

# First Political

- 1. Africa
- 2. Asia
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# Submitted To: First Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Arab Republic of Egypt

1	<u>Taking note</u> that human trafficking is the acquisition of people by improper means such as force		
2	fraud, or deception with the aim of exploiting them, and		
3			
4	Expressing deep concern that Egypt is a partial route for traffickers because many traffickers		
5	stop in Egypt, while some continue on traveling between Eastern Asia, Sudan, and Libya, and		
6			
7	Conscious of the many young women forced into marriage as "summer brides" with older men		
8	in order to engage in legal sexual relations, bypassing the Islamic Law forbidding premarital sex		
9	and		
10			
11	<u>Alarmed</u> by the approximately one million street children who constitute the largest source of		
12	Egyptian victims of human trafficking in children, and		
13			
14	Bearing in mind that these children are forced to beg for food, to complete manual labor, and are		
15	possessed by the fear that they will be a part of organ trafficking, and		
16			
17	Referring to danger that is imminent for these street children living in immense poverty, and		
18			
19	Encouraged by the Global Action against Trafficking in Persons and the Smuggling of Migrants		
20	(GLO ACT)'s mission and efforts against trafficking, and		
21	Approximation the European Union (ELD)'s funding of the CLO ACT has in Egypt to page the		
22	Appreciating the European Union (EU)'s funding of the GLO ACT base in Egypt to rescue the		
23 24	victims of human trafficking;		
2 <del>4</del> 25	1) Confirms the EU's efforts to aid nations in eliminating human trafficking;		
25 26	1) Commis the EO's efforts to aid hadons in eminiating human trafficking,		
20 27	2) Requests that the member states of the United Nations donate to the GLO ACT;		
28	2) <u>Requests</u> that the member states of the Officed Nations donate to the OLO ACT,		
29	3) Expresses the hope that member nations will assist in the eradication of human		
30	trafficking and that they will protect the victims;		
31	damoking and that they will protect the victims,		
32	4) Expresses the hope that the generous nations of the United Nations will donate to the		
33	gracious Arab Republic of Egypt in order to raise its many citizens out of poverty.		
55	gracious that reputite of Egypt in order to taise its many criticals out of poverty.		



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: China

Taking into account the provisions of the Libyan Political Agreement, whose endorsees include 1 2 the Libyan House of Representatives (HOR), the General National Congress (GNC), and 3 multitudes of local government bodies, and 4 5 Alarmed by continued atrocities committed by the armed Islamic State group (IS) such as 6 indiscriminate suicide attacks, direct attacks on civilians, indiscriminate artillery shelling on 7 residential neighborhoods, and executions of; captured fighters, abducted civilians, and 8 suspected opponents, and 9 Noting with regret military action taken by Operation Dignity forces, supported by the HOR. 10 such as the suspected use of internationally banned cluster bombs and the torture, abduction, and 11 detention of civilians suspected to oppose Operation Dignity, and 12 13 14 Mindful of the multiple major issues highlighted by the United Nations Support Mission in Libya's Special Representative of the Secretary-General, Martin Kobler, in his briefings to the 15 Security Council on June 6th and September 13th, and 16 17 Appreciating the indispensable support given to the United Nations Support Mission in Libya 18 by Member States across the globe, as well as the European Union and the Arab League, but 19 20 Noting with grave concern the enormous amount of devastation caused in the wake of current 21 internal conflict, including UN estimates of nearly 2.44 million civilians requiring humanitarian 22 assistance and protection, over 20,000 civilian injuries, and over 1,000 civilian deaths in the past 23 24 vear alone, and 25 26 1) Implores all Member States to recognize the Presidency Council as the official governing body of Libya, and to continue to give political support to the 27 28 reforming of an effective Government of National Accord (GNA); 29 30 2) Calls upon all Member States to immediately break ties with any Libyan institutions not coming under the Presidency Council or the GNA: 31 32 3) Reiterates the need for all Member States to recognize the Presidency Council as 33 the sole legitimate recipient of international security assistance, and therefore to 34 refuse to supply, in any military capacity, any groups opposing the Presidency 35 36 Council or the GNA.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Saudi Arabia

Alarmed at the growing rate of terror in the Northern Parts of Africa from the ruthless 1 2 terrorist organization Boko Haram, and 3 4 Considering the freedom of religion and way of life that everybody should be entitled to according article 18 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, it is clear that the oppressive 5 and deadly Boko Haram is a blatant violator of these rights and must be extinguished, and 6 7 8 Deploring the fact that in Nigeria and Chad, over 10,000 students are unable to go to receive an education under the reign of these terrorists, and over 270 girls have been kidnapped at one time, 9 10 and 11 Recognizing the Security Council's passed statements condemning the organization, and 12 13 rallying up forces in Africa to help combat the group at hand, but 14 15 Expressing deep concern at how little has been done to combat the issue. The group can be 16 condemned, but words will not keep them from wreaking terror across Northern Africa, and 17 Draws attention to by the four pillars of the UN Global Counter-Terrorism Strategy and the 18 19 logical and systematic approach it uses to counter terrorism from radical groups at home and abroad as displayed by the Al- Quaida Sanctions committee of the Security Council, and 20 21 22 1) Requests the deployment and utilization of UN Peacekeepers to Nigeria to further 23 evaluate and report the enabling factors of Boko Haram's murderous reign of terror in 24 that region; 25 26 2) Recommends that funding and intelligence be sent to the Nigerian government who are 27 too ill-equipped to effectively deal with legitimate threats like Boko Haram: 28 29 3) Calls upon UN member nations to provide aid in the form of medicine and food to those in Northern Africa who are unable to live life without fear of death, in order to bring 30 31 power back to the people of Nigeria, Chad and Cameroon; 32 33 4) Stresses the need for swift force to be taken against the group if all else fails to deter Boko Haram from subjecting human beings to terror and forming connections with other 34 35 terrorist groups.



## Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Republic of Hungary

1 2	Expressing deep concern that the civil war crisis in Libya continues to worsen allowing terrorist groups to root themselves throughout the region, and
3	
4	Noting the past attempts of the General National Congress (GNC) at stabilizing the region since
5 6	the end of the reign of leader Muammar Gaddafi in 2011, and
7	Bearing in mind the U.N.'s current attempts of bringing stability back to the Libyan region with
8	attempts at a unity government lead by Prime Minister Fayez Sarraj who arrived in Tripoli in the
9	March of 2016, but
10	Water of 2010, but
11	Grieved by the 30,000 people killed and 50,000 people wounded in the ongoing conflict in
12	Libya, and
13	
14	Expressing deep concern at the growing lawlessness and terrorism, especially concerning the
15	growing presence of I.S.I.S, that is making the country unstable and threatening towards the rest
16	of the African region, and
17	
18	<u>Inspired</u> by current efforts of major European governments and the United States that suggest
19	planning and coordination are underway to shore up the unity government that will help stabilize
20	the nation of Libya, and
21	1) Youther notices to injust a offente of stabilizing the Library region by supporting the
22	1.) <u>Invites</u> nations to join the efforts at stabilizing the Libyan region by supporting the unity government and sending aid workers to support the damaged populace;
23 24	unity government and sending aid workers to support the damaged populace,
25	2.) Requests the tightening of borders of countries who are adjacent to Libya in order to
26	prevent the further spread of anarchy in the region;
27	provent the farmer opious of animony in the region,
28	3.) Urges countries around the globe to spread awareness of the ongoing Libyan civil
29	war in order to support donations towards organizations such as the Red Cross who
30	have attempted to help the population;
31	
32	4.) Expresses the hope that through international cooperation the Libyan region can
33	regain stability and bring peace to the region



Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Turkmenistan

1 2 3		nage that the Islamic militant group Boko Haram has caused, and the many es that countries have spent trying to solve the problem, but
4 5 6		that countries in West Africa such as Nigeria and bordering countries need with insurgency, and
7 8 9	the year of 2014.	fact that the Boko Haram have killed more people than other terrorist groups in In 2014, Boko Haram killed 6,644 people compared to the Islamic State (ISIS) deaths in 2014, and
10		
11 12	unequivocally cea	the United Nations Security Council demanded the group to "immediately and se all violence and all abuses of human rights and violations of international
13	humanitarian law'	', and
14		
15	Taking into accor	unt that the UN supports the Multinational Joint Task Force establishment and
16	has sided with nur	nerous MJTF countries which include Cameroon, Niger, Chad, and Nigeria to
17	stop the Boko Har	am by providing training, intelligence, and equipment, and
18	· ·	
19	Stressing that mor	re action needs to be enacted by the United Nations to stop the current and
20	future efforts of th	e Boko Haram, and
21		
22	1) <u>Co</u>	nsiders that the United Nations should provide more financial support to the
23	$\overline{\mathrm{MJ}}$	TF, to combat the Boko Haram;
24		
25		ges that the UN also try to provide Nigeria and bordering countries with more
26	adv	vanced weapons to combat the Boko Haram threat;
27		
28	3) <u>Su</u> g	ggests that the UN should help finance some of Nigeria's earmarked funds
29	tow	vards military efforts;
30		
31	4) <u>Sur</u>	pports the idea of more reeducation programs for captured Boko Haram
32	solo	diers to show nonviolent teachings of the Qu ran;
33		
34	5) <u>Rec</u>	commends that the UN should focus on getting troops into northeastern
35	Nig	eria where the Boko Haram have been attacking, and is most likely where

there camps are.



Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Luxembourg

<u>Noting with grave concern</u> that The Democratic Republic of Congo has seen the continued existence of armed forces resulting in the mass displacement of population and destruction of property in the eastern section of the country, and

<u>Alarmed</u> by the condition and treatment of women and children, such as the child mortality rate of children under the age of five, 1 in 7, and the mortality rate of women dying during child birth, 13 in 1,000, and

Stressing that the Democratic Republic of Congo's Minister for Gender, Family, and Children is aware of the amount of women and children being abused and neglected, but will not ensure that the government is paying attention to the issue as seen by the statistic that about 65% of reported sexual violence victims are under the age of 18 years old and 10% are under the age of 10 years old, but

Recalling the Framework of Actions for the follow-up to the Pragramme of Action of the ICPD Beyond 2014, which has goal of improving the environment for women and children, as well as decreasing the mortality rate of children and women during birth, and

<u>Taking into account</u> that The Democratic Republic of Congo has been working with the UNDAF by advocating women's rights and working to improve living and educational conditions for children, as well as working continuously to decrease the mortality rate of children and women during birth, and

<u>Inspired</u> by organizations such as UNICEF, United Nations Children's Fund, and their efforts to further improve the living conditions for women and children by advocating women's rights and improving children's education and involving other groups and countries in the issue, as well as trying to control the rioting and destruction of life involving women and children, and

- 1.) <u>Invites</u> other nations to contribute to UNICEF to develop their efforts in assisting The Democratic Republic of Congo in improving the lives of their women and children by providing safe places to go;
- 2.) <u>Considers</u> that the United Nations create a set committee of people from different countries willing to go to The Democratic Republic of Congo in the improvement of life all around and the possible encouragement of the governments attention towards women and children;
- 3.) Recommends that The Democratic Republic of Congo reassesses the severity of violence against women and children and create a plan of action for the reduction or hopeful abolishment of the violence all around;
- 4.) Reiterates the sovereign right of the Republic to implement recommendations in accordance with laws and development priorities.



**Submitted to: First Political** 

Topic: Africa

Submitted by: Republic of Angola

**NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN** that rampant deforestation of the tropical rain forest in Africa, due to international demand, has resulted in soil erosion, desertification, siltation of rivers and dams, and the loss of biodiversity, and

OBSERVING that Nigeria has lost over half of its primary forest in just five years, and ALARMED BY the statistic that 90% of West Africa's rainforest has been destroyed, and CONTEMPLATING the NASA projection that if current deforestation rates are maintained, the world's rainforests will be completely wiped out in less than one hundred years, and DEEPLY CONSCIOUS that deforestation is a leading contributor in climate change.

Deforestation releases Carbon Dioxide (Greenhouse Gases) into the air, and this sudden spike in Carbon Dioxide pushes a change in climate, as it also destroys water vapors, and **FULLY AWARE** that deforestation has played a part in the loss of clean drinking water,

something already difficult to come by in Africa, and

**<u>DEEPLY REGRETTING</u>** the soil erosion caused in rivers, as this has contributed to poorer health in African nations;

- 1.) **ENDORSES** major cutbacks on the deforestation of rainforests;
- 2.) <u>CALLS UPON</u> Canada to lead nations in this cutback, as it is the leading nation in deforestation and forest degradation presently, contributing 21.4% of deforestation and degradation of untouched forests;
- 3.) **EMPHASIZES** the importance of protecting our forests, as they produce clean air, and a healthy ecosystem;
- 4.) **EXPRESSES ITS APPRECIATION** for all the progress already made toward the protection of our environment.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Mozambique

**BEARING IN MIND THAT** Mozambique remains to be one of the impoverished nations in Africa today with at least 65% of its population living below the poverty line and,

1 2

 <u>AWARE THAT</u> Mozambique's employment rate averages around 21%, being the lowest employment rate in any country in Africa and globally and,

<u>IMPLYING</u> Mozambique's employed are either underemployed, have several jobs or inadequately paid for the labors they produce and,

**REITERATING** more than half of the population is living below the poverty line and the unemployment rate being 21%, meaning that this nation needs as much fiscal aid as possible to be an adequate nation;

- 1. <u>Promotes</u> the financial aid of Mozambique's economy through the use of corporations or funds such as the International Monetary Fund (IMF);
- 2. <u>Suggests</u> the increase of minimum wage for the lower working class, in order to provide fiscal aid for Mozambique's lower class;
- 3. <u>Advocates</u> for the lower class of Mozambique, to provide funds, causing the population to have a larger population above the poverty line.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Refugee Crisis in Africa Submitted By: Cameroon

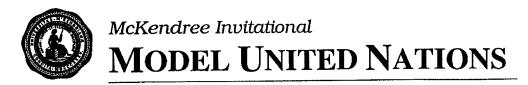
BEARING IN MIND that many of the victims of terrorist attacks in Africa are fleeing to 1 neighboring countries for safe haven, only for terrorists to hide in, and among them, and attack 2 3 the very country they are fleeing to, and 4 AWARE that the terrorist organization, Boko Haram, has committed more than 40 suicide 5 attacks against civilians in northern Cameroon, and 6 7 **REITERATING** that many of these terrorist attacks were committed by individuals that crossed 8 over into Cameroon from Nigeria posing as refugees, and 9 10 RECOGNIZING the need for an entirely reformed border program in order to prevent future 11 terrorist attacks from ever happening again, and 12 13 NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN the worldwide trend of terrorists blending in and 14 disguising themselves as refugees to stages acts of terrorism; 15 16 Stresses the importance of immediately suspending any and all crossing of borders via 17 18 refugees; 19 Suggests that governments around the world implement military force if necessary to 20 secure their national borders; 21 22 Implores that nations around the world recognize the immediate threat to national 23 security created by this refugee crisis; 24 25 Advocates for the sealing of all and any international borders to refugees and immigrants 26 until border policies are reformed to guarantee safety for the civilians of the world. 27



## Subject: Africa

Sponsored By: The Dominican Republic of the Congo Submitted To: 1st Political

1 2	STRESSING the fact that 1st World Countries have resources 3rd World Countries lack the ability to provide for every citizen and other pressing problems, and
3	TYPE TO THE TOTAL OF THE TOTAL
4	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN for the humans who suffer because of the lack of services
5	provided by these 3rd World Countries, and
6	The space of the state of the s
7	EMPHASIZING that the only way to bring 3rd World Countries up in the world is through
8	the assistance of 1st World Countries, and
9	AFFIRMING that their are other 3rd World Countries outside of Africa but many lie within
10	
11	the continent of Africa, and
12	FULLY ACKNOWLEDGING the efforts already exerted by other 1st World Nations, and
13 14	FULLI ACKNOWEEDOING the chorts aready exerted by state 1st world 1states, and
15	APPRECIATING those efforts as stated above but with the full effort of every successful
16	nation these 3rd World Countries of Africa will be able to move up into 2nd World Countries
17	stabilizing the atmosphere and economy;
18	stabilizing the atmosphere and evolution,
19	CALLS UPON 1st World Countries to take a more active role in providing aid to 3rd
20	World Countries through financial and political support;
21	
22	RECOMMENDS open communication between 1st World Countries and 3rd World
23	Countries of Africa;
24	
25	SUGGESTS that the United Nations sanctions a Committee to deliver aid to 3rd World
26	Countries of Africa.
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Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Africa
Submitted By: Kenya

CONCERNED that too little money is being contributed by each member nation to the Official 1 Development Assistance for underdeveloped nations to end poverty, build schools, and develop 2 better public services, and 3 4 NOTING that the target goal of 0.7%, established and agreed upon by the nations in 1970, is not 5 being met, only 0.29% Gross National Income of developed countries combined is being 6 7 contributed, and 8 EMPHASIZNG that 0.7% of Gross National Income among developed nations is equivalent to 9 \$326.3 billion and only \$135.2 billion is being donated leaving a \$191.1 billion gap between the 10 delivered and the goal, and 11 12 <u>UNDERSTANDING</u> that for more money to be contributed to the Official Development 13 Assistance, developed nations must contribute their total of 0.7% of Grass National Income 14 which was agreed upon in 1970, and 15 16 HAVING REVIEWED that the goal of the ODA is to reach its goal of 0.7% GNI accumulating 17 \$326.3 billion for under developed nations to end poverty and allow nations to become a larger 18 19 impact on the world economy, and 20 1. Promotes cooperative work among nations to fulfill their required payments so that 21 underdeveloped nations may begin to prosper; 22

23 24

2. <u>Urges</u> that the goal agreed upon must be met by each developed nation in order to successfully aid nations and people that are heavily affected by poverty;

3. <u>Calls Upon</u> stricter methods to enforce payment which will provide a more effective way of collecting money and allows the issue of poverty to be assessed efficiently.



Subject: Africa Sponsored By: Uganda **Submitted To: 1st Political** 

1	<b>RECOGNIZING</b> South Sudan's breakaway from Sudan.
2 3 4	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT South Sudan's internal political struggle and impending civil war.
5 6	<b>ACKNOWLEDGING</b> the heavy illegal immigration between Uganda and South Sudan.
7 8 9	<b>CONFIDENT</b> in South Sudan's continued economic growth and the expansion of national income.
10 11	<b>WELCOMING</b> continued trade and communication between countries.
12 13 14	<b>BEARING</b> IN MIND the economical benefits for Uganda that come with aiding South Sudan.
15 16 17	<b><u>DETERMINED</u></b> to keep peace between Uganda and South Sudan for the sake of both countries and their neighbors.
18 19	MINDFUL of the aid Uganda has already provided to South Sudan.
20 21	1) <b><u>REAFFIRMS</u></b> the United Nation's belief of recognizing national sovereignty.
22 23 24	2) <b>RECOMMENDS</b> for South Sudan to allow Uganda to aide in whatever way necessary, as Uganda has spent money to provide aide.
25 26 27	3) <b>REITERATES</b> the positive effect that Uganda has inflicted on South Sudan, through military aide.
28 29 30	4) <u>STRESSES</u> Uganda's interest in continuing to aide South Sudan in efforts to keep peace.
31 32 33	5) <u>DEPLORES</u> accusations of ill motives to aide South Sudan, such as political influence.
34 35 36	6) <u>SUGGESTS</u> increased trade between Uganda and South Sudan in order to improve both economies.
37	7) <b>RECOMMENDS</b> increased military jobs in South Sudan, for the betterment

of independence from Sudan.

8) **EXPRESSES** THE HOPE for better relations between Uganda and South Sudan for a better future.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: New Zealand

HORRIFIED that African governments are failing to extend opportunities to the region's 1 2 most marginalized children, and 3 POINTING OUT that children from the richest 20 percent of households in Nigeria 4 average six more years in school than those from the poorest households, and 5 6 DISTRESSED that girls in this category average less than one year in school, while 7 8 wealthy urban males get nine years, and 9 UNSETTLED that six years after the South Sudan peace agreement, the country still has 10 over 1 million children out of school, and 11 12 PERTURBED that more than half of students in Grades 4 and 5 in countries such as 13 Ethiopia, Nigeria and Zambia are below the minimum learning bar, and 14 15 DISTRESSED that household poverty forces many children out of school and into 16 17 employment, and 18 ACKNOWLEDGING that gender roles can mean that young girls are removed from 19 school to collect water or care for their siblings, and 20 21 RECOGNIZING that countries such as Niger, Chad and Mali have some of the world's 22 highest levels of child marriage, with many girls becoming brides before they have 23 finished primary school; 24 25 1) PLEADS FOR the fundraising and the sending of school supplies to these 26 impoverished countries, and the setup of temporary schools so that these 27 children may get the same privileges as some of the more fortunate 28 countries; 29 30 2) ENCOURAGES better teaching training for the educators in Africa to 31 provide a system of time management or private tutoring for those 32

children who cannot make it to school because of home duties;

3) PROMOTES the right to an education that offers these unfortunate

children a better future, and the right to expect the countries' leaders and

the International community to get behind these children and the United

Nations in the quest for a better system of education for these children.

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### Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: The Socialist Republic of Vietnam

Expressing deep concern about the conflict in the Republic of the Philippines between the 1 Filipino Government and the Moro Rebel Group, and the Rebel Group's efforts to destabilize the 2 3 country, and 4 5 Taking note that "Moro" is the Filipino term for Muslim, and that the Government of the 6 Philippines has no grievances with believers of the Islamic Religion residing in the Philippines, 7 8 9 Recognizing the Jabidah Massacre in early March of 1968, which was an monumental event to 10 the Malaysian State of Sabah, as the justification of the Moro Rebel Group revolting against the 11 Government of the Philippines and fighting on the Filipino Island of Mindanao, and 12 Fully aware that there are claims that the Jabidah Massacre was fabricated for the Moro Rebel 13 14 Group to use as a moral argument to justify their actions against the Filipino Government, and 15 16 Recognizing that three different rebel groups have broken off from the foundation of the Moro 17 Extremists, the Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF), the Moro Islamic Liberation Front 18 (MILF), and the Abu Savyaf, and 19 20 1) Encourages the members of the United Nations to support the legitimate government of 21 the Republic of the Philippines over the Moro Rebel Group; 22 23 2) Calls upon the Moro Rebel Group to lay down their arms and present their issues and 24 concerns in a non-violent manner to the legitimate government and negotiate with a third 25 party under the supervision of a group by the United Nations; 26 27 3) Strongly condemns those states who are providing weapons and support to the Rebel groups and suggests that they withdrawal their support or face sanctions as determined by 28 29 the UN; 31

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4) Recommends in exchange for peaceful negotiations, The Filipino Government provide reparations to those parts of the Rebel Groups that participate, will consider immunity for those accused of violating the laws of the Government, and will not prevent members of the Rebel Groups from participating in the political process in the future.



# Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK)

1 2 3 4 5	Aware of recent and recurring joint military exercises conducted by the United Nations Command (UNC), which involve nuclear-armed military aircraft and many thousands of personnel, and their purpose as an attempt to intimidate the government and people of the DPRK, and
6 7 8 9	<u>Concerned</u> that the government of the Republic of Korea has publicly admitted to developing plans for the complete destruction of Pyongyang and the military leadership of the DPRK using ballistic missile attacks, and
10 11 12 13	Recalling the Korean Armistice Agreement of 1953, which explicitly forbade the introduction of new weapons into Korea, including atomic weapons, that has been unilaterally ignored by the United States, against the wishes of the United Nations, since 1957, thereby suggesting that the current Armistice is no longer enforceable, and
15 16 17 18	Stressing that the DPRK has made it clear that it is willing to negotiate a peace treaty to replace the armistice, which itself was intended as an interim solution, to provide for a more permanen peace, but the nations currently attempting to provoke the DPRK have refused all negotiation attempts, and
20 21 22 23 24	<u>Having reviewed</u> General Assembly Resolution 3390, passed in 1975, which considers that a lasting peace cannot be expected as long as the present armistice remains in effect, and considers it necessary to dissolve the UNC, as well as withdraw all foreign troops deployed to the Republic of Korea;
25 26	1) Stresses the need for de-escalation of current conflicts in the Korean peninsula;
27 28 29	<ol> <li>Suggests the United States withdraw their nuclear weapons from the Republic of Korea in line with the Armistice they hypocritically accuse the DPRK of violating;</li> </ol>
30 31 32	<ol> <li>Urges the United Nations Security Council to withdraw their support for the imperialistic UNC mission in the Republic of Korea;</li> </ol>
33 34	4) <u>Declares</u> the UNC exists only to escalate conflict in the region, and serves as a western attempt at controlling a sovereign nation;

5) <u>Calls upon</u> the United Nations to begin negotiation of a permanent peace treaty to

replace the armistice and ensure lasting peace.

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Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political
Topic: Asia
Submitted By: The United States of America

**CONCERNED** by the continual attempts by North Korea to launch nuclear strikes on countries 1 2 surrounding them and others across the globe, and 3 4 ALARMED that North Korea has tested their nuclear weapons as recently as September of this 5 year, and 6 RECOGNIZING that North Korea has also been in violation of the Nuclear Test Ban Treaty as 7 well as Security Council Resolution 1718, which condemns their continued use of nuclear tests, 8 9 10 **REAFFIRMING** the idea that North Korea was at one a member of the NPT, but do to obvious 11 disregards to the treaty, they opted out in the early 2000s, and 12 13 14 **REITERATING** the fact that North Korea has made continual threats to the sovereignty of 15 many of the nations around them, and 16 NOTING that sanctions have been placed on North Korea numerous times yet they continue to 17 disregard the NPT, the Nuclear Test Ban Treaty, as well as the other numerous resolutions 18 adopted by the Security Council clearly referring to North Korea, and 19 20 BEARING IN MIND that North Korea will continue to make attempts to strengthen their 21 nuclear program and threaten other nations if the United Nations does not proceed on a specific 22 23 course of action; 24 1.) ASKS that the 6-Party Talks be reinstates as this seemed to be one of the only 25 methods of peaceful dialogue that North Korea actually agreed upon; 26 27 2.) **REAFFIRMS** the notion that if North Korea is not willing to cooperate with the 6-28 Party Talks that were specifically designated for them, then the international 29 community should continue to place sanctions and other measures on North Korea; 30 31 3.) **DECLARES** that sanctions should in fact be lifted however, if the North Korean 32 government is indeed willing to cooperate with the measures that the international 33 community takes to aid North Korea's move towards signing and ratifying treaties 34 that involve nuclear proliferation and nuclear test bans. 35 36



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: India

ALARMI	ED by the growing tensions between countries in the Southeast Asia Region,
concerning	g the situation in the South China Sea, and
·	
REALIZI	NG that the large underground deposits of natural gas and crude oil located in the
South Chi	na Sea is the cause of conflict, and
<b>AWARE</b>	of the forming of man-made islands in the sea to use as land claim around the resource
deposits a	nd the many territorial disputes over the scarcely inhabited Paracel and Spratly Island
chains, an	d
	<u>L</u> of recent joint military naval exercises performed by Russian and Chinese naval
forces in n	on-contested waters, which included exercises on seizing an island and controlling it,
and	
	<b><u>IINED</u></b> to find a solution to these state of affairs, which threaten the many international
trade route	es passing through the South China Sea, and
1.	DRAWS ATTENTION TO Japan who has recently joined the United States in its
	training patrols, and siding with countries such as the Philippines and Vietnam, whose
	maritime and trade are threaten by opposing forces who have rival territory claims
	against territory claims of their own;
2	DESCONTANTENED Comments and the second the continuention of
2,	<b>RECOMMENDS</b> new international trade laws be made to ensure the continuation of
	five trillion dollars' worth of trade that goes through the South China Sea that is now threatened due to increased tensions over territory claims and the infringement of
	other maritime claims;
	other martine claims,
2	<b>REQUESTS</b> extensive UN surveillance of the situation in the hope that the already
۶,	high and increasing tensions in the South China Sea do not lead to a war;
	mgn and morousing constons in the board contact out to a day
4	<b>URGES</b> the UN to penalize certain parties that are violating the Law of the Sea
	Treaty which establishes jurisdictional limits for the ocean territory that a nation may
	REALIZI South Chi  AWARE deposits and chains, and  MINDFU forces in mand  DETERM trade route  1.  2.

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control.



Subject: Asia Sponsored By: Laos Submitted To: 1st Political

1 2	AWARE that drug abuse remains a serious problem for societies in Myanmar Thailand, and Laos, and
3	
4	MINDFUL of the fact that the drug abuse contributes to the misery violence and crime in
5	the aforementioned countries, and
6	
7	RECOGNIZING that the problems not only affects the drug user but also their families
8	and communities, and
9	
0 [1	<u>REALIZING</u> that there has been a steadily increasing supply of inexpensive methamphetamine, which has resulted in amphetamine type stimulants abuse overtaking
12	opium as the main threat to health, increased seizures and increasing numbers of youth
13	seeking treatment, and
14	-
15	HAVING DECIDED to commence community based treatment programs and centers to
16	serve as a pilot initiative, offering community-based treatment and counselling services to
17	drug users and their families from the surrounding areas;
18	
19	1.) SUGGESTS other Southeastern countries struggling with the drug abuse problems take
20	similar steps to eradicate the problem
21	1 11 to movid
22	2.)IMPLORES the help of the United Nations to work with governments to provide
23	alternatives to incarceration for drug users who are victims of the drug trade and who are
24	often stigmatized
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Submitted To: First Political Topic: South China Sea Submitted By: Pakistan

**RECALLING** That conflict in the South China Sea is being disputed by China, Taiwan, Vietnam, Malaysia, Brunei, and the Philippines over territorial claims, and

**NOTING** This situation is mainly over the region's extensive reserves of oil and natural gases, and who gets to use said resources, and

<u>CONCERNED</u> That is issue could lead to conflict or warfare for example China has been growing its military power and its regional intentions China has embarked on a substantial modernization of its maritime paramilitary forces as well as naval capabilities to enforce its sovereignty and jurisdiction, and

**BEARING IN MIND** China is the strongest militarily, economically, in population, and in land mass, and

- 1.) **ENCOURAGES** all nations wishing to control this area sit down and make deals and negotiation;
- 2.) **CONDEMNS** any nation that sees the only resolution for this problem as an all out military force operation, and will not agree to any negotiations or deals made by other nations;
- 3.) <u>SUPPORTS</u> China and strongly believes that China should control and receive this area as they are most suited to control, maintain, and harvest this area;
- 4.) EMPHASIZES That China is the most populated country in the world with around 1.3 billion people, China needs every last resource it can get to support these people, also the following countries are in debt to China the United States, the United Kingdom, France, Germany, Italy, and many more, If China loses the South China Sea it could go under and with it many other nations.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Americas Submitted By: Argentina

1	Alarmed that approximately 30 years ago The United Kingdom took over The Falkland
2	Islands, territory that belongs to The Republic of Argentina with brutal and unjustified
2 3	force, and
4	
5	Noting with regret that after attempting to unite the native people of The Falklands and
6	Argentina, The United Kingdom used military force to take back what was not rightfully
7	theirs, and
8	
9	Recalling that in 1831 Britain had left the Falkland Islands, at which point it was in
10	Argentine possession and was considered part of Argentina, and
11	
12	Grieved that innocent Argentinian citizens perished at the hands of British
13	colonialists who had no real claim to the islands, and
14	$oldsymbol{\epsilon}'$
15	Concerned that 650 citizens lost their lives defending what belonged to them yet,
16	nothing has been done to restore the Falkland Islands to her native country of Argentina,
17	and
18	
19	Mindful that many shipping vessels pass through and port in The Falklands, traffic that
21	should belong to Argentina, but has been stolen by the United Kingdom;
22	
23	1) Stresses that the Falkland Islands should be returned to Argentina from the
24	United Kingdom and re-named the Maldives;
25	
26	2) <u>Implores</u> that all British government facilities including military forces be
27	Removed from the Island to avoid any unpleasant confrontations;
28	
29	3) Suggests that all shipping zones be returned to Argentina from the United
30	Kingdom.

Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Americas
Submitted by: Cuba

**OBSERVING** that countries in Latin America and the Caribbean such as Haiti, Honduras, Cuba, Jamaica are suffering economically, and

**ALARMED** by how little all countries are doing to help these countries in Latin America and the Caribbean are in need of economic stimulation, and

**GREATLY CONCERNED** how countries are stifling Latin American and Caribbean economies, The U.S. Trade Embargo against Cuba, and

**BELIEVING** that countries who are more economically sound might buy exports, such as Cuba's Cigars, from these struggling nations, to benefit all parties involved, and

**RECOGNIZING** that the UN has the ECLAC, Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean, which has helped these countries that are impoverished, and

**WELCOMING** all countries that wish to trade with this region of poverty would be gladly appreciated;

- 1.) ENCOURAGES all countries with wealthy economies buy exports from struggling nations;
- 2.)**RECOMMENDS** all nations to consider the mutual benefits of bilateral trade agreements with this region;
- 3.)STRONGLY CONDEMNS the nation's who would not trade with Latin America and the Caribbean for no apparent reason;
- 4.) **EXPRESSES THE HOPE** that countries

world wide can help put an end to economic troubles in Latin America and the Caribbean.



Subject: Americas Sponsored By: Ecuador Submitted To: 1st Political

1	ALAR	MED at the increase of organized crime both in Ecuador and around the world that has	
2	occurred, which includes armed robbery, pickpocketing, purse snatching, murder, attempted		
3	murder, and theft, and		
4			
5	CONC	ERNED that Ecuador has a high crime rate, tourists are frequent targets, and political	
6	demon	astrations are a regular occurrence, and	
7			
8	<u>AWAF</u>	RE of the fact that crime is a severe problem in the country and very low rates of	
9	appreh	nension and conviction of criminals due to limited police and judicial resources, and	
0			
11	<u>TAKII</u>	NG NOTE that a lack of police reinforcement contribute to the high crime rate, and	
12			
13	<b>EMPE</b>	IASIZING that assistance from the United Nations would contribute to bringing down	
14	the cri	me rates;	
15			
16	1.	RECOGNIZES that more police reinforcement with help from the United Nations	
17		would contribute with helping to bring down the high crime rate;	
18		10' '11 west-of	
19	2.	SUGGESTS that the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime assist because part of	
20		their mission is crime prevention and criminal justice reform;	
21		Description of the second of t	
22	3.	ACKNOWLEDGES that the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime's mandate is	
23		to assist countries in the development of new strategies, policies, and programs for	
24		crime prevention and criminal justice reform.	
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Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Ukraine

1 2 3	Bearing in Mind the mass exodus of Syrian refuges from war-torn regions border policy has been shoved to the forefront of political discourse, and
4 5 6 7 8	<u>Viewing with appreciation</u> while the U.S. presidential candidates' debate if physical barriers should be erected to cut down already declining of undocumented immigration, European and middle eastern nations are weighing the economic, political, and ethical ramifications of opening their borders to Syrian refugees trying to escape regional violence, and
9 10	Noting with deep concern the risk imbedded with journeying a violence-ridden region to flee to a foreign country are great, but remaining in the region is as risky, but
11 12 13 14	<u>Taking into account</u> there are more than 4.5 million Syrian refugees in turkey, Lebanon, Jordan Iraq, and Egypt alone and 21 million taken in by other countries worldwide from Syria with increasing numbers making the crisis a global issue, and
15 16 17 18 19	<u>Noted with satisfaction</u> Stephen O'Brien, the united nations' aid chief has urged wealthy countries to increase how much they give international aid so that refugees are not forced to seek safety in Europe, and high commissioner of the U.N. for refugees Filippo Grandi has proposed a plan to EU member states to manage and stabilize the refugee situation;
20 21 22 23	1.) <b>Encourages</b> more safe and legal ways for refugees to travel to Europe under managed programmers;
24 25 26 27 28	2.) <u>Suggests</u> the development of Europe-wide responsibility for asylum seekers, including the creation of registration centers in main countries of arrival, and setting up a system for asylum requests to be distributed in an equal way across EU member states;
29 30 31 32 33	3.) Solemnly affirms safe-guard individuals at risk, including systems to protect unaccompanied and separated children, prevent and respond to sexual and gender-based violence, enhancing search and rescue at sea, and countering xenophobia and racism targeted at refugees and migrants;

4.) <u>Urges</u> to ensure compliance with all the EU laws and directives on asylum among EU

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member states.



Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Canada

1	<b>COGNIZ</b>	ANT OF THE FACT that internal territorial disputes, such as the Palestinian/Israeli
2	struggle a	nd those of the Kurdish people in Iraq and Turkey, are becoming more frequent points
3	of conflict	t, and
4		
5	DEEPLY	<b>CONCERNED</b> about the ongoing Middle Eastern crisis related to the Palestinians
6	and the Isı	raeli governments and their disputation of the territory in their countries, and
7		
8	<b>ALARMI</b>	<b>ED</b> of the removal of most water from Palestine which was cut off by the Israeli
9	governme	nt while the people of Palestine can do very little about it, and
10		
11	RECALL	<u>ING</u> many past treaties between the nations of Israel and Palestine like the Oslo
12	Accords in	n which it gave the people of Palestine the full right to self-determination however the
13	treaty is no	ow completely ignored by the Israeli government, and
14	-	
15	EXPRES	SING APPRECIATION towards the United Nations for recognizing Palestine as their
16		n as the Palestinian Liberation Organization;
17		
18		
19	1)	<b>URGES</b> all Middle Eastern countries with disputes to form a peaceful and equal
20		agreement that they all must abide by;
21		
22	2)	<b>SUGGESTS</b> that there be more recognition to the nations that desire to actually
23	•	become a country;
24		
25	3)	<b>ENCOURAGING</b> all UN members to help the countries with serious internal
26	•	territorial issues by providing support to the countries in need as in giving water to
27		the Palestinians, giving money to the countries in need, and helping out the refugees
28		from the countries with territorial disputes;
29		• •
30	4)	<b>RECOMMENDS</b> UN members to help broker a deal between the two nations.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Syria

1 2	<u>EXTREMELY ALARMED</u> by the fact that people are being forced to flee their country and become refugees due to civil wars, and
3 4 5	EMPHASIZING Syria alone has had 11 million natives flee and be accepted into both neighboring nations and other nations such as Germany, and
6 7 8	<u>URGING</u> nations to take in refugees, and
9 10 11	<u>APPLAUDING</u> nations that have taken in refugees from countries that are dealing with armed conflicts or natural disasters, and
12 13	RECOGNIZING nations that have taken in refugees from Syria and other nations, and
14 15	ALARMED by how many refugees are being turned away from asylum or safety, and
16 17 18	STRESSING the fact that nations with major conflicts have caused more than 10,000 deaths during of 2015-2016;
20 21	1) <u>SUGGESTS</u> that nations take part in letting in refugees, or giving aid to refugees, and nations taking in refugees;
<ul><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul>	2) EXPRESSES THE BELIEF that nations with a big military presence aid nations with large armed conflicts, so they may be ended and have peace in the nation;
26 27 28 29	3) <u>CALLS UPON</u> all nations that are both taking in refugees and are willing to take them, and thanks them, for what they are doing and hopes they will continue;
30 31 32 33	4) <u>STRESSES</u> that all lives matter and nations should take part in taking in refugees and stopping armed conflicts in any nation, nobody or no nation should be left standing alone.



Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Afghanistan

1. 2. 3. 4.	<u>Taking into account</u> the violence and bloodshed hailing from the terrorist group ISIL, the fact is simple that many citizens and soldiers have been killed, and in order for citizens of all nations, an act to stop the terrorist group must be made, and
5. 6.	Emphasizing that in order for the violence to be stopped, many nations will need to show cooperation and many United Nations member states will need to take action
7. 3.	in either helping victims or stopping attacks, and
9. 10. 11.	Recognizing the current and past efforts and support of many countries worldwide on stopping attacks and helping victims, and
12. 13. 14. 15.	<u>Conscious</u> that thousands of citizens have already been killed during terrorist attacks, and that with soldiers from little more than seven nations are on the battlefield with ISIL, that leaves confusion and question on how to deal with ISIL, and
16. 17. 18. 19.	Reaffirming that the terrorist group has a huge and deadly effect on people everywhere, and that stopping the attacks completely will also stabilize the amount of crime around the world;
20. 21. 22. 23.	1) <u>Stresses</u> the fact that the terrorist group has stolen land in both Iraq and Syria, which the group draws wealth from, and that for people to live safely in their native country, land from both Iraq and Syria will need to be recovered;
24. 25. 26. 27.	<ol> <li>Requests that many nations join in the support of helping victims by supplying medical assistant, security, therapy, and the reassurance that the victims will never have to face another attack again;</li> </ol>
28. 29. 30. 31.	3) <u>Acknowledges</u> that soldiers are currently fighting against the terrorist group, and have taken back a quarter of the land ISIL currently has, but more land will need to be taken back, and that a slightly bigger force will be need to take back another quarter of their land;
33. 34. 35. 36.	4) <u>Confirms</u> that for citizens everywhere to live safely in their countries without the threat of terrorism, we as a whole will need to work together to prevent the terrorist organization from inflicting future attacks, so that finally, the ever present shadow of terrorism will shrink.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Republic of South Africa

ALARMED by the number of Syrian deaths that have occurred over the last five years due to its 1 2 outbreak in civil war due to anti-government, and 3 4 EMPHASIZING that since the civil war there has been over 400,000 killed, and 6.1 million 5 internally displaced people due to the violence, and 6 7 NOTING with grave concern that according to the UN Factbook, due to the civil unrest, there has 8 been a stifling number of 4.8 million Syrian refugees spread across Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon and 9 Turkey and more trying to make movement towards Europe, and 10 MINDFUL of the efforts made by groups such as OCHA or UNICEF whose goals are to help defend 11 12 against the humanitarian crisis coinciding with Syria's civil war, and 13 14 **RECOGNIZING** European countries' rising immigration population and that many refugees are 15 seeking asylum in countries such as Germany and Sweden that has took over 1.1 million refugees. 16 and 17 CONCIOUS of countries' distaste in allowing a large influx of refugees into their country and 18 19 increasing their border security because of this, and 20 21 REITERATING that due to the civil war in Syria there have been over 4.8 million Syrian refugees, 22 6.1 million internally displaced people, and over 400,000 killed because of the violence, and 23 24 AFFIRMING one of the United Nation Charter's goals which is "To maintain international peace 25 and security", this crisis is one that can only be solved with the full-cooperation of the international community to provide a safe-haven for those seeking asylum while upholding the Charter's goal, and 26 27 28 1. **URGES** current countries accepting these refugees to continue doing so and those that do not to reconsider opening their borders; 2. ACKNOWLEDGES that not every country can accept or afford a large number of refugees and instead recommends those countries to send aid to countries that are holding a large influx of refugees; 3. SUGGESTS that the Security Council place economic sanctions and set up a peacekeeping operation in Syria until the civil unrest is solved and there is a reform in the Syrian government.

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Submitted To: First Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Turkey

1 Appalled by the fact that an estimated 470,000 people have been killed according to the New York Times, as a direct result of the Syrian conflict, and

<u>Alarmed</u> that the Syrian government has spent 255 billion U.S. dollars to wage the conflict and has dropped Syria from a stable state to a state where 4 out of 5 residents are in poverty, but

<u>Stressing</u> that an enormous casualty rate, huge economic loss, a gross violation of basic human rights, affecting all types of people, including many civilians, has occurred, but the conflict still continues, and

<u>Noting</u> that the U.N. has had many talks about Syria on the U.N. Security Council as well as supporting the International Syrian Support Group (ISSG) that has provided aid for thousands of Syrians in areas such as refugee camps and food, and

<u>Believing</u> that it is necessary to end the Syrian conflict because of the threat it provides for human rights, not just for the Syrian people, but for the entire international community and the mission of the United Nations: the keeping of international peace and protection of human rights, and

<u>Applauding</u> the work the U.N. has already done, but finds it necessary to provide further aid and take greater action in Syria, and

1. <u>Urges</u> the Security-General to initiate new peace talks with the opposition and Syrian government, to help provide long lasting peace to all;

2. Expresses the hope for a temporary cease fire to open opportunities for peace talks and safe delivery of aid;

3. <u>Emphasizes</u> the need for the international community to help restore normal living conditions to Syria, help create a better healthcare system and to fix the low living condition of the people in Syria by providing financial resources;

4. <u>Suggests</u> that the United Nations should create a strong Syrian aid system to raise job opportunities and provide financial aid to help Syrian citizens, help refugees have a stable source of income in order to feed and house their families, and improve the lives of many civilians touched by the brutal Syrian Conflict.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: United Arab Emirates

<u>Mindful</u> of the extensive efforts that have already been put forth to assist in the Syrian civil war against ISIS and other violent extremist groups by the United Nations, including the recent reaffirmation and review of the UN Global Counterterrorism Strategy of 2006, and

1 2

Appreciating all actions taken by member states worldwide to curb the spread of violent extremism in the Middle East in past years, and recently with aid in the violent Syrian civil war, and

Noting with grave concern the presence of around 4.8 million refugees left homeless and impoverished by the ongoing civil conflict in the Syrian Arab Republic, 20% of those persons being children age 11 and under, and

Bearing in mind the enormous impacts, both positive and negative, that this influx of refugees has on the nations neighboring Syria as well as those across the Mediterranean Sea, and,

Stressing the importance of fair treatment and civil liberties for the displaced persons, no matter what nation they are forced into, and

<u>Alarmed</u> by the lack of safety and sanitation that the displaced persons experience by no fault of their own, and

1) <u>Applauds</u> the work that has been done by the Secretary-General in creating the Plan of Action to Prevent Violent extremism;

2) Expresses its sympathy for the displaced persons across the world that have been created by the current conflict in Syria as they face deplorable and dangerous conditions;

3) Recommends that a proportional contribution of resources from each member nation be contributed to help end the violence and assist the refugees of Syria in a way that benefits both those receiving the relief and those providing it;

4) <u>Calls Upon</u> member nations to provide assistance through Non-Governmental Organizations, such as the Syrian-American Medical Society that provides medical care for refugees on the ground and Project Amal Ou Salaam that funds the building and operation of schools for refugee children in North Africa and European nations who have received a large influx of 7.5 million refugees;

5) Expresses its hope that the cooperation and united effort by the United Nations can end the civil conflict in Syria and bring about peace for the region.



### Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Republic of Austria

Expressing outrage at the increasing level of violence resulting in causalities of over a quarter

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2 of a million people as a result of the Syrian conflict, and 3 4 Deeply disturbed by the continued deterioration of the humanitarian conditions in Syria and the 5 lack of basic services to the Syrian people, including food and medical care, and 6 7 Bearing in mind, more than 13 million people in Syria are in need of some type of humanitarian 8 intervention, half of which are displaced or in besieged regions not reachable, and 9 Reaffirming its Resolutions 2165 (2014) and 2259 (2015) which encourages Governments to 10 11 work with UN bodies aimed at improving the coordination and effectiveness of humanitarian 12 assistance, and 13 14 **Emphasizing** the need to support the United Nations and their partners to expand the delivery of humanitarian assistance to reach people in need in Syria and shall allow the immediate delivery 15 16 of humanitarian assistance to people of Syria, by the United Nations and their partners 17 regardless of any political prejudice, and 18 Encouraged by the recent peace talks, the United Nations supports continued discussion and 19 20 action for a peaceful resolution, enabling much needed humanitarian supplies reaching the most desperate areas in the conflict, and Emphasizing that the humanitarian situation will continue to deteriorate further in the absence of a political solution to the crisis, and 1. **Demands** that the Syrian authorities immediately comply with their obligations under international law, including international humanitarian and human rights law as applicable, and to immediately comply with the implementation of all the provisions of Security Council resolutions; 2. Emphasizes the need for continued progress towards a peaceful solution to the conflict, allowing return to regional stability and basic care for those oppressed by the conflict; 3. Expresses hope that the Syrian government will respond quickly and cooperate with requests of crossing check points and borders for humanitarian deliveries by the

United Nations or their partners.



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Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: The Republic of Panama

Realizing that certain governments may become destructive, the people that live under the government have begun to form attacks against the people that have chosen to oppress them, and

Taking into account the planned attacks against set power, the President Al-Assad, has decided

Aware of President Al-Assad's confidence to tackle the rebellion, he could take down the rebellion, the separate factions began to protest but with no avail, the government deplored

troops to stop the factions from catching ground, leading to fighting, violence, death, and

to fight unhappy and protesting factions that exist among the population of the country, and

<u>Cognizant</u> of the actions of the people, along with the route taken by the government, and the UN's previously employed cease fires for the Syria Arab Republic, but

<u>Considering</u> the power of the governments previously established, and the weakness of the people inhabiting the country, specifically the lack of power they hold in the country, invasive courses of action must be taken, and

1) <u>Stresses</u> the need to disband the military established by previous government, along with establishing the need to unarm all political officials currently at odds with the factions fighting against the authority;

2) <u>Invites</u> current factions at odds with the government to step down, and lay down arms in hopes of picking up a more peaceful approach, without being afraid of being taken down by their own governing body;

3) <u>Demands</u> that destructive governments be disbanded, with new governing bodies imposed to help the people feel more protected by their ruling officials and destroy the tension between the current factions;

4) Expresses the belief that after new government is imposed, it is the duty of the officials to disband factions that create terror among the people within the country, and also to people of neighboring or countries that are established around the entire world;

5) Requests that all factions currently living in the Syria Arab Republic be given compensation by all countries around the world to return to their pre-war state, and to allow the government to be established with some current financial stability.



**Submitted To: First Political Topic: Middle East** Submitted By: Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela

1 2		RING IN MIND that the ongoing crisis of the Syrian conflict in the Middle East has been ring since March 2011, and		
3 4 5		<u>VED</u> by the fact that the death toll has risen to over 280,000 people, half of which are ed to be Syrian civilians, and		
6				
7	<u>AWA</u>	<u>RE</u> that it was even reported by one UN special envoy to Syria that the realistic death toll		
8	could even be as much as 400,000 people as of June 2016, and			
9				
10	<u>CONCERNED</u> with the fact that airstrikes led by various nations and coalitions established to			
11	fight against ISIS forces have only added to that death toll by thousands, killing women and			
12	children, and some airstrikes in certain areas even becoming the deadliest coalition attacks on			
13	nonco	mbatants since the beginning of the bombing campaign against ISIS, and		
14 15	EVDD	ESSING DEED CONCERN that ag of Eahmany 24, 2016, 6,6 million goods, of the mation		
16	of Syr	ESSING DEEP CONCERN that as of February 24, 2016, 6.6 million people of the nation is have been displaced, forced into fleeing the country due to the turmoil and forcing for		
17	of Syria have been displaced, forced into fleeing the country due to the turmoil and fearing for their safety, and			
18	then 5	uroty, and		
19	APPR	ECIATING the efforts and humanitarian aid already put forth by many nations in various		
20		of aid to assist in the refugee crisis caused by this conflict;		
21		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
22	1.	STRESSES the suggestion to avoid armed intervention in Syria that would only lead to		
23		deepening the state of crisis and add tremendously to the death roll, but rather look to		
24		negotiated settlement;		
25				
26	2.	EXPRESSES WITH BELIEF that with the continuance of air strikes and armed attacks,		
27		which are taking the lives of civilians, that the same process of intervention applied by		
28		foreign powers in Libya is being repeated in Syria;		
29	2	LID CDG water at 1 1 at 1 at 1 at 1 at 1 at 1 at 1 a		
30 31	3.	<u>URGES</u> nations to look towards steps that would aid in backing the Syrian government as		
31		to help in the fight against violent rebels and in hopes of bringing the conflict to a		

4. EMPHASIZES its own support of the Assad government and welcoming displaced

peaceful end before more lives are lost senselessly;

citizens of Syria to take refuge within the borders of Venezuela.

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Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Bolivia

1		1 of the 250,000 Syrian civilians that have been brutally shot and killed because of these	
2	ISIS ter	rorist group plus the 11 million that have been homeless due to this terrorist group, and	
3			
4		ng the 4.5 million people that have fled the ISIS controlled country of Syria and fled to	
5	Turkey,	Lebanon, and Jordan we now have to deal with illegal immigration in countries	
6	especia	lly Europe meaning with get over 10% of the Syrian, and	
7	_		
8		of the airstrikes in Syria on ISIS there has been very little success rate to the problem, and	
9	the more we strike Syria and hit civilians the more the ISIS group grow with pride in what they		
10	are doing to the country of Syria, and		
11			
12	Realizing that thousands of children have been killed and are not learning in Syria which is not		
13	good for the population of Syria, and that has unemployed the minimum of 50 thousand teachers		
14	in the country of Syria, and		
15			
16	1.	Having reviewed the topic of Middle East we should not let all of these people be killed	
17		every day, so I suggest that we should take and agree with Russia and the United States	
18		that we should all agree to kill all ISIS and save the country of Syria for another war this	
19		will create a better plan to defeat the ISIS terrorist;	
20			
21	2.	Drawing attention to the fact that there still is a problem to the refugees from Syria I	

suggest that the can only go to the border country of Syria for the fact that the rest of the

countries say no to the refugees because they do not want to pay for the storage of

refugees that are not going to work to stay.

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**Submitted To: 1**<sup>st</sup> Political **Topic: Middle East** Submitted By: Columbia

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1	HAVINO	G CONSIDERED the fact that 11 million Syrians have chosen to flee from their homes or			
2		ced to leave because of the Syrian civil war, this is a problem because it has resulted in an			
3	abundance of refugees with no place to live, so these refugees roam to countries in Europe and even				
4		Asia, and			
5					
6	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that with these herds of mass refugees there have terrorist hiding				
7	amongst them, and since countries are taking in the refugees it has led to multiple terrorist attacks,				
8	and				
9					
10	STRESSING that in this war about 300,000 to 400,000 people have already been killed, and about				
11		civilians were killed as a result of this war; this is the reason for so many refugees because it			
12	has been	such a deadly war overall, and very deadly for the civilians that chose to stay, and			
13	47.4753.4				
14		ED by the fact that the government of Syria started the civil war, the government of Syria			
15 16	Killed, Ki	dnapped, and tortured civilians who protested them, and			
17	CONSI	<u>DERING</u> that this war has countries that support the rebel fighters and countries that support			
18		rnment this could eventually evolve into a war much bigger than the civil war it is now, and			
19	the gove	infinite this could eventually ever to the interior office than the civil war it is now, and			
20	1)	REQUESTS are what countries must do when it comes to the refugees; the refugees of			
21	,	Syria must be divided upon countries willing to take them because they have nowhere safe			
22		to live; and that's what the refugees are seeking is a better, more peaceful life, the refugees			
23		could be divided by countries volunteering to take them or they would be evenly spread			
24		amongst the nations forcibly, and			
25					
26	2)	<u>CALLS UPON</u> background checking the refugees must be made in order to stop these			
27		malicious terrorist attacks taking place that take place because of the terrorists disguising			
28		themselves and pretending to be refugees just to infiltrate certain countries and areas to do			
29		terror attacks, and			
30	2)	DECLADES as also as a second s			
31 32	3)	<u>DECLARES</u> must be made to stop the violence in Syria as soon as possible so that the			
32 33		conflict can be solved in a more peaceful position rather than with a war, this conflict can			
34		be fixed with a simple compromise of the Syrian President resigning after one extra year or perhaps he gets some benefit and the citizens get him out of office, and			
35		perhaps he gets some benefit and the ethizens get min out of office, and			
36					
37	4)	ACKNOWLEDGES that attempts have to start being made to solve this issue before it gets			
38	,	out of hand and large countries with strong, large militaries get involved and this war gets			

38 39

even more violent.





Submitted To: First Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Tanzania

BEARING IN MIND that many citizens have become displaced due to terror and, 1 2 AWARE that many of them are families with young children and, 3 4 REITERATING that terror has separated or destroyed family dynamics and, 5 6 **RECOGNIZING** the efforts done by UN member states to stop terror and take in refuges, in 7 8 their induvial nations and, 9 **CONFIDENT** in the UN to conjure a solution, to create better lives for the children who are our 10 future; 11 12 13 1. Promoting the work done in the past by the committee on the matter of refuges in the Middle East: 14 15 2. Suggests the IMF fund the relocation of refuges and their families, to an area of safety, 16 17 while terror is still prevalent; 18 3. Advocates for a common visa system to be created for refuges and their families, to 19 expedite the process; 20 21 4. Demands a long term solution be found to terror, in conjunction with this, so refuges 22 won't be displaced and feel unsafe in their homeland 23 24 5. Appeals all nations to help refugees in ways, including sheltering them in their time of 25 need. 26 27



Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Middle East
Submitted By: Central African Republic

ALARMED of the threat that ISIS and other Middle Eastern terrorist organizations pose 1 imminent danger and threats to the area of the Middle East, and 2 3 BEARING IN MIND that this is an issue, not only effecting other nations, but the citizens of the 4 5 Middle East in way unimaginable for many and, 6 AWARE that one of the major root causes of this spread of terrorism is maintained and carried 7 out through the exchange of information on the internet, and 8 9 DETERMINED to end this state of terror and war and result in peace, freedom, and equality for 10 the citizens of the Middle East, and globally, and 11 12 TAKING INTO ACCOUNT the actions done by world powers to help end terror and create a 13 safer world for all, and 14 15 1. DEPLORES countries that don't take a serious approach on countering terrorism 16 through, homegrown and international; 17 18 2. URGES the education of young people be enhanced in this region, noting that 19 20 terrorism is caused by the miseducation of young citizens; 21 3. RECOMMENDS the need for a task force against terrorisms be created and held in 22 CAR, with experts on sociology, education and terrorism prevention as heads of the 23 24 force; 25 4. EXPRESSES IT'S CONVICTION that countries contribute immediately to put a stop 26 to terrorism directed through recruitment; 27 28

5. REITERATES that this task force would fight these terrorist organizations root

source of causing violence, and also education should be advanced in these areas.

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Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Algeria

BEARING IN MIND the definition of migrant worker as used by the United Nations, is as 1 follows: "The term 'migrant worker' refers to a person who is engaged or has been engaged in 2 remunerated activity in a State of which he or she is not a national", and 3 4 AWARE of the kafala system, used to monitor migrant laborers through the use of sponsors who 5 are legally responsible for immigrants, practiced primarily in places like Lebanon, Bahrain, Iraq, 6 Jordan, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the UAE and the fact that it has been criticized 7 by human rights organizations, and 8 9 COGNIZANT of the fact that due to many differences between immigration laws in different 10 countries and regions, migrant workers' legal statuses are often left unclear and open to 11 interpretation, and 12 13 CONSCIOUS of the recent economic boom in the Middle East and increasing need for workers, 14 15 and 16 ENCOURAGED by new Qatari legislation which limits the power of sponsors/employers over 17 their migrant workers; 18 19 1. Urges that more nations take action against unjust migrant labor systems such as the 20 kafala system; 21 22 2. Suggests that immigration reform shift towards more comprehensive policies so as to 23 better the lives of migrant workers and further clarify immigrants' rights under law; 24 25 3. Recommends the creation of a labor union in the Middle East in order to better 26 regulate the rights of migrant workers and to ensure fair treatment for these workers. 27





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle-East Submitted By: Burundi

ALARMED by a staggering number of 28,328 deaths due to terrorist activities in 2015 compared 1 to 11,098 deaths due to terrorist activities in 2012, and 2 3 EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN in the rise of terrorist activity since the popularity and forth 4 coming of ISIS, ISIL, and other major terrorist groups, and 5 6 BEARING IN MIND that Islam is not to be regarded, considered, deemed, judged, etc. as a 7 naturally violent practice and should not be associated with current terrorist actions going on 8 9 throughout the world, and 10 APPRECIATING current country's attempts at the eradication of past and present terror 11 organizations, and 12 13 CONFIDENT that every nation is working night and day to fend the use of terror through the 14 threat of violence and death within not only their own borders, but in nations that request 15 16 assistance, and 17 EMPHASIZING the fact that nations need not infringe on other nation's sovereignty in order to 18 19 fight terrorism, and 20 ENDORSING the idea that individual countries should not have to accept help or resources from 21 others to fend off terrorism if they do not wish for them; 22 23 1. Demands education for people of all nationalities, ethnicities, races, etc. so as to warn 24 them away from the dangers of terrorism and people affiliated with it; 25 26 2. Recommends the stoppage of foreign military intervening and allowing countries to deal 27

with terrorism on their own terms unless purposefully neglecting its responsibilities

towards the protection of the general good.

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1 2

 world will be a safer place.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Rwanda

BEARING IN MIND the threat the Middle East poses to the rest of the world, and
AWARE that thousands of terrorist attacks are plotted and executed from there, and that this threat is continuous, and
REITERATING that the head of most terrorist organizations reside in the Middle East, hidden from the world, to plot their various acts of crime
TAKING INTO ACCOUNT the lives lost to terrorism everyday;
1. Promoting the bombing of the middle east because of the global threat posed by them harming civilians to spread their ideas and culture;
2. Suggests a worldwide launch of nuclear missiles towards the middle east so there will be no chance of survival of the terrorist groups;
3. Advocates funding to create larger more powerful missiles so if future threats should arise they can be dealt with quicker and easier;
4. Stresses the need to maintain national security for all nations from foreign threats;
5. Suggests the creation of teams of scientists and war generals to find the quickest most effective way to eliminate the threat of the middle east;

6. Expresses Hope that the threat posed by the Middle East will soon be destroyed and the



Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: Kazakhstan Submitted To: 1st Political

1	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN the expansion of terrorist groups, particularly			
2	the Islamic State, in the Middle East to over 18 different countries and,			
3 4 5	<u>TAKING INTO ACCOUNT</u> that the Islamic State is one of the wealthiest militant groups of all time and,			
6 7 8	<u>REALIZING</u> that Iraqi and Kurdish forces have taken back 40 percent of the militant group's land in Iraq and have seized land in Syria and,			
9 10 11	MINDFUL of the United Nations set up of an early crisis detection system to safeguard the rule of law and human rights and,			
12	connected to the Call II william of the worker to making in the Middle Foot			
13	STRESSING the importance of the dismantling of terrorist groups in the Middle East			
14	to secure oil economy in the region, and;			
15	1) INVITES willing nations to provide monetary aid to the Middle Eastern			
16	countries plagued by the Islamic State;			
17	countries plagued by the Islamic State,			
18	2) URGES nations to help provide military training to the citizens of Middle			
19	Eastern nations overruled by the Islamic State in order to be educated on how			
20	to properly defend themselves from attack;			
41 22	to properly desend memserves from actuals,			
21 22 23 24 25	3) CALLS UPON member states of the United Nations to begin increasing			
23 24	border patrol of Middle Eastern countries to help stop the spread of terrorist			
2 <del>4</del> 25	groups across different countries;			
26	groups derous different vo minimus,			
27 27	4) WELCOMES member nations to provide food and water to help the victims			
28	that have been overtaken by ISIS;			
29	•			
30	5) HIGHLIGHTING that this process will take time and help reduce the spread			
31	of the Islamic State in the Middle East.			
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## Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Republic of Ireland

1	Expressing deep concern that global warming is a worldwide crisis, and
2 3 4 5	Emphasizing that the average global temperature has risen significantly and could continue rising at an exponential rate if no immediate precautions are enacted to prevent this growth, and
6	
7	Alarmed that the predicted average global temperature rise could exceed 2 degrees Celsius
8	over the next 4 decades and could continue to increase if no actions are taken, which could
9	lead to the rising of the oceans and the flooding of coastal shorelines, and
10	a 1 d 1 d 1 d 1 d 1 d 1 d 1 d 1 d 1 d 1
11	Concerned that the global carbon levels have reached 400 parts per million, which could
12	lead to ocean acidification, on top of the 13.3% of arctic ice that melts into the ocean every
13	decade, and
14	E. II. as I want a lainer the effort that has been put forth to combat the threat of global
15	Fully acknowledging the effort that has been put forth to combat the threat of global
16	warming;
17	1) Stresses the importance of providing research and showing possible solutions for
18	preventing global warming's increase in global temperature, so as to prevent further
19	damage to the world's ecosystem and balance;
20 21	damage to the world's coosystem and balance,
22	2) Suggests the United Nations create a worldwide campaign to research specific actions
23	to lessen the effects of global warming currently, and to eventually eradicate the problem
24	entirely in the future;
25	officially in the factors,
26	3) Promotes the placement of global guidelines requiring all citizens to follow specific
27	directions created by the UN before the month of June of 2017 in order to mitigate
28	the impact of global warming.



Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Federative Republic of Brazil

1	<u>REALIZING</u> the fact that, there have always been immigration issues in Europe for centuries,					
2	today they face it again this time it is refugees fleeing from Africa and Asia where people like					
3		created chaos and carnage, and				
4						
5	STRESSIN	NG the fact that, in 2015 more than a million immigrants came to Europe which is				
6		e than the 2014 numbers which was:280,000, and in the just the first two months of				
7		was 135,000 immigrants crossing into Europe, and				
8						
9	RECOGN	IZING the fact that, more than 80% of the immigrants that came by boat in 2015 came				
0		Middle Eastern countries, and				
1						
2	HAVING	CONSIDERED the fact that, more than 3,770 people that were immigrating drowned				
3		ssing while trying to cross the Mediterranean Sea to Greece or Italy in flimsy dinghies				
4		ishing boats; and				
15						
6	1)	ACKNOWLEDGES the importance that the immigrants are leaving their homeland				
17		to go to safer places such as Europe so we must make sure they are not turned down				
8		just like article 14 of the Declaration of Human Rights states;				
9						
20	2)	RECOMMENDS that countries must work together by making laws and regulations,				
21		having more patrol, and working with the International Organization of Migration to				
22		lower the amount of the illegal immigrants coming into all the European countries;				
22 23						
24 25	3)	<u>DIRECTS</u> the problem to the countries where most of the immigrants come from and				
25		where the most work must be done to lower the amounts of illegal immigrants going				
26 27		in to Europe which would include stopping ISIS from ruining the immigrants				
		homeland;				
28						
29	4)	<u>URGES</u> that police watch immigration traffic more closely along with country border				
30		patrol in coalition with the International Organization for Migration in the countries				
31		that have the immigration issues so the mode of travel is safer for immigrants to				
32		travel so there will be no more drowning.				



Submitted to: First Political Topic: Europe Submitted by: Romania

**<u>DEEPLY CONCERNED</u>** of the momentum of the Russian Federation in its attempt to reclaim lands claimed to have been apart of Russia originally, and the Russian Federation's mobility of its forces, such as militant intervention in the Ukraine and Syria, and their interest in these lands due to Russian connections, such as previous alliances, and trading deals, as found predominantly with Syria, and

<u>AWARE OF</u> the Russian militant involvement in the current Ukrainian war in this current time, and their effort to sway the Ukrainian government towards the Russian Federation, as Crimea is often referred to as the "breadbasket of Russia," because of its agricultural value to the Russian population, and

**RECOGNIZING** Russia's right to mobilize its military forces, and use them in homeland forces, yet also seeking understanding to the cause of their immoral militant intervention, and

<u>APPLAUDING</u> the UN and key Western Forces in their attempts to hold off and forewarn the Russian Federation, as indicated and observed through the General Assembly's resolution 68/262 which affirms the territorial integrity of Ukraine, and

<u>**DESIRING**</u> more help from the United Nations in the ensuring that the entirety of this dispute is handled peacefully and taken with caution, and all nations associated in Asia and Europe feel safer from this Russian militant crisis;

- 1.) **ENCOURAGES** help from all countries to stick up to tyrannic rule and other countries that oppress the weaker, poorer countries, and for the countries of the world to stand up to suppressive nations;
- 2.) <u>CALLS UPON</u> the military and economic aid of Western nations in times of conflict, and cases of the nature, in which a more predominant power is oppressing a weaker power;
- 3.) **REQUESTS** the United Nations to send peacekeepers to protect citizens of countries being harassed or tormented by an oppressive country;
- 4.) <u>SUGGESTS</u> countries respect the national sovereignty of other nations and stay within their own sovereign borders unless aid is requested.



Subject: Europe Sponsored By: Greece Submitted To: 1st Political

1 2	AWARE of the revolving arou	ne circumstances and reasons in which The United Kingdom has left the EU, and immigration and an already low economy, and					
3 4 5 6	<u>HAVING CONSIDERED</u> both the benefits, such as trade, and the drawbacks of having The United Kingdom remain in contact with the European Union, such as a weak, ununited front, and						
7	MINIDELIL	f the 500/ years to leave and the 48% years to stay with over three-fifths of the					
8 9	MINDFUL of the 52% vote to leave and the 48% vote to stay, with over three-fifths of the population showing up to vote, and						
10	population six	owing up to vote, and					
11 12		the disadvantage the European Union will be at without the United Kingdom in ununited front and a poor economy, and					
13	ii, sucii as aii i	munited from and a poor economy, and					
14	NOTING WI	<u>FH REGRET</u> the strain the economy of Britain surely will undergo as a result of					
15	leaving;	in the strain we seem y					
16	icaving,						
17	1)	DEPLORES the United Kingdom for leaving the European Union, as it may					
18	-/	encourage other countries to follow their lead;					
19							
20	2)	EMPHASIZES that other European countries should, under no circumstances,					
21	ŕ	leave the European Unions for fear of it falling apart;					
22							
23	3)	EXPRESSES ITS BELIEF that the European countries are stronger together					
24		rather than apart, demonstrated by the creation of the European Nations;					
25							
26	4)	REITERATES its disappointment in the United Kingdom for leaving, and asks					
27		that no other countries follow in suit.					
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Submitted To: First Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: The French Republic

COGNIZANT that terror across the world, especially in the Schengen area of Europe (20% 1 homegrown and almost 80% international), is on the rise, up 70% in the last 10 years, and) 2 3 EMPHASIZING the importance of citizens, international students, and tourists being safe 4 unharmed during their residence, studies, and holidays in Europe, and 5 6 RECONIZING the need for European nations to maintain safety, without infringing on national 7 8 sovereignty, and 9 ENDORSING the efforts made by United Nations Members to fight terrorist groups, such as 10 drone strikes and embargos, after terror strikes in Europe, against ISIS and other groups of terror 11 12 ,and 13 UNDERSTANDING that terrorist attacks are can be from religious, political, criminal, and in 14 15 some cases state sponsored 16 TAKING INTO ACCOUNT the 350 lives lost resulting from the terror attacks, and 1400 injured 17 18 in the past years from attacks, and 19 20

AWARE that a solution must be made to allow Europe's 743.1 million citizens, students, and tourists to find safety in the nation's Government;

1. Stresses the need to maintain the national sovereignty for nations;

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- 2. <u>Directs</u> European Union to increase boarder security in the Schengen area, to better prevent fugitives and terrorists from crossing into other nations undetected;
- 3. <u>Appeals</u> to all European Nations' to strengthen train, subway, and airport security measures and procedures, to better secure nations' borders, noting many acts of terror happen at ports of transportation;



33	4.	<u>Instructs</u> a more intensive background check on refuges, immigrants, and international
34		students, and this is to be documented in Schengen Information System (SIS);
35		
36	5.	Appeals to European nations to create and fund a Terror Relief Fund, to aid victims and
37		their families affected by terrorism;
38		

- 6. <u>Suggests</u> that Europe creates an anti-terrorism committee, as a sub-body of the UN, that will be located in Bordeaux, France, also said committee will be funded by the French Government and for them to create and fund a Terror Relief Fund, to aid victims and their families affected by terrorism;
- 7. <u>Expresses Hope</u> that a solution to Europe's problem will be found and said solutions can be applied to other areas, due to terrorism being a global threat.



Subject: Europe Sponsored By: United Kingdom Submitted To: 1st Political

<u>CONCERNED</u> with the actions that the United Kingdom has taken regarding the Secession from the European Union, and how it will affect relations with other neighboring nations as well as countries within the United Kingdom, and

<u>AWARE</u> that Scotland and Northern Ireland do not agree with the United Kingdom's vote to leave the European Union and it could, lead to the disintegration of the United Kingdom, an effort must be put forth to keep the nations together, and

<u>CONSCIOUS</u> that trade policies between the United Kingdom and the European Union will need to be renegotiated as they are no longer a part of their entity, and

<u>EMPHASIZING</u> the necessity of keeping the revised agreement similar to that of the previous one, the Free Trade Agreement, as it will benefit the United Kingdom and the European Union while settling tensions between the two;

- 1.) <u>STRESSES</u> that the European Union GDP would be 15 percent lower without the United Kingdom and they would lose appeal as a good trade partner;
- 2.) <u>TAKES NOTE</u> that the European Union is currently negotiating trade deals with the US, Canada and Japan, improving access to markets worth and would benefit the United Kingdom greatly;
- 3.) <u>DRAWS ATTENTION TO</u> the fact that The European Union's top trade priorities are the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) with the US and the Economic Partnership Agreement with Japan, the European Union is not their first priority nation to trade with;
- 4.) <u>IMPLORES</u> The European Union to keep the United Kingdom as a trade partner in order for it too keep political weight behind its trading negotiations with nations outside of the European union;
- 5.) <u>REQUESTS</u> That the countries of the United Nations implore the countries within the UN that are in the European Union to keep the same trade agreements that were held prior to the succeeding.





Submitted To: First Political Topic: Antarctica Submitted By: Ethiopia

Conscious that almost 35,000 tourists from numerous nations and backgrounds accessed the 1 region of Antarctica in the past year, and 2 3 Noting with grave concern the sewage and food waste disposed at sea and on land contain 4 HBCD, chemicals that disrupt thyroid hormones affecting development of the brain and 5 metabolism in animals such as penguins, fish, and marine worms, and 6 7 Recalling the Antarctic Treaty of 1959 in which the disposal of radioactive wastes is prohibited 8 and protects the Antarctic environment and wildlife, and 9 10 Mindful of the oil spills that plague the Antarctic region and the inability to expunge this blight 11 on the white tundra and surrounding sea that could negatively affects hundreds of species, and 12 13 Alarmed that many sailors are not aware that the removal of ship waste including ship lines and 14 nets can result in the asphyxiation of local birds and seals, resulting in a slow and painful demise, 15 16 and 17 Appreciating the work of various groups including IAATO and the CCAMLR among others that 18 have been at the forefront of conserving the wildlife and maintaining the beauty of the white 19 tundra; 20 21 1. Urges that biological waste treatment plants be discharged into the oceans that 22 surround Antarctica in order to dispose of mentally detrimental chemicals infesting 23 the arctic tundra; 24 25 2. Requests that the waters surrounding Antarctica be mapped and chartered in order to 26 curtail the amount of groundings and sinking of ships due to unfamiliar waters, 27 28 resulting in a reduction of oil spills; 29 3. Recommends that the level of international tourism to Antarctica be reduced in order 30 to limit the amount of waste and conserve wildlife; 31 32

33
 4. Supports an educational program to educate sailors and scientists of the effects of their waste and how it negatively affects the local wildlife;
 35
 36
 5. Expresses the hope that the IAATO and CCAMLR are able to successfully remove

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radioactive debris and create an Antarctica in which waste is nonexistent.