and inability to repay debts from the generous loans that the International Monetary Fund provided to bail out the financially struggling state, and

Conscious of the current peril in the Crimea region and Russia's annexation of the province Crimea along with Russia's invasion of Eastern Ukraine, and

Inspired by the United Nation's constant efforts to assist the Crimean Tatar people persecuted by Russia, and

Encouraged by the United Nation's work to relocate and provide for the refugees currently

displaced by internal affairs throughout the world, and

reform their economy in order to stabilize their nation's economy;

1.) <u>Promotes</u> the acceptance of over a million refugees into nations across Europe along with the implementation of infrastructure, housing, and medical needs for these people;

2.) Calls upon Greece to repay their debts to the International Monetary Fund, and to

3.) Requests that Russia will remove all military equipment from Ukraine and give up claims on the Crimea region of Ukraine, and allow the nation of Ukraine to pursue the economic and diplomatic choices that it wishes to.

Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Immigration and Asylum Issues in Greece
Submitted By: Rwanda

<u>ALARMED</u> that the number of immigrants from surrounding countries is increasing month by month causing over crowding population issues in refugee camps,

<u>CONCERNED</u> that the numbers of refugees in camps will only grow with the continuing wars and political issues taking place in surrounding Middle Eastern countries,

<u>DEPLORING</u> the United Nations take action to control the flow of immigrants into the country to help with funding in the country,

REAFFIRMING that over 12,000 refugees live in certain camps made to house only 3,000,

STRESSING that with increasing amounts of refugees only more and more problems will arise

- (1) <u>CALLS UPON</u> the United Nations to control the flow of immigrants attempting to take asylum in Greece and,
- (2) <u>RECOGNIZES</u> that again with more issues arriving in surrounding countries only more people will try to immigrate and take asylum.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Democratic People's Republic of Korea

1 2 3		that over 9,000 people have tragically perished due to hostilities in the Ukrainian many of that number are innocent civilians, and
4 5		WITH REGRET that nearly 1.2 million Ukrainian citizens have been displaced as a alt of fighting between the separatist rebellion and federal authorities, and
6 7 8 9 10	removal o Western p	NG that the fighting in the Ukraine is due almost entirely to an illegal and illegitimate f democratically elected Viktor Yanukovych in February 2014, led and orchestrated by owers to force the ethnically Russian citizens of Eastern Ukraine to accept a proovernment, and
11 12 13 14 15	Federation	INTO ACCOUNT that Western nations have imposed sanctions on the Russian due to its legal seizure of Crimea, whose citizens voted overwhelmingly to be y Russia, as well as false accusations of military intervention, and
16 17 18 19		SING DEEP CONCERN that these misguided and unjustifiable sanctions have crippled economy and contributed to tensions between the Russian Federation and Western nd
20 21 22 23	outlined by	CONSIDERED that citizens of Eastern Ukraine have a right to self-determination y the UN in several of its founding documents, and yet have been denied that right as ment of Ukraine takes action to diminish the Russian culture of Ukrainians, and
24 25		<u>IING</u> a more open stance taken by the Ukrainian government in allowing its people to eir Russia traditions while still maintaining its sovereignty;
26 27 28 29 30	1)	STRONGLY ENCOURAGES Ukrainian legislation to take action towards increased decentralization, to increase the ability of its displeased eastern regions to self-govern and give a voice to the ethnically Russian citizens who have previously been ignored in Ukrainian politics due to a great cultural disparity amongst its people;
31 32 33 34 35	2)	<u>CALLS UPON</u> any nations maintaining sanctions on the Russian Federation due to its supposed actions in Ukraine to lift those sanctions immediately and thereby relieve the tensions built up between their nations and Russia;
36 37 38	3)	EXPRESSES THE BELIEF that the mistreated people of Eastern Ukraine are given fair treatment and allowed to govern themselves in a way that they deem fit, without undue intervention from the federal government of Ukraine or Western powers.



Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Oceania

Submitted By: Switzerland

U/1

1 2 3	Emphasizing the independence of Oceania and its peoples who are a special people of living under its own flag, and
4 5 6	Stressing that the history of Oceania is important in its future development as an independent nation, and
7 8 9	<u>Fully Acknowledging</u> that as a smaller nation, Oceania must rely on trade and cooperative large nations to grow and thrive as a country, and
10 11	Noting With Deep Concern that the technologies, which all other countries the world round are having access to, are not being shared with Oceania, and
12 13 14 15	<u>Emphasizing Further</u> that development of economy and growth of small businesses is key to the growth of the country as a whole and that Oceania must remain out of war in any part of the world unless defense of the homeland is needed;
16 17 18 19	1) <u>Stresses</u> the importance of trade with other countries so that Oceania can get the necessary technologies from other countries while also making money off of the exports coming from it.
20 21 22 23 24	2) Promotes the improvement of our economy so that we can become a safer and sturdier world power with more trade goods which will enable us to gain the necessary products which will help advance the living status and education of our citizens.
25 26 27 28	3) <u>Implores</u> the sharing of new information with Oceania so that it can become part of the global landscape as it pertains to technological advancements.
29 30 31	4) Encourages Strongly the growth of the tourism industry in Oceania which will enable us to gain money from something other than the small exports which are leaving our country currently.
32	

5) Suggests a bigger role for Oceania in the U.N. so that it can continue to grow into a

world power going forward.

33



6/2

Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Oceania Submitted By: Netherlands

1	Recalling the 151 attacks on ships in 2011, and
2	
3	Alarmed by the \$6.6-6.9 billion stolen from large vessels every year, and
4	
5	Aware of the 4,185 seafarers and 1,090 sailors held hostage, and
6 7	Keeping in mind that piracy is the only source of income for most citizens and in most case
, 8	the only way to put food on a table, and
9	the only way to put food on a more, and
10	Observing the state of the ongoing civil war taking place in Somalia;
11	
12	(1 Encourages all nations to send food and goods to Somalia in order to place a stable
13	working environment and healthier government;
14	(2 D. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
15	(2 Emphasizes that no nations take a side of the civil war when supplying goods but
16 17	rather supply equally to both sides of the war front;
18	(3 Further invites medicine and first aid to further repair the state of the country;
19	1
	20 (4 Requests that food and goods be given in return for hostages.



6/3

Submitted To: First Political Topic: Oceania Submitted By: Democratic People's Republic of Korea

1	NOTING	WITH REGRET that several nations of Oceania have been effected by serious
2	political di	isruptions that have been largely ignored by the international community, and
3	•	
4	EXPRESS	ING DEEP CONCERN that climate change has had a direct political impact on
5	multiple na	ations in Oceania, including but not limited to:
6		Australia, which has endured an increased amount of bushfires resulting in the deaths
7		of 173 people, a 100% increase in the number of people exposed to flooding, and
8		billions of dollars of damage to buildings to an increase in natural disasters;
9	b.	Tuvalu, which has experienced and will likely continue to experience dramatic
10		damage from rising sea levels due to its natural low-lying geography;
11	c.	Marshall Islands, which has been stricken by high tides damaging over 200 homes as
12		well as a rapid decrease of fresh water availability due to salinization of water
13		sources, and
14		
15	RECOGN	IZING that the United Nations has failed to take action regarding the effects of climate
16	change po	litically, not only in Oceania but around the world, and
17		
18	CONFIDE	ENT that the political subcommittee of the United Nations will take definitive action
19	towards pr	reparing the people of Oceania for the political destabilization that will likely be
20	associated	with the harmful effects of climate change;
21		
22	1)	STRONGLY ENCOURAGES all member states of the United Nations and elsewhere
23		to take legislative action in preventing climate change in order to lessen the damaging
24		effects it could have on the island nations of Oceania;
25		
26	2)	ENCOURAGES the United Nations Environmental Programme to explore the subject
27		of preparing Oceanic nations for the political impacts that will arrive due to rising sea
28		levels;
29		
30	3)	REITERATES that although climate change is most certainly a subject covered
31		extensively by the United Nations, the political aspects of climate change have
32		scarcely been explored;
33		
34	4)	<u>DRAWS ATTENTION TO</u> the catastrophic effects that political instability in an
35		entire region could have on the rest of the world;
36		
37	5)	EXPRESSES ITS HOPE that the UN will observe serious consideration of the

political impacts of a changing climate in Oceania.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Antarctica Submitted By: Oman

NOTING WITH REGRET that stocks of krill in Antarctica have declined dramatically in recent 1 2 years, as much as 80%, and 3 BEARING IN MIND that today's stocks are a mere 1/5th of what they were only 30 years ago, 4 5 and 6 AFFIRMING the idea that a decline in krill numbers may result in a decrease of some penguin 7 8 species, and 9 RECOGNIZING thousands of tourists are attracted to Antarctica's spectacular wildlife which 10 feed on krill, and 11 12 MINDFUL that this data was gathered from nine countries who pooled separate data in the time 13 14 between 1926 and 2003 nations must once again come together to enforce already present 15 regulations on krill fisheries; 16 1. Applauds the "trigger level" set to regulate the catches of krill, providing enough for 17 18 predators; 19 2. Expresses the hope that these regulations will be met; 20 21 3. Draws attention to the fact that these regulations are not officially set in place; 22 23 4. Deplores that the nations of the UN will come together to allow these regulations on 24 25 krill fisheries to be officially implemented and enforced; 26 27 5. Demands that the violation of these laws and regulations will be met with just punishment by the offender's nation. 28





Submitted To: First Political Topic: Antarctica Submitted By: Maldives

1 Conscious that nearly 30,000 tourists from various nations and backgrounds accessed the region 2 of Antarctica in the past year, and 3 4 Noting with grave concern the sewage and food waste disposed at sea and on land contain 5 chemicals known as HBCD, which disrupt thyroid hormones affecting development of the brain 6 and metabolism in animals such as penguins, fish, and marine worms, and 7 8 Recalling the Antarctic Treaty of 1959 in which the disposal of radioactive wastes is prohibited 9 and protects the Antarctic environment and wildlife, and 10 11 Mindful of the oil spills that plague the Antarctic region and the inability to expunge this blight 12 on the white tundra and surrounding sea that could negatively affects hundreds of species, and 13 14 Alarmed that many sailors are not aware that the removal of ship waste including ship lines and 15 nets can result in the asphyxiation of local birds and seals, resulting in a slow and painful demise. 16 and 17 18 Appreciating the work of various groups including IAATO and the CCAMLR among others that 19 have been at the forefront of conserving the wildlife and maintaining the beauty of the white 20 tundra; 21 1. Urges that biological waste treatment plants be discharged into the oceans that 22 23 surround Antarctica in order to dispose of mentally detrimental chemicals infesting 24 the arctic tundra: 26

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2. Requests that the waters surrounding Antarctica be mapped and chartered in order to curtail the amount of groundings and sinking of ships due to unfamiliar waters, resulting in a reduction of oil spills;

29 30

31

3. Recommends that the level of international tourism to Antarctica be reduced in order to limit the amount of waste and conserve wildlife;

32 33

34

4. Supports an educational program to educate sailors and scientists of the effects of their waste and how it negatively affects the local wildlife:

Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Antarctica
Submitted By: Mongolia

1	Aware of the Antarctic Treaty which was put in place in 1959 lays many stipulations
2	down for the use of Antarctica, with the main one being scientific research, and
3	,
4	Keeping in mind the vast populations of penguins and animal life that reside in
5	Antarctica, and
6	
7	Viewing with appreciation the fact that the 12 original signatories of the Antarctic tre-

have decided to keep the land free of pollution and population, making Antarctica very natural and clean, and

Reaffirming that the world's population is increasing exponentially and will eventually run out of resources because of this, and

Emphasizing the need to be prepared for the days where resources are low and population is high, and

Noting further that Antarctica has the coldest temperatures on earth, making it perfect for preserving plants and animals necessary for our existence;

- 1. <u>Draws the attention</u> to the need for immediate conservation and replication of things that may soon be extinct such as various trees and plants;
- 2. <u>Requests</u> all members of the United Nations be proactive in saving the world we live in, because regardless of ethnicity or race we all share it;
- 3. <u>Supports</u> the allocation of funds to Research to be done in Antarctica dealing with the care and upkeep of the world;
- 4. <u>Considers</u> the formation of creating an Antarctic Research Committee who will meet yearly and discuss new uses for the facilities and ensure its productivity;
- 5. <u>Trusts</u> the United Nations will realize the severity of this issue and act promptly.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Antarctica Submitted By: Syria

1	AWARE of the impact global warming is having across the world, and
2 3	KEEPING IN MIND that the Antarctic Treaty of 1959 was created to ensure Antarctica would
4 5	remain pollution and population free while primarily being used for research, and
6	EMPHASIZING that research taken from the continent has shown rapid glacial melt which has
7 8	tripled over the past decade and,
9	NOTING that many critically endangered species call this area home (such as the Blue Whale,
10 11	Amsterdam Albatross, and Adelie Penguin), and
12	FULLY ACKNOWLEDGING that should the glacial melt continue to progress, these
13 14	endangered species would lose their habitat, and
15	EXPRESSING WITH DEEP CONCERN that the actions of countries worldwide may be
16 17	contributing to the furthering of glacial melt and Antarctica's potential downfall, and
18	NOTING FURTHER that due to the Antarctic Treaty of 1959, and generally as a species, it is
19 20	our duty to try and preserve Antarctica as it would be beneficial to our existence;
21	1.) <u>STRESSES</u> the need for the preservation and conservation of the continent;
22	2) CALLCUDONIA
23 24	2.) <u>CALLS UPON</u> the assistance from all other members of United Nations to aid in the attempt to reverse the effects of global warming;
25	
26 27	3.) <u>REQUESTS</u> that fellow members of the United Nations make efforts in their own countries to become more eco-friendly;
28	
29 30	4.) SUPPORTS and is open to any further ideas to slow global warming;
31	5.) ENCOURAGES a world-wide effort to decrease pollution;
32 33	6.) <u>SUGGESTS</u> further thought on relocating various endangered species should the problem
34	continue to worsen;
35	7) TRIVITE II AL III II III III III III III III II
36 37	7.) <u>TRUSTS</u> that the United Nations will honor the Antarctic Treaty of 1959, see the urgency in this issue, and take action in attempt to stop the glacial melt.





Submitted To: First Political
Topic: Antarctica
Submitted By: Democratic People's Republic of Korea

TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that the frozen regions of Antarctica present little to no potential for 1 2 human utilization, and 3 BEARING IN MIND that no region of Antarctica is recognized by the United Nations as 4 5 belonging to any sovereign state and is therefore international territory, and 6 7 CONFIDENT that all member states of the United Nations are cognizant of the fact that the fauna and flora of Antarctica are small in number, and certainly not worth putting above the 8 9 interests of sovereign nations and their citizens, and 10 GRIEVED that the 193 member states of the United Nations are in desperate need of a safe area 11 12 in which to test nuclear warheads and other weapons of warfare, and 13 EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN over the plethora of negative health effects associated with 14 being a "downwinder", or a person affected by radiation released from nuclear testing, including 15 multiple cancers and thyroid diseases that can kill or seriously debilitate unknowledgeable 16 17 citizens of any nation testing nuclear weapons, and 18 BELIEVING that all sovereign nations have a right to test nuclear weapons without the 19 20 possibility of unintentionally harming their own citizens, and 21 22 STRESSING that Antarctica lacks a single permanent human occupant due to its inhospitable conditions, and for this reason 23 24 ENDORSING the declaration of the entire continent of Antarctica to be designated as an 25 26 international nuclear testing site; 27 28 1) DECLARES the continent of Antarctica to be an international territory not owned by any state, organization, or individual; 29 30 2) <u>DESIGNATES</u> the continent of Antarctica as a weapons testing site for any state of 31 the United Nations wishing to test nuclear weapons or other large arms; 32 33 3) CONDEMNS the Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty, which attempts to block and 34 infringe upon the inherent right of any nation to test atomic weapons; 35 36 37 4) EXPRESSES ITS BELIEF that all nations of the world will soon be free to test their nuclear weapons without the risk of damaging the health of their citizens in any form. 38



8/1

Subject: Bank Secrecy Submitted to: 1st Political Submitted by: Andorra

ALARMED BY the amount people of malicious intent using foreign banks (such as Andorran, Swiss, Luxembourgian, and Austrian) for tax evasion purposes,

EMPHASIZING that bank secrecy is the act of banks withholding information on accounts (like those of criminals),

ALARMED BY the amount of criminals saving money or not paying taxes in general is substantial, specific examples include Al Capone, Meyer Lansky, and Osama Bin Laden

BELIEVING that laws such as the US PATRIOT Act, US Bank Secrecy Act of 1970 are steps in the right direction (the first being on the more extreme side) while laws like the Swiss Banking act of 1934 are a step in the wrong direction

<u>TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION</u> that bank secrecy is saving criminals money which in turn is utilized for more crime,

AFFIRMING the end of bank secrecy can only be accomplished by the help of all member nations in the EU and the UN;

- 1.) RECOGNIZES bank secrecy is a problem that needs to be solved,
- **2.)** CALLS UPON member nations of the EU and UN with little or no restrictions against bank secrecy to start authorizing restrictions and/or laws against it,
- 3.) EXPRESSES THE HOPE that with cooperation, the EU and UN together can end bank secrecy.

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