

# First Political

- 1. Africa
- 2. Asia
- 3. Americas
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- 5. Europe
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Subject: Africa
Sponsored By: Argentina
Submitted To: First Political

The First Political,

Recognizing the issue of youth unemployment in Africa, and

Keeping in mind that African governments typically elect not to place great value on the youth entering the workforce, and

<u>Having considered further</u> that almost half of the yearly university graduates in Africa do not succeed in endeavors of employment, and

Bearing in mind that the population of and therefore the number of youth in Africa continues to drastically increase each year, and

<u>Realizing</u> that this issue of unemployment leads to low family incomes, crime, and other social and economic difficulties,

- 1. Recommends that African companies be more accepting of employing young people, and
- 2. Expresses its hope that future jobs will be customized in order to allow more people, specifically more young people, to fill those positions, and
- 3. <u>Calls</u> for programs such as internships that will allow African youth to be better prepared for working, and
  - 4. Endorses the aid of other countries in creating jobs in Africa, and
- 5. <u>Deplores</u> youth to continue applying for jobs in the hopes that this issue of youth unemployment in Africa will cease to exist.





#### Submitted To: First Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: The Plurinational State of Bolivia

Conscious that three in every five young children in Africa are experiencing some sort of 1 2 malnutrition such as protein, micronutrient deficiency, acute, and chronical, and 3 Recognizing the efforts made by the United Nations as a whole, to combat malnutrition through 4 5 the Millennium Developmental Goals (MDG's), and 6 Observing the amount malnourished people worldwide decreased to 5% in Europe, Africa, 15% 7 in Asia, and 5% in the Americas as of 2016, while Africa's rate remained 35% realizing that the 8 9 MDG 1 in Africa was met like in other regions, and 10 Noting with grave concern that children in nations with low nutrition standards die daily from 11 12 this injustice, and 13 Taking note that the recovery of a nation after major conflicts not only are the independent 14 nations resources effected, but the resources of several other countries around the world, and 15 16 17 Bearing in mind that one nation cannot do this task alone and the U.N. needs support from all 18 nations; 19 1) Calls upon all nations give more attention to the relief of countries with declining 20 21 economies and resources because of the long-term effects on not only the future of 22 the country but also the rest of the world; 23 24 2) Recommends Bolivia's proven Zero Malnutrition program be slowly implemented 25 in nations that want to do so, due to the nutritional support it gives and also the economic stimulus: 26 27 3) Expresses its hope for a more effective and quick-acting system to give relief to 28 29 nations that need to recover from these conflicts, that lead to the misplacement and 30 malnutrition if citizens; 31 32 4) Welcomes all support from nations whether it is large amount of support or a small amount of support, asking more developed and well-constructed nations to help to 33

give more aid in order to help the rest of the world.



#### Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Canada

<u>Having reviewed</u> the past conflict in Somalia, it seems to be that a perfect opportunity has risen to unite a fractured country back under one government as the state originally stood before the outbreak of its civil war, and

Noting with regret that the 3 states Puntland, Somaliand, and Somalia did not reunite after their split during the Somalian Civil War, and

Realizing the past atrocities that were committed by the military regime that was headed by Abdulrahman Barre against the people of Somalia by creating shortages of resources and causing inflation rates to rise exponentially causing the people to become poverty stricken, which is arguably the cause of the civil in the first place, and

<u>Encouraged</u> by all three states because they have recovered and provided stable governments for the people that reside within them, in the aftermath of the civil war despite the turmoil and destruction that it created, and

<u>Confident</u> that the reuniting of these three states will greatly improve their economic, social, political, and militaristic stances far beyond the capacities that they have right now as three separate states, and

1) Applauds the victories made by the Transitional Federal Government and its allies to oust the Islamic terrorist groups that were residing and occupying territory in the southern region of Somalia, eventually leading to the formation of The Federal Parliament of Somalia;

 Suggests the three states form a military coalition that's sole purpose is to gain control of the few rural areas still controlled by the Islamic terrorist groups;

Recommends that the UN provide limited funds to this coalition under the condition
that the UN gets to overlook where, when, and how the money is spent, to insure it is
used appropriately and only when necessary;

4) <u>Invites</u> all three states to a democratic referendum to reunite them under one government that will overlook them as three separate territories within one country so that the current governments may keep the policies that they have in place without creating any conflict regarding how the country is run as a whole.



Subject: Africa Sponsored By: Republic of Cuba

**Submitted To: First Political** 

<u>Concerned</u> that since 2013 1.2 million South Sudanese citizens have been forced to flee the nation due to the civil war, and

 Noting with grave concern that more than 50,000 people have been killed in South Sudan by the Dinka and Nuer tribes since the December of 2013, and

Bearing in mind that the 2014 ceasefires failed and the 2016 peace talks also failed, and

<u>Taking into account</u> that 15,991 UN peacekeeping forces have been working in the area since 2014, and

<u>Alarmed</u> by the hostilities and fighting between the two main tribe of South Sudan the Dinka and Nuer, the main cause of the South Sudanese civil war;

1) <u>Applauds</u> the United Nations' efforts to stop the civil war and bring relief to people displaced by the brutal fighting;

2) <u>Recommends</u> that the Dinka and Nuer attend peace talks and agree to a ceasefire, so they can come to terms on their disagreements;

3) Suggests that the United Nations moderate said peace talks;

4) <u>Approves</u> of the attempts from both sides to come to a peaceful end to this brutal conflict is South Sudan:

5) <u>Urges</u> the South Sudanese government to care and support for the millions of displaced citizens.





# Subject: Africa Sponsored By: Democratic Republic of the Congo Submitted To: First Political

1.	ALARMED that the United States of America is considering cutting foreign aid and
2.	assistance to the United Nations, and
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4.	<b>RECOGNIZING</b> that the population of the Democratic Republic of the Congo decreased
5.	by 5.4 million in the Second Congo War, and
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7.	<b>EMPHASIZING</b> that the Cotonou agreement has proven to be unreliable, and
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9.	<b>FULLY AWARE</b> that the European Union has repeatedly failed to send aid to African
10.	and Caribbean countries that they are obligated under international agreement to send
11.	money and supplies to, and
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13.	<b>DEEPLY CONCERNED</b> three countries in Africa (Nigeria, Sudan, and Somalia) are
14.	currently going through the worst humanitarian crisis since 1945 due to a massive drought,
15.	and
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17.	ACKNOWLEDGING that this drought is endangering over 20 million people in the
18.	continent of Africa;
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20.	1)ASKS the US to support the UN and the Organization to Build Peace in
21.	Africa;
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23.	2) DEMANDS the EU send the 12 billion euros that they agreed to donate to
24.	Africa in 2010;
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26.	3) <b>URGES</b> the US to continue sending their average 46.8 billion to 41
27.	Humanitarian charities aiding Africa.





Subject: Africa Sponsored By: The Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia Submitted To: 1st Political

DEEPLY DISTURBED by the fact that nearly seventy-five million people are estimated to have paid a bribe in the last year in Africa, and 50% of the top 10 most corrupt countries are in Africa, and

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5 AWARE OF that those serving in a public office have lack of experience and know that the government will not query over them for accountability or how they run their yearly expenses 7 and incomes, which can lead into corruption as they know that they will not be punished,

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TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that the effects of corruption on the continent has led to a 7.5% 10 unemployment rate, 31.7% in extreme working poverty, 30.4% in working poverty, and 80% of Africans living on less than \$2 a day, which has made Africa the continent with the lowest 12 unemployment rates and has the most people below the poverty line,

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NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN that some of these bribes are to escape punishment from police and courts, but most are because they need to get access to basic necessities that they desperately need.

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1) STRESSES that in order to lower corruption in African Nations that the they need to strengthen transparency and ensure accountability in political figures by enforcing laws that call up heads of every public and private establishment to give detailed accounts of their yearly spending;

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2) <u>URGES</u> countries in Africa to build efficient infrastructure to help the development of the continent this will take about 95 billion dollars annually, but by creating infrastructure such as airports, railroads, and power plants it will help increase employment rates and the development of the country;

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3) PROPOSES that countries in Africa should get stronger courts, police, and leaders with experience that enforce the country's laws instead of taking bribes from people or taking money that is essential to the country's growth;

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33 34 4) ENCOURAGES that citizens in African Nations do their part to lowering corruption by electing experienced leaders, not giving bribes, and getting jobs to help economic growth.

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Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Panama



**Expressing deep concern** for Democratic Republic of Congo's extensive eastern displacement and the estimated number of 7.3 million people in need of humanitarian aid, and

Emphasizing the problems caused by increasing presence of rebel forces such as the National Congress for the Defense of the People, Democratic Forces for the Liberation of Rwanda, the Allied Democratic Forces, and assorted Mai Mai militias that have been abusing and killing civilians for land, power, and resources, and

<u>Grieved</u> that the almost fifty percent of deaths that have occurred in the Democratic Republic of Congo have been women and children, and

<u>Referring</u> to the fact of 3.5 million children not receiving an education, and sixty-three percent of the population living under poverty line with insufficient food, but

Recognizing the Framework of Actions for the follow-up to the Pragramme of Action of the ICPD Beyond 2014, which refines the environment for women and children, as well as resolution 2348 (2017) which urged the country to implement its new political agreement and work towards prosecuting all the guilty parties in association with the havoc that occurred, and

<u>Considering</u> the Democratic Republic of Congo's work with UNDAF (United Nations Development Assistance Framework) in order to advocate women's rights and improve working and living conditions for children, and

<u>Inspired</u> by UNICEF (United Nations Children's Fund) and similar organizations which have been working to improve women and children's living, working, and education conditions by campaigning for education, materials to be given to the less fortunate, and educating teachers, and

- 1. Expresses the hope that other countries will contribute to and assist UNICEF in its mission to help improve women and children's rights, living conditions, and education;
- Draws attention to the possibility of, after the new political agreement has been completed, the
  Democratic Republic of Congo focusing on working with all the displaced citizens to find them
  homes and jobs to restore their living conditions;
- 3. Recommends that a committee is formed to work for the improvement of living conditions, employment, and food availability for the whole population in the Democratic Republic of Congo with the help of other countries.



## Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: The Civil War in the Central African Republic Submitted By: Poland

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 <u>Understanding</u> that internal conflict broke out in the Central African Republic in 2013 after the Seleka rebel alliance ousted Christian president Francois Bozize and has since caused religious and civil conflicts between the Muslim Seleka and the Christian Anti-Balaka groups, and

Expressing deep concern that opposing religious beliefs have created the conflict and caused the death of civilians of both religions involved, and

Appalled by the fact that nearly one million of the Central African Republic's 4.5 million citizens have been displaced from their homes as of May 2017, and thousands of citizens have died because of the conflict, as well as

Acknowledging that while the Central African Republic is rich in diamonds, uranium, gold, and oil, it has one of the poorest populations in the world due to its civil conflicts causing an economic block in the country, and

<u>Taking into account</u> that the sale of "blood diamonds", or diamonds mined in the country and sold to fund the civil war, are being bought by unknowing consumers throughout the world, and

Noting that journalism in many developed countries avoids or rarely covers the conflict in the Central African Republic, causing an abundance of people to not know about the war, and

Realizing that the United Nations' MINUSCA, or Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in the Central African Republic, which is a plan to protect civilians, facilitate humanitarian efforts, and promote and protect human rights, was implemented in 2014 and has succeeded in helping suppress conflict in the nation but is scheduled to end on the 15th of November, 2017, and

Stressing that the tensions in the Central African Republic can only be resolved if and when all parties involved in the war begin to compromise in order to form a nation of civil peace, and

- <u>Urges</u> potential diamond consumers to become informed on where the gem they are buying was
  mined and receive certification for said diamonds in order to encourage the public to stop funding
  internal conflicts in the Central African Republic and other African nations;
- 2. <u>Suggests</u> that a portion of the revenue still coming from the diamond trade in the Central African Republic is invested in the United Nations' peacekeeping organizations;
- 3. <u>Calls Upon</u> all nations to reevaluate and reform their journalism coverage of the conflict as to bring awareness and humanitarian efforts to a situation in which is not being primarily discussed;
- 4. <u>Considers</u> that the United Nations' MINUSCA plan be re-instated so that it can continue to suppress conflict and keep peace in the region past the November 15th, 2017 deadline;
- 5. <u>Asks</u> the council to consider inviting representatives of both of the nation's conflicting religious militias to take part in peace talks as well as aid these representatives in coming to a fair and equal compromise.



#### Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Cognizant of the threat of Boko Haram since 2009 in Nigeria, Niger, Cameroon, and Chad, and the objective of Boko Haram to overthrow the government to establish an Islamic State under Sharia Law in Nigeria, and then impose Islamic rule beyond Nigeria, and

<u>Grieved</u> because of the danger imposed to the citizens affected by Boko Haram, such as the nearly 300 schoolgirls kidnapped from the village of Chibok in 2014 or, according to the United Nations Children Fund (UNICEF), the 83 children used as human bombs since January 2017, and

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Noting with regret that the brutality of Boko Haram has internally displaced around 1.9 million people and has also caused insecurity in the economic well-being, health, and education, which can lead to more people to be recruited into Boko Haram, and

Recognizing the efforts of the Multinational Joint Task Force to fight against Boko Haram, the member nations that have aided the Multinational Joint Task Force and affected countries, and organizations, like UNICEF, who has worked to rehabilitate schools and classrooms, and the World Food Program, who has provided food and supplies to areas with people who have fled from the violence, and

Stressing that Boko Haram can and will change their tactics, hindering the objectives of the Multinational Joint Task Force, and the violence of Boko Haram has disconnected people from their homes and jobs, causing malnutrition and highly-priced basic commodities, and

1.) <u>Urges</u> member nations with the ability to offer aid to the Multinational Joint Task Force in terms of funding, intelligence, or training to give a higher potential of achievement against Boko Haram;

2.) <u>Suggests</u> surrounding member nations with the means to help by allowing those who are displaced because of violence into their safe borders and communities to lessen the number of potential recruitments, lowering the risk of Boko Haram taking over a larger part of Africa;

3.) <u>Encourages</u> member nations with the means to help provide aid to organizations, like the World Food Program, to assist with the donations of food to help lower the malnutrition of the people cut off because of the violence;

4.) <u>Invites</u> organizations in the United Nations and member nations to create a fund within UNICEF that helps to create more schools, classrooms, and better teacher training for those that have been displaced or cut off from education, and to prevent younger generations from being recruited.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Sudan

**NOTING** that the act of piracy is the practice of attacking and robbing ships while at sea which includes taking cargo and holding passengers hostage for increasing amounts of money, and

**FULLY AWARE** that in the year of 2010, there were 445 appalling pirate attacks that arose in numerous locations throughout the globe's expansive seas, and

**GRAVELY CONCERNED** about the heightening number of deaths including 111 deaths in 2011 due to pirates in the Red Sea region alone, and

**COGNIZANT** of the UN's attempt at anti-piracy in giving additional naval support to aid in restricting pirates ability to pillage ships, and

**RECOGNIZING** that the UN has provided much financial aid to all piracy affected regions of the world in order to stop the marauding that is occurring;

- 1.) **ENCOURAGES** all nations, whether on a coastline or not, to attempt to find solutions for the issue at hand and undertake the extensive responsibility of controlling the piracy that happens throughout the world's waters;
- 2.) **URGES** nations with high levels of influence to help supply naval support to the Red Sea region and other areas of the world that are affected by pirating in order for the crime that is piracy to be ceased;
- 3.) **REQUESTS** that all nations that are currently disregarding the important laws put in place by the UN recognize the significance of the mandates put in place for citizens safety, and enforce these laws as is necessary;
- 4.) **RECOMMENDS** that the UN strive towards the plausible goal of creating more guidelines and possibly supplying more financial and naval aid towards the countries that are being affected by this lawless misconduct;
- 5.) **SUGGESTS** that all of the nations that may have been affected by this transgression warn local pirates against maritime piracy, for the consequences will be rather strict towards those who fail to comply to the law;
- 6.) EXPRESSES THE HOPE that all nations, whether affected or not by these acts of infringement upon the law, pursue relentlessly the goal of ending maritime piracy and instilling peace and safety throughout all nation's waters.







### Submitted to: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted by: Syria

1	Emphasizing that Africa is currently going through and has experienced a water crisis
2	for decades, and
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4	Fully acknowledging the UN has made attempts to provide filtering systems and bottled
5	waters alike to the people in Sub-Saharan Africa to temporarily relieve communities, and
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7	Stressing that people in Africa continue to deal with other issues such as starvation,
8	malnourishment, food contamination, lack of shelter, and
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10	Highlighting that many people of Africa, mainly women, are forced to go out on bare feet
11	to collect possibly contaminated water for their families, and
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13	Bearing in thought this causes many conditions such as Tunga penetrans (also known as
14	chigoe fleas, jiggers, or sand fleas) to be easily spread;
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16	1) Directs the UN to first supply more filtration systems for people in most need
17	of such, as water bottles are only a temporary solution;
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19	2) Suggests starting food kitchens in partner with organizations set on providing
20	food to those in poverty-stricken areas and underdeveloped nations;
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22	3) Suggests that the UN to make a larger effort asking for donations and increased
23	efforts;
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25	4) Pushes for medical checks by UN medical staff to be scheduled for communities,
26	as minor conditions can lead to extreme disfigurement untreated;
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28	5) Encourages the UN to focus on food and water supplementary efforts first and
29	foremost.



## Submitted To: First Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: Kingdom of Belgium

Recognizing that human trafficking treats human beings as disposable commodities, leading to immense emotional, psychological, and physical damage done to victims, and

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 Bearing in mind that form of control include sexual exploitation, domestic servitude, forced marriage, forced labor, debt bondage, imprisonment, violence and torture, and child begging that approximately 600,000 to 800,000 people are trafficked across international borders each year, and

<u>Alarmed</u> that 80% of trafficking involves sexual exploitations, and 19% involves labor exploitation, leading to approximately 20 to 30 million slaves in the world today, and

<u>Understanding</u> that the UN Office on Drugs and Crime states that the largest number of traffickers in the world comes from Asia, and

Emphasizing Resolution 11/3 (2009) which encourages Governments to work with UN bodies aimed at cutting down on human trafficking and exploitation, as well as creating a rehabilitating process for the victims of these crimes, and

- 1) Requests nations to provide resources protection and assistance to victims of trafficking, including access to adequate medical and psychological care and services, including those related to HIV/AIDS, as well as shelter, legal assistance and helplines, and to cooperate in this regard with intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations, and
- 2) <u>Supports</u> stronger training for law enforcement, immigration, criminal justice and other officials, including peacekeeping operations, in preventing and responding effectively to trafficking in people, including the identification and treatment of victims with full respect for their human rights, and
- 3) Requests that nations take careful measures to ensure that the victims of these crimes are not penalized for the crimes committed against them, and to help prevent against future victimization.





Subject: Asia Sponsored By: Egypt Submitted To: 1st Political

Concerned about the conflict occurring in Myanmar forcing the exodus of 500,000 Rohingya refugees to flee the "ethnic cleansing and genocide" the Myanmar claims is not being branded on the Rohingya people by military actions, and 4 5

Alarmed by the knowledge that of 80 Rohingya on a vessel fleeing from Myanmar to Bangladesh more than 60 are missing, presumed dead, or confirmed dead following the shipwreck of the vessel that was only a few miles away from granting the refugees sanctuary in Bangladesh, and

Appalled that Myanmar told the UN security council on September 29 2107 that no ethnic cleansing and no genocide of Rohingya is taking action claiming the leaders struggled for so long that espousing policies of genocide would be unthinkable and the leaders would do anything to prevent unruly deaths, while

16 Emphasizing that more than half a million Rohingya Muslims have already fled the ongoing army campaign retreating into Bangladesh territory in a short few weeks' time while half of the refugees are young children who of many were traumatized by the fighting. In efforts to better counter these horrific occurrences the UN;

- 1) Invites world leaders to help fund and give aid to Bangladesh to help the country give support to its new refugees;
- 2) Encourages the united states to hold to its promise to provide \$32 million to aid Rohingya refugees in Bangladesh;
- 3) Recommends that the governor of Myanmar help in all efforts to stop the militant attacks on Rohingya Muslims that are forcing them out of their homeland

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Subject: Asia Submitted to: 1st Political Submitted by: Japan 2/3

**HAVING EXAMINED** the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons, which was signed on September 20th, 2017, as well as the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty, and

**<u>DEEPLY CONVINCED</u>** the Democratic People's Republic of Korea wishes to destroy Japan and several other countries with weapons of mass destruction, and

**NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN** the people of Japan live in fear everyday from the threat of Nuclear war with DPRK, seeing as DPRK has brought harm amongst Japan's citizens and have even abducted them, and

**SEEKING** peace of mind Japan seeks the creation of nuclear weapons as a defence mechanism, and

**RECOGNIZING** that while anti ballistic weapons do exist they are not effective and a Mutually Agreed Destruction agreement is far superior, and

**NOTING FURTHER** Japan would be willing to allow another country, such as the US, to build nuclear weapons even though Japan is fully capable of building it on its own, and

WELCOMES a peaceful solution even if unlikely.

- 1. **ENDORSES** the construction of nuclear weapons to be built for Japan and other nations under threat to have as a defence;
- 2. <u>ENCOURAGES</u> other nations to allow Japan and other nations under threat to own nuclear weapons.
- 3. **EXPRESSES ITS HOPE** that this issue to be solved peacefully.



Subject: Asia Sponsored By: Kenya Submitted To: 1st Political 2/4

1	<u>Ackno</u>	wledging the importance of the People's Republic of North Korea be addressed for
2	terrori	stic threats and unsatisfactory living conditions for its people,
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4		ng drastic measures must be met to reduce the risk of nuclear bombardment from the
5	Repub	lic,
6	Matina	further gianificant desiring by landon of North Vance Vin Jacons, must be found by
7 8		g further significant decisions by leader of North Korea, Kim Jong-un, must be faced by partial judge and disciplined accordingly.
9	an mip	variai juage and disciplined accordingly.
10	1.	Recommends sending relief aid, and possible financial assistance when a base treaty
11		of temporary peace is met;
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13	2.	Endorses review and limit the use of nuclear arms from countries with military power;
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15	3.	Supports holding Mr Kim responsible for the inhumane conditions he subjects his
16		people to on a daily basis, and review whether or not he should be removed
17		indefinitely from power.
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Sponsored By: The Philippines Submitted To: 1st Political

1 2	<u>RECOGNIZING</u> the growing rates of poverty, including 300 million people who live in poverty in Asia, and		
3 4 5	CONCERNED about 30 million people forced into labor throughout Asia, and		
6 7		NOWLEDGING the corrupt government officials that hold political power in Asian ies, which includes those who accept bribes and corrupt law enforcement agencies that	
8 9	affect economic growth and the lives of citizens, and		
10 11		NG NOTE of the people who are most enslaved, such as children, illegal immigrants ople who live in extreme poverty;	
12 13 14	1)	WELCOMES political leaders from other countries to provide guidance and support for government officials of countries affected by modern slavery and for governments	
15 16 17	2)	affected by corruption;  ENCOURAGES foreign employers to provide occupations as an incentive for those	
18 19	4)	saved from forced labor as an attempt to lower poverty rates and prevent victims from re-entering a state of poverty;	
20 21 22	3)	<u>URGES</u> non-profit organizations and other volunteers to provide supplies and homes for victims of forced labor;	
23 24 25	4)	ASKS for countries to monitor illegal immigration and strengthen immigration regulations to prevent illegal immigration.	
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Submitted To: First Political Topic: North Korea Submitted By: Senegal

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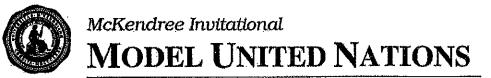
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- 1. <u>NOTING WITH DEEP CONERN</u> the use testing of ballistic missiles by the Democratic People's of North Korea and the fact that North Korea has developed a nuclear missile that can reach the United States.
- 3. <u>DEEPLY CONCERNED</u> that these missiles could cause lots of damage to cities if used for attack.
- 5. <u>CALLS UPON</u> the use of further sanctions on North Korea in order to stop them from becoming more of a threat.
- 7. <u>RECOMMENDS</u> nations to halt or restrict trade with North Korea if further missile testing takes place. In addition, nations should investigate North Korean companies present in their territory, in case they are providing money to North Korea for missile development or testing.
- 9. <u>ENCOURAGES</u> the United States to threaten North Korea with possible military action. In addition, to get them to realize the missile testing is not helping them out in any way, but costing them lots of money.
- 11. <u>FURTHER REMINDS</u> that the use of more sanctions, such as restricting trade with North Korea, if further missile testing continues, could contribute to a stop in the missile testing.





Submitted To: First Political: Asia Topic: DPRK Missile Crisis Submitted By: South Africa

CALLING upon the UN to reduce these absurd sanctions against Democratic People's Republic 2 of Korea to create stronger uniformity in our security council and to be able to create a strong, mutually agreed peace on the Korean Peninsula for many more years to come. 4 5 **REQUESTING** that the UN begins offering trade deals to the Democratic People's republic of Korea in exchange for the destruction of long-range ICBM nuclear weapons as well as the destruction of tactical nuclear weapons within the borders of the People's Republic of Korea. In order to assist with the lessening of the tensions. 9 10 **DICTATING** that there are other solutions to resolving the tensions on the Korean Peninsula 11 other than the deployment of ground troops or a full scale thermo-nuclear exchange with the 12 Democratic People's Republic of Korea, 13 14 ANNOUNCING that we must be able to trade with the People Democratic People's Republic of 15 Korea so that we may be able to assist the economy of other member states such as China, 16 Russia, Taiwan, India, and ourselves. 17 18 STRESSES that we have full cooperation and that we share information on the 19 current situation on The Democratic People's Republic of Korea's nuclear program as well as how 20 long would it take for us to negotiate the destruction of the nuclear weapons that threaten The 21 Democratic People's republic of Korea, sneighbors such as The Republic of Korea, The State

22 of Japan, and the United States of America.23

24 UNTIL the time that all sides of this conflict can come to the negotiating table and be able to solve their differences the only solution that can be accepted or even thought of at this point are the solutions that I have listed above such as, the creation of trade deals in exchange for the destruction of long range and tactical nuclear weapons that are capable of threatening other member states as well as an immediate cease to the heated rhetoric that has almost driven us to the first attack upon another member state since our support of the first Korean war. We also support

30 that our member states also sign a mutual non- aggression pact that will allow the Democratic

31 Peoples republic of Korea to trust us more in the long run.



## Submitted To: First Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: United States of America

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<u>Concerned</u> with the continued deterioration of trust between the United Nations and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and that this could lead to a potential armed conflict, and

<u>Cognizant</u> that since the DPRK withdrew from the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty, the communist regime has detonated six nuclear tests and almost forty ballistic missile tests, and

Condemning the DPRK for ignoring past and present United Nations appeals during all of its testing, but

Aware that the United Nations has continued to discourage these tests by imposing sanctions in resolutions 1718, 1874, 2087, 2094, 2270, 2321, 2371, and 2375, and specifically noting resolution 2375 where the United Nations strengthened oil sanctions against the DPRK in response to the sixth nuclear test, which is the most powerful thermonuclear denotation by the DPRK to date, and

<u>Noting</u> the formation of the United Nations Security Council Sanctions Committee on North Korea, which has regulated the sanctions on the DPRK since its formation within resolution 1718, and

<u>Noticing</u> that the sanctions on the DPRK are harming the economy and the people but aren't limiting Kim Jong-un's regime and the nuclear missile program, and

Anxious that the black market thrives in the DPRK (the exchange rate is 8,400 won to one United States dollar which is 80 times higher than the official rate of 105 won to the dollar), and that Kim Jong-un maintains black market connections and a system of smuggling to generate revenue for his regime, and

Believing a new approach is required to strengthen the cooperation of the DPRK with the United Nations due to continued strength of the regime along with the nuclear missile program despite the United Nations' efforts;

- 1) Recommends to the Security Council to ease United Nation sanctions if the DPRK is willing to cooperate with the UN in order to strengthen diplomacy and limit the threat of armed conflict;
- Calls upon the United Nations to form a committee within the Security Council to deliberate
  ways in which the UN might respond to the violations of the DPRK and take charge in the event
  of subsequent tests;
- 3) <u>Directs</u> the United Nations Security Council Sanctions Committee on North Korea to monitor all cargo arriving and leaving the DPRK in order to effectively cut off black market smuggling revenue to the regime;
- 4) <u>Supports</u> any nation that is directly attacked by the DPRK that decides to take military action on the government of the DPRK in response;
- 5) Expresses the hope that future armed conflict with the DPRK can be prevented by resolving the tension with diplomacy.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: Uruguay 2/9

<u>CONCERNED</u> with the tensions between Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK) and other member states that has been escalating these past few months and not improving on a peaceful solution to dissolve the situation, and

of concern with (DPRK's) neighbors China, Russian Federation, Republic of Korea, and Japan, and

**ALARMED** by the fact that DPRK shooting ballistic missiles over Japan is an extreme violation to the United Nations and against the sanctions that was placed on DPRK by the Security Council, and

EMPHASIZING that war isn't the solution to the DPRK crisis in the region that is drawing a lot

**BEARING IN MIND** of the recently added sanctions being enforced on DPRK targeting their imports trying to bring (DPRK) to the negotiating table to put an end to their illegal nuclear program, and

**ENCOURAGED** by the fact that the sanctions seem to help the situation and the member states working together side by side to put an end to the DPRK threat, and

<u>ACKNOWLEDGES</u> China's efforts on carrying out the sanctions that were put on DPRK by putting pressure on cutting off all trade that DPRK was using to fund their illegal nuclear program;

1) **RECOMMENDS** the Security Council send United Nations Investigators to investigate the civilian population freely in DPRK to determine if the civilian population is even given humanitarian rights and if not then the United Nations together must decide the action needed to correct this matter;

2) <u>APPROVES</u> whatever action needed to shut down DPRK's illegal nuclear program and to take every safety precaution needed in demilitarizing these nuclear weapons and to ensure they are disposed of properly;

3) <u>AUTHORIZES</u> the United Nations security council to send investigators to the DPRK to investigate whether the Kim Jung Un regime is capable of ruling over the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and if proven not then they may be removed from power by the United Nations and place DPRK officials that are more capable of taking on this responsibility;

 4) <u>URGES</u> the Security Council to attach more powerful sanctions on the DPRK and this can result to a more peaceful outcome than using military action on the matter at hand.





## Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Deforestation in the Americas Submitted By: The Federative Republic of Brazil

TAKING NOTE OF the recent and high rates of deforestation in Brazil by cattle ranchers to make room for sowing grass and giving their cattle the ability to graze around and, BEARING IN MIND the significant impact it has on pollution, biodiversity loss, and greenhouse gas emissions worldwide and, AWARE of the devastation it has on the Amazon Rainforest and its plants and inhabitants and, **REITERATING** the importance of climate change and the carbon dioxide exchange process in the atmosphere and. **RECOGNIZING** the percentage of greenhouse gas emissions deforestation in Brazil causes worldwide and. MINDFUL of the release of 500 million tons of carbon, 44 million tons of carbon monoxide, and millions of tons of nitrogen oxides and poisonous chemicals into the atmosphere because of deforestation and, **NOTING** the growth of the Trans Amazonian highway to exploit the forest for cattle ranches and: 1. Advocates that the UN place regulations on international forestry companies in using illegal sawmills and seizing illegal timber and vehicles; 2. Urges international forestry companies to stop making moves to increase their longevity: 3. Requests that the UN invest in satellites to monitor deforestation; 4. Supports UN regulations to protect the Amazon Forest and the atmosphere with it

pertaining to global warming;

5. <u>Calls Upon</u> the global community to protect natural habitats;
6. <u>Strongly Condemns</u> illegal logging, especially when it harms the natural inhabitants;
7. <u>Trusts</u> that the UN will bring upon a common-sense reform to this global problem.



## Topic: Drug War Sponsored By: Colombia

1	REITERATING the fact that the production of Colombian cocaine has been on the rise
2	despite the efforts made by the United Nations disarming of the FARC, and
4	RECOGNIZING FARC controls over 60% of the world's cocaine production, and
5 6	CONSIDERING the United States accounts for about 90% of Colombian cocaine
7	consumption, and
8	
9	HAVING CONSIDERED that if the cocaine production decreases, criminal groups will
10	continue to illegally mine, which is directly related to illegal drug use, and
11	
12	BEARING IN MIND that while there is still consumption of drugs, which will not end, there
13 14	will be supply, and
15	CONCERNED THAT the Drug War will not end unless the countries join together to solve
16	the problems at their source, in Colombia;
17	the problems at their source, in Colombia,
18	1) DRAWS ATTENTION TO the fact that Colombia is currently carrying out its
19	priority, voluntary crop eradication, which the United States does not support;
20	
21	2) REITERATES the drug production will not stop until the consumption has been
22	decreased significantly, and if the healthcare systems in countries, like the United
23	States, focus on ending the consumption then the production will begin to decrease
24	parelley;
25	
26	3) ACKNOWLEDGES that Colombia has education as the main budget priority, over
27	defense and security;
28 29	4) REQUESTS that the United States provide aid in fighting FARC and the other
30	criminal groups that continue to influence the Drug War, while also working towards
31	decreasing the consumption of drug use in their country, as Colombia works towards
32	eradicating the coca crops;
33	erantening me even erops,
34	EXPRESSES THE APPRECIATION that Colombia has for disarming the FARC but
35	stresses that 10% of Colombia's population has been victimized and died from the war

on drugs, and requests that United States aid Colombia in the cause to end

consumption and production of drugs.





#### Subject: Support for the International Commission Against Impunity in Guatemala (CICIG) Sponsored By: Guatemala

**Submitted To: 1st Political** 

3/3

1	AFFIRMING the fact that the financial and investigative efforts of the International
2	Commission Against Impunity in Guatemala have helped to check and lower corruption rates
3 4	in Guatemala, and
5	STRESSING the chaos of impunity among officials in the legislative, executive, and judicial
6	branches that has plagued Guatemala since its civil war, and
7	MDIDELII I ammeriation of the effects taken to transcents society original and reveal
8	MINDFUL and appreciative of the efforts taken to prosecute serious crimes and reveal
9	corruption to the world, and
10	TYPE TOTAL OF THE CONTENT OF THE CON
11	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN, however, at the corruption still within the country and
12	fearful of the state of Guatemala without this body, and
13	
14	REAFFIRMING the good this body has done, including the arrest of high-ranking officials
15	for embezzlement, fraud, drug trafficking, corruption, and the resignation of former President
16	Molina, and
17	
18	1) <u>STRESSES</u> the good of this body to check corruption in Guatemala and serve
19	as a warning against corruption in the world as a whole;
20	
21	2) NOTES WITH APPROVAL the efforts of the Commission thus far taken;
22	
23	3) EXPRESSES THE HOPE of further assistance from the United Nations in
24	funding and manning of this body;
25	
26	4) CONSIDERS the crimes that could pass unpunished in Guatemala without the
27	support and protection of the charter;
28	
29	5) <u>URGES</u> the renewal of the charter of the International Commission Against
30	Impunity in Guatemala.
31	
32	
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**Submitted To: First Political Topic: Americas** Submitted By: Sweden

1	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN the Venezuelan people are suffering due to poor,
2	ineffective leadership making it an important problem in Venezuelan history, and
3	
4	MINDFUL that protesting has erupted because of their socialist leader, Nicholas Maduro, who
5	was elected by promising to practice the policies and rules of the previous leader, Hugo Chavez,
6	who died in 2013, and
7	
8	EMPHASIZING that the protesting by citizens has caused a variety of issues including hunger
9	and medicine shortages, and
10	
11	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that 95% of Venezuela's export income is from oil, providing
12	approximately one million poor citizens with homes, however, the decrease in oil revenue is
13	forcing the government to recall some programs leaving some people stranded, and
14	
15	STRESSING that crimes against humanity should not be tolerated considering almost 130 people
16	have been killed and hundreds more injured since April 2017 and harsh treatment of prisoners
17	which lead to a variety of punishments including severe trauma;
18	
19	1) <u>INVITES</u> all neighboring countries to help Venezuelan people to receive right and fair
20	judgement within their nation;
21	
22	2) <u>INSTRUCTS</u> leadership to be reevaluated and conduct a new election to receive a
23	president that the people will trust and agree with;
24	
25	3) SUPPORTS the establishment of a humanitarian aid resource or supply fund that will
26	provide much needed medication as well as other commodities desperately wanted by a
27	nation with an problematic government;
28	
29	4) AUTHORIZES the halt of physical abuse and torture to political prisoners and
30	recommends the release of such people;
31	
32	5) REITERATES that people of Venezuela are willing to promote peace but need the

resources and help to see cooperation with their presiding government.



## Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: North America Submitted By: Republic of Tajikistan

3/5

1 2	<u>Concerned</u> by the constant and brutal, drug related violence that has taken lives and continues to strike fear into the minds of citizens within the borders of Mexico, and
3	
4	Emphasizing the negative health problems that accompany drug use and the widespread
5	addiction that is liable to accompany the mass distribution of illegal narcotics within Mexico and
6	into the United States, and
7	
8	Recognizing that dealing with a drug epidemic is diverting many US resources away from
9	departments such as emergency responders in order to pay for the life-saving drug Narcan, and
10	
11	<b>Deploring</b> the fear rooted decline of commerce due to hyperviolent guerilla type attacks carried
12	out by the cartels that are filling the power vacuum in the Michaocan State that have claimed the
13	lives of dozens of officers in the region, but
14	
15	Appreciating the effort put forth by Mexican authorities in capturing and detaining ruthless
16	Sinaloan Cartel leader Joaquin "El Chapo" Guzman in early 2016 which temporarily hindered
17	the operations of the cartel, and
18	
19	Bearing in mind that the violence and destruction has gone on for far too long, and realizing that
20	there is no other imminent solution, the use of force to eradicate or limit the issue at hand is
21	necessary, and
22	
23	1.) Suggests that the United Mexican States request to bring in a task force of willing,
24	militarily inclined nations to work in unison to and to systematically surround,
25	neutralize and destroy opium poppy fields and methamphetamine laboratories;
26	
27	2.) <b>Invites</b> generous nations to provide funds to outfit the Mexican government with

means to contribute to offensive against drug cartels, so long they cooperate with

form means of education to prevent the world's population from engaging in any kind

3.) Implores that in hope of one day eliminating drug cartels at their root, all nations

of behavior involving the use of illegal drugs.

32 33

28 29

30 31 procedures;



#### Sponsored By: Afghanistan Submitted To: First Committee

1	Recognizing that Afghanistan in the past 38 years has had horrible internal conflict because of foreign
2	actors using supporting internal military groups, and

- 3 Stressing the severe threat that letting the Taliban, ISIS and other terrorist factions grow unopposed would cause to not only Afghanistan and the Middle East, but all civilized nations; 5
- Deeply Disturbed by the increased amount of terrorist attacks carried out by radical islamic against 7 Afghanistan and its foreign allies, and 8
- 9 Grieved by the thirty one dead in Kabul after a car bombing attack against a shiite mosque; 10

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- Viewing with Appreciation the United States renewed military advancements against ISIS along 11 with their new hard nosed policy against terrorism, 12
- Recalling the rise of the ISIS and revival of the Taliban when the U.S. started moving troops out from 4 Afghanistan in 2014 and the Middle East at large when America believed it destroyed the Taliban; 15
  - **Encouraged** by the President of the United States's recent change of heart dealing with American Strategy dealing with Afghanistan by continuing to keep a large military presence while;
- 19 Mindful of America's reluctance to continue giving aid to a war they have been waging for sixteen years, and
  - Concerned that history might repeat itself when the U.S. and Nato allies decides that they have defeated the terrorist groups within the Middle East and leave a power vacuum where another group might rise up therefore, and
  - Urges the United Nations to analyze the following points Afghanistan believes if implemented will
    - 1) Calls upon Major Western Nations to follow the United States example with renewed military, economic, and political add to Afghanistan and other Middle eastern Nations in order to restabilize the subcontinent, and
    - 2) Suggests That once defeated the West should not pull troops out as it has done before until a stabilized government has been created and pro-west consensus among the people has been formed within Afghanistan.



Subject: Middle East
Sponsored By: Australia
Submitted To: First Political

4/2

1	RECOGNIZING the issue of Brexit and the referendum that made the term and conflict
2	known. Many citizens in Britain wish to leave the European Union, but many wish to stay
3	because independence will result in failure, and
4	
5	NOTING that the referendum votes have been counted and results conclude that a majority
6	wish to leave the EU. Britain has voted 52% to 48% to leave the European Union, and

7 8

8 <u>UNDERSTANDING</u> that in order for Britain to officially "exit" the EU, a minimum of twenty-four months must be taken because of Article 50, and

HAVING CONSIDERED that the process cannot be stopped once it has begun, unless under special circumstances. This is another major reason a large percentage of voters were against the idea as a whole, and

BEARING IN MIND the future of the UK is still up in air. Their economy, currency, and maturation cannot be rightly predicted until further into the process;

1) <u>ACKNOWLEDGES</u> the possibility of trade with Britain after their removal from the European Union. Although, Australia mustn't get ahead of themselves with hopes of trade post-Brexit;

2) <u>STRESSES</u> the ideas of stronger defenses within the countries. Though talks are informal, Australia and the U.K. have quickly developed links regarding the topics of defenses and economy;

3) <u>BEWARE OF</u> the closeness of Australia and the European Union. The two share similar ideas of economical and political policies. Although the relations are well made, Australia and Britain heavily rely on each other for trade;

4) <u>RECOGNIZES</u> the copious amounts of trade exchanges between Australia and Britain. The UK was Australia's eighth largest partner in exports in 2014;

5) <u>ENCOURAGES</u> Australia to push for even stronger ties and relations with Britain during the Brexit process throughout the next two or more years to ensure that both will be well off and benefit.



Subject: Middle East
Sponsored By: Bahrain
Submitted To: 1st Political

4/3

AWARE that combustion of coal in the Middle-East is contributing to the negative effects of global warming and this planet is the only one in the universe that we know can support life and the importance of preserving its health, and

NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN that it is amoral and unathired to continue to a least to a support and unathired to continue to a least to a support and unathired to continue to a least to a support and unathired to continue to a least to a support and unathired to continue to a least to a support and unathired to continue to a least to a support and unathired to a support and unathi

NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN that it is amoral and unethical to continue to advocate the burning of coal knowing that there are sufficient alternatives, and

AFFIRMING that there is scientifically proven evidence that the 40% of emissions responsible solely from the utilization of coal power plants is contributing towards the severity of the effects of global warming, including aquatic animals that are dying in mass numbers, like the 337 whales in Chile in 2015, storms such are increasing in power and occurrence, such as the hurricanes in America, and heat records being broken every year, and

<u>DEEPLY CONVINCED</u> that the primary purpose of the United Nations is to maintain the peace and to assure the fundamental human rights to mankind, and that it is a direct violation of these human rights to deprive people from clean breathable air;

- 1. <u>DESIGNATES</u> the responsibility of preventing global warming to all the countries of the United Nations, including the top 10 producers of whom are responsible of 65% of greenhouse gases;
- 2. <u>CALLS UPON</u> the countries in the UN to contribute effort in eradicating coal burning programs and to increase research into clean energies;
- 3. <u>ENCOURAGES</u> the member nations to consider countries that do not sustain or reduce their carbon emissions as human rights violators and place their names among those on the Human Rights Watch.



Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Djibouti 4/4

1 2 3		ed with the recent actions of terror promoting organizations relating to the expressed lestabilization of western society as it is today, and
4 5 6	Recalling world, an	g the actions that groups such as ISIL and several others have taken against the modern d knowing that since the start of the century, terror attacks have increased ten-fold, and
7 8 9	Stressing treated as	that the fight against terror has been largely handed off to several countries, and not a global issue that every country will be a part of, and
10 11 12	Believing and	that the world as a whole can end the deaths and misery caused by these terror groups,
13 14 15		ng the efforts of any nation that will step into the fight and create an alliance to stop the eat before it becomes impossible to contain, and
16 17 18	2017, and	edging the past efforts of the UN and the Counter Terrorism Office, formed in June of the Counter Terrorism Task force, formed in 2005, and the noble efforts of the countries fighting to free the Middle East from the shadow of terror, and
19 20 21 22	1	<u>Urging</u> all countries to join the fight against terror, using the military might and economic power of their respective nation to form a unified coalition against terror;
23 24 25	2	<u>Calls</u> upon nations to make it apparent to these organizations that they have no place in the land of any sovereign country, to end the endorsements of any group or people with ties to terrorism;
26 27 28 29 30	3	Considers that the United Nations reach out to the multiple countries harboring terrorists within their walls and implore them to close off their country to terror promoting organizations, so they will have a decreased amount of safe refuge from the world's military might;
31 32 33 34	4	<u>Suggests</u> that the UN create a special task force dedicated to reviewing and stopping revenue opportunities for terror groups in the Middle East, specifically drug revenue.
35 36	5	<u>Requests</u> that the UN also creates another special task force, the purpose of which is to investigate and prevent the online presence of Terror Groups, which is instrumental

in their recruitment and will lessen the danger of Lone-Wolf attacks.

Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political
Topic: Middle East
Submitted By: Finland

4/5

Recalling the countries at today's conference that the Syrian government has committed atrocities against its own people, and

Reaffirming the need for a swift end to the current war in Syria and the bloodshed the 118,000 Syrian people who have suffered, and

<u>Affirming</u> the need to implement the previous UN resolution regarding chemical weapons that were previously held by the Syrian government, and

Stressing the need for a coordinated humanitarian effort to support the 5.1 million refugees created by the conflict in Syria, and

- 1) <u>Suggests</u> the quickest possible route for peace in Syria, a policy of strikes (led by United Nations) and economic sanctions against the Syrian government;
- 2) Demands an environment where peace negotiations are possible, Finland will be willing to host the peace negotiations between various rebel groups and the current Syrian government in Brussels in which a ceasefire can be negotiated that the rebels and the current Syrian government can agree to;
- 3) Recognizes the previous resolution passed by the UN to moderate the stockpiles of chemical weapons previously held by the Syrian government, these would be takes by a neutral country (Norway/Switzerland/Iceland) and destroyed properly;
- 4) Supports the state of the Syrian people after the devastation caused by this war, the UN will financially sponsor a humanitarian group such as UNICEF and Red Cross, in conjunction with Israel, as a humanitarian ally in the region, to aid countries affected by the refugees;
- 5) <u>Declares</u> a stable Democratic government where representation for all Syrian people exists, including the Sunni people and the Baath party
- 6) <u>Urges</u> the UN to charge Bashar Al-Assad with the war crimes and puts him on trial in an international criminal court;



**Subject: The Middle East Sponsored By: France** Submitted To: 1st Political

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Noting the reported 6,081 terror attacks in Iraq and North Africa alone due to terrorism in 2016, and

Observing how terror in the Middle East has lead to the spread of extremist Islamic groups in other regions of the world, such as Boko Haram which has ties to both the Islamic State and Al-Qaeda and operates in North and west Africa, and

**Recognizing** the undeniable influence of Middle Eastern terror groups, specifically the Islamic State, in many terror attacks in the west such as the Pulse Nightclub shooting in the United States of America, the bombings of the Brussels Airport and Maalbeek Metro Station, the November 2015 attacks on Paris, and the 2017 Barcelona attacks, and

**Remembering** that not all Middle Eastern Muslims are affiliated with extremism in any form and in fact only a small minority are, so Muslims should not be discriminated against or persecuted for their beliefs, and

Bearing in mind the absolutely alarming and barbaric violations of human rights being enforced not only by extremist groups, but also by various Middle Eastern governments which completely disregard any human rights document produced by this organization, and

**Applauding** the promises and actions of the nation of Saudi Arabia suggesting a more progressive and less restrictive government and hoping that other Middle Eastern governments will soon follow the Saudi's example, and

**Mindful** of the fact that the Islamic terror in the Middle East affects all member nations and that the United Nations must come together as an organization for peace and diplomacy to fight this threat with whatever we can to stop this humanitarian catastrophe in all ways it rears itself;

- 1) Encourages immediate action against Islamic extremism by the United Nations in the form of economic and militaristic aid in the areas it is the worst;
- 2) Suggests steps be taken to limit the spread of extremist ideals and propaganda by the means of the formation of a special committee to deal with such matters;
- 3) Stresses the need for more extreme punishments, such as sanctions, against those nations who would trample on human rights and incentives for those who choose to create a freer and more humanitarian society as to limit the propagation of beliefs that many of these terrorists hold at the center of their ideologies.



## Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: Greece Submitted To: 1st politica

4/7

	Submitted To: 1st political
1 2 3	<u>TAKING NOTE</u> that many Syrian citizens began peaceful protest in 2011 against the harsh" actions of the government towards 15 children, and
4 5	NOTING WITH REGRET the government responded aggressively and opened fire towards the protesters and even shot mourners at the funerals, and
6 7 8 9	MINDFUL that the war is separated into 2 main sides which are the soldiers that agree with and support Mr. Assad and his government and the rebels that oppose him, and
10 11 12	HAVING CONSIDERED there has been much chaos in Syria, a terrorist group known as the Islamic State from Iraq that neighbors Syria has been able to gain land and power in Syria, and
14 15 16	<u>ALARMED</u> by all of this violence, almost five million Syrians have had to leave the country and go to surrounding countries such as Turkey, Jordan, and Lebanon in hopes of finding safety.
18 19 20	<ol> <li>ACKNOWLEDGES the fact that many immigrants needed a temporary home so in 2015, Greece had welcomed many immigrants into the country and received the most boat arrivals than any other European country;</li> </ol>
21 22 23	2. <u>STRESSES</u> that the number of immigrants in Greece went up by 408% in the first six months of 2015 compared to that of the year before;
24 25 26 27 28	3. <u>EXPRESSES ITS REGRET</u> that this immigrant crisis has caused a struggle with unemployment and has strained the economy even more than it was before;
29 30 31 32	4. <u>RECOGNIZES</u> the dangers of making the trip from Syria to Greece and decided to continue to accept immigrants with open arms and even try to make the trips safer over since there has been many drowning, sexual abuse, and torture;
33 34 35	5. <u>URGES</u> Greece to step in with the Syrian soldiers and other allies to take down Mr. Assad and the government to put an end the the now 6 year civil war

in Syria.





Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Iran 4/8

<u>Having considered</u> the spread of terrorist organizations from various separate regions of Asia, Africa, and the Middle East, which commit acts of violence and terror in their respective regions against the establishments of the local governments and communities within their control, and

<u>Concerned</u> about the involvement of foreign nations in the affairs of governments in the international community that are affected by terror organizations in such a way that invades the sovereign territory of the respective nations, including possible interference against fighting groups such as the Iraqi Shia that took major prominence in 2014, and

<u>Referring to</u> United Nations Security Council Resolution 2195 in 2014 which called upon nations affiliated with the United Nations to aid in the preparation and equipment of nations of which are directly influenced by the presence of terror organizations within their borders, and

 Appreciating those nations whom decide to remain unaffiliated with the act of providing any aid, including military force, directly violating the state sovereignty of any nation whom receives the support of a military akin to that of the United States of America's involvement in Afghanistan and Iraq following the attacks on the World Trade Center in New York City, New York, and

<u>Conscious</u> of absolute right to state sovereignty in any form of issue to deal with the national community and nations in need, and

 Invites the Security Council to consider passing a resolution that calls on the full capacity of the United Nations to help aid in recovery of nations afflicted with terrorism in the Middle East and regions of Asia;

2) <u>Supports</u> the allocation of funding for non-profit aid organizations such as the International Red Cross, as well as policies preventing direct intervention by outside nations unless expressly requested by the nation in question;

 3) <u>Emphasizes</u> the need to allow states to control their own sovereignty without the intrusion of other foreign nations for any reason unless requested and the need to fund non-profit organizations to support those nations afflicted, thus indirectly assisting said nations without an invasion of sovereignty.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: Israel 4/9

1	BEARING IN MIND Iraq's sovereignty over its land and its people, and
2	
3	RECOGNIZING the large ethnic group of Kurdish people living in the Iraqi region of Kurdistan,
4	many of whom feel different than the rest of Iraq's people, and
5	
6	<u>TAKING INTO ACCOUNT</u> the autonomous nature of the region within the Federal Iraqi
7	Republic, and
8	
9	<u>RECALLING</u> the common history that many of the people living in both Kurdistan and Israel
10	share with each other, and
11	
12	ENCOURAGED by Kurdistan's efforts to take in almost two million Iraqi and Syrian refugees
13	displaced by ISIS, and
14	
	<u>TAKING NOTE</u> of the recent Iraqi Kurdistan Independence Referendum which showed an
16	overwhelming majority of people in the region wanting Kurdish nationalism and separation from
17	Iraq, and
18	
19	CONCERNED by Iraq's refusal to allow the referendum to be legal and binding, and
20	
	WISHING for people to have the write to democratically decide who they wish to be ruled by
22	nationally;
23	
24	1) SUPPORTS the Kurdish Democratic Party's wishes for Kurdish nationalism and
25	subsequent separation from Iraq;
26	
27	2) <u>CALLS UPON</u> the Iraqi government to either allow the referendum to be legal or to
28	allow for a new referendum that shall be legal;
29	
30	3) IMPLORES the UN to encourage the freedom of Kurdistan from Iraq and to allow for
31	the new Kurdistan nation that would be created to fully enter into the UN and be
32	protected from threats from both Iraq and other nations.
33	



## Subject: ISIS Treats Sponsored By: Libya Submitted To: 1st Political

4/10

1	Taking note that ISIS is attempting to take over Libya and other nations, moving to				
2	nations they know are in poverty and are neglected, and				
3					
4	Aware of ISIS bombings happening all over the world, killing thousands of people, and				
5					
6	Acknowledging that ISIS is targeting the specific religion, Christianity, which is the				
7	world's most popular widespread religion , and				
8					
9	Recognizing that ISIS has dramatically increased terrorist acts: in 2015 approximately				
10	3,317 ISIS attacks occurred with an average of 10,000 people; as of now, 2017, 973				
11	attacks have occurred with nearly 5,611 fatalities in this year alone, and				
12					
13	Mindful that ISIS has not backed down but has increased with the United Nations'				
14	retaliation and additional laws;				
15					
16	Considering that ISIS has kidnapped eighty-eight Christians from Libya in two months				
17	in 2015 after executing twenty-eight Ethiopian Christians;				
18					
19	<ol> <li>Considers enforcing more laws to limit terrorist attacks;</li> </ol>				
20					
21	2) Acknowledges that some United Nations member states have stepped up their				
22	military campaigns;				
23					
24	3) <u>Calls upon</u> involved nations to create and ratify a peace treaty with ISIS to settle				
25	all disputes.				
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
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Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: Netherlands Submitted To: 1st Political

4/11

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Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: Norway **Submitted To: 1st Political**  4/12

1	RECOGNIZES that a refugee is defined as someone whom must leave their country fearing
2	conflict due to race, religion, nationality, political opinion, or participation in a specific social
3	group, and
4	
5	AWARE that 26% of the 65.6 million refugees worldwide are hosted by countries in the
6	Middle East and North Africa, and
7	
8	EMPHASIZING that refugees who are seeking asylum are commonly forgotten ,along with,
9	access to basic rights, such as education, healthcare, employment, and freedom of movement,
10	and
11	
12	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN that according to the United Nations High Commissioner
13	for Refugees (UNHCR), 24 people are displaced every minute, and
14	
15	COGNIZANT Article 13 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights states, "Everyone has
16	the right to freedom of movement and resistance within the borders of each state, Everyone
17	has the right to leave any country, including his own, and to return to his country", and
18	Article 14, of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights states, "Everyone has the right to
19	seek and to enjoy in other countries asylum from persecution", and
20	
21	1)SUGGESTS that some sort of compromise should be made amongst the United Nations
22	that will allow refugees to settle in a country and have the same rights as citizens of said
23	nation;
24	
25	2)TAKES NOTE in the agreement refugees who seek asylum in said country will work for
26	their place;
27	
28	3) EXPRESSES THE BELIEF that refugees should work to increase tourism in that country
29	by restoring damaged or vulgar tourist sites, as well as, helping build new, sterling tourist
30	sites;
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refugees;

> 5) ACKNOWLEDGES the importance of giving hope to people who really need it by allowing them to see new skies and escape the terror they had to experience with the refugees becoming citizens it will not only help them but it could help the country by allowing a rise in the economical growth with the additional hands.

4) RECOGNIZES that most of the money made should be used to help the now working



#### Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: The Islamic Republic of Pakistan

	Submitted by. The islantic Republic of Pakistan				
1 2 3	Reiterating the issue of the crisis in Yemen between the Hadi government, the Houthi rebels and other actors in the conflict, due to the failed political transition in Yemen back in 2011, and				
4 5 6	Alarmed by the amount of casualties caused by this crisis in Yemen, where over 7,600 people have been killed and over 40,000 people have sustained injuries, and				
7 8 9	Aware of the fact that this conflict has triggered a humanitarian crisis: displacing over 3 million people from their homes, leaving 7 million civilians are in hunger, and 18 million people in need of humanitarian aid, and				
11 12 13 14	Bearing in mind that over 14.4 million people don't have access to clean sanitation or water, and are experiencing a cholera outbreak; also that the infrastructure of Yemen has sustained intensive amounts of damage costing more than \$14 billion, and				
15 16 17 18	Mindful of the efforts of Saudi Arabia's coalition in which they attempted to counter the Houthi rebels in support of Hadi, which has led to some reclaimed land in the south, but has failed to regain Sana'a and other areas, and has also displaced and targeted civilians leading to multiple casualties, and				
19 20 21	Noting with grave concern that as this conflict continues this allows for room for the growth of the Islamic State within Yemen due to their fragile situation, and				
22 23 24	Recognizing that peace talks from the UN have been nearly impossible due to President Hadi setting up a provisional government in Aden, and the Houthis setting up a government in Sana'a as well, and				
25 26 27	<ol> <li>Encourages member nations to contribute to the effort of helping civilians in Yemen by funding humanitarian organizations trying to provide aid;</li> </ol>				
28 29 30 31	<ol> <li>Instructs that a power sharing agreement should be made between the Houthi rebels and the Saudi coalition to lower the causalities and try to resolve and reevaluate any disagreements;</li> </ol>				
32 33 34	3) <u>Urges</u> Western countries to stop arms deals between them and Saudi Arabia's coalition since the use of these weapons has caused multiple causalities and has only caused more instability even though they are allies:				

4) Stresses the fact that a military solution will not be helpful, and that the political solutions

should only come from within Yemen and not from other nations to not violate Yemen's

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sovereignty.





Submitted To: 1st Political

1	TAKING NOTE OF the fact that Syria has been in a civil war since 2011, and the death toll		
2	is rising more and more everyday, it is currently at approximately 480,000, and		
3			
4	ACKNOWLEDGING that the civil war is mostly broken up into two sides, those who are for		
5	President Assad and those against him, as well as that the formation of a jihadist group		
6	Islamic State, has added more dimension to the fight, and		
7			
8	EMPHASIZING the fact that all of the parties involved in this war have committed war		
9	crime, such as murder, rape, torture, kidnappings, and using civilian suffering, and		
10			
11	RECOGNIZING that an estimated 11 million people have fled Syria since the start of the		
12	conflict, most of them being women and children, and many of the neighboring countries		
13	have struggled to deal with all of the refugees;		
14			
15	1.) BELIEVES Qatar must play a role in fixing up the Arab world after its own		
16	problems the country has faced;		
17			
18	2.) STRESSES that they are providing financial support to neighboring countries		
19	for the incoming refugees;		
20			
21	3.) <u>URGES</u> a political resolution of this conflict, specifically to remove the		
22	president from power;		
23	(A DEPARTMENT of the CO. ) and the Lot of the High		
24	4.) <u>DEMANDS</u> that the citizens of Syria get the rights and freedoms that they all		
25	deserve and have been fighting for.		
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Subject: Middle East
Sponsored By: The Republic of Korea
Submitted To: 1st Political

4/15

1 2 3	CONSCIOUS The current refugee crisis in Europe has highlighted the ordeal of tens of thousands Syrian refugees fleeing war and hardships, and The UK-based Syrian Observatory for Human Rights (SOHR) said more than 3,300 people had died in September
4	including 995 civilians.
5	WEEDING DI MINID the houtel Service civil was been going on for more than A years
6 7	KEEPING IN MIND the brutal Syrian civil war has been going on for more than 4 years, killing almost 300,000 Syrians and displacing 11 million more, and that is about half of
8	Syria's population, and
9	Syna 5 population, and
10	REAFFIRMING now Israel is going to war in Syria to fight Iran, because no one is
11	confronting Tehran forces.
12	
13	EMPHASIZING the scope of this air campaign, on Sept. 7 Israeli jets struck a Syrian
14	weapons facility near Masyaf responsible for the production of chemical weapons and the
15	storing of surface-to-surface missiles, but
16	
17	NOTING FURTHER the United States can advance a settlement by presenting a proposal to
18	the country's warring factions, which devolves power from the central government to Syria
19	regions, and now Syrian war has Suicide bombers targeting the Damascus police station and
20 21	DECLARING Stabilization will require security guarantees. Security will also allow an
22	orderly and dignified process for displaced persons to go home. Billions will be needed for
23	humanitarian assistance and reconstruction.
24	indifficultiful applytonate and reverba detection.
25	1) DIRECTS September has been the deadliest month in Syria's civil w
26	so far this year, a monitoring group has said.
27	
28	2) STRONGLY SUGGESTS Arm the Syrian opposition and remove the
29	Assad regime with military force Create a no-fly zone and a safe-area
30	in Syria's north.
31	
32	3) EXPRESSES IT CONVICTION With the Security Council – and the
33	EU – divided over Syria, the responsibility falls on individual states t
34	end the indiscriminate attacks and protect civilians We want to live
35	with the rights we all deserve.
36 37	
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Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East

Submitted By: Russian Federation

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Alarmed by the national security concerns in the Middle East, as well as the growing number of terror attacks in Europe and Asia which are caused by refugees from the Middle East, and

7 8 9

Expressing great concern for the large amount of unrest and armed conflict in many countries, especially those impacted by the so called "Arab Spring", a massive violent movement spread across the Middle East and North Africa, as well as the civil war happening in Syria, and

11 12 13

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Realizing that the current state of the Middle East is undesirable, and the way many races and cultures are treated are by others different from them is the root of all conflict in the region, and

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Emphasizing the idea to bring peace to the Middle East, as well as to put an end to the terror attacks in countries outside of the region, which are caused by those from the Middle East

18 19 20

1) Calls upon all countries to stand with the Syrian government and Assad, as the means can justify the end to violence in Syria, and

21 22 23

2) Requests aid to be sent to Syrian refugees, and any others outside of Syria, as a way to possibly prevent future terror attacks rooting from the region, and

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3) Urges everyone to pacifically take action in the Middle East to put an end to the bloodshed there, whether it be through financial aid or physical action, and

28 29 30

4) Suggests that conflicted countries are offered a way to stabilize their governments, as the current states of many governments are unstable and will not last.



Subject: Middle East
Sponsored By: Somalia
Submitted To: 1st Political

4/17

		Sponsored by, Somana		
		Submitted To: 1st Political		
1 2		in <u>account</u> that many things must be done in order to stop the Islamic terror group baab from turning Somalia into a Fundamentalist Islamic State, and		
3 4 5 6	<u>Alarmed</u> by the fact that since Al-Shabaab emerged from the Islamic Courts Union (ICU) in 2007, Al-Shabaab has carried out more than 1700 terrorist attacks, and			
7 8 9	Noting with grave concern that the group has been blamed for attacks in Somalia that have killed approximately 4,000 men and women, including international aid workers, journalists, civilian leaders, and African Union Peacekeepers, and			
10 11 12 13	Stressing the fact that the terror group Al-Shabaab has joined another deadly group Al-Qaeda and has become more stronger, and			
14 15 16 17	Fully acknowledging the effort which has been put forth by African Union Mission in Somalia (AMISOM), the U.S, and Somalia as well as other nations that recognize Al-Shabaab is a problem to be solved;			
18 19 20 21 22	1)	<u>Stresses</u> the importance of nations working together to stop further development of Al-Shabaab and to defeat Al-Shabaab because the fight against Al-Shabaab will not be won through security and military means alone; therefore, it is better to attack on the group's weakness;		
23 24 25 26	2)	<u>Urges</u> the priority of the nations working together and negotiating a treaty that states the union of Al-Shabaab and Somalia with Al-Shabaab to prevent the deaths of innocent men and women as well as children;		
27 28 29 30	3)	<u>Recommends</u> the banning of port usage fees from the Port of Kismayo situated in southern Somalia because that is where the group obtains the money to buy weapons and other necessities;		
31 32 33 34 35 36	4)	<u>Further recommends</u> discussing Al-Shabaab in more detail, considering it a serious topic as Al-Shabaab becomes more powerful and formidable everyday.		
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Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: Republic of Turkey Submitted To: First Political



1	AWARE that the Kurds comprise a fifth of Turkey's population, and
2 3 4	<u>TAKING INTO ACCOUNT</u> that the Kurds are the ethnic group that has not achieved nation-state status, and
5 6 7	<u>REALIZING</u> that the Kurds speak a different language than the Turkish people making it hard for communications, and
8	
9 10	<u>CONCERNED</u> that if the UN were to award Kurdistan nation status and allot the land, there would be disputes similar to those when the nation of Israel was created, and
<b>1</b> 1	
12 13	<u>DETERMINED</u> to solve this problem seeing that there have been no solid solutions to this issue, and
14	
15 16	<u>EMPHASIZING</u> the fact that the PKK (Kurdistan Workers Party) is a terrorist group and has committed terrorist-like acts, and
17	·
18 19	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that more than 40,000 people have died from the nearly three decade long conflict, and
20	
21 22	<u>REALIZING</u> the need for a temporary peace process that can last, until a long term solution can be made;
23	
24 25	1) <u>INVITES</u> both the PKK and the Turkish government to begin a peace talk process moderated by the UN in mutually agreed upon place by both the Turkish government
26 27	and the PKK;
28	2) <b>CONSIDERS</b> the fact that the Kurds have basically no rights in any of the nations that
29	they consider Kurdistan, knowing this a way to stop violence could possibly be giving
30 31	them more rights in those nations;
32	3) REITERATES the fact that the UN should not give Kurdistan nation status due to
33	what happened in Israel;
34	
35 36	4) <u>WELCOMES</u> all possible solutions by any nations;
วต	

5) RENEWS ITS APPEAL for a peace process between the Turkish Government and

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the PKK.



Subject: Middle East
Sponsored By: United Kingdom
Submitted To: First Political

4/19

1	Aware of the refugees flooding from war torn countries, and
2 3	Knowing that the new U.S. President had brought more attention to this issue,
4 5	Cognizant that ISIS has loss 30% of their conquered territory in the middle east,
6 7 8	Mindful that the United Kingdom is making efforts currently to refugees in war-torn countries
9 .0 .1	<u>Convinced</u> that the United Kingdom is assisting the refugees and immigrants and those beginning to help
.2 .3 .4	1.) Encourages nations surrounding the middle east to participate in the actions led by the United Kingdom by providing monetary aid, and necessary aid and,
.5 .6 .7	2.) <u>Urges</u> other nations to be aware of the issues in the middle east, and from terror groups such as ISIS, and others who oppose a threat to citizens
.8 .9 20	3.) <u>Applauds</u> nations such as Turkey, Jordan and Lebanon, the nations who have taken in the most refugees.
21	4.) Endorses nations to take part in actions such as the United Kingdom is taking



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Albania

1	RECOGNIZING that immigration has been a problem in Europe for centuries, and
2	
3	<u>DEEPLY CONCERNED</u> about the immigrants and refugees coming from the Middle East,
4	where terrorism is taking over, and
5	
6	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that not that Much has changed since the height of the refugee
7	crisis that gripped Europe in the summer of 2015, and
8	
9	STRESSING Since 2015, Europe has scrambled to cope with the arrival of around 1.5 million
10	people by sea, and
11	
12	REALIZING In an effort to stem this flow, many European countries have tightened their
13	policies and borders, and
14	
15	AWARE of that the majority of immigrants are good people who are trying to get a better life;
16	
17	1.) <u>URGES</u> countries to provide integration services as soon as possible for those asylum
18	seekers most likely to be allowed to stay;
19	
20	2.) SUGGESTS to promote equal access to integration services to humanitarian migrants
21	across the country;
22	
23	3.) <u>REQUESTS</u> that countries work together with the International Organization of
24	Migration to form new laws and policies about migration;
25	
26	4.) CALLS UPON police to watch immigration traffic more carefully in order to prevent any
27	future terrorist attacks.



#### McKendree Invitational

### MODEL UNITED NATIONS



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Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Terrorism in Europe Submitted By: Iceland

- EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN about rising number of acts of terrorism across the world, especially Europe, in past several years, causing fear and sense of insecurity amongst many, and
- NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN the fact that, the aftermath of grave problem mentioned
- above was astonishingly high number of immigrants settling in countries across Europe, 9
- threatening the stability of European countries, and
- STRESSING the importance of European Neighborhood Policy implemented by European
- 12 Union, which promotes Europe building common interest with partner countries of East and
  - South, to work on key priority areas and assisting in resolving major political and societal issues
    - of neighboring countries, and
    - REALIZING that European Union's policy mentioned above has brought significant changes to countries it regards to throughout past decade, and
    - HAVING CONSIDERED the gravity of the consequences terrorist attacks left on Europe, a change in Europe's policy towards Middle East and South Africa is highly encouraged;
      - 1) DRAWS ATTENTION TO the importance of managing the migration crisis in a careful and organized manner, while preventing other terrorist acts and ensuring the safety of citizens;
      - 2) CALLS UPON determining number of immigrants able to temporarily stay in a certain country, proportional to funds a country can separate for solely purposes of migrant crisis;
      - 3) SUGGESTS cutting off portion of the money European Union spends as a part of Union for the Mediterranean, as well as cutting off unnecessary expenses in times of crisis such as this;
      - 4) <u>INVITES</u> European Union to use the money cut off of the Union of Mediterranean as a donation to the European countries dealing with immigrants;
      - 5) RECOMMENDS heightening the security of the public places across Europe, as well as placing temporary borders that ought to do a background check of arriving migrants, in order to keep the citizens and immigrants safe.



### McKendree Invitational

## MODEL UNITED NATIONS



5/3

Subject: 1st Political Topic: Europe Submitted by: Italy

1	<u>CONSIDERIN</u>	$\overline{ ext{NG}}$ that more than 2 million people have crossed the Mediterranean from Africa		
2	and the Middle East to seek asylum, and			
3				
4	<b>ACKNOWLE</b>	DGING that Italy is a small country not prepared to take in vast floods of		
5	refugees and			
6				
7	<b>STRESSING</b>	that this emerging problem is affecting the Italian Republic more than other		
8	nations becaus	se it is the gateway in Europe, and		
9				
10	<u>EMPHASIZIN</u>	NG the great losses for Italy's economy and threats to national security due to		
11	this crisis;			
12				
13	1)	INVITES the global community to take responsibility and aid the vulnerable		
14		groups in need;		
15				
16	2)	<u>URGES</u> to the whole European community to give support to the vast number		
17		of refugees;		
18				
19	3)	RECOMMENDS governments of other sovereign nations to properly screen		
20		refugees;		
21				
22	4)	PUSHES that refugees are treated humanely upon arrival, and that opportunities		
23		to improve their lives are provided;		
24				
25	5).	<b>EXPECTS</b> other nations to adhere to proper rule of law, as to not incite unrest		
26		between naturalized citizens and refugees do to unfair laws.		
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Subject: Europe Sponsored By: Oman Submitted To: 1st Political

1st Political

1	AWARE OF 770,485 Syrians, Nigerians, and Afghans, among others, seeking asylum in
2	Europe in previous 12 months, and
4	FULLY ALARMED by the struggle of giving asylum to so many refugees in a continent that
5	is only 10.18 million square kilometers and that already has 105 people per square kilometer,
6	and
7	
8 9	<u>BEARING IN MIND</u> that the huge movement of refugees into Europe is causing tighter border security and some refugees are being stranded in the process, and
10	
11 12	<u>RECOGNIZING</u> that refugees would need to be provided with social services, such as such as housing and food;
13	as nousing and root,
14	1. <u>CALLS UPON</u> nations of the world who are not hosting refugee camps to provide
15	financial support to refugee camps, such as the one in Calais, France;
16	
17 18	<ol> <li>REQUESTS all financial contributions go to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;</li> </ol>
19	
20	3. FURTHER CALLS UPON all nations of the world to participate in solving the
21	world's refugees crisis.
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Submitted To: First Political Topic: Europe Submitted By: Switzerland

5/5

1	Recognizing that Europe has faced immigration issues for centuries due to asylum seeking
	refugees fleeing from wars, violence, and chaos, but
2 3	
4	Emphasizing the fact that beginning in 2015, the rate of immigration has increased to 1.82
5 6	million immigrants entering the European borders each year, which was drastically larger than the 280,000 immigrants that arrived Europe in 2014, and
7	and 200,000 miningsanto mat arrived Datope in 2014, and
8	Stressing that the amount of immigrants fleeing to Europe continues to grow because of the
9	internal conflicts currently occurring in areas such as Africa and the Middle East, and
10	.,
11	Acknowledging the importance of the immigrants' lives and their ability to find refuge in
12	Europe from the persecution in their homelands as it is stated in Article 14 of the Universal
13	Declaration of Human Rights, but
14	
15	Alarmed by the capsizing of crowded and unseaworthy boats that have occurred in Europe as a
16	result of migrant smuggling in the Mediterranean Sea, and
17	
18	Concerned by the fact a majority of the European countries to not be able to financially handle
19	the influx of immigrants, and
20	1) Decreeds an improve of Condition Condition
21 22	1.) Requests an increase of funding for the European coastal nations who are receiving a
23	majority of the immigrants, so they can better support and provide for this massive influx of people;
24	minux or people,
25	2.) Urges that nations work together to increase border security by making laws and
26	regulations, and work with the International Organization of Migration to decrease
27	the number of immigrants entering Europe;
28	and hadroof of manifestates officially Europe,
29	3.) Suggests that this increase of border patrol works with the International Organization
30	of Migration to secure the path of travel for the immigrants, in order to decrease the
31	amount of accidents when traveling to Europe;
32	

4.) Reminds that in order to decrease the amount of immigrants fleeing to Europe is to

stop the crisis that is occurring in the refugee's homelands.

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5/6

Sponsored By: Ukraine Submitted To: 1st Political

1 <u>BEARING IN MIND</u> the annexation of Crimea to the Russian government after the Maidan Revolution, and

4 <u>CONSCIOUS</u> of the violence and loss of life occurring as a result of the conflict over Crimea, and 5

6 <u>ALARMED</u> by the continued aggression of Russia while Ukraine is rebuilding considering the previous diplomatic relations between the two countries, and

9 <u>EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN</u> for the civilians of both countries if a war were to ensue over 10 Crimea, and

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12 **<u>DETERMINED</u>** to reach peaceful relations under which the conflict over Crimea may be addressed to not further escalate the conflict, and

15 <u>APPRECIATING</u> actions taken by several organizations and countries to discourage Russia from further involvement in Ukraine;

1. <u>EXPRESSES ITS APPRECIATION</u> for financial and material aid during the current crisis resulting from the Russian invasion and Maidan Revolution;

2. <u>INVITES</u> further aid from other countries in order to help deescalate conflict and keep Ukranian civilians safe;

3. <u>**DEPLORES**</u> Russian justification for invading Crimea as no humanitarian crisis took place in Ukraine's borders;

4. **REITERATES** Russia's violation of Ukrainian sovereignty and UN Charter;

5. <u>STRESSES</u> the need for political cooperation from Russia in order to reach an agreement regarding Crimea without further violence or loss of life;

6. <u>REQUESTS</u> that Russia withdraws all military presence from Russian-occupied Crimea as well as all of Ukraine;

7. <u>DIRECTS</u> other UN members to place sanctions on Russia to expedite the withdrawal of military presence, stop violence and encourage political cooperation;

8. <u>URGES</u> immediate action be taken place as to lessen the number of civilians and military lives lost in the conflict.



# Subject: Antarctica Sponsored By: Denmark Submitted To: First Political

7/1

1	Noting with grave concern that the Antarctic Peninsula has experienced air temperature
2	increases of three degrees Celsius, which is five times the mean rate of global warming as
3	reported by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), and
4	
5	Conscious that satellite measurements calculated since the 1990s show that the sea level is
6	rising at a rate of three mm per year and over the last century, the global sea level rose
7	approximately 8 inches, which is nearly double of that of the previous century, and
8	
9	Taking into account that the increased rates of thinning ice and glaciers on the Antarctic
10	peninsula coincide with the increased number of positive degree days, and
11	
12	Having received data from NASA's Gravity Recovery and Climate Experiment that shows
13	Greenland lost 36 to 60 cubic miles of ice per year between 2002 and 2006, while
14	Antarctica lost 36 cubic miles of ice, and
15	
16	Stressing that in 2013, the Fifth Assessment Report of the IPCC concluded that the Antarctic
17	Ice Sheet was contributing to sea level rise, mainly caused by increased discharge of large
18	outlet glaciers in the Amundsen Sea and Bellingshausen sea regions in the West of
19	Antarctica;
20	1) Approves a unit on Antarctica and its geography and climate be added into all
21	schools' geography and Earth science curricula to educate people on the situation
22	of climate change and its effects;
23	
24	2) Welcomes an international law to be made that places limits on emissions of
25	greenhouse gases on companies who emit large amounts of CO2, and to make the
26	laws more strict over time which will lead to less emissions in the air;
27	
28	3) Instructs global leaders to convene with with industry and civil scientists annually
29	to develop sustainable and innovative solutions so nations can make advancements as
30	fast as possible;
31	
32	4) Considers financial support be provided by the UN to support non-corrupt
33	companies and politicians who are leading a change to a low carbon economy, low
34	fossil-fuel economy, or decarbonized economy.