

First Political

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Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Bolivia



1	MINDFUL OF THE 3,500 that are being held under ISIS control as slaves or hostages;
2	nevertheless, more than they kill they gain back by ambushing vehicles and cities, and
3	
4	MINDFUL OF THE 10,000 innocent civilians that have died from beheadings, crucifixions, and
5	at gunpoint of ISIS in the year 2014, and
6	
7	AWARE of the airstrikes occurring in Syria for ISIS has had very little success rate in
8	terminating the problem of ISIS, and the more we strike Syria and hit civilians the more the ISIS
9	group grows with pride in what they are doing to the country of Syria, and
10	
11	REALIZING that ISIS controls more than \$2 trillion in assets with another \$2.9 billion in annual
12	income, but today ISIS has two main sources of revenue: oil and taxes; should be and taxes;
13	
14	1) HAVING REVIEWED the topic of Africa and now the UN should not let all of these
15	people be killed every day, and the UN that should take each other together and make an
16	alliance to destroy all ISIS and save the country of Syria for another war this will create a
17	better plan to defeat the ISIS terrorist;
18	
19	2) DRAWING ATTENTION TO the fact that there still is a problem of refugees from
20	Syria the UN can only go to the border country of the Syria for the fact that the rest of the
21	countries in the world should not have to deal out taxes and revenue to take in refugees
22	that could actually be terrorists.





Submitted To: First Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: The Republic of Chile

NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that in terms of GDP per capita Africa has eighteen of the twenty poorest countries in the world and as a continent, Africa by far is the poorest with a GDP per capita of

3. only \$3,211, and

5. FULLY AWARE that Africa is one of the richest continents on earth in terms of natural resources and, in 6. some places, the ability to have and maintain a large agricultural industry, and

7.

8. NOTING that although natural resources can be very good for the African economy without the correct policies in place and diversification, African countries could fall into the "Natural Resources Trap" which

10. is a process in which nations dependent on oil, gas and mining have had weaker long-run growth, higher 11. rates of poverty, and higher income inequality than non-natural resource based economies at similar

12. income levels, and

13.

14. DEEPLY CONCERNED that African countries generally have a bad case of "Dutch Disease" which is a 15. process in which something, in this case a commodity, causes a large inflow of foreign currency, this leads 16. to the appreciation of their own currency, making the countries other products less competitive in the 17. international and domestic marketplace, and

19. ENCOURAGED by the fact that the African economy has continued to grow for several years at high 20. rates in terms of GDP and has, since 2006, increased at an average of 5.8% per year, and

22. STRESSING that in order for the African economy to continue to grow, there must be diversification by 23. the means of manufacturing, agricultural, and other industries growing within the the continent, and

24.

25. CONCERNED that if diversification is not implemented in a timely manner the natural resources Africa 26. is currently dependent on will continue to be depleted and eventually run out and if this is achieved, 27. the African economy will have nothing to maintain prosperity, and

29. TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that the current cost of operating a business in Africa is often twenty to forty 30. percent more than other developing nations due to tariffs and because Africa currently has the highest average 31. simple corporate tax compared to other continents, and

32.

33. ALARMED by the fact that many African countries do not tax their citizens, therefore their citizens do 34. not hold their government accountable if they spend money wildly, corruptly and without purpose;

35. 36,

1) ENDORSES the following policy changes so that Africa can become the fastest growing continent on Earth: lower tariff rates and cut corporate tax to bring in private manufacturing businesses;

37. 38. 39.

40.

2) RECOMMENDS African nations implement a small income tax upon their citizens and use a large portion of their taxmoney and any or all aid to invest in education, infrastructure, and their country's future;

41. 42. 43.

44.

3) SUGGEST African nations shift to use currencies like the U.S. Dollar or the Euro as a means of achieving and using a stable currency.

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36 37 38



Subject: Africa Sponsored By: Uganda **Submitted To: 1st Political**

1 2 3	ALARMED at the increasing rate of South Sudanese refugees fleeing from South Sudan to get away from violence and that Uganda shelters the most of these refugees, and
4 5 6 7	NOTING WITH CONCERN that over 85,000 South Sudanese refugees have fled into Uganda since July of 2016, and
8 9 10	<u>REALIZING</u> that terrorists may hide among the incoming refugees and cause terrorist attacks in Uganda which would lead to chaos, and
11 12 13 14 15	GRIEVED that South Sudan is showing signs of an impending genocide that could be a repeat of the Rwandan genocide which happened in 1994, which would lead to even larger amounts of refugees pouring into Uganda, and
16 17 18	<u>RECOGNIZES</u> that Uganda needs more funding and aid to support the large masses of refugees already in Uganda and the ones who are currently coming into the country, and
19 20 21 22	<u>CONCERNED</u> that the UN Refugees Agency (UNHCR) has stated that the situation in Uganda has created that third largest refugee crisis, and
22 23 24 25 26 27	<u>ACKNOWLEDGES</u> that the UN's World Food Program (WFP) needs more funding and that this program with the proper funding would help the refugees in Uganda be given access to the food that they need, since there are famines in several areas in Uganda currently;
28 29 30	1. <u>STRESSES</u> that the WFP be given more funding so that more food aid can be given to the thousands of refugees who need food;
31 32 33	2. <u>REQUESTS</u> that the UN member nations send much needed resources to aid the refugees seeking shelter in Uganda;
34	3. <u>IMPLORES</u> the UN to have more peacekeepers be sent to South Sudan to

keep the situation there under control.





Submitted To: First Political Topic: Africa Submitted By:Spain

1

CONCERNED that the malnourishment and hunger rates in Africa are among the worst when

2 3	comparing statistics taken from the worldwide population, and
4	ALARMED that the violence that takes place between the civilians of Africa on a daily
5	basis is a direct contributor to the recent hunger problems, and
6	
7	REALIZING the economic systems that are in effect in Africa cannot withstand the current
8	growth of the population causing a major part of this malnourishment epidemic taking place on
9	the continent, and
10	
11	CONSCIOUS the governments have done little to improve the economic state and the violence
12	that has caused turmoil in the lives of the population in Africa, and
13	
14	EMPHASIZING there have been no regulations put into place to subdue any civil violence or to
15	support the starving population, but the state in which Africa is in at the moment;
16	
17	1) CONFIRMS the need of stronger governments that can support the population that
18	they are to protect, which includes the need for more organized governments, the passing
19	of much needed laws, and less corruption within those governments;
20	
21	2) <u>WELCOMES</u> the stimulation of commerce through the use of a worldwide economy
22	that is always open to natural resources like the fishing, metal, mineral, oil, and natural
23	gas exports that Africa has to offer;
24	
25	3) TAKES NOTE these industries would have to be regulated by either a government
26	agency put into place for the sole purpose of ensuring that these exports are replenished
27	and are not overused;
28	
29	4) <u>CONSIDERS</u> the potential for a thriving tourism market given that the infrastructure
30	like roads and other means of inner-continental travel be greatly improved, travel
31	agencies and commercial flights find their way to Africa to make the travel more
32	accessible to the common tourist, and the violence between the local civilians be subdued
33	to create a more secure experience for all tourists;
34	

5) EXPRESSES THE HOPE that changes made to help stimulate the African economic system would drastically help the civilians get more job opportunities, and therefore, the opportunities to feed one's family would increase, so the malnourishment and hunger rates in Africa would eventually decrease with time and a better government and economic system.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Republic of Angola

1	Fully aware of the attack on dozens of churches in Kenya and Tanzania in the form of
2	bombings in 2013, such as the attack on the Roman Catholic Church in Arusha, Tanzania
3	in May. This resulted in two deaths and thirty injured persons, and
4	Noting with deep concern that in 2010, militants from the Somali-based al-Qaeda
5	affiliate group al-Shabaab killed over 70 citizens in bomb attacks on venues showing the
6	World Cup, and
7	Further recalling the attack in September 2013 when 67 citizens were killed in a
8	shopping mall in Nairobi, Kenya, and
9	Recognizing the lack of coverage, and thus knowledge, of the terrorism in Africa at this
10	period in time, and
11	Observing that the United Nations has begun to take measures such as discussing the
12	five "elements of a UN counter-terrorism strategy" that were proposed by
13	Secretary-General Kofi Annan at the UN World Summit in 2005 and noting several
14	non-UN groups, such as the Convention on the Prevention and Combating of Terrorism,
15	and the African Centre for the Study and Research on Terrorism (ACSRT);
16	
17	1.) Endorses the coverage of terrorist attacks in Africa to bring attention to the
18	issue;
19	2.) Calls Upon all able countries to work on an alternate military attack plan
20	to assure that if these groups become too much for the African governments, the citizens
21	will have protection;
22	3.) Further Recommends the development of a force in under-governed areas
23	to provide a more structured front in the combat of these terrorist groups;
24	4.) Considers the act of a more regional approach to counter-terrorism, using

synchronized activities to combat these groups terrorizing the continent, with hopes that

no one country will have to battle terrorism alone.

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Submitted to: 1st Political
Topic: Africa
Submitted By: Pakistan

<u>AWARE</u> that Africa alone has over 4,700 Non-Governmental Organizations, and that there are an estimated 10 million NGOs worldwide, at least 40,000 of those being international organizations, and

NOTING that Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) are non-profit groups, organized on a local, national, or international scale, that serve specific social and political interests, including but not limited to; advocacy and monitoring of political policies; involvement in humanitarian, environmental, or health issues; and analysis/advising of international situations, and

<u>ACKNOWLEDGING</u> that with few exceptions(the Red Cross and the Red Crescent Movement) NGOs are not required to adhere to principles of neutrality, impartiality, and solely humanitarian intervention in times of conflict, and that organizations may selectively supply relief depending on conflict based bias, and

KEEPING IN MIND the issue of sovereignty regarding NGOs during times of armed conflict and violation of human rights within a nation, and

<u>TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION</u> the corruption sometimes found within these organizations and the misuse of donations and funds raised for aide, and

<u>DEEPLY CONCERNED</u> that NGOs may take the form of sectarian or militant groups, exploiting the absence or weakness of governments while the governments have little to no control over the extent of aid or involvement to be delivered by these organizations, and

APPALLED that nations have no accessible means of action to defend their sovereignty from infringement by these international organizations;

- 1.) CONDEMNS any organization that would enter or intervene in a nation without explicit permission, as that is a direct breach of state sovereignty;
- <u>2.) SUGGESTS</u> a body be created to monitor and regulate NGOs, in order to control legitimacy, transparency, and proper allocation of funds;
- 3.) **REQUESTS** stricter codes and requirements be placed upon the formation of NGOs as to prevent the creation or corrupt or self profiting organizations;
- **4.) RECOMMENDS** a means of holding those that would infringe upon a nation's sovereignty accountable for such actions;
- <u>5.) ENCOURAGES</u> all NGOs be held to a strict code neutrality and fairness in their distribution of aid or intervention in an internal situation.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Turkey

A

Noting with grave concern that the country of Libya has dissolved into a civil war between militia groups and terror groups ever since the death of Moammar Gadhafi in 2011, and to this day no one group leads and controls the whole of Libya, and

Alarmed by the knowledge that ISIS has and continues to use Libya as a tool to seek power and spread terror into Africa and continually uses the country to plan further terror attacks to wage war into the rest of the world, and

Expresses deep concern that trust in the Libyan government is at an all-time low and the country's political system has collapsed and crumbled and without steps to build up, protect, and aid the country of Libya, the citizens will suffer at the hands of many extremist groups, but

<u>Recognizes</u> the efforts put forth by the U.N. with the creation of the General National Assembly and the attempts to solve the problem by the GNA and recognizes the U.N. organization, the United Nations Support Mission in Libya, and

<u>Reiterates</u> that the crisis in Libya has been going on since 2011, however no affective strategies have been found and that, without further action or aid, the 6.2 million people population of Libya will continue to flee and be forced out of their lands by violent militia groups due to the lack of a strong collective government, and

- 1) <u>Suggests</u> the U.N. issue a cease-fire to allow medical aid in to the country and allow fleeing refugees out, and aid in the assessment in the situation;
- 2) <u>Expresses</u> the need for Libya to embrace and accept the Unity government set up for the peaceful resolution of the civil war and asks the various rebel and political groups in Libya accept the authority and legitimacy of Prime Minister Sarraj;
- 3) <u>Draws attention</u> to the importance of Libyan border security, and regulation of borders to stop the entrance of terrorists and suggests an increase patrols and border guarding;
- 4) <u>Stresses the need</u> for the U.N. to help authorize and protect humanitarian aid groups which can help the citizens of Libya along with bring a sense of stability to the region;
- 5) <u>Urges</u> the U.N. to create a summit in which the needs and concerns of the Libyan people are discussed along with further plans to help the country regain peace, economic prosperity, and a representative government.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Republic of South Africa

<u>Expressing with deep concern</u> with the rising number of causalities, and the 2.1 million currently internally displaced people due to the Islamic militant group Boko Haram's terrorist attacks, and

Noting with regret however that due to Boko Haram's attacks, there is now a growing number of displaced people facing starvation in areas such as the Borno and Lake Chad Basin regions, and

<u>Recognizing</u> the efforts of organizations such as UNICEF whose goal is to help those affected by Boko Haram's attacks and similarly afflicted groups by providing aid and humanitarian assistance, and

<u>Mindful</u> of those organizations and what they contribute, greater measures need to be taken into place to combat the recent famine occurring in northeastern Nigeria due to Boko Haram's terror and to end the militant group's attacks, and

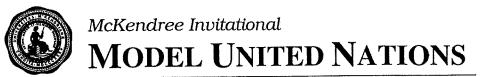
<u>Aware</u> of the establishment of the Multinational Joint Task Force (MNJT) which has provided efforts to help combat against Boko Haram in Cameroon and Nigeria, however the MNJT and the nations that fund it faces financial burden, and

<u>Reaffirming</u> Boko Haram's effect in the region, and that due to their terror attacks and militant force: over 40,000 people have been killed and there are now 2.1 million internally displaced people now facing starvation, and

1) <u>Urges</u> UN member nations to contribute with easing the financial burden that is preventing the MNJT to defend these afflicted groups against Boko Haram in these targeted regions;

 Recommends for more aid and humanitarian assistance such as food and medicine to be focused towards these 2.1 million internally displaced people threatened by famine;

3) <u>Stresses</u> the importance for UN member nations to consider the importance of defending against this group and the threat Boko Haram places not just to the surrounding region but also to world peace and the ideas of the United Nations.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Japan

1	<u>REAFFIRMING</u> that the definition of hunger is a condition in which a person is unable
2	to eat enough food to maintain nutritional needs, and
2 3	
4	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN that as of 22 February 2017, there are 1,367,00
5	children that are suffering severe acute malnutrition in North-East Nigeria, South Sudan,
6	Somalia, and Yemen alone, and
7	
8	COGNIZANT of the efforts already put forth to try to combat child hunger by more able
9	countries and organizations, and
10	
11	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN the food rations in Yemen were cut by more than
12	half in 2016 compared to 2015, and
13	
14	AWARE that the United Nations would need at least \$4.4 billion US to avoid a
15	catastrophe in the previously stated countries;
16	
17	1) <u>URGES</u> that all able countries contribute in some way to help end child
18	hunger in Africa;
19	
20	2) <u>REQUESTS</u> an organization be made that would accept donations from able
21	member states to help combat child hunger in Africa;
22	
23	3) APPLAUDS all efforts previously taken by more able countries and
24	organizations to help end child hunger in Africa;
25	
26	4) EXPRESSES THE HOPE through international cooperation the United
27	Nations can help provide a sustainable food supply for malnourished children
28	in Africa.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Poland

- 1. BEARING IN MIND that the Islamic State group is looking to expand into Africa as
- 2. military forces from the United States, Russia, France, United Kingdom, as well as
- 3. several Arab nations continue to push them away from their strongholds in Syria and
- 4. Iraq.

5.

- 6. STRESSING, the fact that the terrorist group ISIS has made its key target Libya,
- 7. seeing it as a gateway to other African countries from which they will expand their
- 8. recruiting efforts and influence.

9.

- 10. TAKING NOTE of the ongoing civil war in Libya between the Council of Deputies,
- 11. which is the internationally recognised Libyan government, and the General National
- 12. Congress based in the capital, Tripoli, that has severely weakened the country. The
- 13. current state of Libya would make it an easy target for any militant group willing to
- 14. seize control.

15.

- 16. 1. <u>APPROVES</u> of enlisting defectors from ISIS to tell of their experiences within the group publicly, and thus reducing ISIS' recruiting rate. Bringing down their
- 18. collective manpower is essential in ensuring that the focus of their efforts remains
- 19. on the front line, and away from the public.

20.

- 21. 2. CALLS UPON the need to keep the pressure on social media platforms to more
- 22. stringently enforce their Terms of Use. Much of ISIS' recruiting occurs on social media
- 23. applications indirectly, coercing Islamic sympathizers to seek out the organization and,
- 24. eventually, join them.

25.

- 26. 3. URGES the need to remember and solidify the fact everywhere that, while ISIS
- 27, praises itself as the protector of Muslims, while the vast majority of ISIS victims are,
- 28. in fact, Muslim themselves.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: Kingdom Of Thailand

2/1

L.	ALARMED that approximately 600,000 to 800,000 people are transfer across
2.	international borders every year and 80% of these people are subject to sexual
3.	exploitation, and
4.	
5.	EMPHASIZING that sex trafficking is a \$32 million per year industry, and
6.	
7.	<u>DEPLORING</u> the many government officials, police forces, and military officers who
8.	participate in sex trafficking rings, and
9.	
10.	ACKNOWLEDGING according United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, the greatest
11.	number of sex traffickers come from Asia, and
12.	
13.	1)CALLS FOR sanctions to be placed on nations that are involved in major
14.	sex trafficking regions;
15.	
16.	2) DRAWS ATTENTION TO the fact that sex trafficking is the fastest growin
17.	crime in the world;
18.	
19.	3) INVITES all nations to help place sanctions on Asian nations with heavy
20.	trafficking areas;
21.	
22.	4)WELCOMES all other ideas and or plans to help end trafficking in Asian
つつ	Nations



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: Indonesia 7/7

1 2	Bearing In Mind that approximately 36 million victims worldwide from human trafficking, and approximately two-thirds are from Asia, and
3	Concerned that human trafficking generates around 35 billion USD annually, and around 15
4 5	million USD is made annually from developed nations, and 30.6 percent of the 30 million is
6	earned in Asia, and
7	Carried III Asia, and
8	Alarmed that 2.5 million people are in forced labor as a result of human trafficking, and of that
9	56 percent or 1.4 million people are from Asia, and
10	50 percent of 1.4 million people are from Asia, and
11	Grieved that the ratio for prevalence of human trafficking is 3 for every 1,000 inhabitants while
12	the rest of the world is at 1.8 for every 1,000 inhabitants, and
13	
14	Applauds the UN on the adoption of the Global Plan of Action to Combat Trafficking in
15	Persons, which helps improve law enforcement against human trafficking, and
16	
17	Worried by the amount of time that has passed since the UN has last improved upon current
18	measures to fight human trafficking as the problem has worsened but there have been no recent
19	solutions;
20	
21	1) Supports the UNODC on its Plan of Action to stop human trafficking worldwide, as
22	well as the United Nations Voluntary Trust Fund for Victims of Trafficking;
23	
24	2) Applauds all nations that have gave legal, humanitarian, and financial aid to the UN
25	Voluntary Trust in an attempt to assist humans who suffered from human trafficking;
26	2) England and an action to increase internal law enforcement in the intent of
27	3) Encourages member nations to increase internal law enforcement in the intent of
28	stopping human trafficking worldwide;
29 30	4) Suggests the UN create a treaty promoting an increased amount of a state's own
31	government action inside states to help end human trafficking.
JI	government action inside states to neip end inditian trafficking.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Americas Submitted By: Saudi Arabia

1 Grieved that 10,000 people in 2016 and more than 80,000 to date have died in connection to the 2 Mexican drug war, and 3 4 Aware since 2006 the Mexican government has been focused on reducing violence caused by 5 powerful drug cartels by dismantling drug cartels through use of their military, and 6 7 Recognizing Ex Mexican President Felipe Calderón's call to The United Nations General Assembly where he asked for restrictions on high powered weapons from nations that produce 8 9 and supply them, and pushed for drug cartels to be listed as transnational organized crime, and 10 11 Emphasizing the deep economic impact that transnational organized crime has which generates 12 \$870 billion USD a year through harmful illegal activity, and 13 14 Grieved that 46% of Mexican families are living in moderate to extreme poverty which creates a 15 willingness for these families to work for the cartels in order to provide the basic necessities causing almost 3.2 million Mexicans lives to rely on the drug trade in some way, and 16 17 Noting with regret that the amount of Mexicans that are addicted to illegal drugs has risen over 18 19 51% in four years, and 20 21 Expressing deep concern that Mexico is ranked 118 in education while they spent more than 5% of their GDP on education causing concern for corruption and how the money is spent; thus, 22 23 exacerbating the poverty problem in Mexico, and 24 25 1) Applauds the Mexican government for dedicating over 45,000 troops as well as their 26 police force to fighting cartels such as Los Zeltas, La Familia, and the Tijuana Cartel; 27 28 2) <u>Urges</u> Mexico and other nations with drug usage problems to focus on rehabilitation 29 rather than harsh punishments for drug addicts in order to lower the demand that is 30 funding drug cartels; 31 32 3) Recommends that Mexico does not follow a policy of vigilantly justice and 33 excessively harsh punishments for drug related crime as it only causes more violence; 34 35 4) Directs that nations with drug and crime problems such as Mexico work with the

UNODC (The United Nations Office On Drugs and Crime) on anti-drug education

and policy making to help stop the violence created in this conflict.

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Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: The Americas Submitted By: New Zealand

 <u>HORRIFIED</u>, that the United States president, Donald Trump, enacted an executive order imposing a 120-day suspension of the refugee program and a 90-day ban on travel to the U.S. from citizens of seven terror hot spots: Iraq, Iran, Syria, Libya, Yemen, Somalia and Sudan, and

<u>PERTURBED</u>, that not only does the order forbid entry of those fleeing from war-torn Syria indefinitely, but that is also stopped admission of all refugees from all countries for a period of four months, and

INTRIGUED, that in 2016, the Obama administration vowed to take in just around 10,000 refugees from war-torn countries including, but not limited to: Syria, Pakistan, and Iran, and the Trump administration has not only not allowed any refugees and immigrants in the country, but actually banned travel to and from these countries affected by terrorism, and

ANNOYED, that on march sixth, President trump released an updated version of the ban, excluding Iraq, because he states: "The close cooperative relationship between the United States and the democratically elected Iraqi government, the strong United States diplomatic presence in Iraq, the significant presence of United States forces in Iraq, and Iraq's commitment to combat ISIS justify different treatment for Iraq";

- 1) <u>PROMOTES</u>, the use of a screening system instead of a travel ban, because although the threat of terrorism is real, tens of thousands of people could die from violence if they cannot find sanctuary;
- 2) <u>ENCOURAGES</u>, President Trump's travel ban to be brought before the United Sates Supreme Court to determine if it is within the American Constitutional Code to ban travel from entire countries, and whether it is simply morally right to ignore thousands of people that just want refuge from war and a means for them to start a new life for themselves.



Submitted To: First Political
Topic: Opening up of Cuba
Submitted By: Malaysia

2 3 4 5 6	embargo between the United States and Cuba on October 26, 2016, and
3	
4 -	Aware of the UN Charter chapter 9 on International Economic and Social Changes
5	article 55 subsection b which states that a view to the creation of conditions of stability
) 	and well-being which are necessary for peaceful and friendly relations among nations
	based on respect for the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples, the
3)	United Nations shall promote solutions of international economic, social, health,
10	and related problems; and international cultural and educational opportunities, and
11	Recognizing the extreme generosity that Cuba has shown Malaysia to work together on
12	a cancer ending vaccine, and
13	
14	Noting that 17 of the Caribbean islands surrounding Cuba have an agreement known as
15	the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act which allows tax free trade between the
16	participating nations and the U.S. markets, and
17	
18	Emphasizing the strong relationship that Cuba and Malaysia have been able to uphold
19	for over 25 years despite Cuba's command economy, and
20	1) Il wood that all manufactures are and marking the in a surrought to discuss
))	1) <u>Urges</u> that all member states agree and participate in a summit to discuss an increased role for Cuba in the global economy to create a higher standard
22	of living for Cuban citizens and its trading partners;
21 22 23 24 25	of fiving for Cuban citizens and its trading partiers,
25	2) Requests that member states involved in the Caribbean Economic Recovery
26	Act meet to discuss the amendment of the act to include Cuba as a participating
27	nation;
28	
29	3) Calls Upon all member states to consider their investment in the Cuban
30	economy based on Cuba's strong relationship with Malaysia;
31	
32	4) <u>Stresses</u> that member states have faith in the stability in the Cuban economy
33	despite its long history of being a nationally run nation;
34	EN WATER THE STATE OF THE STATE
35 36	5) Welcomes all member states of the United Nations to accept and contribute
36	to the summit to discuss an increased role for Cuba in the global economy.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Colombia 4/1

<u>TAKING INTO ACCOUNT</u> the fact that there are 13.5 million refugees from Syria because of the Syrian civil war that have no place to call home, so the refugees set off to European nations in hopes of a peaceful life, and
<u>HAVING CONSIDERED</u> there have been between 312,000 deaths and 470,000 deaths as a result of this war, and approximately 90,000 were civilians, and this shows why there is so many refugees, because if they stay they are literally living in a war zone, and

<u>ALARMED</u> that there has been terrorist organizations that hide terrorists in the groups of refugees in an attempt to gain easy access to a country to commit a horrible terrorist attack and take the lives of many innocent victims, and

<u>REALIZING</u> that there are countries that support the rebel fighters and there are other countries that support the government is something that could lead to this war becoming much more large and violent evolving from a civil war within one country to possibly more countries fighting for one side or another resulting in a larger death toll;

- 1) <u>STRESSES</u> that a cease fire must be made in order to bring help to the many Syrian citizens that are still living in the dangerous war zones, the citizens still in the war stricken parts of Syria must also be taken to a safer environment so that more citizens do not die, and
- 2) <u>REQUESTS</u> must be made from countries that are willing to take in refugees because some countries are not allowing the entrance of refugees to their country, and with there being more and more refugees by the day it is urgent that a place for these refugees to stay is found quickly, and
- 3) <u>EMPHASIZES</u> that there has been terrorists hiding amongst the refugees going on to later commit acts of terrorism which means that there must be background checks performed on these refugees for some countries to even be willing to consider taking the refugees in which will in turn find more places for the real refugees, not terrorists, to be given shelter and food temporarily.



Submitted To: 1st Political **Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Federative Republic of Brazil**

1	<u>RECOGNIZING</u> the fact that Israel has went through a radical transformation and keeps a really close eye on Hezbollah which is the country's biggest enemy over the northern border of their
2 3	country, and
4	
5	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT also that "Hezbollah is the most heavily armed, and trained" but
6 7	they are also capable of fighting Israel which is force threatening at this time, and
8	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that one of Israel's fighting groups, IDF Brigade 300,
9	defends Western Galilee from the threat that Hezbollah puts on the communities in the north of
10	the country on a daily basis, and
11	
12	AWARE that the country's army has made many changes in the past ten years, such has gaining
13	more military equipment to guard their borders, and most of them have been recently, and
14	
15	CONCERNED that a minor border issue can quickly turn into a war at any minute;
16 17	1) RECOGNIZES that Israel is getting stronger than they were 10 years ago when
18	they had issue with Hezbollah;
19	
20 21	 TAKES NOTE that Hezbollah has also been gaining a stronger army over that time period;
22	time period,
23	3) INVITES United Nations Security Council to intervene, in peaceful ways,
24	between Hezbollah and Israel so that they would not be able to cause a war
25	between themselves which could grow and then become a larger conflict problem
26	than just the Israel and Hezbollah fighting each other;
27	<u> </u>
28	4) RECOMMENDS that Israel and Hezbollah arrange peace talks so they will not
29	have to have their armies protecting their borders in fear of the other countries
30	army coming and invading;
31	
32	5) REQUEST that because it would be in Israel and Hezbollah's best interest, that

they get rid of all of their military equipment, which prevents any chance of war,

which in turn could potentially fix the two states financial situation.

33





Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Middle East
Submitted By: Afghanistan

	Topic. Widdle East
	Submitted By: Afghanistan
1.	Disturbed by the number of people unable to read proficiently or read at all, and
2.	
3.	Alarmed that the literacy rate for males in Afghanistan is 53% and that illiteracy causes
4.	people to be unable to find well paying jobs, normally resulting to a life of ignorance,
5.	or in the worst cases petty crime, leaving their children at a higher risk to also be illiterate,
6.	and
7.	
8.	Applauding the fact that during the past 20 years the worldwide literacy rate increased by
9.	over 15%, and
10.	
11.	Hoping that the worldwide literacy rate can increase by another 10% in the next decade,
12.	and
13.	
14.	Remembering that it would take efforts and support from every nation capable to help
15.	provide support for the effort, and
16.	
17.	$\underline{\text{Keeping in mind}}$ that the 25 nations with the lowest literacy rate reside in the Middle East;
18.	
19.	1) Calls upon a reinstatement of the United Nations Literacy Decade program
20.	Which assists people in becoming more literate;
21.	
22.	2) Requests that all able nations help contribute to this program through donations
23.	to help fund it to increase the amount of help the decade program could provide to
24.	people world-wide.







Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Egypt

1. 2.	Recognizing terrorism as a multidimensional issue in that it requires
3. 4.	 a) reactive and immediate responsive action in order to assist with the current damages caused by terrorism and extremism,
5. 6. 7.	 b) proactive decisions and actions in order to prevent future spread of extremist values and radicalization,
8. 9. 10.	c) expansive understanding as to the cause of terrorism and how to prevent it in a positive and effective manner that will not perpetuate a cycle of xenophobia and extremism, and
11. 12. 13.	<u>Confident</u> that although all the causes for for radicalization are malleable, the best way to counter terrorism is to fight in from the ground up, cutting of the opposition at their source, and
14. 15.	Expressing while some Western powers ponder physical barriers and the European Union and
16. 17. 18.	UK evaluate political and economic ramification, any Middle Eastern nations are being forced to take on more than they can sustain in the form of millions of neighboring nations, and
19. 20.	
21. 22. 23. 24.	 Emphasizes that sovereign nations must act quickly to deal with the current consequences of terrorism worldwide by providing asylum to those refugees in need and opposing terrorists from harming innocent civilians;
25. 26. 27.	2) <u>Stresses</u> now more than ever that if we hope to end the self-perpetuating cycle of radicalization we must:
28. 29. 30.	 a) ease the feeling of discrimination for displaced individuals hailing from war tom areas by providing opportunities for cultural assimilation;
31. 32. 33. 34.	b) through education show young people the similarities between religions and ethnic groups;
35. 36. 37.	 c) highlight the damages that are consistently created by extremist groups rather than the positive change they tend to promise to those they indoctrinate;
38. 39. 40.	3) Remains Committed to a future where we stand to protect key groups at risk and one where people are taught as a religious or hyphenate moral to judge people by the content
41. 42.	of their character and not by the religion they follow, the part of the world they live in, or the color of their skin.





Submitted to: !st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted by: Ireland

Realizing that the Secretary General, said, "It is not refugees that cause terrorism it 1 2 is terrorism tyranny and war that cause refugees," and 3 4 **Concerned** that some states are refusing to accept refugees or accepting outside help 5 to stop the spread of terror, and 6 7 Aware that if the United Nations were to have the permission to send in more peace 8 keeping forces we could perhaps stem the flow of terrorist attacks, and 9 10 Alarmed that if the United Nations is not allowed into these certain states more frequent 11 terrorist attacks would be able to spread to more countries, and 12 13 Realizing that many people in the Middle East have had their lives altered or lost 14 do to terrorist acts: 15 16 1)Requests that states in the United Nations who have known terrorists cells 17 allow UN peacekeeping forces inside to help root out terrorism; 18 19 2)Supports the idea of member states signing a treaty stating they will accept 20 refugees from the areas afflicted with terrorism and/or supply relief supplies to 21 innocent victims of terrorism for five years and to be open to another treaty in five 22 years; 23 24 3)Stresses the support from all states to thwarting terrorism wherever it may 25 occur.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Americas Submitted By: Argentina

1.	Alarmed that extensive sections of borders of Argentina and nations such as the United
2.	States of America and Mexico remain unprotected from the flow of migrants and
3.	immigrants, and
4.	
5.	Stressing the need for border security, as undocumented immigrants can be dangerous
6.	at times if not thoroughly vetted, and
7.	
8.	Welcoming the efforts of Mexico in attempting to secure their southern border with
9.	small areas of fence near populated areas of Guatemala, and
10.	
11.	Noting With Regret that many European nations have opened their borders, allowing
12.	potentially dangerous migrants to flow in resulting in shanty migrant villages and
13.	violence between citizens and refugees along with influxes of homegrown terrorism, and
14.	
15.	Realizing that due to remoteness a large portion of Argentinian border shared with
16.	countries like Brazil and Bolivia remain open for anyone to cross, including drug dealers
17.	who carry eighty percent of Argentina's cocaine to be exported throughout the world;
18.	
19.	1) Recommends increased patrols along the borders of Latin America and across
20.	world in this time of increased diaspora across the globe;
21.	
22.	2) Appreciates monetary funds for sections of wall to be constructed along said
23.	borders;
24.	
25.	3) Approves the creation of a committee to defend sovereign nations and their
26.	borders from the threat of illegal immigration;
27.	
28.	4) <u>Urges</u> nations of Latin America to attempt to control their emigration and
29.	immigration in order to preserve the safety of other countries.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Indonesia

i	Recognizing that there are approximately 13.3 million people in Syria in need of
2	humanitarian assistance and 6.3 million internally displaced people in Syria, and
3	<i>y</i>
4	Concerned that only 10 percent of refugees have fled to Europe, meaning most
5	refugees have stayed in the Middle East, and
6	
7	Appreciating that Turkey has accepted 2.7 million refugees from Syria, while only
8	500 thousand refugees have applied for asylum across 28 EU states, and
9	
10	Emphasizing that 86 percent of Syrian refugees in Jordan live below the local poverty
11	line, and that 67 percent are living in debt, and
12	
13	Alarmed that approximately 250,000 people have been killed by conflict in Syria, and
14	that approximately 75,000 Syrian people live in grave conditions on the Syrian-Jordan
15	border, and
16	
17	Further Emphasizing the approximately 70 percent of refugees in Lebanon that live
18	below the poverty line of 3.84 USD per day;
19	
20	1) Calls upon all nations willing to donate aid to a UN funded organization, such as the
21	UNHCR, to help support Syrian refugees in a way that UN officials see best suited;
22	
23	2) Request all nations to follow examples set by Turkey, Jordan, Egypt, Lebanon, and
24	Iraq, who have accepted a combined 4.8 million Syrian refugees into their countries, by
25	building more refugee camps for more space to help more refugees;
26	2) G ((1. 7.71'H) (1. 1. 1) (1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
27	3) Supports raising the 7.7 billion dollars, the UN estimates that is
28	needed to provide emergency support and stabilization to Syrian families in the region
29	4) A manage of the Course Decretable health distributed and Durgie which also
30	4) Approves of the Geneva Peace talks, backed by the U.S. and Russia, which also
31	was supported by the UN Security Council, and helped create a plan to create a
32	nonsectarian government in Syria;
33	
34	5) Suggests the continuation of such peace talks between the Syrian government
35	and different rebel groups in Syria for the hope of ending violence in Syria and
36	allowing Syrian refugees to no longer seek asylum.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: The Syrian Arab Republic

1	Alarmed by the roughly 470,000 people killed in the Syrian conflict so far in a time span of four
2	years, and
3	
4	Noting with deep satisfaction that the area that the Islamic State is controlling is growing
5	smaller and smaller with each coming day, and
6	
7	Deeply disturbed that rebel groups have been depriving citizens of much needed supplies, such
8	as food, water, and basic medical supplies, and 70% of the population does not have constant 8
9	access to clean water, and
10	
11	Noting with deep concern that 6.5 million people are displaced in Syria alone with several more
12	million people without homes that have fled as refugees, and
13	
14	Taking into consideration that one in three Syrians are not able to meet their most basic food
15	mostly due to the rebel groups and the Islamic State controlling what little the civilian population
16	has;
17	1)Encourages countries that are stable enough to take in refugees with
18	great haste and recommends that countries that choose to take in refugees should take
19	in 10,000 refugees for every one million legal residents of the host country;
20	
21	2)Requests that host countries should treat the refugees as if they were their own
22	citizens by giving them adequate housing and frequent access to food, water, and
23	medical supplies in a camp that benefits those that live inside of it;
24	
25	3)Supports the idea of the camps being co-supervised by both UN representatives and
26	the host countries representatives to ensure that the interests of the UN and the
27	host country are equally expressed;
28	
29	4) Further reminds that host countries will follow the rules and guidelines set by the 1951
30	Refugee Convention to ensure refugees are not mistreated.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK)

Recalling the illegal invasions of Iraq and Syria between 1990 and 2016 that directly led to the 1 rise of radical extremist groups, such as al-Qaeda and the Islamic State, as well of the rise of a 2 general anti-western sentiment from citizens of these nations, and 3 4 Bearing in mind that over 7,000 people have been unnecessarily killed by indiscriminate western 5 airstrikes in Iraq and Syria, including hundreds of innocent civilians and children, as well as the 6 7 illegal bombing of hospitals, refugee camps, and other humanitarian missions, and 8 9 Emphasizing that the presence of foreign militaries and western influence in Syria and Iraq has only served to escalate the conflict by causing massive amounts of collateral damage in 10 11 unsuccessful attacks, and 12 Conscious of the fact that the rise of radical terrorist groups and organizations in direct response 13 to unpopular western invasions and policies, such as the multitude of failed attempts to install 14 flawed western governments after the unethical and unprovoked invasions of multiple nations, 15 16 and 17 Considering that terrorist groups have never existed in any nation with a strong, highly 18 19 centralized, communist government, as the people are all friendly and cooperative under such a 20 glorious system; 21 22 1) Urges the United Nations Security Council to cease their endorsement of the imperialistic western military mission in the sovereign nations affected by the Islamic State militant 23 24 group; 25 2) Declares that a strong, highly centralized, communist government should be created in 26 Syria and Iraq, as the only lasting way to ensure peace, prosperity, and an end to 27 28 terrorism; 29 3) Stresses that the people must unite in support of the revolution, and this is only possible 30 with the full support and backing of all nations; 31 32

4) Calls upon all member nations to diplomatically support communist movements and

groups in the Middle East to secure and defend the people's united struggle for freedom,

33



Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Middle East
Submitted By: Ukraine

Bearing in Mind the mass exodus of Syrian refuges from war-torn regions border policy has been shoved to the forefront of political discourse, and

<u>Viewing with appreciation</u> while the U.S. presidential candidates' debate if physical barriers should be erected to cut down already declining of undocumented immigration, European and middle eastern nations are weighing the economic, political, and ethical ramifications of opening their borders to Syrian refugees trying to escape regional violence, and

<u>Noting with deep concern</u> the risk imbedded with journeying a violence-ridden region to flee to a foreign country are great, but remaining in the region is as risky, but

<u>Taking into account</u> there are more than 4.5 million Syrian refugees in turkey, Lebanon, Jordan, Iraq, and Egypt alone and 21 million taken in by other countries worldwide from Syria with increasing numbers making the crisis a global issue, and

 <u>Noted with satisfaction</u> Stephen O'Brien, the united nations' aid chief has urged wealthy countries to increase how much they give international aid so that refugees are not forced to seek safety in Europe, and high commissioner of the U.N. for refugees Filippo Grandi has proposed a plan to EU member states to manage and stabilize the refugee situation;

1.) **Encourages** more safe and legal ways for refugees to travel to Europe under managed programmers;

2.) <u>Suggests</u> the development of Europe-wide responsibility for asylum seekers, including the creation of registration centers in main countries of arrival, and setting up a system for asylum requests to be distributed in an equal way across EU member states;

3.) <u>Solemnly affirms</u> safe-guard individuals at risk, including systems to protect unaccompanied and separated children, prevent and respond to sexual and gender-based violence, enhancing search and rescue at sea, and countering xenophobia and racism targeted at refugees and migrants;

4.) <u>Urges</u> to ensure compliance with all the EU laws and directives on asylum among EU member states.





4/11

Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: India

AWARE of the coup of the Hadi presidency by rebel militants in early 2015, and
TAKING INTO ACCOUNT the actions taken by the Saudi-led coalition to support the legitimate government of the Republic of Yemen during Operation Decisive Storm, which included a bombing campaign, naval blockade, and deployment of ground forces into Yemen, and
WELCOMING the coalition's end to Operation Decisive Storm and establishing of Operation Restoring Hope in April of 2015, which was a series of political and peace efforts, and
CONFIDENT in the UN and the coalition's actions to resolve this conflict and restore the legitimate presidency of Abdrabbuh Mansur Hadi, and
REALIZING the 10,000 plus casualties already caused in the almost two year span of this conflict and the need to end it, and
MINDFUL of the International Organization of Migration's (IOM) recent regional appeal to provide assistance to the people trapped in the middle of this conflict;
1) <u>CALLS UPON</u> other UN nations to volunteer support in the restoration of the Hadi presidency;
2) <u>SUGGESTS</u> that a UN enforced cease fire be put in place in order to allow greater possibilities with peaceful efforts to end the conflict and extensive surveillance be done to supervise the event;
3) <u>APPLAUDS</u> the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and its partner coalition for their actions to help restore the legitimate government of Yemen;
4) <u>APPRECIATES</u> the actions taken by IOM and hopes that UN member nations will send support to IOM's actions;

5) **CONSIDERS** more drastic actions taken by the UN if the conflict continues to escalate

such as further military campaigns similar to the ones made by the Saudi-led Coalition.

Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: The United States of America

1 234567 and close to 30,000 in the year of 2015 alone, and

ALARMED by the dangerously high amount of innocents that have been brutally murdered at the hands of ISIS, and AWARE that since ISIS created many social media accounts their recruitment has added nearly 20,000 people

8

GRIEVED about the reports of terrorism and severe human rights violations in Syria and Iraq, especially against civilian population and recognized non-combatants which constitutes a violation of international law and the Geneva Conventions, and

9 10 11

12

BEARING IN MIND ISIS and Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant (ISIL) have used the civil war in Syria and the instability of Iraq's government to recruit foreign militants while displacing millions of civilians and claim territory, and

13 14 15

NOTING that ISIS is creating an Islamic State also known as a caliphate throughout Iraq and Syria and beyond these borders, and

16 17 18

19

MINDFUL that ISIS is currently using this region to finance terrorist activities and attract foreign fighters into the area and ISIS intends to use this area as a base to launch attacks across the Middle East and eventually the world, and

20 21 22

BEARING IN MIND that because ISIS has captured refineries and oil wells it has greatly been able to expand and support its terrorist activities largely through revenue gained from extortion and illicit oil sales, and

23 24 25

26

RECOGNIZING the adoption of United Nations Security Council Resolution 2170 (2014) which was enacted in order to combat the growing international threat posed by ISIS and condemn the gross widespread abuse of human rights by extremist groups in Iraq and Syria;

27 28 29

1.) RECOMMENDS ISIS social media campaigns must be opposed with a counter-media operation by Muslim states that uses Islam to defeat ISIS propaganda;

31 32 33

34

30

2.) URGES all member states to fulfill their requirements listed under the 1267/1989 Sanctions Committee to ensure that member states do not conduct financial transactions with groups associated with ISIS, especially the oil in Iraq and Syria;

35 36 37

3.) CALLS UPON member states to freeze financial assets of those individuals who finance terrorism and terrorist activities;

39 40 41

38

4.) **DEMANDS** member states from around the world condemn ISIS and its execution and torture of military personnel and civilians based upon their religious beliefs;

42 43 44 5.) **INVITES** the developed countries of the world that possess sophisticated intelligence capabilities to address the states and individuals who finance ISIS and purchase their oil;

45 46

6.) ENCOURAGES member states to work together to combat rising terrorist threats and stresses the need for the international community to work collectively to stop terrorist growth;

47 48 49

7.) CALLS UPON member states to combat the flow of foreign fighters into the region by conducing enhanced reviews of individuals coming from nations undergoing conflict.



Subject: Middle East
Submitted to: 1st Political
Submitted by: Cuba

4/13

<u>DEEPLY CONCERNED</u> by the economic troubles of developing nations in the Middle East, Americas and around the world, and

EMPHASIZING the fact there is no way for these countries to get help without their Sovereignty being in question, and

BEARING IN MIND that industrial countries could benefit from helping developing countries by trading for their exports, and

WELCOMING any country who would trade and/or give monetary support to developing countries.

- 1. **DRAWS ATTENTION TO** all countries in the Middle East who are suffering financially;
- 2. TRUSTS industrialized countries to help developing countries by buying their exports in larger amounts;
- **3. RECOMMENDS** any country, who can afford to do so, to donate monetary support;
- **4. ENCOURAGES** more trade between developing countries to stimulate all of their economies.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Russian Federation

ALARMED by the fact that the Mosul region in Iraq has suffered the largest number of civilian casualties in February of 2017 as a result of the conflict between the Islamic State and the Iraqi military, DEEPLY DISTRUBED by the Islamic State attacks on the Syrian city of Al-Bab which has killed 60 innocent civilians, the car bombing south of Baghdad that has killed 73 Iraqis, and the July car bombing in a commercial area of Baghdad that killed 300 Iraqis, and yet another ISIS car bombing in Syria that killed at least 51 people, ALARMED BY ISIS attacks in France, one in Paris claiming the lives of 128 innocent people, and the other in Nice taking the lives of 84 people the attacks, BEARING IN MIND that these horrendous atrocities and war crimes will continue as long as the Islamic State is still on the face of this Earth, that radical Islam is the most dangerous threat to the modern world, as well as that the Syrian refugee crisis would be resolved if the Islamic State is defeated as well, and AFFIRMING that if some of the United Nations' major military member states would work together and pool military resources the Islamic State could be vanquished and thus innocent lives would be saved; 1) CALLS UPON United Nations member states to either join a coalition to send armed forces and military equipment to Iraq and other areas in which the Islamic State still exists in order to eradicate this threat or to give financial aid to nations doing so; 2) IMPLORES any nations already involved in fighting the Islamic State to increase the amount of armed forces and military campaigns in the area; 3) URGES United Nations member states to stop all refugees from Muslim majority

countries from entering their borders as to quell any chance of ISIS fighters from

carrying out attacks on their soil until the Islamic State is completely destroyed;

4) STRESSES need for military and diplomatic cooperation between member states in

order to effectively exterminate this threat

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Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Republic of Hungary

4/15

1	Noting with grave concern that since 2011 over 400,000 Syrians have been killed due to the
2	conflict in Syria, and
3	
4	Conscious of the fact that over 5 million Syrians have left the country due to the violence and
5	have escaped to multiple countries, but also,
6	•
7	Aware of the fact that this is a tough topic to resolve due to the chaos ensuing within Syria and
8	the tough stalemates that have occurred trying to resolve the issue, and
9	
10	Bearing in mind that there is multiple fighting forces to acknowledge: the Kurdish, al-Qaeda,
11	the Assad regime, and ISIS, and
12	
13	Deeply disturbed by the fact that over a quarter of million people have been slaughtered due to
14	the conflict, and
15	
16	Realizing that the UN Security Council tried to pass a resolution to get down on President al-
17	Assad's opposition in 2011 but was ultimately vetoed by Russia and China, and
18	
19	Encouraged by the UN General Assembly's resolution in 2012 supporting the Arab League to
20	promote common interests and to have peace talks of North African and Arab countries, and
21	
22	1) Consider that manches of the IDI double to the decision of
23	1) Considers that members of the UN should come together to strengthen the
24 25	protection of aid workers within Syria that are being attacked and killed;
2 <i>5</i> 26	2) Applicated a sector supplies fly many about the supplied of subtraction of the supplies of
27	 Applauds that a safe area/no fly zone should be created within Syria to allow citizens to recover there;
28	cruzens to recover there,
29	3) <u>Invites</u> countries within the Arab League and other countries such as Russia,
30	America and etc. to continue peace talks and ways to resolve the conflict that is
31	ensuing;
32	onsumg,
33	4) Expresses the hope that UN member nations can bring peace to Syria and make
34	it a more stable country.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Vietnam 4/16

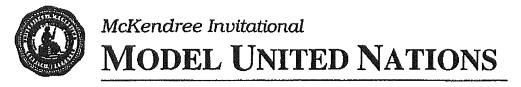
1 2 3	<u>Facing</u> radical behavior from radical terrorist organizations in the Middle the Islamic State, and	East, especially from
4 5 6	Waging wars that have continued for several decades, starting with when provide refuge to the oppressed Jewish population in the 1940s, with no q conflicts in sight, and	
7 8 9 10	Acknowledging that past attempts have been taken to stop these radical to picking up traction, such as sanctions, various peace talks, and violent member states, and	
11		
12	Appalled by the continued slaughter of innocent men, women, and children	n hy these extremist
13	groups, and	on by mose extremist
14	Browlet, min	
15 16 17	Growing death counts and brutal attacks every year in member states, included attacks in France, Germany, Iraq, Nigeria, Egypt, Somalia, Afghanistan, Cand several other member nations throughout the entire world, and	
18 19 20	 Asks member nations to withdraw all troops currently placed in minimize exterior violence; 	the region to
21 22 23	2) Encourages the UN to create a specific fund to go towards help harsh actions, with member states providing their own contribu	
24 25 26	 Suggests that the Security Council send in peacekeeping troops hopefully control the violence; 	to patrol and
27 28 29	4) <u>Urges</u> member nations impose sanctions on the area, except for for the oppressed peoples still living in the nations affected;	medicine and food
30 31	5) Allow peace talks between member states and these groups to fi	ind a middle ground

that will hopefully stop these horrendous acts from continuing in the future.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Austria

1 2 3	<u>Having reviewed</u> the Turkish Kurdish conflict, it now seems to be that this ethnic war is more predominant then previously assumed and could potentially pose a threat to the already unstable region of the middle east, and
4 5 6	<u>Alarmed</u> that the Kurdish are not only persecuted by the Turkish but also by the Iranians and Iraqis, which all contributes to the constant hostility between the Kurdish and these other ethnic
7 8	groups, while
9	Emphasizing that the conflict between the Turkish and Kurdish is just the surface of what
10	conditions the Kurdish have really had to live under for almost an entire century after they were
11 12	denied of a homeland following the fall of the Ottoman Empire at the end of WW1, and
13	Realizing that two previous cease fires have taken place (1999-2004 and 2013-2015) and have
14	failed to create peace between specifically the Turkish Government and Kurdish people and that
15	the UN has yet to even take a position in this conflict, while
16	
17 18	Taking into account that the Kurdish "political party" that resides in Northern Iraq and South
19	Eastern Turkey, known as the PKK is deemed a Terrorist Organization by NATO and the European Union, but while also noting that the PKK has contributed in the fight towards the
20	terror group known as ISIS, and
21	grant and search and
22	Stressing that all countries should contribute to stop this unneeded conflict and help reach a
23	resolution that satisfies all parties involved in this Ethnic War, and
24	The and the state of the 12 or 12 feet and 12 feet at 1
25 26	Recalling that the Kurdish were promised a homeland after the WW1, and
27	1.) Suggests a Kurdish State be establish in the area known as Iraqi Kurdistan (Northern
28	Iraq) after the terror group known as ISIS has been removed from the region, and
29	I and to be a second and the second
30	2.) Requests that the Trusteeship council be reopened to help aid the new Kurdish state in
31	attaining its independence permanently, and
32	
33	3.) Recommends that a no fly zone be established and enforced above Northern Iraq after
34 35	the state has been created so that no other Country opposed to its creation may threaten its safety.
ب ب	no saicty.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: United Arab Emirates

1	Stressing that terrorism in any form, for any reason, is intolerable and the UN does not cooperate		
2	with counties who aid or provide refuge to terror organizations, and		
3			
4	Expressing deep concern that an increasing level of violence resulting from acts of terrorism		
5	around the world have killed thousands of civilians around the world, but		
6			
7	Noting with regret that nations continue to harbor known and suspected terrorist in their		
8	nations, providing aid, protection and planning opportunities or ignore the presence of dangerous		
9	terrorist safe havens, and		
10			
11	Emphasizing Resolution 2178 (2014) which encourages Governments to work with UN bodies		
12	aimed at cutting down the presence of terror groups and the tolerance of such groups in ones		
13	borders, and		
14			
15	Concerned, that the current presence of terror will only continue to flourish in the absence of		
16	Member States efforts to end such practices, and		
17			
18	1. <u>Demands</u> that any nations harboring or assisting terror groups comply with		
19	international law and to immediately comply with the implementation of all the		
20	provisions of the General Assembly resolutions;		
21			
22	2. Strongly urges nations to join the UN to cooperatively work in deterring the		
23	uncooperative nations from the ability to harbor terror groups, or assist these		
24	groups in any form of aid;		
25	3. Calls upon Member States comply with international law to improve		
26	international and regional cooperation to prevent the travel of foreign terrorist		
27	fighters from or through their territories and share information regarding foreign		
28	terrorist fighters.		



Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Middle East
Submitted By: People's Republic of China

1 2 3	and allied	ANT of the continued escalation of hostilities in the Republic of Yemen by Houthi rebels forces, Al-Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula (AQAP), and the international coalition g the Yemeni government, and
4 5 6		by the estimated 11,200 civilian casualties suffered by the Yemeni people since the of the conflict in March 2015, and
7 8 9 10	people are	ED by the Office of the Humanitarian Coordinator in Yemen's estimate that over 17 million currently unable to adequately feed themselves and 7 million Yemenis do not know where meal will come from, and
11 12 13 14 15	schools, h	ING the human rights violations on both sides that include, but are not limited to, using ospitals, and residential areas as human shields, indiscriminate firing of artillery into neighborhoods, the laying of banned anti-personnel landmines, deployment of child etainment of journalists an political rivals, and indiscriminate air attacks, and
16 17 18		OUS of the more than 3.27 million people, half of whom are children, internally displaced nen, with 650,000 of those displacements occurring since December 2015, but
19 20 21 22 23	helped cre	AGED by the work of The Special Envoy of the Secretary-General to Yemen, who has ate ceasefires, encouraged peace talks between Houthi rebels and the Yemeni government, I for additional funding for the Social Welfare Fund with the assistance of UNICEF and Bank;
24 25 26	1)	<u>DEPLORES</u> the continued use of internationally banned weapons and violations of human rights by all parties involved;
27 28 29 30	2)	RECOGNIZES the Yemeni government of President Abdrabbuh Mansur Hadi as the sole legitimate government in Yemen, and the Houthi General People's Congress' rival government as illegitimate;
31 32 33	3)	RENEWS ITS APPEAL for a cessation of hostilities in the region, and the furthering of peace talks as recommended by The Special Envoy of the Secretary-General to Yemen;
34 35	4)	REQUESTS an immediate end to the blockade of humanitarian aid and food supplies by

the Yemeni government coalition.



Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: United Kingdom Submitted To: First Political 4/20

1 2	Cognizant of the masses of refugees flooding from war torn countries, and
3	Aware that more attention has been brought to the subject from the new U.S President and
4 5	his recent campaigns against refugees from Middle Eastern countries
6	Bearing in Mind that from 2015 ISIS forces have lost more than 30% of their conquered
7	territory in Middle Eastern nations and that number the number is continuously dropping
8	THE RELEASE OF THE RESERVE OF THE RE
9	Mindful of the current efforts being made by the United Kingdom in donating food, essential
10	medical supplies, clean drinking water and assisting in evacuation efforts of refugees in
11	war-weary countries
12	Confident in the effects hairs taken by the United Vineden to again the nefrance and
13	<u>Confident</u> in the efforts being taken by the United Kingdom to assist the refugees and
14	immigrants and those beginning to help
15	1) Touristant assume and in a matiena to mentalize in the afficient lad by the Limited
16	1.) <u>Invites</u> other surrounding nations to partake in the efforts led by the United
17	Kingdom by providing necessary supplies and monetary aid, and
18	2) II-land the control of the comment is a special to the following
19	2.) <u>Urges</u> other countries to be aware of the current issues arising due to ISIS and
20	other Terrorist groups in Middle Eastern countries, who pose a threat to citizens of these
21	Territories;
22	2) Applauds the effects Germany has made in attempts to give aid to refugees from
23	3.) <u>Applauds</u> the efforts Germany has made in attempts to give aid to refugees from
24	the Middle East by taking in more of those whom have escaped the tyrannical leadership of their home countries, as well as the large number of those whom have volunteered to
25	,
26	help;
27	4.) Commends countries such as Turkey, Lebanon and Jordan, who have taken the
28	most number of refugees from Syria
29	most number of ferugees from Syria
30	5) Decommends other countries take a part in the afforts being taken by the United
31	5.) Recommends other countries take a part in the efforts being taken by the United
32	Kingdom and surrounding countries to aid refugees
33	
34	



<u>NOTING</u> the fact that at the end of 2015 there were 21.3 million refugees forcibly displaced from their homes with no place to live, and

<u>DEEPLY CONCERNED</u> by the fact that 2,500 refugees have died trying to cross the Mediterranean Sea in boats that were not seaworthy, and

EXPRESSING ITS APPRECIATION for countries like Germany and Sweden who have taken in hundreds of thousands of refugees from countries in the Middle East like Syria who have had no home or family to go to, and

<u>TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION</u> that more than 17 million people still live in Syria plus the other people living in other dangerous areas in the Middle East, which puts them in danger from terrorist groups;

- 1) <u>STRESSES</u> the importance of taking in refugees from war torn countries such as Syria using safe techniques that prevent terrorism from occurring;
- 2) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> that the United Nations provides funding for organizations that help Refugees such as UNICEF and Save the Children so they can help refugees;
- 3) SUGGESTS that the United Nations and other countries help provide refugees with safe ways out of war torn countries, which could prevent refugees from traveling on unsafe rafts and drowning;
- 4) <u>ENCOURAGES</u> the United Nations to work together with other countries to help solve the large immigration crisis that is occurring in the Middle East, so that we can work to help the refugees and keep them safe.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela

1	MINDFUL that "Brexit" is the United Kingdom's withdraw from the European Union receiving
2	the name "Brexit" from Britain's exit, and
3	
4	RECOGNIZING that Brexit has a great impact on many areas around the world not only
5	Europe but also parts of North and South America, Latin America, and Africa, and
6	
7	CONSIDERING that within the first twenty-four hours of the approval of the Brexit mandate
8	the rand, South African currency, plummeted eight percent compared to the United States dollar
9	also affecting trading and financing within the continent of Africa, and
10	
11	ALARMED by the fact that Great Britain's departure from the European Union will have a
12	large economic encounter with Latin America because the slowing of European Trade decreases
13	both commodity prices and world economic growth, also in oil, mineral, and grain trade,
14	resources that Latin America and South America prosper from, and
15	
16	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that Venezuela depends on merchandise for 96% of its
17	export income, Ecuador for 94%, Bolivia for 97%, Ecuador for 94%, Peru for 87%, Chile for
18	88%, and many more South American nations, and
19	
20	HAVING CONSIDERED that Brexit will have a large economic impact, it will provide a long-
21	term political burden because Great Britain's isolationistic stand point could potentially spread
22	across the world affecting many nations, also inspiring anti-globalization-opposition to the
23	increase in global power- and vulnerability everywhere, and
24	
25	1) RECOMMENDS England to negotiate new trade deals and communicate with others
26	to significantly decrease the problems already caused;
27	
28	2) SUPPORTS the EU, European Union, in fixing their trade policy and offering other
29	solutions such as creating a system for equal and open trade, commence markets to
30	ensure trading with more countries, or help developing nations proceed with their process
31	of entering the trading circuit;
32	
33	3) INVITES all nations to fight the economic and political struggle against Great Britain
34	leaving the European Union and to help neighboring countries as well;
35	
36	4) <u>WELCOMES</u> Latin America, North America, South America, Africa, Europe, and
37	England to bargain and discuss possible ways to re-invent their trading ties, to find a

solution to this economic plummet.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: European Refugee Crisis Submitted By: Morocco

5/2

<u>Emphasizing</u> that the migration of refugees into coastal European nations has greatly increased within the past six years, due to war and violence, and

<u>Deeply conscious</u> of Article 14 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights which states, "Everyone has the right to seek and to enjoy in other countries asylum from persecution," and

Recalling the New York Declaration for Refugees and Migrants document A/71/L., adopted by the General Assembly in 2016, which acknowledges shared agreements between member states to maintain cooperative and orderly in large movements of refugees, and

<u>Having considered</u> the Leader's Summit on Refugees, taken place in September 2016, in which participating member states pledged either assistance, funds, or the acceptance of an agreed upon number of refugees into their nations, and

<u>Determined</u> to aid coastal European member states dealing with the influx of refugees into their borders and to share responsibility of the crisis among all member states, and

- 1) Reminds member states that the responsibility of a rise in refugees is that of all member states, and not solely the member states whom are the first countries of entry;
- 2) <u>Urges</u> additional nations to comply with the pledges of the New York Declaration for Refugees and Migrants;
- 3) Expresses its appreciation to The Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), who provides assistance to nations and asylum seeking refugees through staff, shelter, and support;
- 4) <u>Considers</u> the European Union's Dublin regulation, that calls for refugees to file for asylum in their first member state of entry and upholds this regulation for all the member states belonging to the European Union;
- 5) <u>Demands</u> a call for increased funding to those European coastal nations who are receiving a growing number of arrivals of refugees seeking asylum;
- 6) <u>Further requests</u> all member states of the United Nations to accept and provide support and cooperation in this momentous time of crisis.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Ghana

TAKING NOTE that more than 1.8 million people entered the EU illegally between January and October 2015, with some 980,000 applying for asylum, and
 EMPHASIZING that Islamic terrorist groups have attacked European nations roughly 8 times in the past year, and
 SUPPORTS the decision to give aid to people applying for asylum in Europe and the countries housing them;
 URGES the assistance of other nation states in stopping such attacks in the future.



Sponsored By: Greece Submitted To: 1st Political

1	ACKNOWLEDGING Greece's long, tumultuous, and rocky relations with Turkey, and
2 3	APPRECIATING the "earthquake diplomacy" maintained by the two countries since 1999
4	and
5 6	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN for Turkey's citizens and military as Syrian War, ISIS
7 8 9	terror attacks and Kurdistan Worker's Party terror attacks cross into Turkey's borders and threaten their stability, and
10	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT Turkey's economic stability heavily relies upon tourism and
11 12	terror threats and attacks and wars are hindering and discouraging tourism in Turkey, and
13 14 15 16	REALIZING that while Turkey is a prosperous country, their military and police are not yet able and ready to handle the intense violence stemming from war and terrorism, and
17 18 19	<u>CONSCIOUS</u> of Turkey's overwhelming amount of Syrian refugees and immature immigration system which bear a weight on the government, and
20 21 22 23	RECOGNIZING the effects of war and terrorism in Turkey will threaten Greece's stability and safety;
24 25 26	 REQUESTS Turkey finalize and adjust their immigration process to control and manage the current refugee crisis;
27282930	2. <u>CALLS UPON</u> other members of NATO to help combat terrorism in Turkey as an effort to secure the safety and security of the North Atlantic area;

4. REITERATES that Turkey's issues are causing stress and worry to surrounding nations, including Greece, and should be minimized to avoid further spread of them to surrounding nations.

3. **URGES** heavy sanctions to be placed upon Syria in an effort to end the nearly five

year conflict that is taking a toll on Turkish territory;

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