



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Third SCH

1. Religious Freedom and Xenophobia
2. Humanitarian Efforts in Syrian
Refugee Crisis
3. Missing and Exploited Children



Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Submitted By: Ukraine

1 **Noting** Article 14 of (UDHR) Universal Declaration of Human Rights, that states everyone
2 should be able to seek protection and asylum in other countries without religious or racial
3 persecution, and
4

5 **Keeping in Mind** that both religious freedom and xenophobia originates from prejudices and
6 racism which effects a great majority of the population today, and
7

8 **Stressing** that over 50% of hate crimes are committed against peoples religious beliefs, and
9

10 **Alarmed** that religious radical groups, such as ISIS, killing and targeting over 100,000 people
11 over their race and religious beliefs, and
12

13 **Recognizing** that it is the responsibility of each State to protect individuals beliefs and advocate
14 for them and their human right to practice the religion they see fit, and
15

16 **Fully Recalling** the Interreligious Committee of Peru and their board of representatives who
17 promoted the tolerance and acceptance of religions between Peru and other nations, and
18

- 19 1) **Invites** other nations to conclude the continuing struggle as acts of hate against
20 humans and their right to stray from popular belief, and
21
22 2) **Calls Upon** governments to implement the freedom of religion and the abolition
23 of Xenophobia by issuing harsher punishments to the wrong doings against them,
24 and
25
26 3) **Suggests** any neighboring states provide sanctuary or relief to any persons
27 seeking protection.
28



Submitted To: 3rd Social
Topic: Xenophobia and Religious Freedom
Submitted By: Argentina

1. Taking note that xenophobia is a widespread issue causing minority groups to be discriminated
2. against just because of their religion or as simple as where they come from and hated by the
3. majority groups because they fear the diminishing of national identity, and
- 4.
5. Having reviewed many examples of xenophobia like the Holocaust which caused an
6. anti-Semitism outbreak all over Europe and the 2001 terrorist attack on the World Trade
7. Center that caused Islamophobia in most Western European nations, and
- 8.
9. Concerned when Russia passed anti-extremist regulations to discriminate against minority
10. groups by not allowing them to register, constricting their religious practices, buy property, and
11. not allow for them to construct places of worship, and
- 12.
13. Stressing the fact that 64 countries, which is one-third of the total world nations, have high or
14. very high restrictions regarding religion meaning that 70 percent of the world's population live in
15. nation with harsh regulations on what they are allowed to practice, and
- 16.
17. Encouraged by the progress in 2001 of the United Nations World Conference against Racism,
18. Racial Discrimination, Xenophobia, and Related Intolerance (WCAR) that now allows
19. non-governmental organizations (NGOs) to represent minority groups to go against their own
20. governments on the subject of human right violations;
- 21.
22. 1) Recommends other nations follow in the path of Canada and create new policies on
23. immigration to where they monitor who enters the country while also maintaining the
24. countries national identity so then the majority and minority groups have a somewhat
25. middle ground;
- 26.
27. 2) Considers the idea of a United Nations campaign that brings attention to xenophobia and
28. the restriction of religious freedom to a global scale by use of the media so that will
29. spread the word while also serving as a basic education of the topic;
- 30.
31. 3) Invites all member states to join the fight against this growing issue and to stand up for all
32. citizens in their nations so that the United Nations can stop the misunderstandings and
33. hatred at each root of the problem within their own borders.



Submitted To: Third Social

Topic: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Submitted By: Republic of Ireland

1 RECOGNIZING that as of October 5, 1968, the desire of the nationalist population of
2 Northern Ireland has caused xenophobic conflicts between the citizens of Northern
3 Ireland and the Republic of Ireland, and
4

5 AWARE the population of the Republic of Ireland is 88% nationalist, and
6

7 ALSO AWARE the nationalist population of Northern Ireland wishes to become
8 independent of the United Kingdom of Great Britain, and
9

10 MINDFUL that the conflicting 88% of nationalist and the 12% of unionist citizens in the
11 Republic of Ireland are posing a national threat to the civilian population of this nation,
12 and
13

14 TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that citizens of the Republic of Ireland have the right to
15 freedom of religious practice as well as freedom of speech via the constitution of the
16 Republic of Ireland, and
17

18 COGNIZANT of the foundation of the Irish Republican Army in 1921, or the IRA, which
19 later split into the Official IRA and the Provisional IRA resulting in a civil war, and
20

21 NOTING WITH REGRET that the Provisional IRA is known by many to be a terrorist group
22 which therefore causes social and political injustices and biases within the Republic of Ireland,
23 and
24

25 1) APPEALS that the information of IRA attacks be educated in schools rather
26 than the media supplyin biases and or incorrect information via brief in-class discussions
27 provided by unbiased instructors;
28

29 2) INVITES the police forces of the Republic of Ireland to take further efforts to
30 protect the civilians of this nation such as more thorough training in combating guerrilla warfare
31 tactics as well as improved equipment to protect citizens;
32

33 3) RECOMMENDS the government of the Republic of Ireland pay for the police force
34 training via the back taxes owed by the Apple Incorporation measuring the amount of 14.5
35 billion dollars.
36
37
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Submitted To: 3rd social

Topic: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Submitted By: The Democratic People's Republic of Korea

1 Fully Aware that in the official constitution of the DPRK a person's freedom of religion is
2 right of all North Korean citizens, and
3

4 Bearing in Mind that it is the supreme leader Kim Jong-Un's view that practicing religion takes
5 away valuable time from serving the glorious leaders and the DPRK, and
6

7 Emphasizing that his holiness Kim Jong-Un remains atheist, and it should be the goal of the
8 North Korean people to model their behavior around our glorious leader, and
9

10 Wishing that people would recognize the godly figure of Kim Jong-Il, and his successor Kim
11 Jong- Un as the saviors of the Korean people and of protectors of the DPRK, and
12

13 Aware that a majority of North Korean citizens live a harmonious life without the presence of
14 religion, and find joy in working to defend our great nation from western invaders, and
15

16 Emphasizing that the DPRK does not accept immigrants because the citizens of North Korea are
17 the most superior peoples, and
18

19 Expressing Deep Concern with the way biased western media has labeled our flawless nation as
20 xenophobic, while in fact we our protecting our peoples from impurities, and
21

22 Reinforcing our fearless founder Kim Il-Sung's plea to separate ourselves from our weaker
23 neighbors, while they cowered in fear and had to call on reinforcements from a controlling
24 western power, and
25

- 26 1) Calls Upon other nations around the world to recognize and worship our glorious
27 leaders Kim Il-Sung and Kim Jong-Il;
- 28 2) Invites all nations to follow the DPRK's example and create laws to protect citizens
29 right to freedom;
- 30 3) Expresses the Belief that western news sources should stop labeling North Korea and
31 its allies as Xenophobic.



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Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Submitted By: Thailand

1 Recognizing the work carried out by the Human Rights Committee with respect to the
2 range of the freedom of religion or belief, and

3
4 Concerned about all hate crime attacks related to religious groups or personal beliefs, and

5
6 Emphasizing the human rights that all persons have regardless of religious or personal beliefs,
7 and

8
9 Underlining the importance of education in promotion of tolerance of those with differing religion
10 or beliefs;

11
12 1) Stresses the importance of tolerance education to young minds worldwide to attempt
13 to change the course of tolerable thought;

14
15 2) Promotes free thinking without fear of personal threat;

16
17 3) Strongly encourages tolerance educations through schools and demonstrations.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



1-6

Submitted To: 3rd Social

Topic: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Submitted By: The Arab Republic of Egypt

1 STRESSING the fact that xenophobia is the extreme or unreasonable fear of people from
2 different countries, and is a relevant topic today due to the fact that immigration has
3 extremely impacted the world due to recent events such as war, and
4

5 PROMOTING the fact that citizens of all religions should be accepted with open arms
6 without being weighed down by preconceived stereotypes, and
7

8 NOTING the fact that over 4 million refugees have fled their countries in the past quarter
9 of a century alone as recorded by Amnesty International, with over 7.6 million people
10 displaced, and
11

12 FULLY ACKNOWLEDGING that as the United Nations, it is the goal to secure the unity
13 and safety of all of the people, secure religious tolerance, keep them from harmful and
14 horrific effects of war and general mistreatment, and that it would be a disadvantage to
15 discourage the welcoming of new citizens or refugees in a country, and
16

17 EMPHASIZING FURTHER that Article 14 of the Universal Declaration of Human
18 Rights (UDHR) states that everyone has the right to seek and enjoy asylum in other
19 countries, and
20

21 REALIZING that the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
22 (UNHCR) is able to help these fleeing refugees in times of conflict and aid them
23 with a safe place to live at the request of the UN, and
24

25 NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN that one cause as to why the act of immigration is on
26 the rise is the encouragement of terrorism, and the occurrence of the act of refusing to
27 unite with countries exhibiting a large number of refugees and denying their people aid;

28 1) STRESSES the fact that an external effort should be made to counter terrorism or
29 aid countries in conflict that are exhibiting an overwhelming amount of refugees, such
30 as an increase in funding or staff members of the UNHCR to speed up the process of
31 refugee aid;

32 2) RECOMMENDS the creation of a subcommittee dedicated to ensuring that societal
33 and governmental religious intolerance, xenophobia, racism, and other related issues
34 are addressed and handled properly;

35 3) EXPRESSES THE BELIEF that while an educational place is a useful way to
36 circulate information to children, advertising is an effective way to reach adults who
are no longer in a school system, with the same information.



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MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Eliminating Racial Discrimination, Xenophobia, and Related Intolerances

Submitted By: Italy

1 **TAKING INTO ACCOUNT** that hate crimes overall have dropped by almost 8%, and

2
3 **NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN** that hate crimes against Muslims and Muslim related
4 institutions have risen by 13% since 2013, and

5
6 **BEARING IN MIND** that a key factor of most hate crimes is sheer ignorance and fear of
7 outsider, and

8
9 **ALARMED** by the fact that there are few institutions that work on a global scale to educate the
10 general public, particularly the youths, about other religions and tolerance, and

11
12 **ENCOURAGING** the intuitions who work to educate the world on religious and racial tolerance
13 to continue working, and

14
15 **ENDORISING** the creation of several more programs to teach the children of the world how to
16 treat people of different cultures, and

17
18 **NOTING** that there is a lack of funding for prevention of attacks due to xenophobia and racial
19 discrimination;

- 20
21 1.) **Recommends** that countries who don't already have an educational program of tolerance
22 in place to consider adopting one;
23
24 2.) **Calls** the UN to create a strong resolution on how to go about the prevention of
25 xenophobic acts of violence;
26
27 3.) **Invites** countries who are well off to put more funding into the prevention of hate crimes
28 and the education of the young public of tolerance;
29
30 4.) **Reiterates** the need for education of young people about religion and race;
31
32 5.) **Expresses the hope** that all nations sign and The Universal Declaration of Human
33 Rights.
34
35
36
37



Submitted To: 3rd Social

Topic: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Submitted By: Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela

1 STRESSING the fact that xenophobia is the extreme or unreasonable fear of people from
2 different countries, and is a relevant topic today due to the fact that immigration has
3 extremely impacted the world due to recent events such as war, and

4
5 NOTING that according to the UNHCR, the world holds over 21.3 million refugees at present,
6 with over 10 million stateless people, and

7
8 EMPHASIZING FURTHER that Article 14 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights
9 (UDHR) states that everyone has the right to seek and enjoy asylum in other countries, and

10
11 REALIZING that the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)
12 is able to help these fleeing refugees in times of conflict and aid them with a safe place to live at
13 the request of the UN, and

14
15 HAVING RECEIVED the information that some countries today not only suffer with
16 xenophobia but also religious intolerance, or the unwillingness to accept another person's
17 religion or lack thereof, and

18
19 RECALLING that Article 2 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) states,
20 "Everyone is entitled to all the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration, without
21 distinction of any kind, such as race, color, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion,
22 national or social origin, property, birth or other status.";

- 23
24 1) STRESSES the fact that an external effort should be made to counter terrorism or aid
25 countries in conflict that are exhibiting an overwhelming amount of refugees;
26
27 2) PROMOTES all nations taking action on Article 14 of the Universal Declaration of
28 Human Rights and encourages countries that have not already enforced the concept of
29 Article 14 to do so for the sake of their own country and the UN as a whole;
30
31 3) ENCOURAGES STRONGLY that countries also take the liberty implementing Article 2
32 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) into their own countries'
33 systems, be it by law or through the education system, to ensure religious freedom;
34
35 4) SUPPORTS the request of aid from the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner
36 for Refugees (UNHCR) to further support these countries in conflict.
37



Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Submitted By: Republic of Cuba

RECOGNIZING the fact that according to the Webster-Merriam Dictionary, the definition of xenophobia reads as the “fear or hatred of strangers or foreigners” and the definition of religious freedom is “the right to practice whatever religion one chooses”, and

EMPHASIZING that the Republic of Cuba has had religious freedom since the 1980’s and have allowed over one million immigrants into their country since the 18th century, and

TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION the importance of state religion and religious identity, while disapproving of persecution of those who don’t conform to their country’s religious beliefs, and

PRAISING countries for the measures they have taken for the fight against xenophobia and religious oppression, such as European countries and the Expressions of Racism and Xenophobia by Means of Criminal Law which causes any xenophobic act to be tried in a court of law, and

DEEPLY ALARMED of the actions committed by ISIS towards those practicing religions other than Islam, such as capturing them and forcing them to convert or become a slave or die, and

1. **REMINDS** countries that the color of a person’s skin or their religion should not determine whether or not they are welcome in a country;
2. **SUGGESTS** that countries pass laws that raise awareness to religious discrimination and xenophobia and become more responsive to acts and threats of persecution by responding with appropriate punishment;
3. **FURTHER RECOMMENDS** that nations meet together every two years to discuss international punishments for widespread xenophobia and religious discrimination and how effective they are over the years;
4. **DESIGNATES** countries that were not founded on a state religion to allow religious freedom for all people and those founded on a state religion to accept other religions without persecuting its citizens for their beliefs.



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MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH Committee
Topic: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia
Submitted By: Japan

- 1 NOTING the right every human has to practice their religion safely, and
- 2
- 3 EMPHASIZING each country's duty to protect people and their rights from radical groups,
- 4 terrorists, and hate crimes, and
- 5
- 6 ACKNOWLEDGING that governments and societies discriminate against Christians in
- 7 168 countries, Muslims in 121 countries, and Jews, who make up less than 1% of the
- 8 population, in 85 countries, and
- 9
- 10 REALIZING that anti-Muslim hate crimes have increased to their highest rates since 9/11
- 11 due to the attack in Paris in November, and
- 12
- 13 NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN that over half of American Muslim students have said
- 14 they have faced religious based discrimination and bullying in schools, 1 in 5 of those
- 15 students report it coming from a teacher;
- 16
- 17 1.) ENCOURAGES nations to fulfill the actions called for in the Universal
- 18 Declaration of Human Rights Acts;
- 19
- 20 2.) APPLAUDS organizations and nations actively fighting xenophobia and
- 21 religious discrimination;
- 22
- 23 3.) ENDORSES the use of education to teach people about other religions so
- 24 there is a better understanding between cultures and less hate;
- 25
- 26 4.) RECOMMENDS a firm execution of anti-discrimination laws.
- 27



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MODEL UNITED NATIONS



1-11

Submitted To: 3rd Social

Topic: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Submitted By: Ghana

- 1 EMPHASIZING the fact that most countries lack religious freedom and suffer severe
2 xenophobia, and
3
4 SEEKING the United Nation to further enforce the Universal Declaration of Human
5 Rights that was adopted by the United Nation General Assembly. This declaration states
6 that, "Everyone is entitled to all the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration,
7 without distinction of any kind, such as race, color, sex, language, religion, political, or
8 personal or social origin, property, birth or other status", and
9
10 ALARMED by the increasing number of countries who show xenophobic tendencies
11 towards refugees, and
12
13 CONCERNED for those refugees seeking safety and those being denied, and
14
15 URGING that the United Nations move to create religious freedom and encourage
16 countries to be open to all types of religion
17
18 EXPRESSING DEEP RESPECT to the United Nations and recognizing the attempts
19 made to give equality to all people throughout the world;
20 1) PROMOTES the United Nations to raise awareness about the growing amount
21 of xenophobic behaviors and the lack of religious freedoms in many countries;
22
23 2) SUPPORTS the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
24 (UNHCR) in helping refugees, and with the request of the UN, aiding them with
25 a safe place to live;
26 3) EXPRESSES HOPE for equality throughout all countries and justice for all
27 people.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To:

Topic: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Submitted By: Tanzania

REALIZING that the religious leaders reported tension between religious groups seemed to have dwindled down to almost nothing, but there are still certain circumstances that are leading the country to destruction of religions, and

HAVING RECEIVED information that only in the last couple years, there have been bombings at churches in Zanzibar that were said to be carried out by teenage boys that were carrying out these malicious acts because there was a religious motivation, and

WISHING to abolish these vicious acts, the United States Government engaged government officials and religious leaders to permute interfaith dialogue to encourage others not to take action and attack people for what they believe in, and

CONFIDENT that actions like these will never happen again with accurate supervision and security, the embassy came up with a grant of \$150,000 to support the efforts in Zanzibar and demolish any more attacks upon the church;

1. Directing the attention of the people to the population numbers, it is stated that of Zanzibar's one million residents 99 percent of them are Muslim and that number is slowly growing and will soon reach 100 percent;
2. Suggests that Tanzania, as a country, is growing in numbers, but falling to the wayside of the spectrum because they are still experiencing violence within their nation's borders;
3. Emphasizing that the embassy provided technical and capacity-building support to Tanzanian law enforcement to enhance the government's ability to take adequate measures to protect the citizens of their country.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



1-13

Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Submitted By: United Kingdom

1 APPRECIATING that the entirety of the United Kingdom is a signatory to the European
2 Convention on Human Rights (ECHR), which provides in Article 9 a right to freedom of
3 thought, conscience, and religion; and,

4
5 STRESSING that the policy of the British government is to support religious freedom, and

6
7 MINDFUL of all the efforts put forth by other nations and different organizations that support
8 religious freedom and help those affected by xenophobia, and

9
10 AWARE that on the 16th of December, 1966, the UN resolved that, "Everyone shall have the
11 right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion. This right shall include freedom to have
12 or adopt a religion or belief of his choice, and freedom, either individually or in community
13 with others and in public or private, to manifest his religion or belief in worship, observance,
14 practice or teaching,";

15
16 1) DECLARES that all nations shall observe the right to freedom of religion and nations
17 allow citizens to share their religion with others;

18
19 2) PROMOTES there to be more opportunities for citizens of countries greatly affected by
20 the harms of xenophobia to be able to learn more about other countries and how their
21 customs are not entirely bad or demeaning;

22
23 3) REAFFIRMS that nations become fully capable of making their own laws and rules so
24 that they do not need United Nations to make laws for them;

25
26 4) RECOMMENDING that the UN allow nations to decide their own laws on
27 xenophobia and issues stemming from religious freedom.

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Subject: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Sponsored By: Congo

Submitted To: 3rd SCH Committee

1 RECOGNIZING that these problems can no longer be undermined by our governments,
2 organizations, and societies, and that a plan of action must be put into place, and

3
4 NOTING that, in fact, with proper cooperation and collaboration, our world can work
5 towards proper solutions to halt the persecution of our citizens and the fear of those who are
6 different, and

7
8 DETERMINED that peace can be reached and spread throughout the globe to ensure
9 transcontinental stability and promote acceptance of those we fear and those who have
10 different beliefs, and

11
12 MINDFUL that efforts have been made in the past and that these were unsuccessful;
13 however, that these efforts will not be disregarded nor ignored and continuous efforts will be
14 made in order to work towards peace, and

15
16 WELCOMING the aid and assistance of other countries facing similar crises, trusting the
17 judgments of other world leaders, and hoping for success in the work towards peace within
18 our countries and throughout the world;

19
20 1) CALLS UPON all countries to evaluate their personal struggles with national
21 persecution and oppression;

22
23 2) INSTRUCTS for the public denouncement of discrimination against religious views
24 and the fear of those who are different;

25
26 3) RECOMMENDS that each nation's government establishes a plan of punishments for
27 the given issue of religious persecution;

28
29 4) BELIEVES in each country's ability to hold national conflict to a minimum and to
30 punish and silence those that are harmful to the security of citizens and the security of
31 the government;

32
33 5) APPLAUDS a country's creation of a substantial plan of action to control the physical
34 and mental violence towards those of their own citizens;

35
36 6) REAFFIRMS that each country is capable of changing the way of handling the
37 violation of basic human rights
38



Subject: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Sponsored By: Republic of Kazakhstan

Submitted To: 3rd Social

1 APPALLED by the movie Borat: Cultural Learnings of America for Make Benefit
2 Glorious nation of Kazakhstan which shows an inaccurate view of Kazakhstan, and

3
4 CONCERNED by how the movie portrays the men of Kazakhstan as anti-semitic and as
5 misogynistic which is a completely inaccurate description of the men in Kazakhstan, and

6
7 Deploing the way Kazakhstan is portrayed in the movie which includes that in the movie
8 it shows that a majority of the population live in huts, and

9
10 EMPHASIZING that, the Kazakhstan portrayed in the movie is nothing like the real
11 Kazakhstan, for example in Kazakhstan it guarantees constitutional freedom of religion to
12 each of its citizens and will not stand for religious discrimination or intolerance in either
13 domestic or international levels, and

14
15 CONFIDENT in show everyone in the world what Kazakhstan is truly likes;

- 16
17 1) INVITES people who have seen the people who have seen borat to come and
18 experience what life is truly like in Kazakhstan;
19
20 2) PROMOTES the diversity and tolerance of religions present in Kazakhstan and
21 the fact that Kazakhstan is the facilitator of global inter-faith conversation and
22 had worked with partners on a bilateral and multilateral basis to develop a
23 dialogue Between civilizations and religions;
24
25 3) RECOMMENDS that those who are familiar with the culture of Kazakhstan to
26 speak out against a movie that only shows the ignorance of people who have
27 never left the confines of their own country;
28
29 4) DECLARES that Kazakhstan will begin a campaign to show people the true
30 Kazakhstan, for example Kazakhstan shall create commercials that give an
31 inside view of the lives of people in Kazakhstan and how they treat other
32 people;
33
34 5) STRESSES the fact that the way Kazakhstan was described in the movie is
35 nothing like the Kazakhstan in real life, for example Kazakhstan has been using
36 its presidencies in the OIC and OSCE as platforms for strengthening West-East
37 dialogue.
38



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



1-16

Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Submitted By: Greece

HIGHLY COGNIZANT that, each individual person and group is without question entitled to basic human rights no matter their race, background, or any other factor, and

EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN to many innocent people that are being denied these previously stated rights and receiving heavy discrimination for factors and completely out of their control, and

REALIZING that, Human Rights issues are often very controversial and provoke many problems, therefore difficult to resolve, and

FULLY ACKNOWLEDGING the many existing treaties and conventions aim to promote these rights, therefore trying to protect the maltreated, but

BELIEVING that these legislations are massively and severely ignored, which is a main factor for the Human Rights and Religious Freedoms that many are never granted, so these laws and enforcements must be improved to help fix this lasting problem;

- 1) DECLARES that the granting and protection of Human Rights should be a high priority and fundamental obligation for everyone;
- 2) CALLS UPON peaceful resolution of this dispute by actively protecting the maltreated;
- 3) URGES a clear legal framework to be made to help better determine the rights and responsibilities for every member in the international community;
- 4) INVITES countries, states, organizations, and any individuals to help campaign against this hate and establish divisions to aid in providing justice for hate crimes and discrimination;
- 5) NOTES WITH SATISFACTION that no countries must be excluded in this fight for rights, for all countries should be able to easily provide both legislation and acceptance to their citizens;



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Religious Freedom and Xenophobia

Submitted By: Cameroon

Emphasizing the failure of structured countries to offer a stable environment for people that are subject to both religious persecution and xenophobia due to their religious or ethnic background, and

Noting how countries that are financially stable and secure should offer places for these refugees to stay because they have the financial means to do so, and

Stressing how better off countries should begin to manufacture refugee camps to provide these refugees with a safe place to be until it is stable to go back to their country where they are not persecuted for religion, and

Fully Acknowledging the effort put forward by countries that are currently offering refugees shelter while they are being driven out of their countries due to religion and denied amnesty to other countries due to their ethnic background, and

- 1) Stresses the importance of countries offering temporary amnesty to immigrants who are driven out of their countries due to religion, and denied amnesty in other countries due to ethnic background;
- 2) Promotes That countries grant temporary amnesty to refugees for war torn countries that persecute people based on their religious background;
- 3) Encourages Strongly Nations open up their borders temporarily to nations that are in unrest due to war and religious persecution;
- 4) Suggest That countries that are strong both financially and security wise open their boarders temporarily to refugees coming in from lands that are riddled with religious persecution and encourages countries to open their boarders up to refugees regardless of ethnic background;



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd

Topic: Syrian Refugees

Submitted By: Indonesia

1. Recognizing that anti-government demonstrations in Syria began in March of 2011 with peaceful
2. protesters but quickly escalated when the government killed four peaceful protesters causing
3. rebels to regime since three more protesters have been killed and numerous injured, and
- 4.
5. Having concern that there are approximately 6.6 million displaced Syrians in Syria and
6. approximately 4.8 Million Syrians fled to neighboring counties trying to find refuge, and
- 7.
8. Bearing in mind that there are Syrian children being displaced, making 40% of Syrian children
9. unable to go to school which is approximately 250000 Syrian children who are not able to
10. attend school, and
- 11.
12. Having considered that 7.7 billion dollars (U.S) needed to help all the Syrian in the most critical
13. condition and even more than that is needed to help all Syrian refugees;
- 14.
15. 1.) Draws attention to the number of peaceful protesters that have been injured or
16. killed to Reduce the number of human rights abuses against civilians;
- 17.
18. 2.) Notes that a "code of conduct" should be made stating to protect civilians
19. from being torched and held prisoners, also official handling the protesters
20. go through additional training to deal with crisis;
- 21.
22. 3.) Welcomes neighboring nations to open up the borders so that all
23. Syrian refugees have a place to go like germany has done by allowing Syrian
24. asylum seekers to come into their country and stay until it is safe.
- 25.
- 26.
- 27.
- 28.
- 29.
- 30.
- 31.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd Social

Topic: Humanitarian Efforts and the Syrian Refugee Crisis

Submitted By: Syria

1. Taking note that 11 million Syrians have left their homes since the outbreak of the civil
2. war in March 2011, and
- 3.
4. Bearing in mind 4.8 million refugees have fled to Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Lebanon, and
5. Turkey, and
- 6.
7. Nothing with grave concern that in the six years of war, 13.5 million are in need of
8. humanitarian assistance within Syria, and
- 9.
10. Aware that 6.6 million refugees have been internally displaced within Syria and about
11. 1 million have requested asylum to Europe, and
- 12.
13. Taking into account the majority of those escaping the conflict of war have sought
14. refuge in neighboring countries and Syria itself, and
- 15.
16. Recognizing that Germany has accumulated 300,000 applications and Sweden 100,000
17. making them the European Union's top receiving countries;
- 18.
19. 1) Encourages nations to equally except the nations with a small population or weak
20. Infrastructure;
- 21.
22. 2) Recommends Syrian refugees to live in their own "community", to be watched
23. cautiously, and be considered a civilian of the nation they sought refuge in.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Humanitarian Efforts in Syrian Refugee Crisis

Submitted By: The People's Republic of China

1 Concerned by the fact that Syria is currently involved in its sixth year of civil war since the outbreak
2 in March, 2011, which has led to the need of humanitarian aid for 13.5 million people within Syria,
3 over 6 million of which are internally displaced, and the fleeing of 4.8 million Syrian refugees to
4 neighboring countries, and

5
6 Expressing deep concern that The UN Refugee Agency (UNHCR) has predicted that 8.7 million
7 people will be displaced inside Syria in 2016, and

8
9 Recognizing that many neighboring countries, including Turkey, Lebanon, Jordan, Egypt, and Iraq,
10 have taken in millions of refugees, helping the cause to provide humanitarian aid to Syrian refugees,
11 and

12
13 Reaffirming (once again) the tremendous work Turkey has done to provide accommodations for the
14 2.7 million Syrians taking refuge in Turkey by means of 23 refugee camps that have provided for
15 260,000 Syrians, and

16
17 Noting with grave concern that not all of Syria's neighboring countries have been able to provide
18 shelters or accommodations for the Syrian refugees, such as in Lebanon, where there no formal
19 refugee camps and 70 percent of Syrians are living below the poverty line of 3.84 USD per person
20 per day, and

21
22 Emphasizing that without the support and cooperation of all UN member nations there will continue
23 to be a multitude of displaced peoples that do not have the means to equip themselves with the basic
24 necessities of life-food, shelter, and water, and

- 25
26 1) Stresses the need for all nations to assist Syria's neighboring countries by means of
27 monetary and humanitarian aid, so that these neighboring countries are able to provide
28 shelter, food, and water to the Syrian refugees, without taking on the full financial
29 burdens of these endeavors;
30
31 2) Encourages nations to send medical aid, in the form of doctors, nurses, and medicines, to
32 these newly formed refugee camps, so the refugees chance of survival is larger;
33
34 3) Promotes the education and well-being of children and orphans caught in the middle of
35 this tragedy, by encouraging nations to send teachers and volunteers to work with the
36 misplaced children that will not be able to attend school;
37
38 4) Expresses its thanks to all nations that are willing to provide aid to the millions of
39 refugees that are displaced because of situations out of their control.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Humanitarian Efforts in Syrian Refugee Crisis

Submitted By: Hungary

Appalled by the fact that there are 4.7 million Syrian Refugees displaced in neighboring countries and 13.5 million who are in need of assistance inside Syria, and

Noting that in order to help the refugees, vast amount of money, land, and resources are needed, and

Aware that many countries have already taken in millions of refugees and some countries don't have the space, money, or resources to take in a large number of people, and

Recognizing The Republic of Turkey, Lebanon, Jordan, Iraq, and Egypt for taking in hundreds of thousands of refugees, and

Recalls past efforts to improve the situation, such as the setup of refugee camps like Za'atari, the creation of the Commission of Inquiry in 2011 to monitor human rights violations, and the UN Supervision Mission established under Resolution 2043 in 2012, and

Emphasizing that to resolve these issues all countries must work together to provide safety and comfort to the displaced refugees, along with those still living in Syria, and

1. **Calls upon** the United Nations to set a yearly quota for the amount of refugees taken in that increases or decreases proportionally to the size and population density of the country;
2. **Urges** nearby nations to set up humane and functional refugee camps;
3. **Requests** that countries overseas with adequate space and resources take in refugees to lift the burden off of Syria's neighboring countries;
4. **Suggests** that countries in Europe and the Middle East with large refugee populations provide ways to travel across the vast areas of land or sea that separate refugees from safe countries;
5. **Considers** the idea of creating a separate country for refugees, created through the cooperation of all nations, who will donate land, money, resources, or military force to create a functioning society that is protected by these cooperating nations.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Humanitarian Efforts in Syrian Refugee Crisis

Submitted By: Mongolia

1 **Having considered** that providing humanitarian aid in the Syrian refugee crisis may strain the
2 finances of a country, and might be unfeasible for a country to do so, but

3
4 **Taking into account** the 4.8 million Syrian refugees and the 8.7 million displaced persons in
5 Syria at this given time that may not receive the basic needs for survival, such as, food, water,
6 clothing, shelter, or medical care, and

7
8 **Recognizing** that many refugees in Lebanon, Turkey, and Jordan live below the poverty line of
9 less than 3.84 USD per person a day, and

10
11 **Alarmed** by the lack of formal refugee camps being set up in areas where refugees are abundant,
12 which has resulted in millions of Syrian refugees living in overcrowded camps or urban
13 communities probably with other refugee families in the same deplorable conditions, and

14
15 **Mindful** of the Regional Refugee and Resilience Plan (3RP), led by the United Nations Refugee
16 Agency (UNHCR) which calls for need of which calls for USD 4.55 billion to support 4.8
17 million refugees in neighboring countries, which concedes with the 2016 Syria Humanitarian
18 Response Plan calling for 3.2 billion USD to provide humanitarian aid and protection for people
19 in Syria, and

20
21 **Endorsing** an organization such as the UNHCR, along with their efforts to aid in the Syrian
22 refugee crisis that assist millions of Syrian refugees and displaced persons, and

- 23
24 1.) **Expresses the hope** that nations will be generous enough to work towards and
25 achieve the Regional Refugee and Resilience Plan as well as the 2016 Syria
26 Humanitarian Response Plan;
27
28 2.) **Invites** not only nations, but independent people to take action by donating to the
29 UNHCR and other organizations that work towards the humanitarian relief in Syria;
30
31 3.) **Requests** funds from the developed and able nations for Humanitarian support;
32
33 4.) **Suggest** neighboring countries in and around the Syrian refugee crisis coordinate
34 together in order to provide for these refugees through monetary aid or providing
35 shelter for these refugees;
36
37 5.) **Reaffirms** that only through international cooperation can this crisis come to an end.

Submitted To: 3rd Social

Topic: Humanitarian Efforts in the Syrian Refugee Crisis

Submitted by: United States of America

1 **APPLAUDS** the many actions taken by the UNHCR to help and assist the Syrian refugees in
2 this time of crisis, and

3
4 **ALARMED** by the fact that there are 6.6 million people displaced within Syria alone and are in
5 the middle of a complete war zone and have not been able to receive humanitarian aid, and

6
7 **REMINDING** that over 50% of the Syrian refugees that are fleeing are under the age of 18 and
8 are in desperate need of assistance and necessities for daily functions, and

9
10 **NOTING** that 70% of the Syrian refugees displaced are without clean water for nourishment and
11 hygeniety, and

12
13 **RECALLING** the 1951 Refugee Convention that states that refugees are entitled to the right to
14 work, the right to have housing, right to education, and to be equally treated in the justice
15 system, and

16
17 **APPALLED** the harsh living conditions that many refugees are facing inside the camps these
18 migrants are staying in for the time being

- 19
20 1. **CALLS FOR** the improvements of refugee placement areas seeing as the living
21 conditions are poorly kept and many refugees are not being treated with the
22 proper respect and equality;
- 23
24 2. **RECCOMENDS** all member nations contribute their efforts to support the nearly
25 4.8 million people traveling to European countries by donating to organizations
26 such as UNICEF and the UNHCR who directly provide aid to refugees;
- 27
28 3. **REQUESTS** member nations to keep their borders open seeing this is the biggest
29 migration of refugees ever recorded in history and to not turn their backs on these
30 people in desperate need of help;
- 31
32 4. **ASKS** member of nations to work efficiently with each other and to be open to
33 other nations ideas in order to solve this dire issue seeing there is no main solution
34 to this crisis;
- 35
36 5. **CALLS UPON** member nations to create a budget system and an estimate of how
37 much money each nation is willing to spend on aid and supplies for these refugees
38 and how many refugees each country is willing to accept within its borders.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Humanitarian Efforts in Syrian Refugee Crisis

Submitted By: Uruguay

1 RECOGNIZING that, in light of recent events, many migrants have sought refuge in foreign
2 countries and are therefore owed the knowledge of their inalienable rights while staying in or on
3 foreign land, and
4

5 UNDERSTANDING that the least of which is the state's obligation to respect, protect, and fulfill
6 the unchallengeable rights of said migrants, especially when pertaining to the physical, emotional
7 and spiritual wellbeing of said migrants, and
8

9 EMPHASIZING on rights such as the accessibility to sustainable shelter and/or housing,
10 adequate medical care, especially for women, expecting mothers and children, and proper dietary
11 fulfillment for said migrants, and
12

13 NOTING WITH CONCERN that, due to the fact that a migrant's stay in a foreign country is not
14 often flexible, opportunities such as educational, vocational and some institutional (e.g. hospitals,
15 banks, etc.) should be allowed to all migrants in all countries, and
16

17 1) STRESSING that oftentimes, the emotional and spiritual needs of migrants are not
18 often filled, even though many are coming from war torn, conflicting and/or currently
19 battling countries and therefore might have symptoms such as PTSD, Depression,
20 Anxiety, etc.;
21

22 2) STRESSES the need for migrants to have a clear understanding of what they are
23 owed, especially when fleeing their home country, when entering a foreign country
24 for their safety, when seeking asylum, etc.;
25

26 3) URGES all nations to partake in the upholding of the individual rights of migrants, as
27 well as aiding them in any forms of medical aid they may need, regardless of the
28 state's current affairs;
29

30 4) DEMANDS that migrants receive housing, medical care and nutritional supplements
31 that are at least up to par, if not better than the state's current regulations on such
32 matters;
33

34 5) REQUESTS that institutional services usually offered to citizens be extended to
35 migrants, as the regular usage of hospitals, banks, etc. may be beneficial to any
36 migrant during their stay as well;
37

38 6) RECOMMENDS that host states offer mental health care professionals to assess and
39 treat migrants for any illnesses caused from or pertaining to their move.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Humanitarian Efforts in Syrian Refugee Crisis

Submitted By: Iceland

TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that, in consideration of recent events, many migrants have sought refuge in foreign and unfamiliar countries and are therefore deserving of the knowledge and allowance of their inalienable rights while staying within foreign land, and

UNDERSTANDING that the least of which is the state's obligation to respect, protect, and fulfill the unchallengeable rights of said evacuees, especially when pertaining to the physical, emotional and spiritual well-being of the aforementioned migrants, and

EMPHASIZING on rights such as the accessibility to sustainable shelter and/or housing, adequate medical care, especially for women, expecting mothers and children, and proper dietary fulfillment for said migrants, and

EXPRESSING WITH DEEP CONCERN that, due to the fact that a migrant's stay in a foreign country is not often flexible, opportunities such as educational, vocational and some institutional, such as hospitals and banks, should be allowed and guaranteed to all migrants in all countries, and

STRESSING that oftentimes, the emotional and spiritual needs of migrants are not often filled, even though many are coming from war torn, conflicting and/or currently quarreling countries and therefore might have resulting symptoms such as PTSD, Depression, Anxiety, etc.;

1) STRESSES the need for migrants to have a clear understanding of what they are owed, especially when fleeing their home country, when entering a foreign country for their safety, when seeking asylum, etc.;

2) URGES all nations to partake in the upholding of the individual rights of migrants, as well as aiding them in any forms of medical aid they may need, regardless of the state's current affairs;

3) DEMANDS that migrants receive housing, medical care and nutritional supplements that are at least up to par, if not better than the state's current regulations on such matters;

4) REQUESTS that institutional services usually offered to citizens be extended to migrants, as the regular usage of hospitals, banks, etc. may be beneficial to any migrant during their stay as well;

5) SUGGESTS that host states offer mental health care professionals to assess and treat migrants for any illnesses resulting from or pertaining to their move.



Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Humanitarian Efforts in Syrian Refugee Crisis

Submitted By: Brazil

1 CONCERNED by the fact that more than 11 million Syrians (over half of the country's pre-war
2 population) have been killed or forced to flee their homes in Syria and into foreign countries as a
3 result of a catastrophic civil war, with more half of all Syrian refugees under the age of 18, and
4

5 MINDFUL that in this year alone, approximately \$7.7 billion is necessary to provide emergency
6 support and stabilization to the vulnerable Syrian families, and that a failure to meet this
7 financial requirement would result in a reduction of essential supplies and services for refugees,
8 and
9

10 EMPHASIZING immensely that without any legal way to work in Jordan and Lebanon, families
11 from Syria in neighboring countries struggle to find jobs and accept low wages that often do not
12 cover their most basic needs, and
13

14 APPRECIATING the efforts of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR),
15 Mercy Corps, and many other humanitarian organizations for using both private contributions
16 and funding from the international community to actively address the needs of Syrians caught in
17 this terrible disaster, and
18

19 STRESSING the importance of humanitarian aid in assisting with specific attention to medical
20 care, food, shelter, clothing, and to focus on helping host communities and refugees work
21 together to mitigate tensions and find solutions to limited resources;
22

- 23 1) SUGGESTS setting up strong refugee systems including but not limited to: allowing
24 people to apply for asylum, treating their refugee claims fairly, resettling the most
25 vulnerable of all, and providing basics like education and healthcare;
26
- 27 2) SUPPORTS opening safe routes to sanctuary for refugees with the incentive to allow
28 people to reunite with their relatives, while also giving refugees humanitarian visas;
29
- 30 3) URGES that financially able member nations should guarantee funding to alleviate
31 refugee crises worldwide, rather than these governments treating refugee's as
32 somebody else's problem, spending billions on border control while people are dying;
33
- 34 4) RECOMMENDS the use of funding by the UN to non-governmental organizations
35 such as Mercy Corps, Global Giving, and UNICEF USA working to minimize the
36 impact of Syria's civil war and to end the worst humanitarian crisis of our time.



Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Humanitarian Efforts in Syrian Refugee Crisis

Submitted By: Republic of Angola

RECOGNIZING that the Syrian Refugee Crisis has seen half of Syria's pre-war population, more than 11 million people, displaced from their homes in the conflict between the Syrian Government and the Free Syrian Army, and

NOTING that families still inside Syria are struggling to survive amidst the turmoil with basic necessities such as food and medical care being sparse, and children affected by the crisis are at risk of becoming ill, malnourished, abused, or exploited, and

EMPHASIZING the importance of providing aid to these people so that they may survive and have access to all rights granted by the Universal Declaration of Human Rights adopted by the United Nations in 1948, for example

- a) Everyone has the right to life, liberty, and security of person (Article 3)
- b) Everyone has the right to seek and to enjoy in other countries asylum from persecution (Article 14.1)
- c) Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and of his family, including food, clothing, housing and medical care and necessary social services (Article 25.1), and

DISAPPOINTED in the condition of the financially unstable refugee camps in neighboring countries, which have forced many refugees to make the trek to Europe, and that the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees' (UNHCR) plea for international donations has only garnered under 40% of its \$4.5 billion request, and

STRESSING that most of the United Nations' humanitarian agencies rely on voluntary contributions from countries, corporations, and individuals, and that the lack of monetary aid forces aid agencies to adjust, such as the decision made by the World Food Program (WFP) unfortunately cutting off aid for 360,000 Syrian refugees in Middle East and North African camps and slashing food rations for over 1.5 million more refugees, and

APPROVING the UNHCR's Regional Refugee and Resilience Plan (3RP), which calls for \$4.55 billion to support 4.8 million refugees in neighboring countries and 4 million in the communities hosting them, followed by the 2016 Syria Humanitarian Response Plan, seeking \$3.2 billion to provide humanitarian support and protection to 13.5 million people inside Syria;

- 1) **ENDORSES** the aforementioned efforts by the United Nations and their humanitarian agencies such as UNHCR and the WFP to help the refugees in the present and their eagerness to bring awareness and aid to this issue;
- 2) **FURTHER REMINDS** the UN to make specific provisions for refugee children, which make up 50% of the refugees, with emphasis on
 - a) Providing free or affordable education as they may have been without school for years during this conflict, and that a proper education may help them adjust to life after the war
 - b) Counseling and therapy as many children are unable to understand the war that has taken the lives of their friends and family
 - c) A safe environment to live in with an appropriate upbringing as many of these children are orphaned and have no guardian to make decisions on their behalf;
- 3) **URGES** a movement on the education of the issue, as many countries may be hesitant to help due to the majority of refugees consisting of Sunni Muslims and the actions of extremist group ISIS/ISIL increasing Islamophobia worldwide;
- 4) **REQUESTS** member nations to aid Syria's neighbors such as Lebanon, Jordan, Iraq, and Serbia who host many refugee camps;
- 5) **SUGGESTS** improved migration of refugees to Europe or North America to seek asylum/refuge and lessen the strain on the African/Middle Eastern countries who currently support the majority of Syrian refugees.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



2-11

Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Humanitarian Efforts in Syrian Refugee Crisis

Submitted By: Islamic State of Iran

1 Noting with grave concern the fact that now the civil war situation in the Middle East is
2 alarming and.

3
4 Anxious that according to UNHCR (UN High commissioner for refugees) since March 2011 4.8
5 million Syrian people left their country and 6.5 million are displaced within Syria due to the
6 violent civil war and,

7
8 Stressing that more than 50% of them are under 18 and,

9
10 Bearing in mind that they are at risk of becoming ill. malnourished, abused, or exploited and,

11
12 Concerned that 13.5 million people in Syria need humanitarian assistance due to a violent civil
13 war and,

14
15 The Islamic State of Iran

16
17 1) Stressed the importance of ending the Syrian War and,

18
19 2) Acknowledges the support to Syrian Federal Government to end bloody civil war,
20 which will give millions of people return their homeland and,

21
22 3) Appreciates the fact that many countries accepted a lot of refugees especially
23 Turkey(2.724.937), Lebanon(1,500.000), Jordan(1.265.000) and Iraq(1.139.000) and,

24
25 4) Claims, that we are ready to accept some part of refugees and,

26
27 5) Recommends other countries, especially European countries to accept all the refugees
28 which are struggling near their borders.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



2-12

Subject: Humanitarian Efforts in Syrian Refugee Crisis

Sponsored By: Republic of Ecuador

Submitted To: 3rd Social, Cultural, and Humanitarian

1 RECOGNIZING the pressing issue the Syrian Refugee Crisis poses to all countries, and the
2 need for workers, financial aid, and participation in humanitarian efforts, as well as the
3 necessity of providing aid to displaced peoples, and
4

5 CONCERNED about the current method of handling and treating those seeking safety in
6 addition to living conditions and physical and mental state of refugees, and
7

8 CONSCIOUS of the extensive effort of other affluent states and their contributions to said
9 matter, and
10

11 NOTING WITH REGRET the financial strain providing humanitarian aid to aforementioned
12 crisis would place on the country, in addition to the current use of finances concerning
13 construction following the recent earthquake, and
14

15 FURTHER EMPHASIZING that while providing humanitarian aid for Syrian refugees
16 remains an important issue, said contribution strains finances currently used in the pressing
17 need for an improvement in living conditions of citizens;
18
19

- 20 1) IMPLORES the understanding of other countries as well as as the formulation
21 of a committee in the United Nations addressing said matter, along with an
22 increase of humanitarian effort of able and willing states;
23
- 24 2) WELCOMES the idea of aiding said effort in an United Nations committee in
25 future when conditions become more normalized inside the country;
26
- 27 3) ENCOURAGES the involvement of more stable countries in the United
28 Nations in the issue and the working together of several different countries to
29 help as many displaced persons as possible;
30
- 31 4) REITERATES the need for humanitarian aid and the current considerable need
32 for finances inside the country which needs to be provided to citizens before
33 taking part in outside contributions.
34
35
36
37
38



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd Social

Topic: Humanitarian Efforts in Syrian Refugee Crisis

Submitted By: New Zealand

1 TAKING INTO ACCOUNT the massive flood of Syrian refugees into surrounding countries,
2 and

3
4 EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN for the citizens of the aforementioned countries and their
5 safety, which is being placed in jeopardy, and

6
7 NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that multiple self-proclaimed leaders of the refugees have
8 proclaimed that they will not integrate or adapt to their host country's laws and customs, and

9
10 BEARING IN MIND that the conditions of Syria are such that forcing them to return is nothing
11 less than inhumane, and

12
13 BELIEVING that if we, as an international community, wish to resolve this issue, we must work
14 together;

- 15
16 1) CALLS UPON the nations of the world to put aside our differences and put into
17 action an International Humane Initiative;
- 18
19 2) INVITES countries with job surpluses to bring these displaced families into such
20 communities to bring in a fresh work force;
- 21
22 3) EXPRESSES THE HOPE that such countries will accept the refugees' unique and
23 wonderful culture into their communities;
- 24
25 4) CALLS UPON the nations of the world to designate an island or area where refugees
26 can be documented and registered in order to better care for them;
- 27
28 5) WELCOMES the opportunity to create an initiative to bring an end to so many
29 problematic situations.
30



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Humanitarian Efforts in Syrian Refugee Crisis

Submitted By: France

1 ALARMED by the ongoing Syrian Civil War and its consequences, that is, the death of over 380,000
2 Syrians, the near total collapse of infrastructure within the country, and added destabilization to the
3 region, and

4
5 AWARE that this conflict has led to the external displacement of nearly 5-million Syrians and the internal
6 displacement of an additional 6.5-million Syrian citizens, nearly half of these being children, and

7
8 TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that the vast majority of Syrian refugees remain within the Middle East,
9 especially in Jordan and Lebanon, and have been refused admittance to Western nations, which often are
10 much more capable to provide refugees with the tools, skills, and opportunities they need to thrive, and

11
12 NOTING THAT countries such as United States, France, and Germany have pledged to accept a limited
13 amount of Syrian refugees during this global crisis, and

14
15 MINDFUL that not only do nearly 3-million Syrian children now lack access to education, but also that
16 opportunities for paid-work are often nonexistent for the majority of refugees, and

17
18 BEARING IN MIND that economic activity is essentially nonexistent in refugee camps and that foreign
19 aid is, in every practical sense, the only source of income and capital for both refugees and the refugee
20 camp itself, and

21
22 RECALLING the agreement adopted at the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees' (UNHCR)
23 1951 Refugee Convention, particularly Chapters III and IV of said agreement;

- 24
25 1) CALLS UPON all member states with the capacity to support Syrian Refugees to grant them,
26 at a reasonable rate and with a reasonable cap, admittance into their respective national
27 refugee programs, and to increase these numbers when possible;
28
29 2) STRESSES the importance of member states providing well-funded programs that would
30 allow said refugees access to jobs, education, and social welfare programs, as to allow them
31 to integrate into their host society;
32
33 3) DECLARES support for an increase in funding, from member states and the World Bank,
34 earmarked for the development, improvement, and sustainment of refugee camps within the
35 Middle East, specifically in regards to improving the economic life, the educational
36 opportunities, and the cleanliness of such camps;
37
38 4) RECOMMENDS efforts to improve civilian life within Syria itself, through the establishment
39 of NGO-operated hospitals, schools, and relief centers;

40
41
42

- 5) URGES all combatants within Syria to minimize civilian casualties and to refrain from targeting hospitals, schools, water supplies, and residential areas.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: The General Assembly

Topic: Missing and Exploited children

Submitted By: Algeria

BEARING IN MIND that missing and exploited children is still an event occurring today and more groups of people are participating in this offense and,

AWARE threats of abduction being made against children should be a problem the whole world is involved to stop and,

REITERATING missing and exploited children is a problem for the whole world and,

RECOGNIZING the attempts to stop these offenses against children and to lower the abductions and exploitations of children down to zero.

MINDFUL of the actions taken by multiple regions to cooperate with one another to end the abduction and exploitation against children and,

1. **Promoting** that all member states create a system, in which these acts against children, can be easily reported to help the children get back to safety.
2. **Suggests** that member states should act quickly with military or political intervention. In the areas where these offenses are most likely to occur.
3. **Advocates** the use of violence against any of the people who are in any way helping to abduct and exploit the children.
4. **Trusts** The General Assembly does all in its power to begin to stop the abduction and exploitation of children



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



3-2

Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Missing and Exploited Children

Submitted by: Canada

1 **DEEPLY CONCERNED** that about 50,000 children go missing each year, and children are
2 abducted by strangers, acquaintances, parents, and other family members, and
3

4 **CONSIDERING** the need for greater federal coordination of local and state efforts to recover
5 missing exploited children, because children being missing has resulted in a big problem, Take
6 the number 800,000: It could be true that 797,500 people under 18 were reported missing in a
7 one-year period, according to a 2002 study, and
8

9 **ALARMED** that every year the number of missing and exploited children increase, and
10

11 **GRIEVED** that children are taken advantage of and sexually abused, and
12

13 **ENCOURAGED** that the National center for Missing and Exploited Children (NCMEC)
14 provides services, resources and help victims of abduction and sexual exploitation, and
15

16 1) **ENDORSES** more government organizations be funded with the goal of helping and
17 finding missing and exploited children, and
18

19 2) **REQUESTS** all countries to form more organizations for helping missing and
20 exploited children, and
21

22 3) **ENCOURAGES** that countries set up housing facilities for found victims, and
23

24 4) **CALLS UPON** all countries to assist each other in finding and protecting missing
25 and exploited children.



Submitted To: 3rd SCH
Topic: Missing and Exploited Children
Submitted By: Afghanistan

1 Recognizing the definition of child exploitation as the act of using a minor child for illegal labor,
2 profit, sexual gratification, or something else to that degree of awful, unspeakable acts towards
3 children, and

4
5 Aware that economic exploitation deals with using minors for distribution of illegal drugs,
6 forcing children to fight in war, child slavery, and illegal adoption, and

7
8 Grieved knowing that an estimated 200 million children are forcibly engaged in illegal child
9 labor, and

10
11 Appreciating the UNICEF organization of the United Nations which help to enforce the Child
12 Protection Act founded by Ludwik Rajchman on December 11, 1946, and

13
14 Bearing in mind that child laboring, includes any acts of servitude, or any infringement on the
15 privacy of the child such as putting explicit, degrading images on the internet, which violates
16 Article 1, 2 and 3 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, and

17
18 Alarmed that statistics show 35 percent of women have been physically and/or sexually abused
19 from her intimate partner and she is more than twice as likely to get an abortion, and

20
21 Concerned that in some undeveloped countries, when school is unavailable, the education is poor
22 or too expensive and the parents will coerce their child to work;

23
24 1) Stresses the United Nations proceed to congregate to spread awareness and take
25 notable actions in regards to this repugnant subject and help enact the Protect
26 Children Campaign;

27
28 2) Promotes strict laws in each nation such as lifetime in prison for any acts of child
29 exploitation;

30
31 3) Expresses the hope that the United Nations fund this cause for a dilemma that will only
32 get worse as time goes on;

33
34 4) Urges all nations who look to hire people to do labor to perform systematic and formal
35 inquiry to be sure that child exploitation does not occur; doing so will decrease the
36 overall child exploitation around the world.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Topic: Missing and Exploited Children

Submitted to: 3rd Social

Submitted by: Sudan

1 Concerned that 650 documented children have been exploited since January, this is not
2 including the undocumented children, and

3
4 Alarmed by the fact that, there is believed to be 16,000 thousand recruited children since
5 the fallout happened in December 2013, and

6
7 Having received recent information on women and children getting sexually abused,
8 and

9
10 Bearing in mind children have been killed over these calls and cowardly acts, and

11
12 Grieved by the fact, that more than 900,000 children have displaced and have been separated from
13 their families and homes, and

14
15 Stressing that many of these attacks have taken places in either refugee camps, schools, or
16 hospitals;

17
18 1) Recommends the United Nations have more protect refugee camps,
19 schools, and hospitals, protecting the children in these environments will help
20 bring down the number of children being exploited;

21
22 2) Stresses the need to get more nations to see the side of Sudan because the more
23 support Sudan gets the easier it'll be to defeat countries attacking Sudan;

24
25 3) Urges nations to secure the living places of the refugees living in the
26 camps, build some type of security defense around them;

27
28
29 4) Suggests a plan for Sudanese Armed Forces and global forces to better equip
30 themselves with armed forces for the better protection on the refugees;

31
32 5) Instructs Sudanese Armed Forces and global forces to be armed and ready to protect
33 the fellow refugees and people living in Sudan along with other struggling countries.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH
Topic: Missing and Exploited Children
Submitted By: South Africa

Noting with grave concern that, throughout the world, millions of children go missing and are exploited each year, in forms such as rape, early forced marriage, sexual slavery, child pornography, child labor, child sex tourism, illegal adoption for profit, solicitation of drugs, the formation of child soldiers, and

Recognizing that hundreds of countries have joined together to help prevent and bring back missing children in a quicker fashion, such as holding global conferences to discuss the current issues for that year, as well as creating stricter laws when dealing with child exploitation, and

Bearing in mind the International Centre for Missing & Exploited Children (ICMEC) has contributed greatly to the cause with a goal of creating a safer world for children to live in, whether today or tomorrow, by campaigning for changes in laws, treaties, and organizations in order to protect children, no matter where they are, and

Appreciating the Global Missing Children's Network (GMCN), for connecting 22 countries to share information in one central database on how to more effectively improve missing children investigations by distributing individual websites that allows countries to customize it in order to update their own information, which helps when assisting in child recovery, as well as administering annual conferences to discuss current topics and solutions, and

Mindful of the steps taken by ICMEC and GMCN to help further our efforts when searching for and finding missing and exploited children, furthermore with their efforts to connect countries throughout the world in order to help one another, and

- 1.) **Welcomes** other countries to join GMCN in their endeavor to help unite the world in the global fight to help the process quicken when seeking for missing children by having more individualized websites in one main database;
- 2.) **Acknowledges** all of the nations who have or plan to exert their powers toward halting the horrible events of children being forced into slavery, war, and sexual situations;
- 3.) **Stresses** the need to educate children in every nation about exploitation, so they are aware of the dangers of rape, child pornography, child labor and slavery, etc.;
- 4.) **Suggests** that the world come together as one to share experiences and techniques used to find missing children and adapt to these improved methods in order to save lives.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH
Topic: Missing and Exploited Children
Submitted By: Saudi Arabia

Expressing deep concern that an estimated 20,000 children are reported missing in Australia each year, 45,2888 in Canada, 70,000 in India and that many are left out of this statistic due to countries not even recording such information as a priority, and

Emphasizing that during times of war, the number of displaced children increases as much as 20% in an area due to separation from parents, and

Aware that with conflict comes a rise in the exploitation of children both in sexual violence and in forced manual labor and that the vulnerability of children causes them to be a targeted in such cases, but

Cognizant of the International Center for Missing and Exploited Children (ICMEC) which establishes global partnerships to provide agencies, currently 9,000 people in 115 countries, with proper training in practices dealing with the maltreatment of children, but

Recognizing the dangers that come with developments of technology and the need for an agency such as the Virtual Global Taskforce (VGT), currently operating in 14 countries, whose goal is to protect children from online child abuse and other forms of transnational child sexual exploitation, and

- 1) **Calls upon** all nations to join agencies such as the ICMEC and VGT in order to properly train citizens and police forces on procedure in missing and exploited children cases;
- 2) **Instructs** all countries to form and enforce regulations regarding cross-border travel with children, and to create a database of all missing and unidentified children;
- 3) **Requests** that all countries who don't already one create a reporting mechanism that allows the public to easily report a missing child or provide leads on a current case as well provide information to the public on the issue;
- 4) **Reaffirms** resolution 16/12 of the Human Rights Council which encourages states to develop a system for collecting, monitoring, and evaluating data on children working or living in the streets;
- 5) **Expresses the hope** that all children can live in safety and security without fear for their lives no matter where they reside.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd Social
Topic: Missing and Exploited Children
Submitted By: United Arab Emirates

GRIEVED that the global problem of exploitation and trafficking prevents innocent children across the world from developing into fully competent individuals because they are stripped from their basic right to develop emotionally and psychologically as young children, and

ALARMED that in 2002, it was estimated that 1.2 million children were trafficked each year, and in 2012, and estimated 5.5 million children were exploited worldwide, and

CONCERNED that, according to the American Psychological Association, human trafficking can have detrimental effects on an individual's mental stability and transition into adulthood, including the development of depression, substance abuse, suicidal actions, or post-traumatic stress disorder, and

RECOGNIZING the existing UN and non-governmental organization (NGOs) efforts to stop such horrific crimes that continue to go unpunished across the globe, such as the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF)'s work with NGOs to combat child trafficking, the United Nations Global Initiative to Fight Human Trafficking (U.N. GIFT), and the International Commission on Missing Persons, and

STRESSING that even with an International Criminal Court, many international regulations on human trafficking and exploited children, and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the International Labor Organization estimates that human trafficking generates 150 billion USD in profit every year, and

- 1.) **APPLAUDS** the current efforts being made by the United Nations through UNICEF and UN. GIFT as well as many NGOs to put an end to child trafficking and to help regulate and punish its practice worldwide;
- 2.) **ENCOURAGES** all nations to assist in the United Nation's efforts to bring to justice child exploiters around the globe and to help the victims of exploitation, both child and adult, escape the dangerous situation they are in and help in their process of recovery;
- 3.) **SUGGESTS** a strengthening in the United Nation's efforts to end child trafficking by developing a multilateral agreement which will give the UN sovereignty to prosecute child exploiters;
- 4.) **EXPRESSES THE HOPE** that the problem of child exploitation will end and children can develop to their full emotional and psychological potential.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH
Topic: Missing and Exploited Children
Submitted By: Panama

Alarmed by the fact that in the year 2015, there were over 460,000 missing children and 4.4 million reports of exploited children in just the United States alone, and many cases of missing children and exploited children are never reported, and

Concerned that locating and protecting all of the missing and exploited children of the world may be a large financial burden on a countries government and would require a great deal of time, but

Recognizing that in order to continue the growth and prosperity of the nations, the protection of the future generations is a necessity, and

Noting the Global Missing Children's Network (GMCN), which was launched in 1998, with aspirations of collaborating with and bringing together partners in 24 countries on 6 continents to help recover missing and abducted children, as well as spread global awareness of the issue to other nations, and

Recalling the establishment, in 2011, of the Global Health Coalition (GHC), that works with healthcare institutions and pharmaceutical companies, to shape the future of the world's battle against child sexual abuse and exploitation, and

Emphasizing that the goals and efforts of these organizations can only be reached if every nation works together for the common goal of the world wide protection of the younger generation, and

Believing in the goals of organizations such as the International Centre for Missing and Exploited Children (ICMEC), and their efforts to identify issues in the global community's ability to protect children from abduction, sexual abuse and exploitation, and provide the people, resources and tools needed to fill those gaps, and

- 1.) **Welcomes** nations to join ICMEC in their efforts to better support countries in the prevention of abduction and exploitation of children;
- 2.) **Urges** all nations to better educate themselves of the issues facing the children of today, and to stop ignoring the problem of missing and exploited children;
- 3.) **Invites** nations to exert all efforts into reaching the goals of the Global Missing Children's Network (GMCN) and the Global Health Coalition (GHC);
- 4.) **Suggests** that the United Nations creates an internal foundation that will control and give financial aid to nations that need assistance in achieving this goal.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



3-9

Submitted To: Third Social
Topic: Missing and Exploited Children
Submitted By: Chile

1. DEEPLY CONCERNED that globally 4,432,880 people have gone missing in the past 20 years alone, and
- 2.
3. AWARE that of the 13,700 missing children cases that NCMEC has assisted with that 86
4. percent were endangered runaways, 10 percent were family abductions, 2 percent lost or
5. injured, 1 percent nonfamily abductions and 1 percent critically missing adults, and
- 6.
7. NOTING that 11,800 endangered runaways reported to NCMEC in 2015 of the 11,800,
8. one in five were likely sex trafficking victims and of those 74 percent were in social
9. service's care, and
- 10.
11. GRATEFUL that in 2015, 4.4 million reports were sent to Cyber Tipline and since the
12. creation of Cyber Tipline 7.5 million reports have been made, and
- 13.
14. STRESSING that the NCMEC has sent more than 111,000 notifications to websites that
15. may contain child abuse and have sent alerts that have recovered 830 children
16. successfully, and
- 17.
18. CONGRATULATING the NCMEC for the creation of a national toll-free hotline that has
19. received 4.3 million calls, recovered more than 227,000 missing children and provided
20. resources and support to more than 57,000 families of missing and exploited children;
- 21.
22. 1) RECOMMENDS that more money go to provide good homes for
23. children in any form of government care. The statistics
24. prove that most of the children that run away are in government care. If they are
25. provided with a better home life then it wouldn't prompt them to run away
26. causing the number of missing and exploited children to decrease exponentially;
- 27.
28. 2) SUGGESTS that more money be given to organizations such as the NCMEC
29. and NCIC in order to further their excellent work on locating and helping missing
30. and exploited children, along with their families;
- 31.
- 3) URGES countries to use fundraisers to raise money to employ government workers to check on the welfare of the children in government care to insure their physical and mental security.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH
Topic: Missing and Exploited Children
Submitted By: Germany

1 **ALARMED** that an estimate of 8 million children go missing annually worldwide due to illegal
2 act of using children for the provisions of profit, sexual gratification, labor, or other personal
3 advantages. and
4

5 **BEARING IN MIND** the potential long term mental and physical effects on a child who has
6 been subjected to exploitation which goes against the 2nd Principle of the Declaration of the
7 Rights of the Child which gives children the right to develop physically, mentally, morally. and
8 socially in a healthy manner and in conditions of freedom and dignity, and
9

10 **FULLY AWARE** of the concerns and strain on the families and legal guardians of the children
11 who are missing or victims of child exploitation,
12

13 **REGOZNIZES** the work of the Committee of the Rights of the Child (CRC) to implement the
14 two Optional Protocols of the Convention on the Rights of the Child (CROC), and
15

16 **STRESSES** the need for children in communities and in families and the importance of
17 children's rights and;
18

- 19 1.) **REQUESTS** all nations take precautionary measures to prevent missing children and the
20 exploitation of children such as:
21 a. Enforcing legislation regarding the Declaration of the Rights of the Child.
22 b. Passing legislation that will protect children from inadequate working or
23 living conditions;
24
- 25 2.) **URGES** that the United States, the only country not to ratify the CROC, takes into
26 consideration the aid that the CROC provides;
27
- 28 3.) **EMPHASIZES** that kidnapping a child or exploiting a child is a serious offence and
29 needs to have an equal repercussion;
30
- 31 4.) **BELIEVES** that with the help of the United Nations the number of children missing and
32 exploited will dramatically decrease.



Submitted To: 3rd SCH
Topic: Missing and Exploited Children
Submitted By: Pakistan

NOTING that after Pakistan's great recession in the economy, child labor has skyrocketed, leaving many both boys and girls, between the ages of 11 and 15, forced into prostitution and/or underage labor, and

FULLY AWARE that as if the problem weren't widespread enough, half of Pakistan's 166 million people today, are children. Considering that statistic, we have to remember that in regards to child labor, the government has reported that they rescued 1,871 "bonded labor victims". Pertaining to prostitution, statistics have shown that in 2013, penal/criminal codes were used 138 times relating to trafficking cases, in comparison to in 2012 when prosecution for this problem happened only 80 times, and

GRAVELY CONCERNED of the inhumane treatment and work of young children, At any given time, two to four million (+) people in Pakistan are known to be subjected to bonded labor, Bonded labor is slavery, Not only is this is inhumane, but in no way does this help the economy of this country, which to state once again, started this problem in the first place. Being captured, bought, sold, or rented to be placed in organized begging rings, domestic servitude, and are being forced into prostitution, and

COGNIZANT of nation's efforts to resolve this issue, they've continued to fail, the country's government decided that public authority should raid small businesses and buildings to ensure that no human traffic goes unnoticed, but then charges and blames the victim, stating that they're willful participants of the crime, ultimately leaving no justice and no resolution, and

RECOGNIZING that although, Pakistan's government is neglected to take the sufficient steps to inform immigrants about human trafficking;

- 1.) **ENCOURAGES** overall betterment of the justice systems and focus on human rights and equality;
- 2.) **REQUESTS** we try and focus hard on stressing the rights of children and continue to treat them as actual human beings and to encourage the law;
- 4.) **RECOMMENDS** that the UN could help reiterate the laws of a child's rights as a human being and stress that the victims of trafficking and exploitation are NOT the problem;
- 5.) **EXPRESSES THE HOPE** that if every square inch of this Earth unites to fix these major problems we create permanent solidarity.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



3-12

Submitted To: 3rd SCH
Topic: Missing and Exploited Children
Submitted By: Malaysia

1 STRESSING that close to 8 million children 18 and under are reported missing worldwide each
2 year, and 1,800 children in Malaysia between the ages of 12 and 18 were reported missing
3 between the years 2010 and 2012, and

4
5 MINDFUL that 24 hour hotlines have been installed in many third world countries in order to
6 track and secure those missing children, and

7
8 TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that the Global Missing Children's Network was established in
9 1998, and since then has gathered with 22 other countries in an effort to rapidly find missing
10 children, and

11
12 RECOGNIZING that there are multiple countries around the globe that have children go missing
13 every day, and that companies such as the IMEC have aided an abundance of these countries and
14 since have lowered the missing children rates, and

15
16 BEARING IN MIND that the first three hours of a child's disappearance is crucial, seeing as
17 how most are severely injured or even killed once the three hour mark has passed, and

- 18
19 1) REQUESTS that all countries install a missing children hotline in all countries,
20 not just those with the financial capability, in hopes of lowering the rates of
21 missing children;
22
23 2) STRESSES the importance of social media, such as Facebook and Instagram, in
24 which nations can spread the word of these missing and exploited children
25 quickly and to a wider range of people;
26
27 3) SUGGESTS that countries invest more money into a more developed training
28 academy for police/military in regards to the fact that these children could be in
29 the hands of someone far more lethal than the police are equipped for at this given
30 moment;
31
32 4) APPEALS to all countries that they should be involved with or establish a
33 program such as IMEC which can aid in giving those countries with a lesser
34 amount of resources in bringing these children home;
35
36 5) URGES the cooperation of neighboring countries to join together and aid each
37 other in searching for these children with the goal of retrieving them in the
38 quickest time possible.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH

Topic: Missing and Exploited Children

Submitted By: Nigeria

STRESSING that over 300 young girls were taken from the Islamic extreme group which is also known as Boko Haram in the country of Nigeria in the year of 2014, and

MINDFUL that the schoolgirls that were kidnapped in this incident are still missing until the present day, and

TAKING INTO ACCOUNT The United Nations office for the coordination for humanitarian affairs has said it needs \$739 million to care for the millions of people affected by Boko Haram in Nigeria and it had received only one-quarter of the total amount, and

RECOGNIZING in Borno State alone, 49,000 children will die if they do not get treatment, according to a recent report from UNICEF and about 200,000 others suffer from severe acute malnutrition, and

- 1) REQUESTS that other countries contribute funds to the United Nations to fund their humanitarian affairs;
- 2) STRESSES the importance of media in order to have more efficient ways to retrieve a missing child in the act of a situation;
- 3) SUGGESTS that other countries train their law enforcement official to learn better ways and tactics to retrieve missing children;
- 4) APPEALS to all countries to unite as one to conquer issues when it relates back to missing and exploited children;
- 5) URGES the cooperation of neighboring countries to work together to add to the efficiency of retrieving children in the quickest time.



Subject: Missing and Exploited Children

Sponsored By: Laos

Submitted To: Third

1 REFERRING TO the rise in percentage of child abductions worldwide, the increase of
2 sex-trafficking in both developed and underdeveloped nations, and the lack of emphasis on
3 ending these inhumane actions, and

4
5 NOTING WITH GREAT CONCERN that exploited children exist in all countries, and that
6 this needs to be addressed as an international issue of security due to the smuggling of
7 exploited children across borders and through airports, and

8
9 FULLY ACKNOWLEDGING that the lives of millions of innocent children are at risk, not
10 only in the nation of Laos, but in both underdeveloped and impoverished nations as well as
11 nations with power and wealth, and

- 12
13 1) WELCOMES the support of the UN and all present nations concerning this
14 international crisis to aid in shutting down the sex-trafficking trade to protect children
15 of all nationalities, races, religions and genders, and
16 2) CONSIDERS the potential expenses of conducting a worldwide campaign against the
17 sex -trafficking business, the availability of law enforcement, uncooperative citizens
18 and government officials, and
19 3) RECOMMENDS that the UN treat this as a sincere and serious issue and steadily work
20 with nations to formulate a plan to eliminate the sex-trafficking business, that
21 governments begin to notify their citizens of these common dangers, and to start
22 tightening restraints on those who have associated with this business.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH
Topic: Missing and Exploited Children
Submitted By: Spain

1 TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION eight million children go missing worldwide each year, and
2 that every two minutes a child goes missing in Europe, approximately 250,000 children go
3 missing each year in Europe, in 2014 the average age for a child to go missing is age fourteen,
4

5 KEEPING IN MIND a missing child's appearance is usually changed when a child has runaway
6 or been abducted so that they are unrecognizable to an amber alert, and seventy five percent of
7 missing children were found within one month, fifty seven percent of missing children were girls
8 and forty three percent were boys,
9

10 RECOGNIZING that fifty one percent of missing children that are called into 116 000 are
11 runaways usually caused by, neglect, abuse, or conflict, runaways makes up the majority of
12 missing children,
13

14 DEEPLY DESTURBED by the fact that in seventy to eighty five percent of the children sexual
15 exploitation cases the child knows the abuser, one in five children take part in any sort of sexual
16 violence,
17

- 18 1. DRAWS ATTENTION to how fast missing children's cases go cold, efforts need to be
19 advanced on how hard everyone is working to keep children safe, urging parents to get
20 their children's fingerprints taken, store their DNA, and keep a current photo on hand;
21
- 22 2. ENCOURAGES for the government to urge the public to look into ReMUMber app, to
23 help children memorize any important number by reciting it when you open the device;
24
- 25 3. STRESSES that a missing person's report is made out as soon as the child is abducted or
26 has runaway, every country needs to have access to an amber alert system, calls for a
27 response team, so that all countries are instantly prepared ahead of time so they can react
28 efficiently.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd SCH
Topic: Missing and Exploited Children
Submitted By: Kenya

BEARING IN MIND that the future of many children are at risk for their safety, for the wellbeing of the parents and the love ones of the child, and

AWARE that these children are being taken from their family's for the use of others pleasure, excitement, money, and for whatever reason they can find to kidnap and use them, and

REITERATING that many of these people are armed and dangerous and are a consent threat to many people, the government, and local authorities, it is suggested not to contact these people, as they have devoted their life to this and had been there lifestyle, required to do what they're leaders tell them to do and force them to do, and

RECOGNIZING that this has become such a major problem that it has gotten to the point where there are going to be as many precautions as there can be to first stop this and get these children back to normal civilization safely;

1. **Promoting** the help and support of other local authorities to grow massif search and rescue groups between ground and air, as this could be a huge operation there are many ideas that still need to be brainstormed, but there are many options and possibilities that still could be done;
2. **Suggests** that everyone takes on the governments precautions as well as make their own, inforce their own precautions and take a stand on this major growing problem, as this is something that everyone needs to be educated about;
3. **Advocates** the help from the surrounding countries, physically, supportively, financially, and whatever help that we can provide to other countries, as many of them are dealing with the same problem that we are trying to fix, fix it to make sure this has been cut down to minimal;
4. **Stresses** the fact that we have requested help from many people and many governments throughout surrounding areas and worldwide.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd Social
Topic: Missing and Exploited Children
Submitted By: Rwanda

BEARING IN MIND the recent genocide in Rwanda and the extermination of thousands of Tutsi children, and

AWARE the high amount of poverty still in effect among the country due to the genocide, and

REITERATING that the children were tortured and slaughtered from the genocide and having their rights stripped from them, and

RECOGNIZING the children are forced into labor and unwillingly obligated to miss an education along with losing their property, and

CONSCIOUS about the orphaned children struggling to survive in the country today, and

TAKING NOTE that many children are forced to live with poor health and suffer with it today, and

1. **Promoting** equal rights to all citizens of Rwanda, including children;
2. **Suggests** rescuing the orphaned children off of the streets and put into either orphanages or into foster care;
3. **Advocates** laws on education so that all children have the right to a free and effective education system;
4. **Endorsing** a new branch of military to protect the children and citizens from another attack;
5. **Deploing** laws against the child labor pushed upon the children;
6. **Emphasizing** new hospitals to treat the wounded or sick caused children from the exploitations.



Subject: Missing and Exploited Children

Sponsored By: Uganda

Submitted To: 3rd SCH

1 AWARE that, Ugandan children and people are brought into forced labor and sex trafficking,
2 most commonly within the country and surrounding areas, and

3 RECOGNIZING that government laws do not fully protect and cover standards for the
4 elimination of trafficking allowing heavy trafficking to go unnoticed and unprevented, and
5

6 NOTING WITH REGRET, sufficient resources and assistance are not devoted to victims of
7 internal trafficking crimes, while illegitimate hiring companies exploit people into trafficking,
8 and
9

10 EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN as new efforts to stop the exploiting of children, men and
11 women, as counter-trafficking persons office (CTIP) and the anti-trafficking task force have
12 been created, as well as launching a nationwide awareness campaign, more trafficking
13 offenders have been prosecuted, and
14

15 REALIZING cases have fallen through as offenders of forced labor and sex trafficking have
16 yet to be convicted under the 2009 Prevention of Trafficking in Persons Act;
17

- 18 1) CALLS UPON all-inclusive anti-trafficking legislation to continue to be developed
19 and the reach of the CTIP office and other collaborators to be extended as the efforts
20 to convict and punish these offenders are increased as justice needs to be dealt for
21 morally wrong crimes and injustices done;
22
- 23 2) EXPRESSES THE HOPE of unifying a documentation system that contains all of the
24 collected data on human trafficking and forced labor cases for law enforcement use as
25 well as social welfare and labor officials for an easier way of investigating and
26 punishing criminals committing these offences;
27
- 28 3) COMMENDS the public awareness campaign to be expanded with added focus on
29 forced labor while regulating the definition of trafficking so that the accused have a
30 consistent judgement based on their crimes;
31
- 32 4) DECLARES that victims of trafficking and forced labor be given consultation and
33 allowance to be directed to organizations that can provide proper care when needed,
34 to insure their well being is preserved;
35
- 36 5) SUPPORTS the continued prosecution of offenders of trafficking and forced labor
37 crimes, with increased anti-trafficking enforcement efforts while updating the judicial
38 system so cases are no longer pending in the judicial process.



McKendree Invitational

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: 3rd social
Topic: Missing and Exploited Children
Submitted By: Ethiopia

BEARING IN MIND children disappear from Ethiopia every day and are exploited across Africa whether it be in child labor or prostitution, and

AWARE that children are kidnapped every day and become child soldiers or homegrown terrorists, and

REITERATING these children are exploited in many different ways, and

RECOGNIZING the acts done by member states to prevent, and stop the act of stealing and exploiting children ;

1. Promoting increased punishment against kidnappers and exploiters, to better protect the children and their families from the ramifications this problem brings;
2. Suggests that orphanages, funded by Unicef, should be created, to help keep parentless children safe and out of harm's way;
3. Advocates stronger regulations for child rights, to again help save these children from the pain of being kidnaped
4. Stressing these children are being taken from Ethiopia and moved all across Africa to become child soldiers, prostitutes;
5. Concerned that no children in Ethiopia are safe from kidnapping and exploitation, do to the little done about it ;
6. Believing change is possible with new laws and regulations, that will encourage a database be set up of all.