

# First Political

- 1. Africa
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Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political
Topic: Africa
Submitted By: Federative Republic of Brazil

Alarmed by the major ongoing conflicts in Africa, specifically the current violence within the 1 2 Democratic Republic of Congo, and 3 4 Recalling the origins of the conflict during the 1994 Rwanda genocide, leading to a massive 5 refugee crisis and spillover into the Democratic Republic of Congo, and 6 7 Bearing in mind the estimated 4.49 million internally displaced persons that have been forced to 8 flee as a result of the ongoing violence within the Democratic Republic of Congo, and 9 10 Recognizing that upwards of one hundred armed groups, namely the Ugandan Allied 11 Democratic Forces, are believed to be operating in the eastern region of the Democratic Republic 12 of Congo, and 13 14 Noting with grave concern that these groups continue to control weakly governed areas within the nation and terrorize the communities living within these areas while Congolese citizens are 15 16 forced to face widespread rape and sexual violence, extreme poverty, and human rights 17 violations, and 18 19 Appreciating the efforts made by the African Union, United Nations, and neighboring nations to 20 help resolve the conflict while still recognizing the increase in support needed to sufficiently 21 address rebel group threats and prevent the spread of the issue into Rwanda, Burundi, and 22 Uganda, and 23 24 1) Urges an increase in support and cooperation of member nations to decrease the 25 threat of armed groups within the Democratic Republic of Congo; 26 27 2) <u>Implores</u> the strengthening of the government and current methods used to decrease violence within the Democratic Republic of Congo in order to resolve the issue as 28 29 quickly as possible prior to it spreading to surrounding nations; 30

3) Suggests financial assistance to the Democratic Republic of Congo in order to

especially victims of rape and horrific sexual violence:

purchase necessary arms and create sufficient defenses to protect all citizens,

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35	4)	Calls upon member nations to additionally support the nation with nutritious food
36		and proper clothing for all citizens dealing with intense poverty as a result of the
37		conflict.
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Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Africa
Submitted By: Greece

1	REALIZING the current situations in Syria, which started during March of 2011, between the
2	several parties, who are at disagreement with their political ideals for the country of Syria, and
3	
4	NOTICING the approximately five million refugees that have fled to neighboring countries in
5	seek of a safer life for themselves and their families, and the 13 million that are in need of
6	humanitarian assistance, which includes 6 million children, and
7	
8	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN the approximately 400,000 civilians, who have died due to
9	the consequences of the Syrian Civil war, and
10	
11	MINDFUL that UN-led Regional Refugee and Resilience Plan (3RP) has previously called upon
12	\$4.4 billion to help support the refugees that originated from Syria;
13	
14	1) URGING other States who are willing and capable of helping and providing aid for
15	those who are seeking help and refuge in neighboring States to give aid and cooperate
16	with the other states to help the distressed.
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18	2)ENCOURAGING any States with the capability to help fund neighboring countries
19	of Syria with grants and funds to allow for better refugee camps and capability
20	to feed all who are in need.
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Subject: Africa
Sponsored By: Republic of Korea

**Submitted To: 1st Political** 

1		v Concerned about the attempt to impose immediate death penalty to anyone convicted
2	of mur	der in Uganda, and
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4 5		<b>ned By</b> the amount of death in the recent months, and the death of his nephew, ent Yoweri Museveni this is the necessary route to take, and
6	110310	one rewert triusevent this is the necessary route to take, and
7	Notine	Further President Museveni states that there have been a number of murders and
8	_	oping for ransom in the past few months
9		
10	Reaffi	rming that he believes there should be an immediate death penalty, President Museveni
11		nat courts should make clear that it will be much like an eye for an eye, and
12	<b>75.</b> **	
13	Realiz	zing that this plan would only be effective if the right person was found for every crime;
14	1	04
15	1.	Stresses the fact that no evidence can be mishandled when authorities are
16 17		investigating whatever crime was committed;
18	2.	Ducaloima that all convictions are abverse compet
19	۷.	<u>Proclaims</u> that all convictions are always correct;
20	3	<u>Commends</u> the thought that taking a life for another life solves the issue of having an
21	٦.	uncalled for death happen in an country
22		uncarred for death happen in an country
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Subject: Africa Sponsored By: Austria Submitted To: 1st Political

<u>CONCERNED</u> that corruption remains to be one of the leading problematic issues globally, which has led to poor governance, education, development, peace, unstable economic growth, and

<u>DRAWS ATTENTION TO</u> the fact that, in order for the above mentioned statements to be fixed, The African Union (AU) supposes we should impose an internal investigation, ratify treaties, support, and

<u>COGNIZANT</u> of the efforts such as economic aid and humanitarian aid already being put in place by developed nations, and

<u>STRESSES</u>, however, that despite the economic and humanitarian aid, developed nations still need to improve informational communication technologies since many parts of the continent in the northern, northeastern, and western coastal regions were isolated and unevenly combined into the global itineraries of ideas, information, and

<u>EMPHASIZING</u> that stability and development of underdeveloped nations could not only substantially improve the people's quality of life, but also help move towards the goal of sustainable economic growth;

- <u>URGES</u> that nations need to develop efficient communicational technologies to share information internationally, especially with underdeveloped nations to benefit everybody;
- 2) <u>BELIEVING</u> that if we take immediate action in assembling compliance programs, conducting internal investigations, and making regulations that countries can identify the risks of corruption and hopefully put an end to it all together;
- 3) <u>SUPPORTS</u> that more developed countries need to assist underdeveloped countries in the making of informational communication technologies and design guidelines and standards accordingly, so we can end the global inadequate governance, education, development, peace, and unstable economic growth;
- 4) <u>ENDORSING</u> that the United Nations should impose a sanction at the Conference of the State's Parties (COSP), which exclusively focuses on the development and implementation of an agreement into law by the State parties evaluated through peer review processes, therefore they can deliver various assistance to nations with poor education, prevention in crisis, and honesty in the justice system.



Subject: Africa
Sponsored By: Dominican Republic
Submitted To: 1st Political

Acknowledges the inconsistent border arrangement between Egypt and Sudan created ,during colonial governance without representation, dividing cultural groups and indigenous tribes, but revised edicts, during colonial governance, do include indiegnous groups in mind, the nation of Egypt considers the original border defined in 1899, which includes the land known as the Hala'ib Triangle to be assigned as Egyptian jurisdiction, whilst the Sudanese government recognizes the 1902 border which cedes the Hala'ib Triangle to Sudan, and eventually occupation of the Hala'ib Triangle by Egyptian forces from 2000 and since, and

<u>Concerned</u> at the use of force welded by both nations whilst debating over the Hala'ib Triangle over the course of the dispute, such as the detaining of pro Sudanese tribesmen and eventually death in Egyptian custody, as well as the barring indigenou peoples in the Hala'ib Triangle to graze at ancestral grounds by Egyptian security forces, and

<u>Praising</u> the peaceful manner in which both governments have attempted resolution, excluding the aforementioned violent incidents, the Egyptian government has invested many assets to develop the area into a modernized region with cities and electricity to existing residents, but

- 1) <u>Calls Upon</u> each respective government to establish a democratic referendum aimed towards the residents of the Hala'ib Triangle to decide which nation will have full occupational rights of the Hala'ib Triangle with the following being implemented:
  - a) A non-biased committee dedicated to educate the populus on how to participate in a referendum and the locations of polls should be established to ensure voter turnout;
  - b) Both Nations should be allowed freedom to campaign within the Hala'ib Triangle without censorship or restriction;
- 2) <u>Suggests</u> that each nation ensures the ancient rituals performed by the indigenous people of the Hala'ib Triangle are able to cross between borders openly and safely.



Subject: Africa
Sponsored By: Mexico
Submitted To: First Political

1 STRESSING the fact that Islamic terrorist group Boko Haram has kidnapped girls as young as 12 for domestic and sexual servants, and

**RECOGNIZING** that they've been kidnapping girls and women since 2013, meaning that for 6 years, hundreds of girls have been separated from their families and deprived of their freedom, and

TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that these men who force these girls into marriage now feel respected within their nation of Nigeria, who only value men who are the baaba sare head of the house with a wife and children to take care of, and

**ALARMED** that not only are Boko Haram kidnapping girls, but they are also bombing schools and killing students and staff, and

**CONCERNED** that the terrorist don't feel that women should be educated and mainly target highschool girls. They also leave their hideouts and leave the women behind in the forest and kidnap even more girls to live in their new hideouts, and

1. <u>CALLS UPON</u> the UN to send funding or military aid to the Nigerian army to stop this terrorist group;

2. **RECOMMENDS** that schools get better security to protect the children, boys and girls, from the UN against abductions and attacks of Boko Haram;

3. **EXPRESSES ITS APPRECIATION** from the young girls if the UN would push the Nigerian government to work harder to fight these abductions;

4. **DRAWS ATTENTION TO** the fact that the men in Boko Haram mainly kidnap girls to earn respect in society. They need help in finding legal and successful careers and creating the social skills they need to find willing wives to take care of

5. <u>Applauds</u> the UN to rehabilitate rescued girls back into the world after experiencing the mental and physical trauma they've went through.



#### Submitted To: 1st Political

	Topic: Asia					
	Submitted By: Italian Republic					
1	Alarmed by the greatly overlooked conflict, and humanitarian crisis that has been happening in					
2	Yemen for over 4 years where the government of Yemen is fighting the Houthi forces with both					
3	groups allegedly being internationally backed which has led to tens of thousands of civilian and					
4	military casualties as well as at least 2 million who have fled the nation as the war has expanded					
5	and progressed, and					
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7	Mindful of the fact that 20 million people around the country have been classified as food					
8	insecure including over 3 million kids and pregnant women who are all in need of clean drinking					
9	water, food, sanitation and medical supplies, and					
10						
11	Realizing that the number of people in need are growing continuously shown by the fact that					
12	there was a 27 percent increase in the number of people in need of UN aid since 2018, and					
13						
14	Recognizing that this political instability has created an area where terrorist groups have a					
15	potential to thrive and has created an opportunity for established groups such as Al-Qaeda and					
16	the so called Islamic State to set up bases in Yemen, and					
17						
18	Aware of the fact that there are supplies ranging from food to water to medial supplies ready to					
19	be shipped into Yemen from store houses located near the country which could help alleviate the					
20	crisis for the hard hit people of Yemen, but					
21	on the second of					
22	Conscious that the condition in the nation has led to the UN not being able to deliver those					
23	crucial resources to their destinations;					
24	1) TT					

25 26 1) Urges parties involved in the conflict to establish a cease fire to allow for civilians to escape the conflict zones and relocate to safer areas, and

27 28 29

2) Invites the United Nation's High Commissioner for Refugee's to set up refugee camps in safer parts of the country as well as surrounding countries, if allowed by those nations, to provide aid and a safe place for people fleeing the conflict, and

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3) Calls upon both sides of the conflict to allow for UN aid to be allowed in the country and for the distribution of the aid to be done peacefully and without conflict.



Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Asia
Submitted By: New Zealand

Concerned about the current state of unrest in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region	of
the People's Republic of China and the possible escalation of the issue to the point of increased	d
economic harm and civil conflict, and	

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<u>Alarmed</u> by the increased threat of lethal force by police in the region as well as the more radical elements of the protests continuing to charge police lines along with the five suicides of protestors that sought to draw more attention to Hong Kong, and

Noting the troop movements on the border with Hong Kong and within the Hong Kong People's Liberation Army garrison ahead of a scheduled protest by Hong Kongers, and

Recalling the Sino-British Joint Declaration on the Question of Hong Kong made in 1984, and then later fully transferred in 1997, transferred the city to China under the stipulation that the city would still hold the same social and economic system for fifty years after the agreement, and

 Recommends the use of restraint by both Hong Kong and Mainland Chinese police forces in the coming protests to avoid escalating the situation further into possible violence, and

2) Encourages Strongly the formation of a special council to oversee the Sino-British Joint Declaration on the Question of Hong Kong and to assure the deal is being fully upheld by both parties when they meet on four-year intervals, and

a. This special council will consist of a representative from the United Kingdom, China, Hong Kong, and a second Hong Kong representative selected by a free election in Hong Kong to ensure representation from all parties and prevent further conflict, and

b. The council also includes an observer selected by the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, and

3) Expresses the hope that this conflict will be resolved peacefully with the Sino British Joint Declaration on the Question of Hong Kong being upheld for at least the time it is allotted.



Subject: Asia
Sponsored By: Spain
Submitted To: First Political

<b>ACKNOW</b>	<u>LED</u>	<b>GING</b>	that	the	Kashmir	conflict	between	India	and	Pakistan	has	lasted	72
years since	1947	when	both 1	natio	ons had re	eceived t	heir indep	enden	ce, a	nd			

NOTING WITH REGRET over 49,000 people have died since 1989, and

 **ALARMED** by the fact in February 2019, a suicide bomb attack killed 40 Indian security forces by a militant group, and

**<u>DEPLORING</u>** human rights violations such as Indian law enforcement using pellet shotguns to disperse crowds that can severely injure civilians, and

<u>TAKING NOTE</u> that enforced disappearances of people from Pakistan held Kashmir have taken place along with threats to journalists

**EXPRESSING CONCERN** Pakistan has also violated human rights by restricting the rights of free speech, expression, and association, and

<u>CONCERNED</u> two Indian aircraft were shot down by Pakistani forces after entering their airspace and just a day prior the Indian government stated it had sent an airstrike against an alleged militant camp, and

- 1. <u>DEMANDS</u> both the Pakistani and Indian government stop launching air missions in the Kashmir region, and
- 2. **CONDEMNS** the human rights violated by both governments, and
- 3. <u>URGES</u> the Indian and Pakistani governments to use the Basic Principles on the Use of Force and Firearms by Law Enforcement Officials ratified by the UN on September 7, 1990, and
- **4.** <u>CALLS UPON</u> nations to donate to reach a budget of 10 million US dollars in order to provide relief for those in Kashmir, and
- 5. <u>STRONGLY ADVISES</u> that the residents of the area of Kashmir be separated into certain states, then have a referendum for each state to decide if they want to be annexed by India or Pakistan.



Submitted To: 1st Political

Topic: Asía

Submitted By: Guatemala

1 2	<u>REALIZING</u> that there is a terrible civil conflict taking place in People's Republic of China, There have been may protesters fighting against a bill that would have allowed Hong Kong
3	residents to be extradited to the mainland, which has morphed into a call for free elections, and
4	
5 6	EMPHASIZING this could significantly change the Hong Kong people's judicial process, and
7	BEARING IN MIND that this would be a direct challenge of leadership, the government of the
8	People's Republic of China would lose control of Hong Kong, and
10	STRESSING that the once peaceful demonstrations have intensified, this could cause more
11 12	civilians to be imprisoned and injured, and
13	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT the United States recent efforts could use this against the People's
14	
	future of Hong Kong, and
16	tutulo of 110115 110115, and
	GRIEVED that almost 80% were injured when violence broke out during a protest when police
	<del></del> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
18	fired tear gas into a crowd;
19	
20	1. Supports the revolution by Hong Kong so that they may keep their current way of rule;
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22	2. Hopes Hong Kong is able to keep their rights of free press and assembly;
23	
24	3. Approves the efforts of Hong Kong to voice their concerns to the People's Republic of
25	China;
26	
27	4. Recommends protesting safely peacefully to avoid possible injury and even casualties;
28	
29	5. Demands the oppression of Hong Kong ends and that the citizens are able to keep their

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own functioning government.







## Subject: Asia Sponsored By: Federal Republic of Germany Submitted To: 1st Political

**RECOGNIZING** the Trade War is an economic conflict between the People's Republic of China and the United States of America over economic supremacy in multiple regions, trade deficits, loss of jobs, and many other jobs, and

5 <u>ACKNOWLEDGES</u> that the PRC has imposed tariffs on \$110 Billion worth of US goods, ranging from 5-25%, whilst the US has imposed tariffs on \$360 Billion worth of Chinese goods, ranging from 10-25%, and

**SHOCKED** by the economic devastation of the Trade War, with \$28 Billion of extra relief 10 needed to American farmers because of the tariffs alone, and a 25% tariff on Chinese furniture 11 alone would cost American consumers \$4.6 Billion annually, and

13 <u>**DEEPLY AWARE**</u> the fact that the Trade War has deeply affected global economics, with the world in danger of being split into 2 economic blocs, and

**CONCERNED** that neither the US or PRC are willing to stand down, and

**APPRECIATES** the UN stating that neither side will win the Trade War, and both countries will only lose;

1.) <u>URGES</u> that all nations keep in mind their citizens and the economy when starting trade conflicts;

2.) <u>ASKS</u> all nations to cease all current trade conflicts and enact strong legislation stopping a future government from enacting such dangerous and harmful economic conflicts;

**3.)** <u>URGES</u> the PRC and the USA to quickly find a resolution to the devastating and pointless Trade War;

**4.) HOPES** to make conflict a thing of the past and make a more peaceful world, one step at a time.



2/6

Subject: Asia
Sponsored By: Norway
Submitted To: 1st Political

Expressing deep concern that there are 40 million trafficking victims and of those 40 million, 2 two-thirds of human trafficking victims come from East Asia and the Pacific and Observing that out of 40 billion victims woman and children are the most vulnerable to be 5 trafficked for commercial sex, domestic work, and construction work, and 6 Noting the most vulnerable people to human trafficking are poor families, displaced victims from armed conflict, and natural disasters who are desperate, and 9 10 Taking into account that these victims are usually tricked by false advertisements that they will be helped, when instead they are sold to different owners and are forced to pay off a debt, and 12 13 14 Bearing in mind victims often suffer physical and mental abuse along with social 15 stigmatization, and 16 17 Taking note that human trafficking is becoming a fast growing industry with little risk and 18 chances for large profits, which makes about \$50 billion a year, and 19 20 Affirming human trafficking is not a problem in Asia, but all around the world, and should be taken care of as an important matter; 21 22 23 1) Further recommends that countries help human trafficking victims access legal 24 protection, healthcare, and temporary shelter, 25 26 2)Encourages countries in Asia to make stricter laws and punishments for human 27 trafficking. 28 29 3) Invites nations to check identities, visas, and the well beings of people annually to 30 help prevent human trafficking. 31 32 4) Instructs nations to set up hotlines that people may call if they are being trafficked or 33 know someone who is 34



#### Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: The Republic of Sudan

1 OBSERVING the affairs that have been taking place in the South China Sea might lead to a war 2 involving China, Vietnam, Philippines, Malaysia, Brunei, and Taiwan, and 3 4 NOTING that one-third of the world's trading goods travel through the South China Sea 5 meaning this might lead the countries previously stated to become more desperate for this land, 6 and 7 8 BEARING IN MIND that since these islands are surrounded by oil and gas deposits, and the international law of the sea the country that gains this land will most likely control all trade in 9 10 and out, and 11 KEEPING IN MIND that Vietnam and China both have military on the larger islands and are 12 currently having a dispute: 13 14 1) EMPHASIZING that major counties are willing to go to war for these islands so they 15 can gain oil, gas, and/or more land for military; 16 17 2) FURTHER PROCLAIMS that these countries involved will have better regional 18 security after the agreement is concluded; 19 20 21 3) TAKING NOTE that China has stated they will be willing to work out an agreement to avoid war and split the islands; 22 23 4) URGING members to take up China's offer and make an agreement to split the land 24 equally through a political solution; 25 26 27 5) REOUEST that the UN will end this dispute with a pollical agreement using international laws. 28



#### Subject: Rohingya Refugee Crisis Sponsored By: Bangladesh Submitted To: First Political

1 2 2 3	EMPHASIZING the current conflict in the nation of Myanmar whenrein government fighters are warring against the ethnic minority Rohingya due to a difference of religion, and
4 5 6	<u>FULLY RECOGNIZING</u> that the nation of Bangladesh has accepted all Islamic refugees, those Myanma has refused, even as the country faces poverty and unemployment within its own borders, as Banglades has a 90% Islamic majority, as well as religious freedom, and
8 9 10	STRESSES the ongoing ethnic conflict in Myanmar and the resulting severe refugee crisis that it is causing to the nation of Bangladesh, and
11 12 13	NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN the crimes facing refugee women and children including rape, sexual assault and sexual harassment, with innocent people being harmed due to their poverty and refugee status and
15 16 17 18	EMPHASIZING FURTHER the effect of the refugee crisis on Bangladesh's already dense population rising crime rates, and lack of shelter among current residents. Excentuated by the lack of develope medicine coupled with almost all immigrants being undocumented, and with very few records being hel on these migrants, leading to issues in trying to track and account for refugees, and
20 21 22 23	<u>PROMOTES</u> a solution to the Ethnic conflict in the nation of Myanmar through strategic peacekeepin missions as well as the intervention of other nations to provide services to help others facing persecution i Myanmar, and
24 25 26 27	ENCOURAGING STRONGLY a permanent end to this ethnic and religious conflict in accordance wit the United Nations constitution on Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organisation, stating, "since war began in the minds of men, it is in the minds of men that the defences of peace must be constructed," and
28 29 30	SUGGESTS that the United Nations consider the ethnic conflict taking place in Myanmar and make strong efforts to halt it in order to ensure the humane treatment of the people of Myanmar, and those of the nation of Bangladesh affected by the refugees' presence, and
32 33 34 35	REFLECTING upon the United Nations guiding mission to prevent armed conflict across the world, wit the original purpose of the United Nations being a peacekeeping mission following the worst war i history, and
96 36 37	<u>REQUESTS</u> this committee to condemn the actions of the nation of Myanmar in their treatment of the Rohingya Muslim population as well as its warring ways against its own citizens.



Subject: North America
Sponsored By: French Republic
Submitted To: 1st Political

1 <u>RECOGNIZING</u> the major debate of building a wall along the United States border to keep 2 out immigrants, even though there are nearly 28 million immigrants carrying out labor force 3 jobs, and

5 <u>TAKING INTO ACCOUNT</u> that the U.S. constitution gives equal rights to all its citizens, 6 but there is an extreme gap between the income of women and men in the same workforce. 7 Along with citizens of different race and white men, and

NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN that droughts, forest fires, extreme increase in temperatures, heat waves, and more problems involving the environment are expected to occur within the next ten years due to climate change, and

**REALIZING** that the upcoming generations will have little to no control over these huge dents in our environment if the current citizens don't do something to stop it;

1. <u>URGES</u> the United States to realize some of the important qualities immigrants carry with them and offer an easier citizenship process for those who wish to enter the country;

2. **ENCOURAGES** equal pay among U.S. workers, especially being in the same workforce, and providing cheaper health care options for citizens struggling with their income;

 3. **ACKNOWLEDGES** the drastic changes in climate that has occurred in the last couple years and heavily supports reducing the amount of pollutants released into the air and oceans, and creating some sort of law to limit the amounts of greenhouse gases used each year;

4. <u>CALLS UPON</u> the current citizens of the United States to not only reduce their amount of pollution that they can control, but also take matters into their own hands by bringing up these important topics to their government.





Subject: Americas
Sponsored By: Bolivia
Submitted To: 1st Political

**NOTING** that the situation between Peru, Chile, and Bolivia over the issue of the returnance of Bolivia's coastline is a problem that must be addressed and resolved, and

<u>FULLY AWARE</u> that the 1884 treaty ending the War of the Pacific between the aforementioned countries settled the borders that removed Bolivia's 400 km(250 mi) coastline, later followed by the 1904 Treaty of Peace and Friendship, finalizing the borders between the two nations, and

**GRAVELY CONCERNED** that the continued refusal to return Bolivia's coastline severely limits its economic potential regarding trade, and

**COGNIZANT** of the current actions of the International Court of Justice to resolve this issue, and

**RECOGNIZING** the actions taken by the UN regarding the situation between Chile and Bolivia by means of the meetings at The Hague;

- 1.) **ENCOURAGES** the international community to support Bolivia in its attempts to recover the lands unfairly taken from Bolivia, rendering it a much less prosperous nation;
- 2.) <u>URGES</u> Chile to reconsider its occupation of lands rightfully belonging to Bolivia, and to return said territory and/or a corridor of land with a port for trade and general maritime access;
- 3.) **<u>REQUESTS</u>** that Peru also offer assistance in the discussion, in order to create a much fairer situation;
- 4.) **RECOMMENDS** the UN to increase its attention upon this crisis causing concern and tension in the South American continent;
- 5.) **SUGGESTS** that the UN attempts to work out a compromise to establish a more effective peace and ease the tension amongst the Bolivian people;

6.) **EXPRESSES THE HOPE** that the situation will be resolved in a manner that will see Bolivia with a coastline once more, satisfying its peoples and revitalizing its economy.





Subject: North America Sponsored By: Commonwealth of the Bahamas Submitted To: 1st Political

**AWARE OF** the fact that on average hurricanes cause 194.4 billion dollars in damages worldwide, and

**HAVING EXAMINED** that in hurricane season, the Bahamas are hit by at least 6 hurricanes with most exceeding 74 mph or higher, and

APPRECIATES the fact that the United States of America send food and water to aid, and

**REALIZING** that North America needs about 10 billion to recover from hurricanes;

1.) <u>URGES</u> other nations to realize the severity of hurricanes, and how quickly a nation can get destroyed;

2.) <u>ENCOURAGES</u> that nations set up community relief groups for faster recovery of the natural disaster, by all coming together to work on rebuilding the homes and land destroyed by a naturally caused storm that can't be reversed or stopped;

**3.) <u>DESIGNATES</u>** that nations also give relief to other nations in need, by giving aid, also in the case of a bad tragedy;

**4.)** <u>REQUESTS</u> that all nations can get aid when needed in the case of a natural disaster occurring in their nation, if the nation can get aid they will start to quickly rise to the normal state.

3/4

Subject: Americas
Sponsored By: Russian Federation
Submitted To: First Political

1	MINDFUL of the current struggle that is continuing to be a major issue in Venezuela and
2	causing great economic stress on the nation, and
3	
4	EMPHASIZING that Maduro is the rightfully elected president by the people of Venezuela but
5	not the National Assembly, which is how Guadio tried to take power, and
6	
7	STRESSING while Guadio may have backing from many nations, he does not have full
8	control of the government and has no practical power, and seeing as he has no power, how can
9	he be recognized as an interim president, and
10	
11	<u>HAVING EXAMINED</u> the state of the Venezulan economy how it is performing in this crisis,
12	and would ask to have sanctions removed or lessened to help this economy build itself back up
13	with Maduro's help, and
14	
15	RECOGNIZING the belief by other nations that Gaudio is the president of Venezuela and that
16	Maduro is part of the reason for the economy's downfall, and
17	
18	NOTING that further sanctions placed on Venezuela is only causing the economy to fall into
19	further turmoil and would create more issues than the ones that are already happening there, and
20	
21	EXPRESSING ITS APPRECIATION for Maduro willing to have mediated talks and possibly
22	if a deal is made to have another election to determine the rightful president of the nation;
23	
24	1) ENCOURAGES further mediated talks between Maduro, Gaudio and the USA to
25	reduce sanctions and the possibility of another election;
26	
27	2) <u>CALLS FOR</u> Maduro to remain in full and complete power and for Guadio to step
28	down from his role as "interim" president until a decision is made between the three
29	parties involved.



3/5

Subject: Americas
Sponsored By: The United States of America
Submitted To: 1st Political

1	EMPHASIZING that the growing refugee and migrant crisis in Central America is
2	becoming a prominent issue on the North American Continent due to the immense amount
3	of displaced people from Latin America which is expected to reach 539,500 by the end of
4	2019, and

<u>CONCERNED</u> that 71% of the 11 million unauthorized immigrants residing in the United States originate from Latin America with more and more entering daily, and

NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN that unemployment in Latin America has peaked in 2017 at 8.1% but decreased only slightly to 7.8% after being on an upward trend for three years, and

<u>TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION</u> the level of instability of the currencies in Latin America compared to those of developed nations 1 USD is equivalent to 19.53 Mexican Peso as the same 1 Euro is worth 26.57 Honduran Lempira then finally 1 British Pound is worth 25,216.3 Venezuelan Bolívar Soberanos;

1) <u>ENCOURAGES</u> the wealthier nations of the world to send advanced humanitarian aid to Latin American countries in need and implementing more of the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHRC) in the area for refugee relief;

2) <u>SUGGESTS</u> that in an effort of limiting the number of refugees and migrants fleeing these nations and create more jobs to reduce the unemployment rates the deployment of the United Nations Capital Development Fund (UNCDF) to aid Latin American countries in need of financial aid;

3) <u>SUPPORTS</u> the notion of deploying UN-Habitat to raise development in the housing and urban areas in Latin America to improve the living conditions of Latin American regions;

4) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> for said developing Latin American nations to work closely and take advice from NGOs in the area such as the Center for Global Development to improve financial situation.





Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: Cuba Submitted To: 1st Political

Alarmed that more than 465,000 Syrians have been killed in the civil war, over a million injured, and over half the country's pre war population have been displaced, and

<u>Concerned</u> by the plentiful amount of terrorist organizations such as the Free Syrian Army (FSA) that still remain in Syria, and

9 <u>Disturbed</u> that a certain western country is continuing to help the radical terrorists groups fight against the Syrian government, and

**Emphasizing the Fact** that the U.N. needs to pass a final resolution to finally send aid to the Syrian government, and

<u>Confident</u> that when the Syrian Civil War finally comes to an end, normality and peace will come to Syria and hopefully to all middle eastern countries surrounding it;

- 1. <u>Urges</u> a certain western nation to stop supporting the FSA and instead redirect their troops to either exit the war or join the rightful Syrian government;
- 2. **Expressing the Hope** that the Syrian government, radical terrorists groups residing in Syria, and foreign nations can find a way to limit anymore bloodshed and find a peaceful ending to the war;
- 3. <u>Asks</u> the U.N. to primarily focus on passing a resolution before any other issues to quickly make a plan to help finish this long-lasting civil war;
- 4. **Encourages** first world countries or any nation who is able to send supplies such as food, water, clothes, guns and ammunition to the Syrian government to help them try and finally make a push to end this conflict.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Uruguay

1	<u>NOTING</u>	the long and contentious struggle for peace and security in the Middle East, and
2	ANTARR	-64-2
3 4	AWAKE	of the increasing violence in Israel in the past 25 years, and
5	BEARING	in mind the many failed attempts at peace negotiations in the Middle East, and
6	NOTING	WHITE DECEMBER 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
7 8		WITH REGRET the thousands of innocent civilians that have lost their lives because stant fighting in the Middle East, and
9	or the con-	state righting in the winding cast, and
10	ENCOUR	AGED by the recent attempts at reestablishing communication efforts between Israel
11	and Palest	ine;
12		
13 14	1)	<u>STRESSES</u> the importance of reaching a viable political solution for the creation of a independent Palestinian state;
15		
16	2)	EXPRESSES THE BELIEF that measures taken against impunity will contribute to a
17 18		long-lasting political solution in the Middle East;
19	3)	<u>DEMANDS</u> that the protection of local citizens is always the primary concern in
20	3)	accordance with the most basic principles of humanity;
21		manufacture with the most entire principles of manuality,
22	4)	REITERATES that the deliberate attacks on civilian institutions that led to massive
23		civilian casualties must stop, due to the fact that prior attacks are the problems that
24		cause more attacks to happen;
25 26	5)	DECOMMENDS death and in the last the la
27	3)	<u>RECOMMENDS</u> that the countries involved create new laws and begin independent investigations, which support laws of humanity and other international standards, that
28		can create peace and solve the conflict.



Submitted To: First Political
Topic: Middle East
Submitted By: Kuwait

DRAWING ATTENTION TO the successful ceasefire of the South Sudan civil conflict the	at has
raged since 2013, which has caused up to 383,000 casualties and heavy setbacks of the cou	ntry's
development, and	

5 <u>R</u> 6 tl

<u>RECOGNIZING</u> UNMISS, the 20,000 strong UN peace operation in South Sudan, which since the start of the civil war has had the mission of protecting civilians, human rights monitoring, and the distribution of humanitarian aid, and

1 2 3

<u>AWARE</u> of Kuwait's relations with South Sudan, and our support of the country's independence, with the financial support to help the economy and recovery process, and

<u>APRECIATIVE OF</u> the agreed ceasefire between the two powers to allow civilians to recoup from the fighting, as well as the movement of humanitarian aid to those in need;

1) <u>CONCERNED</u> about the current ceasefire and the terms of peace, as the civilians of South Sudan are unsure of its effectiveness to make terms of a permanent peace;

2) <u>INVITES</u> other States to send forces to help secure the peace of the nation, as well as set up a nonprofit organization that collects and distributions mass amounts of food, clothing and medicine to the civilians effected by this conflict;

 3) <u>APPRECIATES</u> the attempts of both political leaders in South Sudan to institute peace, yet would like to make sure an effective and permanent solution is offered, one that would instate a coalition between each side, making a parliament like style of government that insures both sides are represented and heard fairly;

4) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> the help of the UN council to send diplomatic negotiators to South Sudan to help progress the terms of peace and to help those affected by the conflict, which would help the country recover faster from said conflict and help its economy thrive.



Submitted To: First Political
Topic: Middle East

Submitted By: Republic of Sierra Leone

!	Expressing Deep Concern the fact that conflict in the Middle East has only escalated in the past					
2	decade due to an increase in terrorist activity in the area involving many groups such as ISIS, the					
3	Taliban, and Al-Shabaab and,					
4						
5	Bearing in mind that Sierra Leon is not in direct conflict in the Middle East and is not in direct					
5	contact wit	h any Middle Eastern country, and				
7		,				
8	Having decided that the conflict which involves many terrorist groups will spread throughout the					
9	neighboring countries and will continue to spread amongst the countries until it is a global					
	conflict, and					
11						
	Considering taking action to prevent the infiltration of unwanted enemies and infiltrators from					
13						
14	carried out acts of terrorism on its citizens, and					
15						
16	Confident that forces that are in the Middle East will do their best to control and eliminate the					
	terrorist th	reat that is very persistent in getting what they want, and				
17						
18	1)	Draws attention to the way that these groups act and how they can get into a country				
19		by pretending to be someone they are not which has proven to be successful as				
	shown European countries;					
20		many to the second of the seco				
21	2)	Invites other countries to increase their security around their countries borders to help				
22		ensure that the country is protected from outside aggressors such as the terrorist				
23		groups;				
24						
25		Commends NATO's and the UN's actions in engaging the groups directly and				
	putting sar	ections on countries that support this kind of behavior;				
26						
27	•	Stresses the importance of border security of a country and how it is essential				
28		in preventing foreign invaders from committing terrorist attacks on the citizens of				
29		the country.				





Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: Israel Submitted To: First Political

Stating the fact Israel is a young country and announce itself as an own state and country in 1948. It's government is a parliamentary democracy and is still learning like most countries to have a stable and running government. There are three branches under the democracy said. They include executive, legislative, and Judicial branches and include a President. Under the parliamentary side there is a Knesset which includes 120 members and a prime minister, and

Explaining that Israel has many parties in the parliament. There are a few big ones that get the most votes. But if a small bill or law wants to be passed many of the smaller parties come together and get it down together. Israel has no constitution but there is a basic set of laws that acts as one.

With concern the News acts as a fourth branch because they print many newspapers a day in multiple languages and sometimes different stores several times a week. News is under a military censor, but news outlets are independent.

Recognizes the Arabs of Israel don't agree with the politics and did not want to separate from palestine. The arabs consider themselves Arab or palestine by nationality and Israelean by citizenship. They make up 20.95% of the population.

- 1) Implores the importance of drawing up and a permanent border for the Jewish state of Israel according to international law. Other countries have bounders but after the civil war that founded Israel and palestine they have not agreed on a final border.
- 2) Promoting from the palestinians that they have a border is not an idea to Israel, as they do not recognize it as a state or country nor has some other countries
- 3) Encouragements from the government of Israel to settle and form buildings near what is called the "so-called" border is ideal, so they Palastines would be pushed further back and expanding the land of The state of Israel.
- 4) Suggestions from the Israelites that negotiation with the palestinians is hopeless and wish to separate from them completely. Sharing one city and having east and West does not work especially as the palestinians declare the same city as its capital as well.
- 5) Stated being called the safe haven of the Jews will be more confident when the areas of Israel and the palestines create and agree on a border. Only then will they recognize the palestine state and their own laws and ways.



Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: Panama Submitted To: First Political

1	ADDRESSING the history of the Middle East, with the constant wars and protests, and the
2	ongoing threat to civilians life, and
3	
4	AWARE of the fact that surrounding countries, such as Libya, are still feeling the effects of
5	the 2011 civil war in which the government was overthrown, and
6	
7	ACKNOWLEDGING that the people want to have a self-government, and be free from the
8	controls of their past and the current government,
9	
10	STRESSING that the framework of the nation is continuing to destabilize, and will continue
11	to do so until the United Nations interferes.
12	
13	1) ASKS that willing United Nations participants will enter into the Middle East
14	to help create a more stable government, and
15	
16	2) ENCOURAGES cooperation between parties and member states, in order to
17	help rebuild the framework of the Middle East and stop the constant destruction
18	
19	3) REQUESTS that member states should impose sanctions on countries not
20	willing to cooperate with these terms, and taking an active role to improve the
21	stability of the Middle East.





Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: Belgium Submitted To: 1st political

MINDFUL of the terrorist attack on the Brussels airport where 32 people died and 90 people were hospitalized on the 22nd of March, and

**RECOGNIZING** that terrorists are a real threat to Belgium and the world we need to take action, and

**BELIEVING** that taking intensive action against the terrorists in the Middle East, specifically the terrorists in Iraq, will stop the terrorists for good because when terrorists take action they spread and will cause trouble for everyone;

1. **RECOMMENDS** that the countries band together in an action to eradicate terrorism in all countries around the world, and

2. **INVITES** the countries of the world to send troops, supplies, and/or money in order to support our endeavors in getting rid of the terrorists.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Poland

1 EMPHASIZING that since 1978, there has been an ongoing conflict in Turkey between the Turkish 2 government and an insurgency by the Kurdistan Workers' Party (PKK) who aim to create an independent 3 Kurdistan itself, and 4 5 STRESSING the fact that there are an estimated 55,000 casualties in the conflict and the authoritarian 6 climate in Turkey under the current government is especially harsh towards Kurds, and 7 8 FULLY ACKNOWLEDGING the numerous independent reports on this issue by Amnesty International, 9 Human Rights Watch, and the UN, and 10 11 ALSO ACKNOWLEDGING the focus of solving the Syrian conflict which Turkey is also involved in, 12 and 13 14 NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN, however, that on 8 October 2019, Turkey launched an offensive 15 against Syrian Kurds in the Syrian Civil War, and the recent discovery by the UN of both Turkey and the 16 PKK torturing, raping, and executing captured soldiers and civilians, as well as the estimated 5,000 child 17 soldiers currently fighting in the conflict, and 18 19 EMPHASIZING FURTHER that an end to this conflict will not only benefit all involved in the conflict, 20 but will also open up further possibilities towards resolving the Syrian Civil War from the North; 21 22 1) STRESSES the urgency of finding a resolution to this conflict that will satisfy both parties 23 involved; 24 25 2) PROMOTES the creation of an independent Kurdish republic, and an end to all human rights 26 violations by both sides to encourage a stable and cooperative relationship between Turkey 27 and Kurdistan: 28 29 3) <u>IMPLORES</u> the nations of the UN to acknowledge this conflict and give special 30 consideration to the cessation of hostilities and aftermath; 31 32 4) ENCOURAGES STRONGLY that in the event of an independent Kurdistan, it will pay full 33 reparations to Turkey in exchange for its independence within former Turkish borders;

5) <u>SUGGESTS</u> that the UN open a discussion of possibly removing the current Turkish

government from power and creating a more democratic and peaceful one.

34 35



Subject: Middle East
Sponsored By: Republic of Colombia
Submitted To: First Political

ALARMED BY the 15 million Yemeni people that are at risk for disease, famine, as well as death that are not getting help from the government nor the United Nations due to the lack of funding of the programs that were put into place to provide humanitarian aid for the vast majority (75%) of the member state from a war that has been raging since 2014, and

<u>NOTING</u> that the Houthi Movement started as a civil movement that had the intentions to speak of peace and tolerance in the 1990's, but in recent years has turned to violence due to the transition in politics in the Republic of Yemen such as the president Ali Abdullah Saleh turning over his rights as president to his deputy Abdrabbuh Mansour Hadi in 2011, which led to the Houthi being able to take over the northern part of the nation, thus causing the downward spiral that the Republic of Yemen has been on since, and

<u>FULLY AWARE</u> that many member states including the Federal Republic of Germany, the Kingdom of Denmark, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, and the Republic of Finland have all signed in favor of putting a halt to all weapon sales between the nations previously stated and the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia in response to the famine that is quickly spreading throughout the Republic of Yemen, and

 1) <u>EMPHASIZES</u> the need for the peace deal from the United Nations that was signed between the Republic of Yemen and the Houthi Movement to be strengthened as well as reinforced so that there is a better chance for a ceasefire to be called between the member state and the Houthi Movement:

2) <u>REQUESTS</u> more funding from the United Nations for the humanitarian aid that has been forced to leave the Republic of Yemen due to the lack of funding for the aid that is so desperately needed by 75% of the population of the member state:

3) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> that the Republic of Yemen as well as other nations in the Middle East acquire stricter border patrol (i.e. firmly stating borders themselves and using different mechanisms that other nations have also turned to using to check any vehicle or packages that arrive on any border surrounding the nation) to ensure not only the safety of the nation itself, but other nations as well;

4) <u>EXPRESSES ITS HOPE</u> that the troops from the Republic of Yemen, the mercenaries that have been sent in from around the globe to fight alongside the Yemeni militia, and in hopes to help in the war effort, as well as the troops from nations that have chosen to help out in this time of need become more stabilized in the nation.

33 34 35



Submitted To: FIRST POLITICAL Topic: MIDDLE EAST Submitted By: CHINA

1	TAKING NOTE the ongoing conflict in the Republic of Yemen continues to escalate, despite		
2	attempts to resolve the violence in this nation, and		
3 4	A STATE	NTYTY About the country of the count	
5	<u>IVIIINI</u>	<b><u>PFUL</u></b> that the ongoing violence and protests in the Republic of Yemen has left many	
6	CHIZEL	s in the nation without government or federal stability, and	
7	HAVI	NG REGARDED the violence in the Republic of Yemen, limited nations around the	
8	world are accepting refugees, and providing financial support to this nation to help the		
9	government resolve the ongoing violence, and		
10	•		
11	GRIEVED by the rising death toll of the ongoing conflict in the Republic of Yemen, countless		
12	lives o	f many are being lost, including women and children, and	
13			
14	ALARMED by the inability to ceasefire by either the Houthis representatives or the leaders of		
15 16	Repub	lic of Yemen;	
17	<u>1.</u>	CALLS LIPON member state to increase their hyperstands with the D. 11' C.	
18	2.	<u>CALLS UPON</u> member state to increase their humanitarian aid to the Republic of Yemen;	
19		1 onlon,	
20	<u>2.</u>	<b>RECOMMENDS</b> other developed nations to assist the Republic of Yemen with more	
21	_	financial support and aid;	
22			
23	<u>3.</u>	<b>RECOMMENDS</b> more nations on the global scale to both accept more refugees, and	
24		more nations to voucher more food to help the starved and abused citizens of the	
25		Republic of Yemen;	
26		TRICHTO VICTOR A	
27 28	<u>4.</u>	INSTRUCTS the government of the Republic of Yemen to hold peace talks with the	
29		Houthi representatives to ensure peace and stability in this nation at last;	
30	5	DIRECTS both the representatives of the Heath's automobile and the last	
31	2.	<u>DIRECTS</u> both the representatives of the Houthi extremists and the leaders of the Republic of Yemen to withdraw attacks and airstrikes towards each other.	
32		20 Passing of London to withdraw attacks and ansurkes towards each other.	





### Subject: Peacekeeping and Security Sponsored By: Turkey Submitted To: 1st Political

1	CONCERNE	<b>D</b> with Syria's threatening behavior towards the wellbeing of Turkey, and				
2						
3	<u>UPSET</u> with the pain that many innocent Syrians experience because of the war, and					
4 5	FRUSTRATI	<b>ED</b> with the international community's lack of active support with aiding the border, and				
6						
7	<b><u>DETERMINED</u></b> to make an effort to stop the conflict in Syria, thus restoring peace between Turkey					
8	and Syria once	e more;				
9						
10	1)	<b>FORMS</b> a council dedicated to solving the civil unrest in Syria,				
11	•					
12	2)	<u>CALLS</u> for greater support from the international community,				
13	2)	INCICEC LIDON the question of more protection games and				
14 15	3)	<u>INSISTS UPON</u> the creation of more protection zones, and				
16	4)	<b>INVITES</b> members of the local and international community to extend care for more				
17	7)	included of the local and international community to extend care for more				
18		refugees from the war.				
19		1021 Marian Marian				
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Subject: Europe Sponsored By: Belarus Submitted To: 1st Political •

 RECOGNIZING that there are several reasons why Brexit is the biggest problem in Europe because this will result in social and economic changes to the Union. Security policy challenges shape Europe's role in the world. Brexit is not good for Europe's economy because the UK economy is still equal to eighteen EU member states. And UK spends approximately 40 percent of all defense research and development in Europe. With Brexit, Europe is supposed to have less leadership internally, and

<u>Taking into account</u>, that it will undoubtedly weaken the EU as an international player because the departure of the UK will decrease and this the EU's influence in terms of soft power, and

<u>Realizing that</u> Brexit will also be a huge blow on the European project on which member states have been working for decades. That will be the first time a member state decides to leave the Union, and

<u>Considering</u>, that if the UK is the first independent country to leave the EU, this will set an example for other states which could have a domino effect, and

Noting with deep concern, however, Brexit will also weaken the EU's security, although cooperation on intelligence will probably continue, it's known that the European Union is working on creating an European army, but without the UK that army would be much weaker due to the advanced military capacity and nuclear power the UK has, and

Emphasizing further that Brexit will also lead to economic decline of the EU and UK;

- 1) <u>Stresses</u> the importance of trade, the EU and the UK will have to agree on new trade terms both sides may face trade barriers and tariffs which may increase prices on both sides, cutting off the fifth largest economy in the world from its commercial partner harms both the UK and the EU;
- 2) <u>Emphases</u> the fact that losing UK's open market and liberal economic approach strengthens the statist, protectionist forces in the EU;
- 3) Noting that many of the two million Brits who have gone to live in poorer regions in Spain and France will be the new pieds noirs as they lose health and old age care coverage, and cannot pay for expensive insurance;
- 4) <u>Stresses</u> that the UK has been the employer of last resort over the past fifteen years, providing jobs and homes to millions of EU citizens, especially younger ones, who were let down by the handling of the 2008 economic crash and its aftermath.`