



# General Assembly

- 1. Climate Change
- 2. Gender and the Millennium Development Goals
- 3. Civil Unrest



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Change Submitted By: Spain

1	CONSIDERING that climate change is mainly due to human activities, also known as the
2	"greenhouse effect", and
3	
4	BEARING IN MIND that humans have used fossil fuels for hundreds of years, the global
5	warming of Earth from the burning of fossil fuels has caused dramatic climate change around the
6	globe; thus causing approximately 30,000 people to die in Europe in 2003, and
7	
8	MINDFUL that the ice caps are melting and causing flash floods in many areas, also causing
9	many deaths, and
10 11	AWARE that if global warming continues, then more natural disasters, such as flash floods, are
12	likely to take place in the near future, and
13	fixely to take place in the hear future, and
14	EMPHASIZING that this a reoccurring problem that will only get worse, rather than better, the
15	United Nations has discussed this issue many times: in Cancun, Durban, and Doha, during 2010,
16	2011, and 2012 and
17	,,
18	HAVING REVIEWED certain statistics about global warming and how it affects the world, such
19	as the population, the United Nations has planned to take actions to not only prevent but to help
20	stop global warming all together;
21	a) Ex: Setting climate targets
22	b) Monitoring climate increase around the globe
23	
24	1) <u>DIRECTS</u> nations to work together so the world will be low-emission; thus, causing
25	the use of fossil fuels to be lower;
26	
27	2) <u>INVITES</u> all nations to take part in the actions so by 2015 the issues are handled and a
28	plan is in action;
29 30	3) EXPRESSES THE HOPE that nations work to find alternative energy sources, such as
31	solar energy, so we are not so reliant on fossil fuels, which are causing global warming;
32	solar chergy, so we are not so remain on lossif fuels, which are eausing grown warming,
33	4) REITRATES the importance of a low-emission future because the damage done to
34	ecosystems and the environments is irreversible;
35	
36	5) <u>RECONGNIZES</u> nations that are willing to convert to a low-emission future, as well
37	as using alternative energy sources to help stop global climate change.



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Change Submitted By: Cuba

1	<b>EMPHASI</b>	ZING the fact that, climate change is a very drastic change in many cultures around	
2	the world, some changes must be made by the country themselves to adapt to the new climate		
3	that is com	ing about, and	
4			
5	REALIZIN	<u>VG</u> that in order for such changes to be made, the country itself must work different	
6	sciences, s	uch as chemistry and agriculture, to be well prepared for the changes, and	
7			
8		CKNOWLEDING the effort that the Cubans have already done in order to make	
9	themselves	s ready and prepared for any new changes that might come about, and	
10			
11		NTO ACCOUNT that most countries rely greatly on agriculture as a major source of	
12	revenue, ar	nd	
13			
14		WITH GREAT CONCERN that without the revenue that comes from seasonal crops,	
15	•	o longer be able to grow at certain times, many countries might find it very hard to	
16	continue ea	asily without their major source of revenue;	
17	1)	CLICCECTS amostly that assuming some to the modification that aliments showed in	
18	1)	SUGGESTS greatly that countries come to the realization that climate change is	
19		happening and that steps need to be taken in order for the country to continue to	
20		thrive under the conditions that will be given to it;	
21	2)	REITERATES that scientific measures must be taken into account, such as using	
22	۷)	irrigation and drainage systems and their optimization, in order for crops to continue	
23 24		being harvested at the same time of year although the temperature and precipitation	
25		may change;	
26		may onange,	
27			
28	3)	RECOMMENDS the production of bio-fertilizers which will use biological control	
29	2)	and integrate pest and waste management in order to improve both the agriculture and	
30		the use of chemistry and biology;	
31			
32	4)	DRAWS ATTENTION TO preforming things such as switching to fluorescent light	
33	,	bulbs in order to save energy, using instead wind and solar powers instead of fossil	

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5) <u>INVITES</u> other countries to perform the same forms of changes in order to slow down climate change and global warming, thus bringing hope for people in the future.

fuels that will pollute the air, water, and earth;



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Change Submitted By: Netherlands

1	Mindful that dry and hot summers will be more recurrent, cold winters will decrease, and that
2	heavy rainfalls may also increase each year, and
3	
4	Aware that flooding from rivers may occur due to the extreme change in temperature and
5	precipitation; land with low altitudes may be at risk by the end of the century from the flooding
6	that may take place, and
7	
8	Taking into account that several animals and plants are threatened and endangered in the
9	Netherlands, and
10	
11	Considering that as temperatures rise, many species may not be able to migrate or adapt to the
12	climate change and that there will probably be a decrease in the diversity in species in the
13	Netherlands, and
14	
15	Expressing deep concern of the fact that damage in agriculture, such as water logging, insects,
16	and droughts, are increasing and limitation on navigation will increase if the water management
۱7	does not improve, and
18	
19	Noting with grave concern that the rise in temperatures may lead to problems due to stress, the
20	spread of Lyme disease, smog, and an increase in allergies, and
21	
21 22 23 24 25 26	1) Emphasizes that the more prosperous countries help pay toward climate defense
23	systems and noting that they helped cause the climate change though pollution in the air
24	with factories and large vehicles;
25	2) Confirmed that the NI all and a second to see the second of the second
20 27	2) <u>Confirms</u> that the Netherlands agreed to reduce the amount of greenhouse gas
27	emissions and carbon dioxide use;
28	3) Urges that countries limit the use of electricity and water use by only using the
29	minimum amount needed and prevent pollution by recycling, limit car use, and to cut
30 31	down less trees;
27	down less trees,
32 33	4) Expresses its thanks for everything that countries have done so far as to prevent the
34	climate change.
	Validate village.



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Control Submitted By: Russian Federation

1 2 3 4	that these c	ZING that climate change is defined as the change of global weather patterns and effects, and hanges in weather patterns are largely caused by the emissions of greenhouse gases usually y the usage of fossil fuels, and
5 6 7 8 9	environmer and affects	nat although some nation state's emission levels attribute more damage to our global at than others, the recent climate change is contributed to by a large number of nation states all populations of every nation state, even those who do not have the capability to produce ions of any kind at this time, and
10 11 12 13 14	not limited	F the drastic effects of greenhouse gas emissions on the planet recently which include, but are to: the rising global temperature (raised globally 1.4 degrees Fahrenheit in the last century), if ice mass in Antarctica and Greenland, and the rising sea level (raised 17 centimeters in the r), and
15 16 17		<u>/LOGING</u> that the further melting of glaciers throughout the planet will continue and possibly ising of sea waters globally, putting coastal cities and island nations into extreme risk, and
18 19 20	2200	<u>ING</u> nation states who already taken steps to solve this problem by ratifying the Kyoto d began to conduct emission reduction, and
21 22 23		VITH GRAVE CONCERN that the current problems spawned from the climate change over tury are irremediable and will continue to worsen if not further addressed immediately;
24 25 26	1)	<u>SUPPORTS</u> the usage of the "emission trading" system offered by the Kyoto Protocol and all developed countries who have made efforts to reduce emission levels worldwide;
27 28 29	2)	<u>URGES</u> developing countries, as defined by the Kyoto Protocol, who do not have binding targets to support these efforts in any way possible;
30 31 32 33	3)	<u>CALLS UPON</u> nation states to highly consider the guidelines suggested by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change and if considered, put them into effect as quickly as possible;
34 35 36	4)	ENCOURAGES all island nations or coastal regions of countries to keep in mind the current climate change tragedies and have a system of back up plans ready if adaptation is necessary following future extreme rises in sea levels;

5) FURTHER ENCOURAGES nations who have nothing to do with the Kyoto Protocol to take

their own voluntary actions to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

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Submitted To: General Assembly
Topic: Climate Change
Submitted By: Lebanon

1	Mindful of the fact that the average sea level has rose over 30mm during the span of 2001		
2	to 201	1, but	
3			
4	<u>Affirn</u>	ing that carbon dioxide emissions in the European Union has been reduced from 862	
5	millio	n tons in 1990 to 720.9 million tons in 2010, but	
6			
7		ing over the fact that drier conditions in climate are becoming more prominent around	
8	the we	orld and that drought conditions are increasing, and	
9	· ·		
10		sing the European Commission developing adaptation strategies to help strengthen	
11	Europe	e's resilience to the inevitable impacts of climate change, and	
12	15	A series to the series of an experience of the series of t	
13	1)	Applauds all nations that commit to their environment reforms;	
14	2)	Invites member notions to give incentives to weste producing companies for producing	
15 16	2)	<u>Invites</u> member nations to give incentives to waste-producing companies for producing less waste with incentives that may include tax deductions, and	
17		less waste with incentives that may include tax deductions, and	
18	3)	Calls Upon all member nations to consider how their wildlife ecosystem is being	
19	3)	affected by climate change and work to secure their wildlife ecosystem;	
20		anicolog of chinale change and work to seeme men within ecosystem,	
21	4)	<u>Instructs</u> member nations to develop consequences for any entity within their state for	
22	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	worsening the climate or violating any environmental rules which said nation has	
23		developed.	
		The state of the s	



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Change Submitted By: Ethiopia

1 2	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN for the struggling agricultural industry and it's effects on the nation as a whole, this being due to drought and lack of agricultural techniques, methods and
3	tools, and
5	<u>HAVING REVIEWED</u> these facts, fears for the well being of the health of citizens throughout the country because of the decreasing amount of available produce, and
6 7	the country because of the decreasing amount of available produce, and
8	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that the agricultural sector takes up eighty- five percent
9 10	of the total economy, and a significant unbalance can damage the employment rate and with it the foundation of the country's exports, and
11	
12 13	<b>BEARING IN MIND</b> that past attempts from other nations and non- government organizations in the late twentieth century to establish research on dry farming conditions and how to prolong a
14	certain crop's life in dry climates were somewhat of a success, but unfortunately could not
15	continue due to lack of funds, and
16	continue due to lack of funds, and
17	RECALLING that assistance (both foreign and domestic) can significantly decrease the risk of
18	famine and the underdevelopments of various crops and can increase the overall productivity and
19	wellness of the economy, and
20 21	1.) CALLS UPON able member nations to donate or to assist in mass- producing
22	agricultural tools that are technologically up to date and decrease the risk of injury to
23	the farmers or laborers;
24	and tarriers of taborers;
25	2.) <b>CONSIDERS</b> investing in sources of renewable energy (solar) and monitoring
26	systems so that natural disasters can be spotted or predicted in advance and then
27	avoided;
28	
29	3.) <b>INVITES</b> any volunteers willing to teach/instruct more adequate techniques of
30	farming and how to apply the above tools to use;
31	
32	4.) REQUESTS funding for further research into dry farming and crops, and funding for

reforestation and the preservation of current forests.



**Submitted To: General Assembly** 

Topic: Climate Change Submitted By: Azerbaijan

1	CALLS UPON serious climate changes in the month of August in Azerbaijan has led to much
2	negativity in our society and we want to continue to live peacefully with each other,
3	
4	<b>STATES</b> that our society produces less and gains less during this time period, we hope to see
5	change,
6	
7	REMINDING that our country has been effected greatly by air pollution from oil refineries and
8	metallurgical industries since the early 1900's,
9	
10	<u>INCLUDING</u> the fact that we need help these problems we will need to budget, and
11	
12	1.) ENCOURAGING all countries with ideas to please come forward we are open to
13	many different solutions and willing to put forth much effort and time to fix this
14	country wide problem, and
15	2) MOVINING FORWARD was believe that making a constitution of the
16 17	2.) MOVINING FORWARD we believe that making some filtration system for our factories and industries will help majorly to slow down the air pollution which is
18	making our climate rise and industries fall, and
19	making our cimiate rise and industries ran, and
20	3.) SURPRISED to say our country would have brought forth the idea of green
21	packaging for our factories also, and
22	pushing for our fuotoffer uno, and
23	4.) DEMANDING that countries please come forward, we need help seriously.
23 24	, = ===== More to the form of the first way believely.



Submitted To: General Assembly
Topic: Climate Change
Submitted By: Bangladesh

AWARE OF how rapidly climate change is affecting the land, animals, and every aspect of life, and if nothing is done to counteract this issue, the consequences will be drastic in the very near 2 3 future, and 4 NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN that because the country is low lying and borders the Bay of 5 Bengal it is extremely susceptible to many natural disasters such as cyclones, tidal waves, and 6 floods from the high rising sea level, and 7 8 9 RECOGNIZING that Green House Gas emissions are increasing in the atmosphere even though most of it is caused by other countries, and knowing actions still need to be taken to reduce the 10 use of these harmful substances or else the Earth's temperature will continue to rise and global 11 warming will continue to rapidly change the Earth, and 12 13 ALARMED BY the fact that children are most vulnerable to the climate change because of their 14 15 increased health risks and malnourishment which could cause a decrease in population which will be evident when that generation becomes adults; 16 17 18 1) FURTHER RECOMMENDS that the climate change adaption program continues to be funded and that they carry out necessary measures to better the adaptions to the 19 climate changes; 20 21 22 2) APPLAUDS the founding of the Bangladesh Climate Change Strategy and Action Plan and also the creation of the National Climate Change Trust Fund by carrying out 23 environmental projects; 24 25 3) ENCOURAGES all neighboring nations to reduce their use of harmful gases to better 26 27 the quality of air they breathe along with those in bordering countries; 28 4) PROCLAIMS that the children's input should be considered because they will be in 29 charge of this world in the future, and we should not destroy it for them to try and fix; 30 31 5) STRONGLY URGES the government to take immediate action in controlling the use 32 of substances harmful to the environment in order to put global warming and climate 33 34 change at a much slower pace if not completely stopped in order to conserve our environment. 35



### **Submitted To: General Assembly**

Topic: Climate Change Submitted By: China

1	NOTING	that most global warming over the last 50 years was likely caused by the increase in
2		greenhouse gases, and
3	70 TO 4 TO 70 T	
4 5		G IN MIND that annual average air temperature has increased by .58 during the past 100
	years, and	
6	NOTING	WITH CONCERN that 20 compositive many relative many and the concern that t
7 8	1986 to 20	WITH CONCERN that 20 consecutive warm winters were observed nationwide from
9	1700 10 20	os, and
10	RECOGN	<b>IZING</b> that the glaciers in China are retreating and the trend is accelerating while the rate
11		I rise along China's coast during the past 50 years was 2.5 mm/a slightly higher than the
12	global ave	
13		
14	CONCER	NED by the problems associated with climate change including increased pollutions that
15	pose serior	is health risks to all, and
16		
17	<u>NOTING</u>	the efforts of the UNDP for its attempts to reduce pollution, and
18		
19		L of the Kyoto Protocol's efforts on climate change and commitments of signers by setting
20	internation	ally binding emissions reduction targets;
21	1\	
22	1)	SUGGESTS that all member nations reduce their greenhouse gas emissions in
23		accordance to the UNFCCC;
24 25	2)	CALLS UPON all member nations to strengthen their commitments of technology on an
26	20)	international scale to play a key role in addressing climate change;
27		mornational sould to play a key forc in addressing climate change,
28	3)	DRAWS ATTENTION TO the need for all party members of the Kyoto Protocol to
29	-/	faithfully implement their respective commitments under the Convention and the Kyoto
30		Protocol;
31		
32	4)	<b>REQUESTS</b> that all governments fully respect and raise public awareness to the dangers
33		climate change can produce;
34		
35	5)	<u>URGES</u> all member nations devise an incentive mechanism to encourage the public and
36		enterprise participation in the climate change issue;
37	<b>C</b> \	
38	6)	<b>RECOMMENDS</b> that all member nations establish a regional administration system for
39 40		coordinating the work in response to climate change;
40 41	<b>3</b> )	WELCOMES member nations to vigorously strengthen energy legislation in order to
41	7)	well coveres memori nations to vigorously strengthen energy registation in order to

improve and establish a firm energy legal system.



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Change Submitted By: Canada

1 2	ALARMED that 80% of greenhouse gasses are primarily associated with the production and consumption of fossil fuels, and
3 4 5	AWARE that 44% of greenhouse gasses come from sources such as electricity generation, space heating, fossil fuels industries, manufacturing, constructing and mining, and
6 7 8	<u><b>REMINDS</b></u> member states that the use new oil extension methods may lead up to more greenhouse gasses than conventional methods, and
9 10 11	<b>REALIZING</b> that domestic transportation is at fault for 27% of the total gasses emitted, and
12 13	FULLY AWARE that industrial processes and solvent use are responsible for almost 8%, and
14 15	APPRECIATING the fact that the Canadian Government is progressing towards our goal of reducing total greenhouse gas emissions by 17% beginning at the year of 2005, and
16 17 18	<b>RECOGNIZING</b> the efforts put forward to reach our goal by 2020 since withdrawing from the Kyoto Protocol and signing with the Copenhagen Accord;
19 20 21 22	1) <u>STRESSES</u> the need to cut down on the total use of harmful fossil fuels throughout the developing world such as carbon-intensive technologies and replace them with more cleaner, sustainable sources of energy;
23 24 25 26	2) <b>ENCOURAGES</b> all member countries to sign the Copenhagen Accord to reduce both taxes and inflation to 3 <sup>rd</sup> world countries that are now suffering from the Kyoto Protocol rather than benefiting it;
27 28 29	3) <b>ENDORSES</b> member states to monetarily contribute to the Copenhagen Accord with the hopes of continuing current efforts toward reducing greenhouse gasses;
30 31 32 33	4) <b>REAFFIRMS</b> the belief that sustainable energy resources such as wind, solar and hydroelectric will lessen total greenhouse gas emissions;
34 35	5) <u>CALLS UPON</u> member states to create an incentive base system for carbon credits to lessen the amount of pollution created throughout the world.



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Change Submitted By: Bosnia

1 2	<u>Aware</u> that in the last 650,000 years, there have been several dramatic changes in the global climate, and
3 4	Stressing that the sun is not the cause of modern climate change, and
5 6	Recognizing that today, Earth is experiencing rapid changes in global climate, which cannot be
7 8	explained by its orbit, and
9	Conscious that Earth's average temperature is getting warmer, and
10 11	Mindful that most of these climate changes in the past have had natural causes, and
12	Notice and second of the Victor Butter it was the United States of the U
13 14	Noting previous efforts such as the Kyoto Protocol to regulate pollution and carbon admissions by individuals and industry;
15 16 17 18 19	<ol> <li>Urges member states releasing large amounts carbon dioxide to reduce the amount of carbon dioxide they release by reducing activities that create extreme amounts of carbon dioxide;</li> </ol>
20 21 22	<ol> <li>Suggests that member states take steps to increase levels of sustainable energy to decrease pollution caused by fossil fuels such as coal, oil, and natural gas;</li> </ol>
23 24 25	<ol> <li>Recommends member states to devote more resources to study the effects of climat change;</li> </ol>
26 27	4) Requests member states to increase the use of reusable energy in order to prevent Earth's temperature from increasing;
28 29 30	5) <u>Reaffirms</u> the goals and guidelines set in the Kyoto Protocol to help reach targeted levels of pollution and carbon admissions.

Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Change Submitted By: United Arab Emirates

1	<b>EMPHASIZING</b> that climate change and global warming are a couple of the possible reasons
2	for the crisis happening in Darfur, and
3	
4	NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN that in the 50 years that Sudan has gained its
5	independence, it has been harmed by many different plagues due to climate change in the region,
6	and
7	
8	<b>NOTING</b> some Sudanese in urban areas explain climate change with reference to scientific
9	terms and concepts, most Sudanese outside of urban areas, and
10	
11	EMPHASIZING FURTHER most Sudanese have noticed changes in the weather and seasons,
12	and experienced drought, flooding, changes in rainfall and temperature increases, but do not
13	associate these phenomena with global climate change, and
14	ANNADED described to the state of the state
15	AWARE changes in climate are not noticed by Sudanese in isolation from broader
16 17	environmental changes; people in Sudan are keenly aware of environmental degradation and natural resource depletion, they make little distinction between environmental degradation and
18	climate change;
19	Chinac Change,
20	1) STRESSES the importance of sharing information concerning the difference
21	between climate change and different weather in an organized manner with other
22	underdeveloped nations so that it is a benefit the entire world;
23	The state of the s
24	2) <b>RECOMENDS</b> that all countries help in putting a limit on the pollution given off
25	by factories and other major polluters to help reduce the climate change around
26	the world;
27	
28	3) <b>SUGGESTS</b> that countries should influence their citizens to have cleaner
29	methods of transportation so that global warming does not continue to get any

more harmful to the environment.



### McKendree Invitational

## MODEL UNITED NATIONS



1/13

Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Change Sponsored By: Greece

1	ACKNOWLEDGING the effects of global warming in our world through
2	disappearing habitat, shrinking arctic sea ice and extreme weather, and
3	
4	BELIEVING mankind is the biggest reason for the destruction of our ecosystem
5	and climate, and
6	
7	AWARE the use of factories and fuel is polluting the air, causing the ozone
8	layers to break down causing global warming and dangerous weather, and
9	
0	STRESSING that we must realize that because of our actions the world and the
1	life on it are suffering, and
.2	
	<u>CALLING UPON</u> the destruction of the environment around us is being
4	destroyed only to be replaced by factories and buildings;
.5	) propred to the state of the s
6	1) <u>REGRETS</u> that we could try to give back to nature to help prevent more
.7	loose of the ozone layer and to prevent global destruction;
.8	a) INCORPLICATE the second sec
9	2) <u>INSTRUCTS</u> those who use less harmful waste and deadly vaporous
20	into the air around us;
21	a) DEOLIECTS that we start to try to give healt to any environment and try
22	3) <u>REQUESTS</u> that we start to try to give back to our environment and try to help as best we can;
2.5 1.4	to help as best we can,
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	4) <u>REGRETS</u> that we have not taken this problem into hand sooner to try
25	to prevent more damage;
20	to prevent more damage,
28	5) TAKES NOTE that the earth has been warming for years now and
29	nobody has tried to realize the problems to come;
30	hobody has tried to realize the problems to come,
31	6) SUGGESTS we work on more earth- friendly equipment to help prevent
32	further damages.
	Tarmor amingou.



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Change Submitted By: Vietnam

1 2	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that Vietnam was named, by the United Nations, as one of the countries' most affected by climate change, and
3 4	ALARMED by the change in climate that has caused extreme precipitation, which
5	has greatly heightened the occurrence of flash floods in many countries, and
6	EVADRECCING DEED CONCERN for the worker content in a contain at its action of visits
7 8	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN for the water systems in coastal nations' rising salinity and how it will destroy agriculture and devastate economies, and
9	
0	GRIEVED by the 9,500 dead and missing people and the 1.5% loss of GDP each year
1	in Vietnam alone, and
2	BEARING IN MIND that inhabitants of Vietnam now have to bury their dead on
4	raised platforms due to the constant floods, and
5	1
6	EMPHASIZING that many nations food production has been reduced due to
.7	flooding;
.8	
.9 20	1) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> that funds be available to nations in order to make adjustments to the irrigation systems in the river deltas to prepare for future flooding disasters;
21	to the magnitude of property and an army and an army and army and army army army army army army army army
22	2) <u>EMPHASIZES</u> the need for bioengineered solutions to be used in the design of
23	more formal erosion control and slope protection projects to protect the people,
24	homes, and planting fields of nations;
25	
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	3) <u>INVITES</u> any government or single person with ideas for the end of this crisis to
	help countries in their time of need;
28	4) EXPERIENCE TO TY ANIZO 4
29 30	4) <u>EXPRESSES ITS THANKS</u> to all the countries that have already assisted nations and to let them know that efforts would be ineffective without the strong support

of the international community.



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Change Submitted By: Monaco

- 1 Noting with grave concern the rapid changes occurring in global climate, and
- 2 Bearing in mind that climate change affects us all internationally, and
- 3 Recognizing the rise in temperature is not caused naturally, this temperature rise could
- 4 cause heat stress on animals, which makes them vulnerable to disease and infertility,
- 5 and
- Realizing that although Carbon Dioxide increase can be useful in growing wheat and soybeans, Carbon Dioxide decreases the yield in corn and many other crops, and
- 8 Having reviewed the change and efforts many countries have taken already, we have
- 9 further ideas in helping to slow this process;
- 10 1) Calls upon the importance of being educated in climate change;
- 11 2) Takes note to the possibility of releasing Sulfate particles to mimic the cooling effects
- 12 of a massive volcanic eruption;
- 13 3) Invites countries to continue progress in renewable energies, such as wind and
- 14 solar;

16

15 **<u>4) Draws attention to</u>** the need of efficiency and cleaner transportation methods





Topic: Climate Change Submitted to: General Assembly Submitted by: France

1 HAVING REVIEWED the report from the United Nations International Panel on Climate Change released this past September, and 2 3 ALARMED that the average global temperature has annually about risen 0.6 degrees Celsius 4 since 1950 that is directly contributing to the increase in ocean temperatures which is melting 5 polar ice caps raising sea levels, and 6 7 8 EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN that the rising sea levels could cause widespread flooding and destruction to major coastal cities like New York City, London, Miami, The Netherlands, and 9 Bangkok, and 10 11 STRESSING that climate change is affecting the weather, resulting in more extreme storms like 12 Hurricane Sandy that caused huge damage, and 13 14 15 NOTING few cities are prepared for extreme weather, and 16 ACKNOWLEDGING that the report named humans as the biggest factor behind climate change 17 due to our increased emissions, and 18 19 CONFIDENT the world will join together to reduce the human effect on climate change; 20 21 1) URGES member nations to speed up their progress to the goals set in the United Nations 22 Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Kyoto Protocol; 23 24 2) SUGGESTS countries aim for a new goal to reduce all emissions by 60% by the end of 25 26 2050; 27 3) STRESSES the need for cities to prepare themselves for more dangerous weather; 28 29 4) REQUESTS nations began exploring alternative energy solutions like nuclear, solar, and 30 31 wind power; 32 5) RECOMMENDS that governments provide grants and subsidies to companies that are 33

6) ENCOURAGES wealthy nations to aid developing countries in reaching emissions goals.

researching new green technologies;

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#### **Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Change** Submitted By: Cambodia

1	COGNIZANT of the fact that the world's climate is affected by all countries, and		
2 3	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN for the world of our children and grandchildren, whose world		
4	may be destroyed by our actions if we do not fix them, and		
5 6	NOTING that the climate has been shifting over the past decades dramatically, and that the		
7	ozone has been depleting at astronomical levels, that from 2011-2012, has risen about 6°F, and		
8 9	WELCOMING the ideas and changes brought by all countries to try and fix this change of		
10	climate which could end up making this world uninhabitable, and		
11	NOTION 1 (1 11)		
12 13	MINDFUL that building emissions contribute to about 1/3 of all greenhouse gas emissions and 43% of all building emissions are in US alone;		
14			
15	<u>UNDERSTANDING</u> bad roads will lower the fuel economy of even the most fuel efficient		
16 17	vehicle;		
18	RECOGNIZING ideas and acts which try to help inform us on how to fix our climate, which		
19	comes from emissions from nearly all vehicles, and numerous other outputs of waste, and		
20	pollution, and		
21			
22 23	<u>CALLING ON</u> all countries to work to reduce their "carbon footprint" in order that the world may live to have many more generations to walk upon its face and live on it, and		
24	may nie to many many state generalization of the second se		
25	1) <u>INVITES</u> countries to try to eliminate the burning of coal, oil, and eventually		
26 27	natural gas, even though these resources are the main part of the world's economy, it is a large producers of greenhouse gas;		
28	economy, it is a large producers or greenhouse gas,		
29	2) URGES countries to on infrastructure upgrades to reduce the amount of		
30	emissions from the buildings and vehicles;		
31			
32	3) <u>STRESSES</u> the need for better roads;		
33	4) CALLS FOR all countries to cut down on overuse of airplane travel, airplanes are		
34 35	4) <u>CALLS FOR</u> all countries to cut down on overuse of airplane travel, airplanes are one of the fastest growing sources of greenhouse gas, they should only be used for		
36	critical long distance travel, use trains for short- and medium-distance trips;		
37			
38	5) <u>REQUESTS</u> all countries to try to fix this global problem which hinders progress		
39	towards better technology, because we have not yet found a solution to this threat.		



**Submitted To: General Assembly** Topic: Climate Change

Submitted By: United Kingdom

1	GRIEVED that by the year 2050, over one fourth of the Earth's species could go extinct, and
2 3	AWARE that the world's climate affects all nations and is caused by most individuals, and
4	A WARE that the world's climate directs an nations and is educed by most merviculas, and
5	CONCERNED that the five hottest years on record have all occurred after 1997; the two hottest
6 7	years being 2005 and 2010, and
8	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that scientists have deduced that due to climate change,
9	hurricanes and tropical storms will get more severe, wiping out wetlands and raising the sea
10	level, thus destroying more places habituated by people, and
11	
12	ENCOURAGED that many countries are coming together to bring up the support for stopping
13	the drastic climate change, and
14	A DDD EGIA TD IG 41 65 - t 6 t   t
15	APPRECIATING the efforts of organizations to spread the awareness through media and other
16	forms of help being provided through the support of donors, and
17 18	BELIEVEING that with the more effort put in, guidelines and ideas be spread about how to
19	diminish the causes and effects of climate change; and
20	diffinish the eauses and effects of efficiency and
21	1) <u>DEPLORES</u> that countries invest in finding and using renewable energy sources; and
22	T) BELLEVILLE WAY TO WILLIAM IN THE STATE OF
23	2) EMPHASIZES that nations should continue to research the cap-and-trade plans, a plan
24	in which regulators set limits for industrial emissions; and
25	
26	3) CALLS UPON the developed united nations to enforce the Kyoto Protocol, an
27	agreement to reduce the GHG emissions in their country; and
28	
29	4) ENCOURAGES that other nations use the DECC (Department of Energy & Climate
30	Change) to study and prevent further calamities caused by climate change.

our next gathering.

30

31 32

1 2	<b>RECOGNIZING</b> that the world is experiencing very swift and very severe climate change that affects our lives on a dangerous level and daily basis, and
3	ancess our rives on a dangerous reverand dairy basis, and
4	FULLY ACKNOWLEDGING the vast and notable efforts already made by the U.N to help
5	deal with this issue for the betterment of the planet, and
6	
7	<b>RECALLING</b> that on September 27 <sup>th</sup> , 2013, The U.N released a statement implying that humans
8	have been the dominant cause of Climate Change since the 1950's, and called for a global
9	response to combat climate change, and
10	**************************************
11	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN HOWEVER, that Climate Change continues to
12	become a more dangerous issue by the day, and unless immediate and direct attention is given to
13	this issue, our planet will quickly take a turn for the worse, affecting global food production and
14	harming humanity as a whole, and
15	
16	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT the difficulties involved with trying to deal with issues that are
17	potentially outside human control, and
18	
19	EMPHASIZING the fact that if Climate Change continues to go unnoticed and not dealt with,
20	then the world as a whole will greatly suffer.
21	mon the World as a Whole Will grown, such as
22	1) <b>URGES</b> nations to give the effects of this Global Climate change their total and
23	direct attention, and
24	anot attoriton, and
25	2) <b>RECOMMENDS</b> that the U.N set aside a budget for the sole purpose of
26	preservation and up keeping in an effort to help repair the Earth, and
27	2) IIDOEG
28	3) <u>URGES</u> members of the United Nations to recognize that Climate Change is a very
29	serious issue, and that it should not be overlooked, and

4) **INVITES** the delegates of the United Nations to make this issue a top priority during





**Submitted To: General Assembly** 

**Topic:** Climate Change **Submitted By: Japan** 

1	AWARE that due to temperature increase the sea levels around Japan could rise by 40cm putting		
2	millions at risk, and		
3			
4	ENCOURAGING	the participation in the importance of understanding the actual science behind	
5		uch as impact of people, ways to reduce, and the recent studies;	
6			
7	<u>RECOGNIZING</u>	that Japan and many other countries have started undergoing "green" projects;	
8			
9	1)	PROMOTE the education of climate change for further understanding,	
10			
11	2)	ENCOURAGES the meeting of countries to discuss climate change;	
12			
13	3)	STRONGLY CONDEMS all countries to research and create better and new ways to	
14		limit impact of climate change around us,	
15			
16	4)	<u>SUPPORTS</u> the efforts of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)	
17		among other groups and;	
18	_,		
19	5)	STRONGLY RECOMENDS that the General Assembly of the United Nations and all	
20		countries work with these organizations to research and find solutions to preserving	
21		our ecosystems, get involved with their task forces and help with research to find	
22		issues and help solve them.	



12)

Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Change Submitted By: Myanmar

1	MINDFUL that there are laws in Myanmar that support the environmental health, and;
2	
3	CONSCIOUS that environmental awareness is being portrayed in the country, and;
4	
5	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN the health of the people is being affected by the pollution,
6	and;
7	
8	REALIZING the majority of the pollution surrounds major municipal areas, and;
9	
10	AWARE of the technological disadvantage of the people,;
11	
12	1) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> that UN offer support to the environmental issues in Myanmar;
13	
14	2) EMPHASIZES that Myanmar's environmental laws regarding pollution and waste
15	management are inadequate and must be improved;
16	
17	3) <u>CALLS UPON</u> the UN to financially support Myanmar's environmental needs.

**Submitted To: General Assembly** 

**Topic:** Climate Change **Submitted By: Togo** 

1	Recognizing that the world's climate has risen on average by 1.4°F over the last century,
2	and
2 3	
4	Noting that the last decade (2000-2010) was the warmest on record and that 2010 tied
5	2005 as the warmest year on record and that areas around the world are being affected by
6	this climate change, for example: heavier rainfall, melted icecaps and raised sea levels,
7	but
8	
9	Suggesting that the cause may be the greenhouse effect, large amounts of monoxide
10	destroying the ozone layer and therefore allowing more violent rays from the sun to enter
11	the atmosphere and therefore heating up the earth, in addition
12	
13	Backing certain green products such as smart cars and hybrids, while cutting down on the
14	use of fossil fuels such as gasoline that pollute the atmosphere, also
15	
16	Regulating pollution and smog output from large factories and companies to improve the
17	quality of the atmosphere in the immediate area of the building as well as the entire world
18	and
19	<b>V</b>
20	Investing in research towards alternative fuel resources including: hydroelectric power,
21	wind energy, and tidal energy plants while not excluding the possibility of nuclear power
22	7 , , , ,
23	Conclusively stating that alternative energy sources may be the future for not just
24	companies but also the rest of the world, and deciding between continuing to use fossil
25	fuels and other polluting substances as our main resource for energy and alternative
26	resources may prove to be the main decision in the 21 <sup>st</sup> century for the continuation of the
27	human race, and
28	
29	<u>Ultimately stressing</u> the necessity for unity among the nations during this pressing crisis
29	that goes severely unnoticed
	AVAILA DO CO COLONIA COMPANIA



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Climate Change Submitted By: Pakistan

1	1 REALIZING there are major pro	oblems relating the climate change in the country, it is imperative
2		improve Pakistan as whole and our communications worldwide.,
3		•
4		
5		s that are affecting the climate change, agricultural difficulties
6		s drought when in season, monsoons, and faulty drainage and
7	7 irrigation systems must be fixed	as soon as possible to get the most use out of the land provided,
8	8 and	
9	9	
0		crops, the growth and production is one main resource for the
1	1 1	riculture with these small towns stimulates trade with other
2		money for Pakistan, and
3		
4		ment's concern in this movement, keeping communities at the
5		being put under pressure and affected by climatic events is
6	•	
7		
8	, <del></del>	hat the main crop of the land may be subject to a major, so as to
9	1 11	sing crop that can withstand the conditions of drought and
20		
1	A TNCTPHCTC ord	ganizations to offer their services and support to form a stronger
.2	22 2) <u>INSTRUCTS</u> org	vement as to draw attention to the government in hopes of also
.5 ) //	24 receiving their se	rvices and support;
, <del>1</del>	75	ivioos una sapport,
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	26 3) REQUESTS the	government's cooperation with this movement to make them
.0	77 recognize the imp	portance of this climate change crisis and how it effects the
8	28 country at both a	local and international level;
29	29	,
30		the irrigation and drainage systems be updated to keep control of
31	,	s of common droughts and monsoons;
32		•
32 33	5) <u>CALLS UPON</u> to	he United Nations to look into this complication and issue a more
34		vement to improve not only the climate change in Pakistan but as

a whole so that further problems with any underdeveloped country can be solved

quickly and efficiently with the help and support needed from organizations,

government, and other nations.

35

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#### Submitted To:General Assembly Topic: Millennium Development Goals Submitted By:Federal Republic of Germany

RECOGNIZING the fact that the several millennium development goals have until January 1,
2015, to reach fruition, leaving under two years left until the deadline of said goals, with only
targets 1A, 6A, and 7C close to meeting requirements, and

1 2

<u>CONCERNED</u> at the gender and educational goals, which have yet to be fully accomplished, with universal primary education and equal enrollment of genders in primary and secondary education with education enrollment rates even decreasing in some nations, and

MINDFUL of the fact that under-five mortality rates and hunger rates have not yet decreased sufficiently enough to reach millennium development goal levels by the deadline, with only a 39% decrease on average worldwide in under-five mortality rates over an eighteen year timespan when a 60% decrease is needed, along with child hunger rates in several nations still over 35%, and

<u>TAKING NOTE</u> of goals regarding health, such as the reversal of malaria, the universal availability of universal reproductive health, and the maternal morality ratio of two-thirds the 1990 level, all of which still have not reached or are close to reaching deadline levels, and

STRESSING that developed nations send only one-third of their total aid to the 50 least developed countries, and that some of this portion of aid, especially monetary aid, is lost to some corrupt governments of less developed nations, leading to lesser impact from aid transfers;

1) <u>APPEALS</u> to developed member nations to send more of their aid shipments to lesser developed nations and to attempt to send physical aid when possible to help achieve millennium development goals;

2) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> for those goals only partially affected by aid, such as gender equality and equal education, nations make the best effort to meet the millennium development goal standards in relation to their standards;

3) <u>ENCOURAGES</u> nations and organizations who have pledged money to honor pledges made in the 2010 review summit in order to finally reach the total donated amount of \$40 billion by January 1, 2015;

<u>4)</u> <u>EMPHASIZES</u> the importance of organization to member nations when sending aid to assist in millennium development goals, seeing as disorganized aid will most likely be misused or may not help millennium development goals as has happened previous.



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Gender and the Millennium Development Goals Submitted By: Kuwait

1 2 3		t a nation cannot be fully successful if gender equality is not a major consideration blicy and attitude, yet
4 5 6	Cognizant that percent, and	t in many Middle Eastern countries, women's' illiteracy rates are between 40-65
7 8 9		ost countries where women are not permitted to participate in the military, vote in s, hold public office, or operate independently have serious economic and civil
11 12 13 14	co-operation in	ticle 1 of the UN charter states that one of its duties is, "to achieve international promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and for fundamental ll without distinction as to race, sex, language, or religion," and
15 16 17 18		year 2000's resolution 1325 which urged Member States to increase women's at all decision-making levels for the prevention, management, and resolution of
19 20 21 22 23	All Forms of D International B	nat in 1979, the General Assembly adopted the Convention on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW), which is often described as an ill of Rights for Women. In its 30 articles, the Convention explicitly defines against women and sets up an agenda for national action to end such and
24 25 26		these goals can only succeed through the cooperation of each nation working in support of each nation, and
27 28 29 30	•	Encouraging member nations to promote women's rights in respect to voting, maternal health, education, and political equality;
31 32 33	,	<u>Urges</u> all international agencies to focus on and aid in the cessation of violence and discrimination toward women;
34	3)	Calls upon all member nations to stop denying their female citizens rights based

34 35

36

on gender.



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Gender and the Millennium Development Goals
Submitted By: Poland

1 2 3	Expressing deep concern that gender equality is necessary for a nation to prosper to its fullest potential and keep citizens out of poverty, although this may be difficult for certain nations, and
4 5 6	Noting that in order for a country to run well it must have all of the population capable of performing different task to form a strong economy and education system, and
7 8	<u>Alarmed</u> by the fact that only 2 of 130 countries have achieved equality between men and women in each level of education and that women are relegated to more vulnerable types of employment, and
9 10 11 12 13	<u>Recalling</u> the establishment of the Millennium Development Goals by the United Nations Summit, which reaffirmed the United Nations commitment to working towards a world in which sustaining development and eliminating poverty would have the highest priority, and
14 15	Taking into account that these goals can only be achieved through the combined cooperation of many nations whose goal is to form a better world, and
16 17 18 19 20	<u>Inspired</u> by the Inter-Agency Network on Women and Gender Equality (IANWGE), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) and their efforts in advancing the rights of woman across the world and protecting them from HIV infections and promoting gender mainstreaming within regions of conflict and reconstruction, and
21 22 23	<ol> <li>Urges member nations to aid every citizen of their country by treating each man and woman as equal individuals;</li> </ol>
24 25 26	2.) <u>Calls upon</u> member nations to join forces in forming programs to protect the rights of women;
27 28 29	3.) <u>Emphasizes</u> the importance of an educated society in comparison to how well the country runs;
30 31 32 33	4.) <u>Applauds</u> the efforts already being done across the globe and those already fighting for gender equality;
34 35 36 37	5.) <u>Suggest</u> that the United Nations form a committee of volunteers willing to work in countries who need to teach young women how to protect themselves along with giving them an education which eventually would lead to a job that they would not be discriminated about while doing.

Submitted To: General Assembly
Topic: Gender and the MDG
Submitted By: Democratic Republic of Korea

Ţ	CUGNIZANI of the importance of achieving the Millennium Development Goals and all the		
2	goals and objectives encompassing them, and		
3			
4	<b>REGRETS</b> the lack of progress made to strive towards these landmarks of worldwide growth,		
5	progress, and most importantly, unity, and		
6			
7	<b>NOTING</b> that one of the major obstacles in obtaining the direction and drive required in		
8 9	achieving the Millennium Development Goals is the issue of gender equality, and		
0	<b>CONFIDENT</b> that an individual's worth is not determined by the circumstances of one's birth		
1	but what one does with their existences that evaluates their true worth;		
12 13	1) ASKS that all nations involved with the United Nations make severe and deliberate		
4	strides towards achieving an egalitarian understanding for the benefit of their nation and		
15	the nations surrounding them;		
6			
7	2) IMPLORES that the even though the abandonment of gender stereotypes is an		
8	important task, the United Nations not impose any unreasonable responsibilities or		
9	requirements towards religions and traditions;		
20			
21	3) <b><u>DEMANDS</u></b> that troubles with gender equality not define a nation's values and		
22 23	character and that even if a nation is not making visible works towards gender equality,		
23	they won't be judged negatively for that aspect;		
24			
25	4) <b>INVITES</b> all nations to actively pursue the goal of gender equality and further assist		
26	other nations in achieving this reality.		



#### McKendree Invitational

### MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted to: General Assembly
Topic: Gender & MDG

Submitted by: The Republic of Kazakhstan RECALLING that the United Nations' Millennium Development Goals stem from the 1 2 Millennium Declaration, which has received 191 signatories, and 3 UNDERSTANDING that all signatories of this agreement have pledged to halve the 4 proportion of poverty, reduce child and maternal mortalities, provide equal education 5 opportunities for all people, and to improve the environment by the year 2015, not only 6 within the signatories' own nations, but also to assist others worldwide, and 8 9 WHOLEHEARTEDLY APPLAUDING those nations that have achieved many or even all of the MDG's and those nations who have taken the effort to unite with other states in 10 order to lend a helping hand in order to improve the conditions of those nations that have 11 12 been unable to reach said goals, and 13 14 NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that at least 80% of the global population lives on less than 1533 KZT daily (10 USD, or 7.5 EUR), and that nearly half of the world's 15 population-more than 3 billion people-live on less than 383 KZT (2.5 USD or 1.8 EUR) 16 17 daily, and 18 19 RECOGNIZING the concerns of many nations in relations to equalized education, as approximately two-thirds of the world's 774 adult illiterates are women, a proportion in 20 almost total congruency to that of 20 years prior in most regions, and 21 22 23 SADDENED that an estimated 72 million children of primary school age are not attending primary school, more than 54% of which being female, though the proportion 24 25 will vary from nation to nation; 26 27 1) EXPRESSES ITS CONVICTION that all citizens must be given the 28 simple right to a quality education, regardless of gender, sex, social class, or 29 disabilities; 30 31 2) URGES member states to provide more funding to public schooling in order to more properly train and pay teachers and provide a higher quality education; 32 33 3) REQUESTS that in such training, mentioned above, teachers be exposed to a 34 more personalized approach to teaching children, so that all children may have an 35 equal opportunity to succeed in their later lives; 36 37 38 4) CALLS UPON member states to provide a more opportune environment for

entrepreneurs, especially women, migrants, refugees, young people, elderly

people, and the disabled, as thriving communities of entrepreneurs will greatly

41 42 improve local economies.

39



# Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Gender and the Millennium Development Goals Submitted By: United States

<u>Desiring</u> gender equality in all levels of education in both primary and secondary schooling, as presented in the Convention on the Elimination of all forms of Discrimination against Women, the disparity of education statistics has been		
<u>Alarmed by</u> the fact that 2/3rds, which is 799 million individuals, of the world's illiterate are women and only 15% percent of all elected officials are women, it is has become		
Bearing in Mind that the equal education of men and women is necessary to promote healthy families, safe living environments, and developing communities, disparity in education equality is		
Alarmed further by the fact that uneducated women are more susceptible to HIV/AIDs and nearly two thirds of the population under 25 who have AIDs are women, which services in		
Stressing the fact that equal education will advance nations both politically, socially, and medically, while equality in schooling will also positively address other issues presented in the Millennium Development Goals;		
1)Promotes giving women and men equal educational benefits that will allow womankind to remain in a learning environment in spite of marriages or household needs through family and nutritional training sessions where both men and women learn how to address domestic matters such as an illness in the family, cooking, and cleaning		
2) Encourages early education for women which will allow the female population to think critically and compete economically with men so as to curtail the prejudice of social climates in certain nations or regions that favor males		
3) <u>Endorses</u> improving health provisions for expecting mothers in impoverished nations or areas of countries where health care is scarce for the sake of improving birth rates, protecting the lives of mothers, while also setting an example for mothers through other forms of maternal care		
4) <u>Draws attention to</u> the crippling effect unsanitary water conditions have on females, especially in Sub-Saharan Africa, who must travel to find clean water daily and therefore do not receive an adequate education		
5) <u>Emphasizes</u> the positive changes in the AIDS/HIV epidemic that would be made possible if more women, especially the impoverished who are most prone to sexual exploitation, were given equal educational opportunities		



Submitted To: General Assembly
Topic: Gender/ Millennium Development Goals
Submitted By: Australia

CONCERNED with the lack of emphasis currently put on the key concept in the Declaration of Human Rights, which would be equality for both genders, some participating member nations have begun to implement solutions to the problem after realizing the severity of the issue and the amount of neglect it has received,

HAVING REVIEWED the statistics of women who are not receiving their full suggested rights as offered by the Declaration of Human Rights, more advanced nations have created scholarships, websites, and committees/organizations to bring emphasis to the ongoing issue,

EMPHASIZING the lack of education for women which leads to other gender related problems, such as poverty, disease, and susception to violence and,

CONCERNED with the unfortunate lifestyles lived by these women who are not able to fully access their suggested UN rights nations have begun,

RECOGNIZING that preventing and dealing with current women's rights or lack of would without a doubt improve women's lives to a level of living equal to that of a man's by;

1.) REITERATING the use of UNICEF, created by this the General Assembly, to continue to give a larger sum of funds to the suffering women and children in developing nations which could be used to push participation in schooling, improving knowledge on issues such as poverty, disease and poor nourishment;

2.) REALIZING that women need more than just money to make these changes possible, a more advanced partnership with the UN led Girl's Education Initiative would work with governments to pass legislation is favor of the women and their efforts to reach an equality in their lives;

3.) HAVING REVIEWED the Unites States Equal Rights Amendment, action by a committee created within the UN Girl's Learn Initiative, made up of leaders who will advertise the idea's copyrighted by the United States in the Amendment to other allied nations legislative groups;

4.) BELIEVING that education is the base to the solution to other gender related issues groups such as Girls Learn International will partner with a developing country's school with girls to help attend to their educational needs by the distribution of funding and products

5.) TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that these listed changes would be drastic and hard to accomplish individually, a Girls Education Summit would be requested with participation from fellow member nations.



# Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Gender and Millennium Development Goals Submitted By: Ireland

- 1 <u>Concerned</u> that the MDG's fall very far short of an integrated and systemic
- 2 approach to the generation of just, global, economic, social, cultural and political
- 3 systems for all people, in particular, systems, policies and practices which
- 4 acknowledge women fully,
- 5 Realizing that violence against women and their sexual and reproductive rights are
- 6 ignored in the MDGs to the detriment of women specifically, to hopes for
- 7 successful development policies and practices generally and to the establishment of
- 8 justice globally,
- 9 Pointing Out that education is important to these women and others

Submitted To: General Assembly
Topic: Gender Equality and Millennium Development Goals
Submitted By: Rwanda

**RECOGNIZING** the eight goals of the Millennium Development Goals and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, and

**STRESSING** that the need for equal gender rights can enhance a nation's economy and social infrastructure, and

<u>APPRECIATES</u> the work done by the UN and several countries such as South Africa and nations of Latin America to support women in equal schools and job opportunities, and

MINDFUL the hardships to break tradition of gender equality, and

**NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN** some countries are still not allowing gender equality and crimes against humanity are committed every day;

- 1.) <u>DEMANDS</u> the use of funding by the UN and open countries to pay for schooling for all and the protection of all people in countries where they do not have equal liberties;
- 2.) <u>CONDEMS</u> criminals that have broken the laws of natural rights for all and asks for a swift and just punishment in all countries;
- 3.) <u>INVITES</u> countries to set up a summit to discuss and apply equal liberties for all through schooling, job opportunities, politics, and so on;
- **4.)** ASKS the UN to look over countries who have agreed to human rights and assess the newly built schools and companies to ensure countries are abiding by natural rights;
- 5.) **EXPRESSES THE HOPE** that other nations that did not attend this summit to consider natural rights for an economic and social gain but most importantly for the good of the fabric of society.



Submitted To: General Assembly
Topic: Gender and Millennium Development Goals
Submitted By: Egypt

**CONCERNED** that many countries will not achieve the first goal, "Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger, and

**NOTING WITH REGRET** that most African countries cannot complete the second goal or third goal: "Achieve Universal Primary Education" and "Promote Gender Equality Women" because of the state of a woman's political representation, and

ENCOURAGED by the low HIV/AIDS percentage (.001) in Egypt, and

AWARE of the high mortality rates in children under 5 in smaller, poverty stricken countries, and

MINDFUL that many nations are still working toward achieving Goal 7 Target 11: "Achieve Significant Improvement In Lives Of At Least 100 Million Slum Dwellers By 2020";

- 1.) **DRAWS ATTENTION TO** the poverty stricken countries who've no way to achieve many of the MDG's;
- 2.) **EXPRESSES ITS THANKS** to all nations that are closer to achieving the MDG's for helping the farther back nations;
- 3.) **EXPRESSESS THE HOPE** that political representation for women will rise so that we may achieve the second and third goals;
- 4.) **SUGGESTS** the UN gives attention to the gender inequality in schooling and political representation



**Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Civil Unrest** Submitted By: The Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

1		NG that civil unrest are violent occurrences and sometimes full on wars cause by
2	citizens' d	ispleasure towards their government or other parts of the country, and
3	CONCER	
4		NED for the amount of people killed during the riots and other aggressive acts towards
5	their gover	rnment, and
6 7	NOTING	WITH GRAVE CONCERN in the year 2012, it was estimated over 60,000 causalities
8		ined because of civil wars, and
9	were susta	inted because of civil wars, and
0	REALIZII	NG over 500,000 individuals in the past year have left their countries in search of
1		m the fighting and 4.25 million are being left homeless; while others are living in poor
2	_	, increasing poverty rate by 1.1% annually since 1980, and
3		
4	<b>STRESSII</b>	NG that the aforementioned issues are only contributing to some nation's civil war
.5	death rates	s, and
6		
7 :		<u>IZING</u> the need for a quick and effective resolution to prevent more fighting,
.8		rioting, and bloodshed in all nations facing the issue of civil unrest and allowing the
9	nation to r	nove forward, and
20	DD A WC	A TEPENITION TO the first that other retires appearing in attaches a sith a city of a way
1		ATTENTION TO the fact that other nations engaging in attacks on either side of a war y fuel the fire and cause more fighting and more bloodshed;
22 23	would olli	y fuel the fire and cause more righting and more bloodshed,
	1)	ENCOURAGES the United Nations to support meetings in countries currently
25	1)	struggling with civil unrest so that all sides may share their concerns and displeasures
24 25 26		peacefully, thus halting bloodshed;
27		
28	2)	<u>URGES</u> that the UN not only converse with all sides together yet also converse with
29		each side in separate meetings to learn their reasoning for their actions in order to
30		further understand each side and come to a more efficient solution;
31		
32	3)	APPEALS to the UN to take action as soon as a civil war becomes inevitable in a
33		county in order to prevent the crisis from gaining intensity;
34	48	CONTENDAG & A & LL L
35	4)	
36		that the UN assist in every way possible to prevent further casualties.



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Civil Unrest Submitted By: Kingdom of Norway

1	RECALLING the fact that civil unrest is the form of protest against major sociopolitical
2	problems due to coincidence of public expressions of displeasure, and
3	
4	TROUBLED by the fact that even citizens not involved in civil disorder also lack basic utilities
5 6	such as water, fuel, and electricity due to the disruption of infrastructure, and
7	DISTURBED that the main causes of multiple recorded cases of civil unrest are economical;
8	such as, severe devaluation of currency, economic stagnation, extreme unemployment, and
9	
10	CONCERNED about the possibility of certain nations continuing to use chemical weapons
11	against their own citizens to further benefit a faction of civil unrest, and
12	
13	AWARE that discussion has been conducted on how to resolve chemical weapon appropriation,
14	as well as resolutions drafted to take immediate action that passed with an overwhelming vote of
15	133 to 12 with 31 abstentions noting that gross human rights are being violated, and
16	
17	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that civil unrest has continued for extended periods of
18	time without compliance of already agreed upon resolutions to ensure a nation's compliance with
19	resolutions agreed upon by the United Nations and,
20	
21	GRIEVED that the death toll of certain countries is spiraling out of control due to unnecessary
22	violence, and
23	
24	WELCOMES the use of diplomatic measures to negotiate an appropriate resolution to
25	discontinue ongoing civil unrest in countries experiencing civil disorder;
26	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
27	1) COMMENDS the use of diplomacy to reach an agreement for the absolute disbandment
28	of chemical weapon arsenals in countries whom have ignored past ban treaties;
29	of chemical weapon assentis in countries whom have ignored past bun actives,
	2) <u>URGES</u> an alliance of nations worldwide to reach a suitable agreement that satisfies all
30	
31	countries directly involved in continued civil unrest;
32	

3) ENCOURAGES swift action to halt continued suffering of innocent persons under

continued oppression by their own government.

33



Submitted To: General Assembly
Topic: Civil Unrest
Submitted By: Turkey

1	EMPHASIZING the fact that, we have to be careful in how we handle the
2	situations so that they do not erupt into something worst and keep in mind of how
3	other governments are run, and
4	
5	STRESSING the fact that, it is very importance to watch how each government
6	undergoes handling the situation and making sure to keep and respect the rights of
7	the people, and
8	
9	FULLY ACKNOWLEDGING the effort which has already been put forth to
10	stop arguing within countries and trying to find a solution that fits both the
11	needs of the peoples and the governments, and
12	EMPHASIZING FURTHER that these outbreaks need to be reduced to a
13	minimum before it is too late at all cost we need to keep governments from
14	falling, and
15	1) SRESSES the importance of finding out an easy way to stop these
16	outbreaks when they occur and helping the government to satisfy the
17	peoples needs;
	Peoples in the same
18	2) PROMOTES peace within the countries and peace between the people
19	and their government. Also to try and minimize outbreaks and to handle
20	them better;
21	3) ENCOURAGES STRONGLY that the government listens and take into
22	consideration what the people have to say and their needs. Maybe have
23	safety patrol and requirements that would help lesson conflict and injury
24	within the country;
25	



Submitted To: General Assembly
Topic: Civil Unrest
Submitted By: Colombia

1	Saddened by the growing civil unrest throughout the Middle East, including countries of the
2	Arab Spring like Tunisia, Libya, and Egypt, in whose liberation the members of the North
3 4	Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) and the United Nations (UN) were heavily involved, and
5	Frightened by the failure of the international community to intervene decisively in ending the
6	civil unrest in Syria, a conflict which has escalated into a full-scale civil war which has killed
7 8	over 100,000 lives, and
9	Expressing deep concern that those nations with the most influence within the UN, especially
10	the permanent members of the Security Council, are unable to find common ground in resolving
11	issues of political polarization and popular violence in the Middle East, and
12	r r
13	Stressing the need for the United Nations to support the institutionalization of those newly-
14	installed democratic regimes in Tunisia, Libya, and Egypt, and to reinforce in whatever means
15	possible those moderate, pro-democratic forces fighting in Syria, and
16	
17	Recalling the history of civil unrest and political conflict in central and south America, in which
18	countries like Colombia, left unaided by the most influential nations of the UN, witnessed
19	decades of popular violence and civil war before regaining democratic stability, and
20	
21	Citing the success of past UN peacekeeping missions, like that in East Timor, which recently
22	celebrated democratic missions, as well as that in Rwanda, in which member nations invoked
23	their right to collective measures for dealing with "threats to peace," as outlined in Chapters VI
24	and VII of the UN Charter, and
25	
26	1.) Urges the creation of a new UN committee which will constructively work with
27	newly installed democratic regimes in the Middle East in protecting law and order and in
28	promoting a free and fair political system in which all citizens, regardless of race,
29	religion, gender, or class will be protected;
30	
31	2.) Calls upon those nations of the Security Council to make greater use of observer
32	missions and peacekeeping forces in ensuring the stability of democratic nations stricken
33	by popular unrest and civil war after the Arab Spring, such as the deteriorating situation
34	in Libya.



Submitted To: General Assembly
Topic: Civil Unrest
Submitted By: India

	Submitted By: India
1 2 3 4	<u>HAVING DEVOTED ATTENTION</u> to the amount of tension referred to as civil unrest throughout the Arab world since 18 December 2010, causing civil uproars in a numerous amount of nations, and
5 6	FURTHER PROCLAIMING that the long lasting feud between the Arab League, referred to as, "the Arab Spring," is a stressing conflict of civil unrest, and
7 8 9	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that five rulers have been thrown down from power due to the civilians anticipating a major Arab movement towards democratization, and
10 11 12	CONTEMPLATING the causes of the civil unrest of the Arab world such as dictatorship or absolute monarchy, and human rights violations, and
13 14 15	<b>REITERATING</b> the information stated in Articles 21(3) and 22 of <u>The Universal Declaration of Human Rights</u> , and
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<b>RESTATING</b> from Article 22, "Everyone, as a member of society, has the right to social security and is entitled to realization, through national effort and international co-operation and in accordance with the organization and resources of each State, of the economic, social and cultural rights indispensable for his dignity and the free development of his personality", and
23 24 25 26	<b>FURTHER RECALLING</b> from Article 21(3) that reads, "The will of the people shall be the basis of the authority of government; this will shall be expressed in periodic and genuine elections which shall be by universal and equal suffrage and shall be held by secret vote or by equivalent free voting procedures";
27 28 29 30	1) <b>COMMENDS</b> all other nations taking their role in abiding by both the rules of <u>The Universal Declaration of Human Rights</u> , and coinciding in the lengthy term of unrest in the mentioned areas;
31 32 33 34 35	2) SUGGESTS an organized summit to take place in the next two years between the nations of the Arab League with a confirmed plan along with topics, guests, and date in which the summit will take place;
33	

3) SUPPORTS the idea of leadership being brought up and treated as a major topic to

protect all citizens in the Arab world so that they feel safe, justified, and don't feel that

36

37

38

the civil uproars are needed.



### McKendree Invitational

### MODEL UNITED NATIONS



3/4

Submitted to: General Assembly Topic: Civil Unrest Submitted by: Sudan

1	<u>RECOGNIZING</u> the riots around the world that are related to what is going on with		
2	politics and its government, and		
3			
4	FURTHER AWARE that the rate of deaths in these riots decrease without innocent		
5	deaths, and		
6			
7	NOTING that not all world leaders consider the public opinion of an act that is about to		
8	be passed, and		
9			
10	DETERMINED to stop the riots coming from political reasons in order to save lives of		
11	innocent people that die from riots around the world, and		
12			
13	ACKNOWLEDGING that most riots are direct results of political decisions and have a		
14	dramatic result on the public;		
15			
16	1) SUGGESTS that a given government should pay attention to the majority		
17	public opinion of its nation when creating legislation that will affect the people of		
18	the nation;		
19			
20	2) DECLARES that all nations of the committee come together to create open		
21	opinion polls to better incorporate the public in the legislative process;		
22			
23	3) RECOGNIZES that when a change is made, people speak their opinion in		
24	groups or in social media;		
25			
26	4) RECOMMENDS that nations come together to stop these events from		
27	happening so that the government can pass acts more efficiently than they would		
28	under protest;		
29			
30	5) URGES that a government should be in the mind of the public to confirm the		
31	act for a nation decision.		



### McKendree Invitational

### MODEL UNITED NATIONS



317

Subject: Civil Unrest Sponsored By: Panama Submitted To: General Assembly

- 1 **BEARING IN MIND** that civil unrest is a problem in all countries, terrorism,
- 2 unorganized crime, and organized crime does not matter what kind of crime it is or
- 3 what country you're in it is a problem, and
- 4 MINDFUL some countries do not have the stability, nor the resources to manage
- 5 fighting rebel groups on their own, they need support, and
- 6 COGNIZANT of guerrilla and terrorist groups such as the FARC, Taliban, and Al
- 7 Qaeda, all these groups present a problem to multiple countries and will present a
- 8 problem to many more unless they are stopped, and
- 9 **UNDERSTANDING** that these guerilla and terrorist groups are spread out in a wide
- variety of countries across the world, they will be difficult to control;
- 1) STRESSES the importance of defeating these groups, if they are not dealt with
- 12 they will spread to other countries;
- 2) IMPLORES the training of police forces to defend against guerilla and terrorist
- 14 groups;
- 15 3) **ENCOURAGES** developing police forces around the world that battle these
- 16 groups;
- 17 4)SUGGESTS that the U.N. should deploy Peacekeepers to aid the countries where
- these groups present a problem.





3/8

Topic: Civil Unrest Submitted to: General Assembly Submitted by: France

RECOGNIZING we live in an age of intense social media and communication, and		
REAL	IZING that this allows for individuals and groups to organize protests both peaceful and	
violent, and		
1101011	, with	
REAF	FIRMING the universal right of the people to peacefully protest and petition any cause,	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
RECA	LLING the recent events in Egypt from protests that have fallen into violence, and	
EXPR	ESSING DEEP CONCERN for stability when protests turn violent often resulting in	
widesp	read looting, burning, and killing, and	
<u>NOTI</u>	NG WITH REGRET police can use excessive force when trying to restore order, and	
STRES	SSING the need for nations to ensure the safety and welfare of the general public, and	
	NG INTO ACCOUNT that nations are sovereign and completely responsible for the safety	
of their	r citizens;	
4.		
1)	<u>CONDEMS</u> all protests, movements, and ideologies that encourage violent resistance;	
2)	TAMBILA SIZES 4 4 C 4 Line 1	
2)	EMPHASIZES the need for additional police forces in areas prone to violent protests;	
2)	DEPLORES governments that respond with excessive force when attempting to curb	
3)	violent protests;	
	violent protests,	
4)	RECOMMENDS the international community universally define civil unrest;	
7)	in the order to the memational community universally define ervir university	
5)	ACKNOWLEDGES the need for more peaceful dialogue and interaction between people	
٥,	and their government to prevent the need to resort to violence;	
	taken go ( and	
6)	EXPRESS THE HOPE that through dialogue and action the world can bring an end to	
,	civil unrest.	
	REALl violent REAFI and RECA EXPRI widesp NOTIN STRES TAKIN of their	



3/9

# Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Civil Unrest Submitted By: Democratic Republic of Congo

EMPHASIZING the fact that the recent conflict in the Middle East has h	ad a negative
effect on all nations worldwide, and	

<u>UNDERSTANDING</u> we need to address these conflicts accordingly so that the peace and unrest caused by these conflicts may be resolved, and

<u>STRESSING</u> that the cause of these conflicts are due to high unemployment, large income disparities, and rising costs of living (especially for food), and

<u>FULLY REALIZING</u> that these conflict that are causing problems worldwide, must be resolved by resolving the inner conflicts of these Middle Eastern nation, and

<u>CONCERNING</u> that, due to these conflicts, oil prices have been rising constantly, costing our nations more and more, and contributing in a negative way to poverty, due to the fact that many people are having to pay for these higher prices, due to the necessity of oil for vehicles and other machines used in business or households, and

<u>FURTHUR ADDRESSING</u> the rising problem of the wars and the attempt to retake land from western oil companies and refineries, and

<u>COMPROMISING</u> with countries like Libya, Algeria, Iraq, and Saudi Arabia, on the issue that those countries who own the sole rights to the land in their countries, on the issue on whether or not they should control the price of the oil sold in their countries, and

<u>FINALIZING</u> the efforts to organize a force to deal with said problems that have been addressed;

- 1) <u>APPROVES</u> the power to conduct peaceful protective force to protect important natural resources that are so valuable to the world;
- 2) <u>REQUESTS</u> a common ground on which nations can stand on the distribution of oil worldwide so as to not spark a conflict;
- 3) <u>DEMANDS</u> solving internal problems within each separate government that causes the price of oil to rise such as corruption, insider deal/ trade, bribing, and hostile takeover of resources;
- 4) <u>STRESSES</u> the need to unite efforts, as a world, to bring peace and stability to the Middle East so that this problem may never arise again.



Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Civil Unrest Submitted By: Iran

1	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that with war in Iraq the neighboring countries
2	will be in arms-length of it causing havoc and chaos among the citizens of the middle
3	east, and
4	
5	ALARMED about the August 21 chemical weapons attack in Syria that killed hundreds
6	of civilians and leaving the rest with fear, and
7	
8	AWARE that the United States gave Iran an ultimatum in either going peaceful and not
9	making weapons or going against the UN law and making it anyway and,
10	
11	BELIEVING that the U.S. trying to coerce Egypt into their democracy, and
12	
13	STRESSES the belief that all countries should be able to protect themselves and their
14	allies;
15	
16	1) <u>DECIDES</u> that the United Nations should send relief efforts to assist in the
17	healing and prevention of chemical attacks from the rebels in Syria;
18	
19	2) <u>REQUESTS</u> that the United Nations give all countries the right to build the
20	weapons legally under supervision so that they can protect their allies along with
21	ourselves;
22	
23	3) <u>INIVITES</u> neighboring countries to send delegates to Egypt to help them decide
24	what's best for their country and the countries in the area;
25	
26	4) <u>DECLARES</u> that the United States should remove political delegates in the
27	Middle East as it only exacerbates the problem.
28	





Submitted To: General Assembly Topic: Civil Unrest Submitted By: Brazil

1	<u>UNDERSTANDING</u> that civil unrest is inexorable in all regions of the world, and
2	
3	NOTING with great concern the recent escalation of political corruption and lack of economic
4	prioritization and its effect on the wellbeing of the Brazilian population, and
5	
6	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN that the people of Brazil are unsatisfied with congress'
7	choices regarding funding the FIFA World Cup Soccer Tournament despite current socio-
8	economic issues and social distress, hosting the 2016 World Olympics regardless of a sinking
9	economy, and levying higher bus fares and taxes on the Brazilian populous to supplement the
10	budget for the FIFA World Cup and 2016 World Olympics, and
11	
12	CONSCIOUS that the high crime rates in Brazil, specifically pertaining to the selling and buying
13	of illegal drugs, has not been addressed
14	
15	STRESSING that the disorganized and violent riots of the Brazilian people are slowly forming
16	into an organized and formidable radical movement with intents of overthrowing the Brazilian
17	government, and
18	
19	ALARMED by the June 21st, 2013 riot against the Brazilian Congress spending £18 billion on
20	the FIFA World Cup Tournament
21	
22	<u>REITERATING</u> the fact that the severity, frequency, and expense of Brazilian riots is steeply
23	inclining,;
24	
25	1) <u>URGES</u> the United Nations to levy an international expenditure regarding world
26	tournaments, competitions, and sporting events;
27	
28	2) <u>CALLS UPON</u> the United Nations to recognize, prevent, and correct the spending of
29	civilian tax dollars on expenses not supported by the general populous.



Submitted To: General Assembly
Topic: Civil Unrest in Syria
Submitted By: Morocco

1	<u>STRESSII</u>	NG that more than 1,400 innocent people have lost their lives due to the chemical
2	weapons i	n Syria, and
3	_	
4	<b>BEARING</b>	FIN MIND that Syria's annual death rate is 3.67 deaths out of every 1,000 people in
5	Syria's po	pulation of 22.4 million people,
6		
7	<u>REALIZII</u>	NG that about 6,104 people die each year in Syria meaning that so far about four
8	percent of	the population has been exterminated by chemical weapons in recent events, and
9		
0	2001	INTO ACCOUNT that prior to the chemical attacks, there has been countless attacks
1	within the	country of Syria due to the situation in the Middle East and in the country itself,
2		
13		<u>IZING</u> that these attacks also contribute to the high death toll in the country of Syria
4	alone;	
5		
6	1)	SUGGESTS the United Nations to ask Syria to lock up their chemical weapons so
17		that they do not harm anyone;
8	- \	
9	2)	<u>URGES</u> the United Nations to trade Syria their chemical weapons in exchange for
20		resources the country can benefit from;
21	•	
22	3)	<u>INVITES</u> Syria to come to a compromise with the United Nations and discuss terms
23		of usage for the chemical weapons.