



First Political

- 1.Africa
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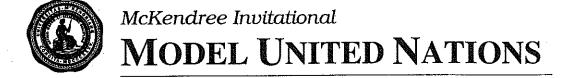


Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Libya

Submitted By: Finland



1	Concerned by the current issues in Libya and the lack of humanitarian support from United
2	Nations, and
3	
4	Feeling upset about the lack of diplomatic approach from United Nations to Libya, and
5	
6	Pleased by the military support for democracy in Libya;
7	
8	1) Proposes that United Nations invests in humanitarian support, such as funding for
9	schools, supplying medical facilities, and training a civilian police force;
0	2) Suggests ensuring a smooth transition in Libyan government.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Democratic Republic of the Congo

1	AWARE OF the strategic importance of the location of the Democratic Republic of the Congo
2	(DRC), and
3	
4	ALARMED BY the inexperienced troops of the DRC yet its potential importance to the stability
5	to central Africa, and
6	
7	TAKING NOTE of the large amount of mineral resources that could be mined and put towards
8	the stabilization of central Africa and towered the training of troops to stabilize all surrounding
9	countries such as Uganda, the central African Republic, Zambia, Angola, and Congo, and
0	
1	BELIEVING that the hostile forces occupying the DRC are using intimidation and rape to keep
2	the citizens of the DRC down and delaying the progress and stability of central Africa, and
3	
4	CONFIDENT that with support from the UN a multitude of invaluable resources such as a river
5	system that could provide Hydro-electric power to not only the DRC but surrounding nations
6	such as the ones previously listed, adding that the DRC has around 80% of the worlds cobalt
7	reserves that could be mined and used to aid the region economically and that cobalt;
8	
9	1) REQUESTS aid from nations and or the UN to help push hostile military forces out of
0.9	the DRC so that precious mineral resources like Cobalt can be excavated from the DRC'
	territory;
22	
21 22 23 24 25 26	2) EXPRESSES THANKS to the United States of America for help training our military
24	forces and for assisting us economically;
25	
26	3) <u>URGES</u> other nations to follow their example so that all of Central Africa may be
27	helped in the way that the DRC has;
28	
29	4) SUGGESTS that a united front against hostile nations would prove effective and
30	would allow for the mining of the DRC and the overall wellbeing and stabilization of
31	Central Africa;
32	
33	6) EXPRESSES THE HOPE that the vision of a wealthy, developed, and educated
34	central Africa will come to reality though all the appropriate channels.
35	



Submitted To: 1st Committee Topic: Africa Submitted By: Austria

1 2	Cognizant of the fact that Ethiopian citizens are in desperate need for a more consistent food supply while,		
	supply wine,		
3			
4	<u>Understanding</u> the fact that the estimated number of Ethiopian citizens in danger of starvation		
5	has decreased by nearly half from 5.2 million to 2.8 million and,		
6			
7	Recognizing the work done by GOs and NGOs alike in the effort to oppress the overwhelming		
8	amount of deaths due to starvation in Ethopia, while		
9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
10	Stressing the recent acts of rebel groups in taking the supplies dropped in care packages meant to		
11	aid the issues of starvation in Ethiopia;		
12)		
13	1) Calls upon Countries with an abundance of food to establish a system other than care		
14	packages to feed the hungry Ethiopians, and		
15			
16	2) Stresses the need for action to prevent the death of more lives due to starvation, and		
17	<u> </u>		
18	3) Insists more organizations are made that help Ethiopia collect food and eventually be		
19	able to feed their country on their own.		



Subject: Africa Submitted To: First Political Sponsored By: Czech Republic

1	ACKNOWLEDGING the new addition to the UN, South Sudan, and its newly-
2	gained independence, and
3	
4	REMEMBERING the previous attempts at peace between the Sudanese people and their
5	government that failed to accomplish their task, and
6	DEGALING 1 'D C COOM 1'1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1
7	RECALLING the war in Darfur of 2004, which acted as a catalyst for the split of what is
8	now South Sudan and Sudan, and
9	CTDTCCDIC 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
10	STRESSING the most recent attempt at peace, the Comprehensive Peace Agreement, and
11	its approach the division of the oil of the Abyei region;
12	1) ITDOPO 4
13	1). <u>URGES</u> the governments of Sudan and South Sudan to abide by said
14	peace agreement, make sure the citizens do as well, and uphold good relations with each
15	other;
16	2) DEOLIDOTO 4 14 . C-11 1 - 1 111 1 111 - 1 111 - 1 1
17	2). <u>REQUESTS</u> the aid of all countries in demobilization of militias in both countries to
18	maintain peace;
19	
20	3)ENCOURAGES countries to send humanitarian aid to the people of Sudan and South
21	Sudan to help them rebuild their lives and resume functioning properly by:
22	a) sending what food and water possible;
23	b) providing supplies needed for infrastructure;
24	c) support the medical system in any way possible;
25	
26	4)CALLS for trade to commence with said countries to rebuild the economy by:
27	a) importing goods from said countries;
28	b) putting stock into their businesses



15

Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Ivory Coast

1	RECOGNIZING the turmoil in the Ivory Coast, and		
2			
3 4	MINDFUL of the divisions inside the nation, and		
5	RECALLING the vicious civil war fought between forces of Laurent Gbago and Outttara, and		
6	<u>ICLZO1</u>	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	
7	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT the controversial 2000 Election of Gbago to the Presidency, and		
8			
9	NOTI	NG WITH CONCERN the lack of free elections since, and	
10			
11	EMPHASIZING the 2010 election of Outttara, and		
12			
13	GRIEVED over the Civil war that has consumed the country since, and		
14 15	ENICOLID & CED DV the and of the second of Contitions come to recover and		
16	ENCOURAGED BY the end of the war when Outttara came to power, and		
17	ALARMED BY the recent outbreaks of violence in the Ivory Coast,		
18		<u> </u>	
19	1.	<u>URGES the UN</u> to send humanitarian aid to the embattled regions of the Ivory Coast,	
20			
21	2.	RECOMMENDS the use of peacekeeping forces to police the Ivory Coast and end the	
22		bloodshed,	
23	•		
24	3.	REQUESTS the Security Council to provide a permanent peacekeeping mission to the	
25		Ivory Coast,	
26	1	DECOCNIZES the Issuer Count's notional serverients.	
27 28	4.	RECOGNIZES the Ivory Coast's national sovereignty,	
29	5	RENEWS its appeal for peace in the region,	
30	٥.	100 100 uppout for pouco in the region,	
31	6.	<u>DECIDES</u> to remain actively engaged in the issue.	



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Lebanon

1	RECOGNIZING that more than 800 million people go to bed hungry every night, 300 million of		
2	those being children, and		
3			
4	<u>DEPLORING</u> the fact that measles take the life of a child every minute in sub-Saharan Africa		
5	when, according to the WHO, vaccines for measles cost \$1 per child, and		
6			
7	CONSCIOUS that more than 50% of Africans suffer from water-related diseases such as infant		
8	diahrrea, dysentery, river blindness, cholera, etc., and		
9	TAKDIO DITO AGGODITA AA A		
10	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that though mosquito nets cost less than \$1, Malaria in Africa		
11 12	accounts for 90% of global Malaria deaths, especially in the slums, and		
13	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN over the fact that between 12 and 16 million African children		
14	have been orphaned by HIV/AIDS, and		
15	have been orphaned by the vizitibb, and		
16	CONSIDERING the fact that most African slums do not possess access to pipe borne water,;		
17	<u></u>		
18	1) <u>IMPLORES</u> the United Nations to increased funding to countries through the World		
19	Health Organization, especially of those in dire need of food and clean water;		
20			
21	2) <u>URGES</u> countries to spend less money on war and put the health of their people in		
22	utmost importance financially and socially;		
23			
24	3) <u>SUGGESTS</u> the spread of information on how to avoid the contraction of HIV/AIDS		
25	through government-run advertisements.		



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Jordan

<u>Alarmed</u> by the recent uprisings in Africa that resulted in strikes and calls for leaders to step down, including countries such as Somalia, Zimbabwe, Sudan, and Libya, and the fact that in some countries civil wars have depraved the country from any chance of national security and

Noting with deep concern that many African countries lack strong governments and constitutions that would allow for an accurate estimate of weapons, military power, and weapon development programs, making disarmament necessary and difficult to determine,

<u>Concerned</u> by the fact that we cannot be sure of unstable countries nuclear capabilities and sheer amounts of dangerous weapons these countries hold, and clearly worried about the gross lack of cooperation from many countries,

Emphasizing the need for a control system to be put in place to protect not only African countries, but also the rest of the world from possible havoc, and

<u>Grieved</u> at the thought that Africa holds countries that still have ten year old children in their military, slave trade, and feuds between not only countries, but also tribes within a country, and

1) <u>Suggests</u> programs be put in place to quell political insurrections and mutinies that would lead to even more disorder in the area;

2) <u>Promotes</u> that every country should have a constitution or loose set of laws that can be used to provide a sense of stable government to countries who otherwise have none;

3) Stresses the need of the United Nations to monitor unstable countries weapon capabilities nuclear and otherwise, and the distribution of these weapons to an official military instead of rebel groups and protesters;

 4) Wishing that the improvements listed above can provide a sense of security to these countries and the world as a whole, and that dialogue between African nations can make the continent more stable.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Vietnam

1	POINTING out the fact that, to achieve and sustain a more safe and peaceful environment in
2	Africa, more efforts must be taken to regulate the brokering and trade of small arms and
3	weapons, as to avoid the use of these weapons by criminal and terrorist organizations, and
4	
5	REFERRING to the efforts of the Regional Centre on Small Arms in The Great Lakes Region
6	and Horn of Africa, as well as the Nairobi Protocol, which aims to "prevent, combat and
7	eradicate the illicit manufacturing of, trafficking in, possession and use of small arms and light
8	weapons in the sub-region," and
9	
10	NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN the amount of criminal activity that has taken place as a
11	result of the illicit transfer of small arms and light weapons, as well as the effect that has had on
12	the sub-region, and
13	
14	RECALLING that 60% of all homicides take place by way of firearm, and
15	
16	RECOGNIZING the growing conflict within Northern Africa, ignited by demonstrations in
17	states such as Egypt, Lybia, and Tunisia, taking into consideration the effects that these
18	demonstrations may have on the citizens of surrounding nations, and
19 20	REALIZING that the nations of Africa must cooperate and work together to regulate the
21	brokering and trade of small arms and weapons, as to prevent further violence and turmoil, and
22	brokering and trade of small arms and weapons, as to provent taxinor violence and tarmon, and
23	CONFIDENT in the abilities of the citizens of the many nations of Africa,
24	
25	1.) Suggests that there be more laws established that correspond with the licensing
26	to manufacture, sell, purchase, and operate small arms;
27	
28	2.) Encourages the use of a single cooperative database through advanced
29	software with aims to identify, investigate, and eventually prosecute offenders;
30	
31	3.) Implores the establishment of specific committees and organizations within
32	each nation to create and propose legislature with regards to the issue, and to

enforce the laws that have been established.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Republic of Korea

1 Concerned by the recent drought and food crisis in Africa that has left over 10 million people in 2 dire need of food, water, and basic hygiene, and 3 4 Stressing the fact that, the risk of starvation and loss of life is greatly increased since this is the 5 most severe drought Africa has suffered in 60 years and most of the livestock and crops have 6 died do to the drought, and 7 8 Appreciating the support that other nations and African refugee camps have recently put forth in 9 helping to solve the food and water shortages, and 10 Noting with grave concern that the worst of the effects of this drought could have been avoided 11 12 since many knew beforehand that this drought was going to be devastating to African people, 13 and 14 15 Considering that little was done a year ago to try building support to avoid a crisis even when it 16 was clear that the drought was becoming worse throughout the year, and 17 18 1) Requests that able nations put forth attempts to aid the people of Africa in obtaining 19 20 food and water to help them survive this drought; 21 22 2) Supports the refugee camps set up in Africa to help the people attain food and water 23 in crises such as this one; 24 25 3) Urges the government and/or other organizations to establish more refugee camps 26 since people have to travel immense distances to get to one of the ones already set up; 27 4) Expresses its appreciation to those who have already lent a hand in trying to assist the 28 29 African people in resolving this food crisis;

5) Recommends that with future droughts or crises, more effort is taken beforehand to

avoid the crisis or to at least alleviate some of the suffering the people.

33 34

32



Submitted To: 1st political Topic: Libya Submitted By: Greece

1 2 3	<u>REALIZING</u> that the struggles between the Socialists and New Democrats are met with wide spread opposition by the populace in Greece, and
4 5	ACKNOWLEDGES that the country is deeply in debt and going in a negative direction economically, and
6 7 8	<u>RECOGNIZES</u> the ever present diminishing money to pay the government work force and the projected job cuts with sadness, and
9 10 11 12	<u>ADMIRES</u> the country's efforts to come out of debt through meetings with other countries and deals with banks to have to pay 20% less than was borrowed and the confidence and fortitude the look at their massive debt with, and
13 14 15	SEES that Greece has agreed on radical reforms to cut out parts of their spending that are most
16 17	detrimental to the money deficit in the country, and RECOGNIZES the refugees from Libya that have fled to Greece and the incapable state of the
18 19 20	country to help these refugees; 1)ENCOURAGES greater support among the population on the issue of their leadership
21 22 23	in government; 2) SUGGESTS the institution of government works programs, much the same as the
24 25 26	United States during the Great Depression, to stimulate the economy and decrease the national unemployment rate;
27 28 29	3)SUPPORTS the efforts of Greece to decrease their national debt and encourages the upkeep of these efforts throughout the coming years;
30 31	4)HOPES that the country will institute these reforms and that they will be successful;
32 33	<u>5)SUGGESTS</u> the help of France and Italy in the support of these refugees because they too are involved in the war the has plagued Libya.



Submitted To: 1st Disarmament and International Security Topic: Africa Submitted By: United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

1 2		ED by the rate of unemployment in many African nations, more so in southern Africa employment rates are over fifty percent, and	
3			
4	CONCIO	US of the very recent conflicts in Egypt which resulted in the constitution being	
5		and the military taking control of the nation, and	
6	N AINTENET I		
7 8	MINDFUL of the ongoing dispute in Libya between forces loyal to Muammar Gaddafi and forces supporting the National Transitional Council, and		
9	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
10	REALIZNG the possibility of more revolts in nations throughout Africa due to poor living		
11	conditions	s, poor economies, and desperate citizens, in underdeveloped nations, and	
12	TAZDIC	NOTE CALLAND I A MARKET INTO THE CONTROL OF THE CON	
13	TAKING NOTE of the terrorist attack on the United Nations complex in the capital of Nigeria in		
14 15	August lea	aving dozens injured or deceased, and	
16	AWARE	of the threat to international governity should this upwest in Africa continue to	
17	<u>AWARE</u> of the threat to international security should this unrest in Africa continue to go unchecked;		
18	uncheckee	·,	
19	1)	<u>URGES</u> more resources to be put towards the current peacekeeping operations in	
20	1)	Africa along with more peacekeeping troops to increase the stability in these nations,	
21		and also the sense of security by the citizens;	
22		and also the sense of security by the chizens,	
23	2)	REQUESTS the disarmament of unstable nations throughout Africa to eliminate the	
24	2)	potential for even more bloodshed;	
25		potential for even more bloodshed,	
26	3)	EXPRESSES THE HOPE that the ongoing disputes within nations throughout Africa	
27	5)	are put to an end, and that the widespread, poor, living conditions in Africa are	
28	-	improved;	
29			
30	4)	EMPHASIZES the importance of eliminating any international security threats in	
31	')	Africa by stabilizing governments, and improving the morale of the people in Africa.	



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Ireland

1 STRESSING the fact that an increasing amount of unrest in the African nations has been observed since the 1990s and that this unrest has increased recently, and 2 3 AWARE of the fact that, even though some of this warfare is conducted in a civil manner, most 4 skirmishes are conducted between armed groups that follow no civil code or law, therefore they 5 make peaceful disarmament difficult, and 6 7 8 EXPRESSING GREAT CONCERN that the results and aftermath of these battles between civil and non-civil armed groups fighting for resources in the African continent lead to tens of 9 thousands of deaths that occur and accumulate each year, and 10 11 RECOGNIZING the fact that most armed groups are fighting over resources such as fertile land, 12 food, clean water, or controlled substances such as narcotics which are commonly trafficked and 13 14 grown in the African continent, and 15 TAKING INTO ACCOUNT the fact that United Nations aid has been supplied to poorer African 16 countries already, to prevent the deaths of many more suffering from famine, injury, and disease 17 caused by this onslaught of warfare; 18 19 1) SUGGESTS that to eliminate armed violence in Africa, aid must be sent to those living 20 21 in poverty and famine in the African nations, as well as those with disease, so they may no 22 longer lack proper nutrition; 23 24 2) SUPPORTS any program or nation helping to access greater amounts of water in the whole of the African continent to quench the thirst of hundreds of thousands without 25 sufficient water supply; 26 27 3) NOTES WITH APPROVAL towards any nation aiding African nations with irrigation 28 assistance for inland farms and crop yield enhancers, along with more advanced crop 29 30 genetics; 31 4) REQUESTS that an attempt be made to try and eliminate the trafficking of controlled 32 substances such as narcotics, along with the groups that produce these body-damaging 33 substances, in the region as well as the growing of these substances by the nations of the 34

world as a whole.





Submitted To: 1st Political Committee
Topic: Decolonization
Submitted By: United States of America

<u>Recognizing</u> that the term "Decolonization" refers to the undoing of the relationship in which a territory is dependent upon and governed by a foreign colonial power, and

Believing that all people have the basic right to determine their own political status and to freely pursue their own economic, social, and cultural interests, and

<u>Endorsing</u> the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, which states "The subjection of peoples to alien subjugation, domination and exploitation constitutes a denial of fundamental human rights, is contrary to the Charter of the United Nations and is an impediment to the promotion of world peace and co-operation," and

<u>Commending</u> the collective efforts of United Nations member states, which have helped 80 former colonies gain their independence and freed more than 700 million people since the UN was founded in 1945, and

<u>Appreciating</u> the work of the UN Special Committee on Decolonization, which monitors the situation in the remaining 16 territories, and strives to facilitate their advance towards independence, and

<u>Mindful</u> that the period from 2011-2020 has been declared the Third International Decade for the Eradication of Colonialism, and

<u>Stressing</u> that there is still much work to be done and that the UN cannot lay the issue of decolonization to rest until every colony that wishes to be independent has achieved that status, and

<u>Confident</u> that with continued work, all territories will be able to enjoy complete independence and freedom;

1) <u>Invites</u> all colonies and territories to continue seeking their independence from foreign powers;

2) <u>Stresses</u> that political, economic, social or educational unpreparedness should never serve as a pretext for delaying independence;

3) <u>Calls upon</u> states in control of territories that wish to become independent take immediate and decisive steps towards the transfer of power to the people of that region.



Topic: Children and Armed Conflict Submitted To: First Committee Submitted by: Norway



1. 2	<u>Alarmed</u> at the harsh reality that thousands of children are used to fight the wars of adults in not only Africa but also in Europe, Asia, and Latin America, and		
3			
4	Taking into account that the United Nations have stated that "Every child has the right of		
5	protection from armed conflicts," and that most countries have undertaken to comply with this,		
6	and		
7			
8	Accepting that countries in the United Nations, including Norway, and also UNICEF have		
9	recognized this issue and provided some protocol that stated that the youngest age for a soldier		
10	must be eighteen years old, and		
11			
12	Concerned that even with documents in effect, some areas in these impoverished countries are		
13	doing nothing to help these children, and		
14			
15	<u>Understanding</u> that these countries do not have a stable government to protect these abused		
16	children and that the effect on them impacts them and society in general, and		
17			
18	<u>Draws attention to</u> the fact that if most if not all of the countries involved in the United		
19	Nations would join together and fund the militias of these unstable countries so that		
20	actual soldiers could be deployed;		
21			
22	<u>Demands</u> that a force of deployment should be put together and sent to help the relief		
23	effort to pull children from battle and help them;		
24			
25	Requests that any appeals for humanitarian services for this crisis to any country should		
26	be responded to with much thought and consideration;		
27			
28	Expresses the belief that with much effort, reorganization, and compassion, the stable		
29	countries of the United Nations can make solving this problem an actual reality.		



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Political Issues throughout the World

Submitted By: Canada



1	APPALLED by the number of abused women throughout Africa, Asia, and the Middle East,
2	
3	
4	NOTING the widespread outbreak of the AIDS virus in Africa,
5	
6	HAVING REGARDED that over 80% of the world's children live in poverty,
7	
8	
9	EMPHASIZING the pro-Qadhafi regime in Libya outnumber the anti-Qadhafi forces,
10	
11	
12	1) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> that help for victims abuse of any kind be instilled;
13	
14	2) OFFERS an educational system to teach people about AIDS awareness and
15	prevention;
16	
17	
18	3) <u>INVITES</u> teachers and/or farmers to travel to countries in which poverty is
19	abundant to teach the people to grow food and stimulate their economy;
20	
21	4) <u>CALLS FOR</u> exploration into peaceful solutions in Libya





Submitted To: First Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: Democratic People's Republic of Korea



1	Stressing the fact that Japan has unfortunately suffered a major disaster, and		
2			
3	Acknowledgi	ng that due to this disaster it has damaged Japan's economy along with its	
4	neighboring c	ountries, and	
5			
6	Emphasizing	that other nearby Asian economies are now under economic pressure and showing	
7	signs of collar	ose;	
8	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
9	1)	Applauds the current donations made to help Japan from other nations;	
10			
11	2)	<u>Urges</u> other nations of this committee to assist other nations neighboring Japan	
12		with economic stimulus;	
13			
14	3)	Proposes a temporary council of near by nations affected by this recent disaster to	
15		discuss distribution of proper financial aid to all countries involved in joining this	
16		council.	



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



2/2

Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: Syria

1 2 3	<u>REALIZING</u> the nuclear weapons test was carried out 80 kilometers to the northwest of the town of Cliché, North Korea Oct. 16, 2006, and
5 6	<u>BEARING IN MIND</u> the nuclear device had a yield of between 10 and 20 kilotons (TNT equivalent), close to the yield of Hiroshima and Nagasaki bombings in 1945, and
7 8 9	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that North Korea's involvement in nuclear weapons test has raised much controversy and confusion among the masses, and
10 11 12 13	<u>TAKING INTO ACCOUNT</u> that North Korea maintains uranium mines with an estimated four million tons of exploitable high-quality uranium ore; resources to fuel these weapons seem limitless, and
14 15 16	<u>AWARE</u> of these tests, many nations around the world, and even allies of North Korea question the need for these tests for no real present danger has risen, and
17 18 19	<u>HAVING CONSIDERED</u> the results from these tests, military defenses from every nation has tightened and prepared itself for the worst nuclear confrontation in history;
20 21 22 23	1) REQUESTS abandoning these tests and channeling the uranium resources to a more energy constructive field of research, or negotiate with other nations on the topic of using this well of uranium for global needs;
24 25 26	2) <u>URGES</u> more communication with other nations to use these resources for progressive growth in energy savings;
27 28 29	3) STRONGLY ENCOURAGES collaborating with other nations on new nuclear technological advancements and researching for the goal of improving global economics and industry;
30 31 32 33	4) SUGGESTS the establishment of an NGO which will have multiple stations inserted in countries to monitor with their consent;
34 35	4) PROMOTES peaceful use for this nuclear energy, and emphasize the ban of nuclear weapons production for every nation.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Americas Submitted By: Peru



1	ALARMED that in the United States, as well as many other parts of the developing
2	world, non-communicable diseases are a widespread epidemic, and
3	
4	AWARE that the biggest killers are no longer contagious diseases, such as HIV and
5	AIDS or Malaria, but rather chronic ailments, such as lung disease, cancer, and
6	diabetes, and
7	
8	SADDENED those non-communicable diseases now account for two out of every
9	three deaths worldwide, and
10	
11	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN that a lack of exercise, overeating of junk food,
12	and use of alcohol are leading to the non-communicable diseases growing problem,
13	and
14	
15	<u>DRAWING ATTENTION TO</u> the fact that although diseases like AIDS, and Malaria
16	have been celebrity funded, non-communicable diseases much less sponsored, and
17	
18	<u>TAKING NOTE</u> that the officials from the food, beverage, alcohol, beverage,
19	medicine, and tobacco industries could gain or lose from any future decisions, and
20	
21	MINDFUL that the U.S. officials argue that working in partnership with industry,
22	along with nongovernmental organizations, and allow more time to come up with
23	specific targets that will lead to better results in the fight against non-communicable
24	diseases.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Drug Trafficking in Mexico Submitted By: Russia

1	Aware that thousands of people in Mexico have been caught in the crossfire of and in some		
2	cases murdered as a result of drug wars over the past few years, and		
3	All latest annual bases have been supplied with high masses of supplied systems of her foreign arms in directing		
4	Alarmed that many have been supplied with high-powered weapons by foreign arms industries,		
5	and		
6	D. P. S. of J. M. S.		
7	Realizing that Mexican president Felipe Calderón launched a crackdown on drug cartels in 2006,		
8	and		
9	C. A. C. L. A. A. G. T. C. Maria and American actions. Heist and the Demoision Demoision		
10	Grateful that the US, Mexico, Central American nations, Haiti and the Dominican Republic		
11	have formed the Merida Initiative to provide training and equipment supporting law		
12	enforcement, but		
13	YY		
14	Having reviewed the increasing homicide toll due to drug trafficking, these actions have not		
15	gone far enough;		
16	1) II : d IDI:		
17	1) <u>Urges</u> the UN to provide more funding to groups aiding Mexican law enforcement		
18	such as the Merida Initiative;		
19	O) S to the Control of the Control o		
20	2) <u>Suggests</u> receiving funds from GOs and NGOs, who have a vested interest in the		
21	curtailing of Mexican drug cartels and the welfare of Mexico and its people;		
22			
23	3) Reiterates that the support of Mexican law enforcement to erase drug trafficking		
24	could greatly decrease organized crime and homicide internationally;		
25			
26	4) <u>Stresses</u> that these actions take place as quickly as possible because time is of the		
27	essence.		



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Americas Submitted By: Panama



1	Aware that the United States is the world's only superpower, is less likely
2	to have failure in the military system, but is much more defenseless to the
3	malevolence of other countries, and
4	
5	<u>Drawing attention to</u> the actuality that America needs to open up and
6	adjust its attitude and learn to reach out towards other countries in need
7	in any way possible whether financial or with war, and
8	
9	Alarmed that the Bush administration will never surrender any of their
10	prepotency which is the first to oppose ratification of the Law of the Sea
11	Treaty, which has the capability to put danger toward both national and
12	economic securities, and
13	
14	Recognizing that the United States' main fight today does not pit the Bush
15	Administration against the world, but pits them into the world about
16	terrorism, and
17	
18	Considering that the fact if the United States ever attempts to dominate
19	other countries, they will be severely despised, and
20	
21	1) Requests that the United States should learn to step in and help other
22	countries rather than trying to dominate them;
23	
24	2) <u>Encourages</u> that the United States should change their tone and their
25	complete attitude;
26	
27	3) <u>Expresses Hope</u> that the United States will listen and step in to help
28	other countries in need rather than trying to put them down and making them

feel less superior.

Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Americas Submitted By: Mexico



1	CONSI	DERING every county's national sovereignty, and
2 3 4		GNIZING with concern the lack of sufficient development and opportunities in various tates, and
5 6 7	`	S ATTENTION TO the fact that certain nation states will not use force to prevent its from leaving the country;
8 9 10	1.	<u>ADOPTS</u> the thought of all nation states implementing sufficient work opportunities and decent standards of living to a greater percentage of its population.
11 12 13	2.	<u>INVITES</u> UN incorporate assistance to willing nations in aiding border security in less technically advanced nations by:
14 15 16 17		a. Donating fundsb. Donating technology
18 19 20 21	3.	<u>RECOMMENDS</u> nations to establish stations equipped with devices to detect beings such as thermal security cameras to inspect persons within a vehicle as well as areas of cargo transporting over land, sea, or air;
22 23 24	4.	ACKNOWLEDGES the fact that in order to further protect borders, a certain form of personal privacy must be infringed upon;
25 26 27 28 29		a. In an appropriate manner, peoples' belongings will be searched thoroughly to see if they are housing illegal contraband,b. The vehicles in which is being used to cross the border will be checked thoroughly for housing any other persons;
30 31 32 33	5.	AUTHORIZES that a mass database be created and accessible to all nations to forward collected information from willing nations from all security check points including the following information;
34 35 36		a. Name of persons crossing the border,b. Name of the border in which the persons are crossing,c. Date of the persons' crossing.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: First Committee Topic: The Middle East Submitted By: Republic of Turkey



1	<u>windful</u> of the fevores and profests of the Arab spring happening in the winddle hast and	
2	North Africa in the past years, and	
3		
4	Grieved by the loss of life since 18 December 2010, an estimated 35,000 have died, in	
5	Tunisia, Egypt, Libya, Bahrain, Syria, Yemen, Algeria, Iraq, and the area around Israel,	
6	and	
7		
8	Bearing in mind that a civil war is currently taking place in Libya between Gaddafi's	
9	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and the people's National Transitional Council, which the UN	
10	has formally recognized as the government of Libya, and	
11		
12	Endorsing the National Transitional Council's claim as Libya's government and the	
13	government of Libya's people, and	
14		
15	Recognizing the will of all peoples to be free and have a self-elected form of	
16	government;	
17		
18	1) Approves of peaceful protests in lieu of violent rebellions;	
19		
20	2) Calls for an end to fighting in Libya and for Gaddafi to release himself into	
21	the control of the International Criminal Court for his counts of war crimes and	
22	crimes against humanity;	
23		
24	3) Expresses the hope that bloodshed will end in the Middle East and North	
25	Africa and that governments of the region take these protests and revolutions	
26	into account.	



4/2

Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Afghanistan

OBSERVING the rising amount of nuclear development and research amongst Middle Eastern Nations, particularly in the areas of weaponized nuclear technology and delivery systems, and

BEARING IN MIND that the weaponization of nuclear technology offers no benefits to humanity and in fact can only be labeled as an appalling weapon fear since its inception during the mid twentieth century, and

<u>RECOGNIZING</u> that in 1996 the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty (CTBT), banning nuclear detonation tests in all environments, was signed by the honorable delegations of 182 sovereign nations and, of these 182, 154 ratified the document, and

NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that currently the Treaty is unable to come into force as the nations of China, Egypt, India, North Korea, Iran, Indonesia, Israel, Pakistan and the United States have failed to either ratify or sign said the treaty, the ratification and signature of these nine nations is required in order for the treaty to take effect, and

<u>REALIZING</u> that the most effective way to begin total nuclear non-proliferation and ease tensions amongst Middle Eastern nations would be to put this treaty into immediate effect as any act of detonating weaponized nuclear material would be a direct infraction of the document;

- 1) <u>EMPHASIZES</u> the strong need for the global ceasing of the testing of nuclear weapons, in all environments, as the weapons themselves offer no direct benefits to humanity;
- SUGGESTS nations who wish to explore nuclear technology do so for the benefit of their people, such as the creation of nuclear power plants or the establishment of a fusionbased nuclear generator;
- 3) <u>IMPLORES</u> the honorable nations of China, Egypt, India, North Korea, Iran, Indonesia, Israel, Pakistan and the United States to sign and ratify the document so as to implement the treaty as soon as possible, 180 days after signage and ratification as stated in the CTBT;
- 4) <u>WELCOMES</u> all member states of the United Nations to sign and ratify the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty immediately to further ease tensions amongst the Middle East and throughout the globe.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 1st Political Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: Argentina 4/3

1	REALIZING the security issues that several windine castern countries race, and
2	
3	NOTICING terrorists in the Middle East, aside from the country of Afghanistan, of
4	which has assistance from the United States, have almost complete access to these other
5	countries, and
6	
7	EMPHASING that surrounding first world countries have done little or nothing to assist
8	these troubled third world countries;
9	
10	1) PROPOSES that the surrounding countries of China and Russia, of which
11	have excelling military groups to assist these countries, instead of those overseas;
12	
13	2) SUGGESTS that these terrorist leaders surrender to these authorities
14	peacefully to avoid unnecessary military involvement;
15	
16	3) REQUESTS that if they in fact do not do as such, that China and Russia keep
17	an active military at hand.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Iraq

1	REALIZIN	IG that a long history of conflict has been centered around the Middle Eastern area
2	and	waterward C v
3		
4	AWARE th	nat many Middle Eastern countries are a basis for the funding and aid of many
5	terrorist cell	ls, and
6		
7	TAKING I	NTO ACCOUNT the instability of the government within many Middle Eastern
8		e source of much domestic and international conflict, and
9		
10	STRESSIN	G the current position of the Middle East promotes terrorist cell activity which
11	brings these	terrorized countries into the conflict;
12	-	
13	1) DIR	ECTS the United Nations to take action to rid the Middle East of terrorist cells an
14	their	funding;
15		
16	2) REC	DUESTS that while eliminating these terrorist cells, care be taken not to infringe
17	upoi	n the sovereignty of those nations;
18		
19	3) REC	COMENDS that the United Nations instate a charter protecting Middle Eastern
20	natio	ons from actions of foreign nations based on global discrimination;
21		
22	4) EXI	PRESSES THE BELIEF that the United Nations would see that the issues in the
23	Mid	dle East will be left alone unless terrorism affects a country in any way.



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Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: France

1	Bearing in mind that the refusal of the Syrian president step down has caused mass riots in Syria
2	
3	Mindful that the UN has not put enough pressure on the Syrian government.
4	
5	Expressing deep concern for the deadly raids carried out by Syrian troops.
6	
7	Emphasizing the fact that 2,700 people have already been killed.
8	
9	1) Request that the UN puts more pressure on the Syrian government.
10	
11	2) Reiterates the deep concern for the deadly raids carried out by Syrian troops that
12	have already killed 2,700 people is unacceptable behavior.
13	
14	3) Suggests that the UN consider putting sanctions on the Syrian government if the
15	violence does not stop.



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arise worldwide;





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Social Unrest and Technology Submitted By: Chile

Stressing that all exposed to social media are greatly influenced by it and not all like the current developments in recent technology, and Taking into consideration that social media sites such as Facebook and MySpace can take away privacy rights and have been used to organize riots and illicit activity such as drug dealing can easily be done on websites such as these, and Pointing out that some of the riots and protests put together through social networking were for positive change, some were violent and harmful to the community, and Recognizing the fact that social media has many great upsides like allowing people to stay in contact with others more easily and spread important worldly news quickly, and Noting with deep concern that literacy and other unrest within many has dropped social media sites such as Facebook and very many have been and continue insulted by what negative energy is sometimes outputted on news shows concerning different nations, and Believing that with effort, the United Nations will strive for correcting these mishaps concerning social media and the unrest it can cause a nation state, and 1.) Encourages the development and use of new technology that can thoroughly monitor social media to ensure that no illicit activity is taking place, and 2.) Calls upon all nations to take responsibility of what they output in the media, and 3.) Further recommends taking away the use of social media if problems continue to



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Kuwait

1 2 3	<u>Concerned</u> for the poverty of developing countries and the welfare of the people in developing countries, and
4	Stressing that all countries that promised to contribute .7% of their gross domestic product for
5	international development aid should uphold their promise;
6	
7	<u>Understands</u> that the developing countries must also help
8	
9	1) <u>Demands</u> that countries to uphold their promise in helping international
10	development aid;
11	
12	2) Strongly Encourages that developing countries to clear monetary, financial, and
13	trade systems to help meet the needs of the international financial and international
14	market system.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: The Commonwealth of Australia

1		ING DEEP CONCERN about the information that in Yemen separatist movements
2	are still rag	ging, causing the deaths of many civilians and resulting in attacks on government
3	officials, a	nd
4		
5		that in early September, 2011, two bombs were set off in Yemen attacks upon Security
6	offices in t	he southern port city of Aden, and
7		
8		$\underline{\mathbf{D}}$ that police in the buildings responded by opening fire upon civilians, and ended up
9	killing a cl	nild and wounding many, and
10		
11		that the infamous terrorist organization, Al Qaeda, had reportedly vowed revenge
12	upon the g	overnment in Yemen for attacks their military brought to Al Qaeda, and
13		
14		NG the tremendous impact that terrorist organizations have had upon the vast majority
15		from car bombings to mass shootings, and the general instability that allows the
16	organizatio	ons to even exist, and
17		
18		NG to the fact that many of Yemen's leaders, including President Ali Abdullah Saleh,
19	have been	found to require medical attention recently, due to the attacks;
20		
21	1)	ACKNOWLEDGES the fact that the United Nations is not allowed to infringe upon
22		national sovereignty;
23		
24	2)	DRAWS ATTENTION TO the dire need found in Yemen, and a number of other
25		nations, for defensive action against the terrorist and separatist organizations
26		attacking their civilians and officials;
27		
28	3)	EXPRESSED THE BELIEF that terrorist groups are international issues, due to their
29		multiple attacks upon many sovereign nations, not just single governments and
30		peoples;
31		
32	4)	<u>RECOMMENDS</u> military and political action be used in order to persuade the
33		terrorist organizations to cease and desist;

5) REQUESTS that nations be asked to bring light to any and every terrorist attack

that is possible, whether in monetary or militant ways.

possible, and to help counter-terrorist organizations and operations to the full extent

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defaulting.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Brazil

Confident in the fact that with out the help and direction of the United Nations, the European economy fueled by the Euro which is currently decreasing in value and with the recent threat of the government of Greece defaulting on its debt, will surely collapse, which will have a negative impact on the economies of other countries involved in the United Nations, and Stressing that if the Government of Greece is allowed to default on its debt and does not receive assistance from other European governments, it could start a chain reaction causing other European governments that are in trouble financially to fail, resulting in an economic collapse worse than what was seen in 2008, and Realizing the efforts that other European countries have made to keep the economy afloat and that some nations feel that it is not their problem and they should not have to bail out other governments that got themselves into their own problems, and Notes with deep concern that some European countries that have the power to give help to these struggling countries, do not feel the need, even though they are united under the same currency and if one fails there is a chance that the European economy, one of the largest in the world would crash resulting in a major economic crisis in Europe and through out the world, and Emphasizes that it is not the responsibility of other nations outside of Europe to take care of struggling European countries, and 1) Stresses the importance of keeping European countries from defaulting on their debs which could cause a major economic collapse; 2) Promotes other European countries to help bail out these struggling countries to help keep their economies strong and to help keep economies all around the world strong; 3) Reaffirms that it is the job of other European countries to support their own and that it

is not the responsibilities of other nations outside of Europe to keep them form



Submitted To: 1st Political **Topic: Euro Debt Crisis** Submitted By: Gabon

CONCERNED with the recent Euro crisis for the European nations from a lack of accurate 1 spending and employment records in some countries using the Euro, though household debts are 2 3 also a problem they both contribute to the crisis at hand, and 4 5 BEARING IN MIND that other countries in Europe and throughout the globe would be impacted by the failure of the Euro throughout their economies, and 6 7 8 NOTING that the failure of the Euro is being partially caused from household debts causing 9 lower interest rates for investors in the Euro, and 10 TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that investors are also drawn away from the Euro, from a drop in it 11 due to false reporting of employment and gross domestic product (GDP) in some Euro countries, 12 13 and 14 WISHING that all countries could benefit from the success of the Euro through investing, 15 16 trading, and using this currency to ease the work of both, and 17 REITERATING that the Euro going under would impact many countries, and that due to 18 household debts and false reports that the Euro is being devaluated, the immediate actions must 19 20 take place; 21 1) DIRECTS the creation of a non-politically related group to take accurate and

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independent reports of Euro using countries spending and GDP reports, and accurately dispel any false reports;

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3) URGES the creation of two detached groups for using the Euro by separating countries that are "further in debt" and countries that are "financially stable" that will be decided by the top 10 GDP leading Euro using countries in order to create two groups using the Euro but making the bills a different way for "further in debt countries" to make a separation of countries for investors to invest where they want,

and for defaulting countries to not bring all of the Euro using nations down to

2) COMMENDS Euro using countries for trying to find solutions to problems within

33 34 35

financial ruins.

their currency;





5/3

Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: The Kingdom of the Netherlands

1	ALARMED that Europe is facing its worst financial crisis in decades, and
2	
3	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN that many European countries are facing default and
4	bankruptcy, and
5	
6	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that the situation is looking increasing bleak for Europe
7	and the rest of the world, and
8	
9	GRIEVED that many nations are falling deeper and deeper into debt and asking for bail outs
10	putting others more into debt causing a viscous circle, and
11	
12	<u>DEPLORING</u> that many policies in European countries are making their budget larger putting
13	them in more trouble, and
14	
15	CONCERNED that the European countries with the most economic woes, Greece, Italy, Spain,
16	and others are living beyond their means in recent years with spending in the public sector
17	causing major increases in debt, and
18	
19	<u>WELCOMING</u> European countries creating budgets to attempt to save themselves;
20	
21	1) <u>URGE</u> more European countries to make more budget cuts and other money
22	saving policies;
23	
24	2) <u>INVITES</u> less tariffs between countries;
25	
26	3) <u>APPROVES</u> nations spending less in the public sector and reduce government
27	intervention to their people to increased economic growth.



5/4

Subject: Terrorists
Sponsored By: Spain
Submitted To: 1st Committee

1 Stressing the fact that, there are terrorists putting the Spanish government leaders, security 2 forces, military personnel, and Spanish business people in danger of being killed and/or being 3 held hostage and 4 5 Fully acknowledging the fact that the terrorists are upset with the Spanish officials because they 6 are not following Basque Fatherland and Liberty (ETA), but that does not mean that they have to terrorize our country and its leaders 7 8 9 1) Stresses the importance of the safety of our Spanish leaders and our own countrymen 10 needs to be secure and taken under control 11 2) Encourages strongly that the United Nations makes a group that will kill all the 12 13 terrorists that make the safety of Spain insecure 14 3) Suggests that the United Nations takes action quick otherwise the Spanish nation 15 could be under attack soon 16



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Bosnia & Herzegovina

REMINDING the Committee that since 1974 the country of Cyprus has been split into two 1 separate de facto nations internationally recognized Republic Cyprus and the Turkish Republic 2 of Northern Cyprus, and 3 4 STRESSING to the Committee that also both sides have been preparing for possible conflicts 5 such as Cyprus and its mandatory service for all males over the age of eighteen, and 6 7 8 POINTING OUT that 210,000 refugees are left displaced, most for over thirty years, from the division, and 9 10 WARNING the Committee that if not solved peacefully that at least 1,000 UN peacekeeping 11 troops could be involved in a major flashpoint between the southern Cypriot military and the 12 Turkish sponsored Cypriot republic's military; 13 14 1.) PLEADS that the two Cypriot states seek more peaceful means of solving tensions 15 between them; 16 17 2.) ADVISES that the Committee assist in negotiations between the two states to seek 18 unification to avoid possible military conflict; 19 20 3.) RECOMMENDS that the Cypriot Republic government seek to pacify radical Greek 21 Cypriot elements in order to protect the rights of Turkish Cypriots. 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Iceland



<u>ACKNOWLEDGING</u> the troubles in the Turkish government and how they are treating their people must be brought to the light not to accuse the Turkish government of unethical immigration but if they are found guilty then these matters must not go unanswered nor can they be hidden away any longer, this case must be resolved, and

<u>AWARE</u> that Turkish people are possibly hoarding wealth and land and wanting it for themselves, this can cause major political problems when it comes to others yearning for more land to live on, wealth, and control, and

<u>ALARMED</u> that others throughout society have nothing towards this problem or the fact that the people are not letting almost anyone into their country so they can keep others from stealing their wealth, and

<u>HAVING EXAMINED</u> the problem even further another situation seems to pop out of the current problem the "Undesirable poor" are practically being shipped off to Germany because there is more taxes on its wealthy than its poor this can cause problems for it is not fair for the wealthy in Germany to be subsidizing poorer Turkish people whom the upper class in Turkey refuse to take care of;

 1) <u>DIRECTS</u> that the problems listed above can be abolished before further conflict arises throughout Western Europe this can be accomplished by suggesting that Turkey ,along with any other countries that are allowing this conflict to arise, stop forcing their poor into other countries, and take care of the poor themselves;

2) <u>CALLS UPON</u> a plan of action involving each and every government to solve this issue by helping the poor in other countries by coming forth and giving just a little bit of resources towards the needy of other countries to help aid and fund the them to fulfill their needs; each country will do the same for another country thus ending world hunger, and poverty;

3) <u>BEARING IN MIND</u> that the political government in our generation is not the most trustworthy however there can also be an agreement, or contract to make sure that every country does their share and pay the appropriate price;

4) <u>CONSIDERS</u> that every country should not only consider the solutions listed for this problem but also advise others to do them for our future and the fate of humanity.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Drug Trafficking Submitted By: Portugal

ļ 2	Emphasizing the fact that, in order to control drug trafficking, precautions must be taken in around the world, including the economically deprived countries, and
, , , ,	<u>Fully acknowledging</u> the fact that this is not a national problem, but an international one and every country must work together to solve this problem, and
, , ,	Recognizing that drug trafficking control has decreased by at least 50 percent since the year 2008, and
,) !	Stressing that trafficking has become more aggressive, emerging as the main source of threats to the gene pool; it feeds transnational organized crime, terrorism, extremism and unprecedented drug related corruption cases, and
, , , ,	<u>Taking into consideration</u> that some countries hide the fact they have a problem with drug trafficking, and
, 7 3	Noting the fact that underdeveloped countries grow these substances and make a majority of their income off of selling of illegal drugs to other countries, and
,)	Emphasizing further that the UNODC is continuously monitoring and researching global illicit drug markets in order to gain a more comprehensive understanding of their dynamics, and
i i	Noting with deep concern that the cooperation of all countries will not only help the lives of the individual, but countless countries as well, and
, , ,	Affirming its belief that efforts must be made by all countries to eliminate the trafficking of drugs, and
))	 Establish a system of law enforcement for all countries to eliminate drug trafficking in their country as well as helping other countries, and
:	2) <u>Create</u> a Global Task Force to combat policies to enforce laws against trafficking;

3) Enforce punishments to crimes related to drug trafficking that would be recognized

by every member nation.