

Economic & Social

- 1. Implementation of Sustainable Development Goals
- 2. Human Settlements Program
- 3. Digital Divide
- 4. Addressing Global Economic Inequality

Submitted To: Economic and Social

Topic: Implementation of Sustainable Development Goals

Submitted By: Argentina



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COGNIZANT that the world's population has grown by more than 1.5 billion people in the past 20 years, exerting greater pressure on limited resources, and

BEARING IN MIND that without making measurable progress towards Sustainable Development, the current generation is jeopardizing the ability of future generations to provide for their own needs, and

GREIVED by the lack of assistance provided to developing countries to further expand their developing infrastructure, and

APPALLED the lack of use of current structures for economically efficient sustainable development. such as old warehouses converted to vertical farming and green houses, and the use of alternate energy resources, such as sun and wind power, and

AWARE that there is no "one size fits all" approach to achieving economic and social development, but the lack of assistance provided to developing countries will hinder the implementation of the Millennium Development Goals

ENDORSING the efforts and commitments made by the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development (A/RES/64/236), the Stockholm Declaration, and World Commission on Environment and Development;

- 1.) SUGGESTS that member states work to increase the efforts made toward conserving resources by:
 - a. Sharing resources and technological advancements in order to make measurable progress in achieving critical Sustainable Development projects;
 - b. Creating and establishing voluntary targets for sustainable development which could be used as a model for developing countries to achieve target levels of development.
 - c. Encouraging developed countries to create and establish voluntary targets for sustainable development which could be used as a model for developing countries to achieve target levels of development.
- 2.) **RECOMMENDS** that the leaders of member states work to achieve a Sustainable Development plan that is flexible in order for developing countries to take part in the Sustainable Development movement;
- 3.) SUGGESTS that all developed countries switch to the lower energy-consuming resources in order to cut down on hazardous waste materials being released into the world;
- 4.) INSTRUCTS the creation and use of a comprehensive recycling system in order to get the most efficient and economically friendly use of reusable materials:
- 5.) **URGES** the creation and use of voluntary partnerships and commitments made by governments, intergovernmental organizations, and other organizations that aim to contribute to the agreed intergovernmental sustainable development.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Implementation of Sustainable Development Goals Submitted By: Thailand

1 Welcoming a new government that can advocate for rights of the subsequent generations, is a 2 necessary action that can lead to a change in many areas of Thailand's environmental matters, 3 and 4 5 6 Mindful of the plans set forth, sustainable development strategies are the fundamental principles on the agenda, and 7 8 Determined to further strategies, the government has considered adding plans to continue the 9 satisfactory yield in many services such as, improve health programs, migration, sport 10 development, business services, social justice services, and environmental stability, and 11 Considering the weaknesses: unstable businesses, unknown development track, low amount of 12 13 goods being exchanged, polarized knowledge based on social class and regional differences, 14 15 1) Calls upon other nations to help educate personnel in medical fields in order to 16 improve the overall service and experience; 17 18 2) Supports the addition of higher learning institutions (e.g. universities and technical 19 schools) to attract skilled individuals to integrate them into our society, these individuals will not 20 only provide stability in the economy but will improve business infrastructure; 21 22 3) Reiterates the fact that increases in migration numbers will improve diversity within 23 the social classes and lessen regional differences; 24 25 4) Expresses its thanks and appreciation to nations that wish to help provide means to a better-facilitated sustainable development plan. 26

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



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Submitted To: EcoSoc Topic: Sustainable Development Goals Submitted By: Rwanda

NOTING WITH GREAT CONCERN that many countries do not have access to the advanced methods of sustainable development that are taken for granted in many first world countries, and

FULLY UNDERSTANDING that the 20% highest income nations are responsible for 86% of the world's personal consumption while 20% of the lowest income nations are responsible for a very minuscule 1.3% of the world's personal consumption, and

STRESSING WITH URGENCY that over 1 billion people in the world suffer daily from hunger and starvation and 2-3.5 billion people worldwide suffer from vitamin and mineral deficiencies, and

FURTHER EMPHASIZING that half of the world's population lives on around two dollars a day while a few hundred millionaires own more in monetary value than 2.5 billion average citizens of impoverished nations, and

<u>APPALLED IN REALIZING</u> that many hundreds of thousands are dying due to this lack of sustainable development that is brought about by their lack of monetary gain;

- STRONGLY SUGGESTS the creation and funding of a non-government organization (NGO) to supply and educate impoverished countries with the tools they require to begin their sustainable development;
- 2.) <u>IMPLORES</u> wealthier nations to either create or assist in the creation and Funding of these NGO's to help spread much needed development to counties that are in dire need of assistance;
- 3.) **<u>DEEPLY WISHES</u>** that the many wealthier countries who agreed in 1970 to give 0.7% of their annual GNI (Gross National Income) to an official international development aid would recognize and actually give their agreed upon distribution;
- 4.) <u>SINCERELY REQUESTS</u> that all nations look toward and strive to achieve the Millennium Development Goals that were established during the Millennium Summit of the United Nations in the year 2000;
- 5.) <u>HIGHLY RECOMMENDS</u> that impoverished nations accept the assistance they are receiving and possibly create an organized strategy for improving their nations development with the financial and educational aid provided by the aforementioned NGO's and any other donating parties.





Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Implementation of Sustainable Development Goals Submitted By: Ireland

1 2	NOTING that Sustainable Development Goals are an expansion off of the Millennium Development Goals which end in 2015, and
3 4 5	$\underline{STATING}$ that during the Rio + 20 Conference, the committee adopted green economy policies, and
6	
7	AWARE that almost half the world — over three billion people — live on less than \$2.50 a day;
8	at least 80% of humanity lives on less than \$10 a day and more than 80 percent of the world's
9	population lives in countries where income differentials are widening, and
10	TAMBIC NOTE d. t.d. Containable Development Code at this torough condenses of
11	<u>TAKING NOTE</u> that the Sustainable Development Goals strive toward gender equality and female rights, for example, in goal 5 sub-clause 2, "eliminate all forms of violence against all
12 13	women and girls in public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types
14	of exploitation," and
15	of exploitation, and
16	NOTICING that Sustainable Development Goal 7 focuses on ensuring access to affordable,
17	reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all, and
18	10110010, 0 000 00010 000 000 000 000 00
19	BEARING IN MIND that Sustainable Development Goal 11 makes cities and human settlements
20	inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable;
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22	
23	1) ADDRESSING the fact that these goals will expire in 2015 and must be expanded
24	upon into 2020;
25	
26	2) <u>URGE</u> nations to come together for further expansion from the Rio + 20;
27	
28	3) <u>SUGGESTS</u> that the eradication of poverty be helped by other nations by donating
29	money;
30	A) DEGOVO CENTRO
31	4) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> promoting woman's political rights and participation, educating
32	girls, and strengthening nutrition, disease prevention, and maternal health programs to
33	achieve the goal of gender equality;
34 35	5) APPLAUDS the Rio + 20 Conference for its results of over 700 voluntary
35 36	commitments and the witnessing of the formation of new partnerships to advance
50	communicates and the withesemig of the formation of new partitionings to advance

sustainable development.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Implementation of Sustainable Development Goals Submitted By: Japan

<u>AFFIRMING</u> that since the United Nations Conference in 1972 on Human Environment Sustainable Development has grown and expanded on national and international levels, and

<u>RECOGNIZING</u> that the Division of Sustainable Development translates into five core functions of (1) support of Intergovernmental process on sustainable development, (2) Analysis and Policy Development, (3) capacity development at the country level, (4) Inter-agency coordination, and (5) Knowledge

AWARE that the United Nations had recently, in 2012 at the Rio+20 established a Higher-level forum on

Sustainable Development that replaced the 1993 Commission on Sustainable Development (CSD), and

<u>REALIZING</u> that the Sustainable development knowledge platform works to help in all fields of sustainable development including the growth of governmental infrastructure with business and economics, education, technology, and employment levels, and

management, communication and outreach, and

<u>WELCOMING</u> that United Nations Sustainable Development has set goals to help the organization work to take action in order to help all countries around the world, and

 ENDORSING the goals set by sustainable development work to (1) ending poverty, (2) ending hunger, (3) providing health benefits for all ages, (4) promoting education, (5) promoting the use of energy resources, (6) providing employment opportunity for everyone, and (7) achieve equality for everyone including gender and financial backgrounds, and

<u>TAKING NOTE</u> of the current actions undertaken by the sustainable development for basic goals and initiatives as well as the current Green Economic Policies to get "The Future We Want" in a time bound manner, and

<u>ENDORSING</u> the widespread growth of the sustainable development program in many countries around the world and the constant growth in development everywhere from the many organizations chartered by the United Nations to help the sustainable development goals;

1) <u>REQUESTS</u> the continuous support from the United Nations to help with the growth of the sustainable development program by promoting the efforts currently undertaken by United Nations workers and volunteers;

 <u>RECOMMENDS</u> that the program should continue to receive funding from member countries as well as the World Bank to improve the program worldwide;

3) <u>SUGGESTS</u> that the United Nations start more committees in the development program and to be ran by U.N. employees and volunteers to allow each committee to focus on one of the goals set within the development program;

4) <u>INSTRUCTS</u> that organizations dedicated to improve sustainable development follow the goals and core functions of the program by chartering businesses in countries in need of development that would provide for the citizens.



Submitted To: Economic and Social **Topic: Implementation of Sustainable Development Goals** Submitted By: Islamic Republic of Pakistan

1		that achieving sustainable development requires focusing on the underlying	
2	economic, demographic, political and environmental factors that currently limit adaptive		
3	capacity a	nd increase vulnerability, and	
4			
5 6		<u>IZING</u> that the primary focus of sustainable development is to promote a decent fliving for everyone without compromising the needs of future, and	
7	staridard o	i iving for everyone without compromising the needs of future, and	
8	RECOGN	IZING that the eradication of poverty is the greatest global challenge facing the world	
9		is an indispensable requirement for sustainable development, and	
10	,		
11	ACKNOV	VLEDGING the need and implementation of specific, measurable, attainable,	
12		, and timely goals to allow for the future prosperity of underdeveloped nations whose	
13		at risk without the dependency on financially stable nations taking the initiative;	
14			
15	1)	<u>Promotes</u> the enactment of the Millennium Development Goals in order to	
16	,	accomplish the myriad of tasks for the sustainable development of nations;	
17			
18	2)	Requests the cooperation of global corporations as well as both governmental and	
19	,	independent organizations in reducing their environmental footprint while also raising	
20		awareness of sustainable energy alternatives to lessen their harmful environmental	
21		effects;	
22	3)	<u>Urges</u> targeted financial assistance directed towards developing nations for the sole	
23	3)	purpose of developing sustainable markets in those areas which lack capital in the	
24		hopes that they would invest in the future wellbeing of their nation to make up for the	
25		areas they lack outlined in the Millennium Development Goals;	
26		areas they tack outlined in the infinitum Development Goals,	
20 27	4)	Advocates the engrabation of a fixed to review developing nations that make	
	4)	Advocates the approbation of a fund to reward developing nations that make	
28		significant changes to meet these goals in order to become involved and prosper in	
29		the new world economy.	



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Human Settlements Program Submitted By: Spain

1 RECOGNIZING that when the United Nations was founded in 1945, two thirds of the world's 2 population lived in rural settings, and that by 2000, the population balance had shifted with half 3 of the population living in cities, and 4 5 CONSCIOUS that the United Nations is expecting that by 2050, two thirds of the world's 6 population, about 6 billion, will be living in cities that have economic and social processes that 7 generate wealth and opportunity, but 8 9 NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that in cities, especially in developing countries, more 10 than half of the urban population have little or no access to shelter, water, and sanitation, and 11 12 ENCOURAGED by the United Nations Human Settlements Programme, UN-HABITAT, which 13 was established in 1978, was created to improve these situations, and 14 15 MINDFUL that the UN-HABITAT works to achieve the Millennium Development Goal, which is to improve the lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers, which is 10 percent of the global 16 17 slum population, by the year of 2020, and 18 19 AWARE UN-HABITAT's goal of creating land and housing for all, creating environmentally 20 sound infrastructure and services, and innovating housing and urban finance, and 21 22 WELCOMING the UN-HABITAT supporting the development of a Sustainable Urban Development Network (SUD-NET), which works at a local level to help build the capacities of 23 national governments, and also promote the inclusion of the community in the decision-making 24 25 process; 26 27 1) INVITES all able countries to fund programs like United Nations Human Settlements 28 Programme and the Sustainable Urban Development Network; 29 30 2) STRESSES developed countries, who have a control on poverty, help developing countries who need financial support to help support human settlements; 31 32 3) URGES all member nations to take into mind the United Nations goal to improve the 33

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4) <u>INVITES</u> all nations to support the United Nations in their Millennium Development Goal by providing financial aid.

lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers by 2020 and help with that goal;



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Human Settlements Program Submitted By: Vietnam 3/2

1 2		NG NOTE that the human settlements program promotes sustainable settlements for all, ng shelter and the everyday needs to survive, and
3 4 5		IZING that sustainable urbanization is the most pressing and urgent problem at hand in society, and
6	modeli	in society, and
7		ESSING WITH DEEP CONCERN that slum dwellers account for over 50% of some
8	develo	ping countries' population, and
9 10 11		ASIZING that the number of slum dwellers continues to rise throughout the world, it has to 863 million compared to only 760 million in the year 2000, and
12	grown	to 803 minion compared to only 700 minion in the year 2000, and
13	CONC	ERNED with the growing amount of people not having sustainable shelter or the
13		ary needs to survive, and
15	necess	ary needs to survive, and
16	TAKD	NG INTO ACCOUNT that the countries of Africa and Asia are the most impacted with
17		forementioned problems with Sub-Saharan Africa having 65% of their population being
18		wellers, Southern Asia having 45%, Southeastern Asia having 39%, Eastern Asia having
19		Western Asia having 20%, and Latin America and the Caribbean having 29%;
20		
21	1)	<u>URGES</u> nations to set up camps or buildings to house the homeless, and to provide food
22		with other daily needs to the less fortunate;
23		
24	2)	<u>INVITES</u> under-developed nations to set up foundations that collect money through
25		fundraisers that can be put towards opening up camps and buildings that can help the
26		homeless by providing shelter and food;
27		
28	3)	SUGGESTS the United Nations hold an annual summit to discuss effective ways of how
29		to fix the growing problem of unsustainable settlements in the world, such as, creating
30		foundations, starting food programs, and by opening up settlement camps that provide
31		both food and shelter;
32		
33	4)	WELCOMES the idea of connecting developing countries to companies, authorities, and

communities that aim to work jointly towards homes, electricity, sanitation, clean

drinking water, waste disposal, and safety.



Submitted To: Economic Social Topic: Human Settlements Program Submitted By: United States of America

1	Recog	nizing that recent unrest in the Middle East, Africa, and Eastern Europe has forced
2	millior	ns from their homes and plunged them into poverty and strife, and
3		
4		ious of the fact that the governments of Jordan and Turkey, for example, are currently
5		ned with the economically challenging prospect of sheltering droves of refugees fleeing the
6	advano	ce of the Islamic State, and
7		
8	<u>Takin</u>	g into account that, while effective for the short term, United Nations refugee camps
9		the Middle East are by no means a viable solution for the long term problem of caring for
10	these r	efugees until their land can be retaken from the Islamic State, and
11		
12	<u>Realiz</u>	ing that this example is but one of many instances of refugees, immigrants, or other
13		y stricken groups living in shelters and camps worldwide, United Nations sponsored or
14	otherw	vise, and
15		The second secon
16		eciating the efforts of volunteer organizations such as Habitat for Humanity that provide
17	energy	efficient, sustainable housing for the less fortunate, and
18	~ 111	' 11
19		g upon more economically prosperous nations to fulfill the moral obligation of assisting
20	our fel	llow, poverty-stricken man,
21	4	The second and the second of an analysis of argonizations dedicated to
22	1.	<u>Urges</u> member nations to create or encourage the creation of organizations dedicated to
23		improving or building housing for those who are homeless or live in sponsored shelter;
24	0	Insists on the creation of a committee dedicated to the training and oversight of aid
25	۷.	workers intent on building and improving housing for the poverty-stricken in nations
26		
27		around the world;
28	2	Invites the creation of an annual conference of developed nations in order to determine
29	3.	how best to share resources, apply aid, and further contribute towards eliminating the
30		international lower-class housing problem in areas determined by the Human Settlement:
31		S .
32		Program;
33		

4. Requests that housing and the Human Settlements Program be made key issues in a

United Nations post-2015 agenda.

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Submitted To: Economic Social Topic: Human Settlements Program Submitted By: Kuwait

1 2	Believing in the efforts already established by the UN-Habitat Program, which was mandated by the UN General Assembly in 1978 to address the issues of urban growth; it is a knowledgeable
3	institution on urban development processes, and understands the aspirations of cities and their
	residents, and whose goal is to institute housing and land for all, and
4	residents, and whose goar is to institute nousing une take for the, and
5	Expressing deep concern in many cities, especially in developing countries, slum dwellers
6	constitute more than half of the urban population, with little or no access to shelter, water, and
7	
8	sanitation, and
9	and the state of t
10	Conscious of the possibility that by 2050, two-thirds (estimated 6 billion people) of the
11	population will live in urban environments where pollution, crime, poverty, and disease are
12	abundant, and
13	
14	Stressing the importance of insuring the safety of as many people in the world as possible by
15	giving them the life opportunity of living in a safe shelter, and
16	
17	1.) Invites the UN-Habitat Program to continue its efforts and to implement more
18	documents and programs such as the Vancouver Declaration on Human Settlements
19	Habitat Agenda, Istanbul Declaration on Human Settlements, the Declaration on
20	Cities and Other Human Settlements in the New Millennium, and Resolution 56/206
21	
22	2.) Calls upon other nations to incorporate shelter-building programs in their respective
23	countries in order to ensure to its people one of the key inalienable rights: property;
24	Countillo in order to order to read the property of the proper
	3.) Supports any NGO that would raise money towards building homes towards the
25	homeless in any country;
26	nomeness in any country,
27	4.) Commends and reiterates the goals of charities such as Habitat for Humanity,
28	Housing Hope, Team Building, etc, that build homes and settlements for the
29	Housing Hope, Team Building, etc., that build homes and settlements for the

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homeless.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Human Settlements Program Submitted By: The Republic of Korea

1	RECOGNIZING that the human settlements program was created by UN-Habitat with the
2	purpose of creating a more urbanized world while also practicing social and environmental
3	responsibilities within these developments, as well as providing suitable shelter for all, and
4	
5	AWARE that in 2014, 54% of the world's population resides in urban areas, and by 2050, it is
6	predicted that nearly 66% of the world's population will reside in urban areas, but as this
7	percentage grows, as does the number of slum dwellers and the urban inequality gap, and
8	CERTIFICATION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN
9	STRESSING that urbanization will be a defining trend over the next several decades, and 90% of
10	urbanization is expected to occur in Africa, Asia, Latin America, and the Caribbean; therefore, these nations, as well as other regions, will play a central role in the achievement of adequate
11 12	urbanization, and
13	ui vainzation, and
14	EMPHASIZING that without proper urbanization, the following will result: improper housing,
15	increase in slums, tired infrastructure, increase in poverty and unemployment, raise in crime, as
16	well as amplified pollution and health issues, and many effects of climate change, and
17	
18	FULLY AWARE that approximately three quarters of global economic activity, such as global
19	GDP and investments, is urban, and this amount will only increase as the urban population
20	grows; therefore, urbanization will play a key role in determining the world's economic stability,
21	and
22	
23	ALARMED that any errors made in urban developments, such as infrastructure investments,
24	urban land-use facilities, and layout are nearly impossible to undo, and that these mistakes can
25	lead to the expansion of slums, as well as other effects that could be felt for many decades;

26 27

1 1

> 1) URGES that all nations use UrbanLex, a collection of urban laws that have emphasis on planning for city densification and extension, land management, and innovation in urban development financing, in order to further urbanize their nation;

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2) ENCOURAGES national and local authorities, mayors, urban NGOs and community organizations, universities, businesses, and national authorities respond to the challenge and opportunity of global urbanization by:

32 33 34

a. promoting integrated and innovated infrastructure design and service delivery

35 36 b. promoting land use planning and efficient special concentration c. ensuring resilience to climate change and disaster risk reduction Submitted To: Economic Social
Topic: Human Settlements Program
Submitted By: Saudi Arabia

1 2		t, economy, and society while improving their national affluence, they must
3		develop and tend to the basic needs of their inhabitants, and
4	Constantiy	develop and tend to the basic needs of their lindoitants, and
5	Conscious	that in order for a citizen to become a productive member of society to contribute in
6		of their nation they must first be able to sustain a basic foundation of stability and
7	_	heir life, and
8	SHELLET III C	ion mo, and
9	Alarmad t	here are people worldwide living in such poverty and deficiency that they struggle to
10		basic elements of survival: food, water, and shelter, and face difficult odds existing
11	day-to-day	
12	day-10-day	, with
13	Mindfulo	f the creation of the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), which were stablished
14	through the	e cooperation of the UN, governments, and civil society to meet the needs of the
15		orest by eradicating extreme poverty and establishing global partnership for
16		nt by the year 2015, and
17	ш. отории	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
18	Emphasiz	ing that these goals will only be accomplished through the cooperation and support of
19		es in the United Nations operating towards the development and stability of all
20		s struggling with poverty, and
21		
22	1)	Urges all nations to cooperate in the MDGs which work to reach out to all
23	,	underdeveloped nations and to remove poverty, disease, and hunger from all areas of
24		the country;
25		
26	2)	Calls upon more developed nations to take the initiative to these developing nations
27		and to concern themselves with the financial and economic aid they may provide to
28		these nations;
29		
30	3)	Requests that the UN funds government employed and volunteer workers trained
31		in the construction and financial rehabilitation of a nation help direct the development
32		of urban cities
33		
34	4)	Recommends the UN creates a subcommittee to regulate who is qualified, and
25		therefore allowed to enter another nation and work towards the improvement of their

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economy.





Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Human Settlements Program Submitted By: Jordan

1	KEEPING IN MIND that the United Nations Human Settlements Program (UN-Habitat)
2	was formed to promote socially and environmentally sustainable towns and cities and
provid	le le
3	everyone adequate shelter, and
4	
5	NOTING WITH APPROVAL that the UN-Habitat is aiming to eliminate slums in
cities	by
6	2020 as well as making safe drinking water and basic sanitation more available, and
7	
8	<u>DEEPLY CONCERNED</u> that many countries in the Middle East such as Iraq were once
9	promising but are now among the lowest in human development and slum improvements,
and	
10	
11	BEARING IN MIND the increasing problem of poverty and lack of basic shelter in the
12	developing world, and
13	
14	ALARMED BY the lack of progress in this program;
15	
16	1) REQUESTS that member states evaluate their current contributions to this
progra	
17	and consider doing more;
18	
19	2) ENCOURAGES more developed countries to give more funds to UN-Habitat;
20	
21	3) RECOMMENDS that the United Nations put a strong focus on eliminating the
22	slums and providing better sanitation in Middle Eastern and African countries.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Human Settlements Program Submitted By: Belgium

1 Determined to promote awareness of the human settlements program occurring throughout the 2 nation, and 3 Noting the fact that 11% of the population is classified as poor and 1.1 million are with 4 5 disabilities with no way to learn or become acquainted with any form of sustainable housing, and 6 7 Recognizing that .5 million people lack any citizenship and funds to support themselves much 8 less afford to be selective about their own housing, and 9 10 Taking into account that more than half of the disadvantaged or disabled have little to no access to jobs that would pay for permanent forms of housing, and 11 12 13 1) Requests funding from the public and private sectors for reducing information barriers 14 in order to raise sufficient funds to be put towards building a better infrastructure: 15 2) Calls upon friendly neighboring nations to help support and supply disadvantaged 16 citizens with upcoming settlement options and participate in the improvement of living 17 standards; 18 19 3) Stresses that human settlement programs should provide adequate housing for 20 disadvantaged or handicapped citizens; 21 22 4) Expresses its thanks to all efforts by other nations to make this program possible.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Human Settlements Program Submitted By: Australia

1	REALIZING that the Human Settlements Program was created to improve the way of living to
2	many countries in poverty, and
3	
4	FULLY ACKNOWLEDGING the need for decent standards of living for anyone who needs it
5	without compromising the needs for our future generations, and
6	
7	STRESSING the need to build sustainable towns and cities to provide shelter for all who is in
8	need of it, and
9	DEGO CHIZING 4
10	RECOGNIZING the poor countries with the growing of infectious diseases who are not able to
11 12	find of create sustainable shelter to protect them, and
13	NOTING that there are over 100 million people without any homes what so ever and the need
14	for a shelter, and
15	for a sheller, and
16	EMPHASIZING the need for more homeless shelters to be put up in the third world countries
17	so people have some sort of shelter, and
18	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
19	CONFIDENT that with the help of the first world countries and the UN as a whole that we can
20	help spread settlements to the third world countries, and
21	
22	1) <u>CALLS UPON</u> all nations willing and able to help towards the
23	human settlements program;
24	
25	2) SUGESSTS the developed countries aid the countries to help
26 27	support the settlements that are needed;
28	3) <u>URGES</u> the United Nations to have more volunteers help get
29	involved in building new places for people to live.
	involved in building new places for people to five.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Human Settlements Program Submitted By: Islamic Republic of Afghanistan

APPRECIATING that UN-HABITAT has been assisting the Transitional Islamic State of
Afghanistan to consolidate its role in nation building, demonstrating that a well-conceived
rehabilitation process can be an instrument of reconciliation among communities in conflict, and

MINDFUL of the fact that UN-HABITAT and donor groups such as USAID, The Japanese
Government, EU, DFID, CIDA, and the World Bank has tremendously helped urbanization
attempts in Afghanistan, and

<u>RECOGNIZING</u> the current widespread of UN-HABITAT among almost every continent and its aim to re-urbanize areas in nations in order to form a sustainable and livable environment for people that live in circumstances that are not of those standards, and

<u>CONSCIOUS</u> of opposition to this program and its aims to build and maintain urban civilization for humans because of reason that may include rights to land, economic issues, dangerous lands, or attraction of unwanted attention;

- 1) <u>EXPRESSES THE HOPE</u> that such countries that oppose The Human Settlements Program (UN-HABITAT) look further into the well-being of people and not into the matter of political standing;
- 2) <u>CONSIDERS</u> continuing to make settlements that are not based upon a nation, but that is based on people in general and giving them a place to live;
- 3) <u>RECOGNIZES</u> the organizations donating to The Human Settlements Program (UN-HABITAT) for their gracious economic assistance and encourages such organizations to continue with this aid to The Human Settlements Program.
- 4) <u>INVITES</u> nations willing and able to participate in this to attend the Habitat III conference in October of 2016 in Quito, Ecuador to plan and decide on the "New Urban Agenda";
- 5) <u>NOTES WITH SATISFACTION</u> the current appeal to the current strategic plan to strengthen urban legislation, land, and governance, urban planning and design, urban economy, urban basic services, housing and slum upgrading, risk reduction and rehabilitation, and research and capacity development to last from 2014 through 2019.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Human Settlements Program Submitted By: Qatar

1	<u>AWAl</u>	RE of the growing issue of human settlements throughout the world as the population in
2	countr	ies like India and China continue to increase, and
3 4	ACKN	IOWLEDGING the fact that the UN has made action towards this global issue and it is
5		as the Human Settlements program and it purpose is to promote socially and
6		nmentally sustainable towns and cities, and
7		
8		ERNED for the current efforts of the project as the world population continues to rise and
9	•	nations like India are struggling financially to abide their massive country and gargantuan
10 11	popula	tion by the project, and
12	KEEP	ING IN MIND that the country of Qatar is currently making a motion to solve this
13		m named Agenda 21, which plans to put forward policies and procedures to establish
14		ishable water supply and interrogate environmental dimensions into human settlements,
15	and	
16		
17		ASIZING the need to act efficiently, as the issue is a current and pressing matter that
18 19	devast	ates millions of the homeless population worldwide;
20	1)	PROMOTES the enactment of Agenda 21, as the motion will ensure a proper settlement
21	-)	built as many areas even in the same country can differ between locations;
22		
23	2)	SUGGESTS the addition of an amendment to take precautions and establish all its
24		resources to be replenishable, as its location makes resources outside of steel, fish, and oi
25		difficult to acquire;
26 27	3)	STRESSES the neighboring countries to mimic Agenda 21, as spreading the motion will
28	3)	help to create a format to help the motion of the human settlements program.
		The second of the second of the manner personal program.

Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Digital Divide Submitted By: Hungary

<u>Cognizant</u> of the actions progressing nationally during the World Summit on the Information Society by advocating the use of technology, making advancements more attainable to those who are in need, providing digital training, and

<u>Realizing</u> that the gender gap exists in the technological professions, women generally have less experience, despite 88.2% having access to computers with 93.4% also having connection to the internet, and

Bearing in mind that the discrepancies in skill level of technology users are the cause of educational, personal, or business related issues, and

- 1) Calls upon those nations that are advanced in their specialized fields of technology to volunteer their time and resources to underdeveloped nations that seek the opportunity to learn;
- 2) Suggests that each country shall discover which groups are the most deprived and aim attention towards them for more intensive training;
- 3) Welcomes recommendations of ways to dispense the digital divide between socioeconomic classes of individuals with diverse cultural and educational foundations;
- 4) Applauds the work of the association Close the Gap which allocates innovation, through donations, to struggling nations who do not have the capacity to bear the costs;
- 5) Expresses its thanks to those nations willing to collaborate in order to achieve the ultimate goal of eliminating digital divide.

Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Digital Divide Submitted By: Lithuania

RECOGNIZING that a digital divide refers to not only the gap in technological abilities between differently developed countries, but also in the division between citizens of a given country, and

BELIEVING that in this modern age, an understanding of digital machinery is vital in maintaining a standing in society and world affairs, and

FULLY AWARE of the fact that when a population is fully participating and understanding of ever advancing technology, the nation is better off as a whole, but

MINDFUL that within most states, technological education and ownership is majorly concentrated within an upper class, and

STRESSING the solution to a to a global digital divide is not charity from more developed nations, as in handouts of outdated technology, but a sharing of ideas and educational opportunities;

- 1.) **INVITES** all nations to establish programs within their own borders to promote the use of technology in school and everyday lives of their citizens, while making the technology itself more readily available regardless of social or economic standing;
- 2.) **ENCOURAGES** the formation of a committee of nongovernmental organizations and any participating countries to discuss funding for educational opportunities that would share and develop technological advances;
- 3.) **CONFIDENT** that through conscience effort and open communication the global and international digital divides can be completely eradicated.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Digital Divide Submitted By: Georgia

1	AWARE th	at 4.4 billion people are not technologically connected, and	
2 3 4	<u>RECOGNIZING</u> that there are 199 million internet users in America and 16 million in the Middle East, and		
5			
6	NOTING th	at 1 in 1,000 people in Asia have a personal computer, and	
7			
8	BELIEVIN	G that countries such as Africa, Turkey and Mexico are deprived of and in need of	
9	technology,	and	
10			
11		G that the worldwide government uses 2.5 billion dollars for financing computers for	
12	schools, and		
13	-		
14	<u>DECLARING</u> that the percentage for computer usage have dove up from 20% to 90% in the last		
15	20 years, an	nd .	
16			
17		2 that from 1988-2001 the amount of computers used increased from 100,000 to 581	
18	million;		
19	1)	ADT ATTIDING A. C	
20	, -	APLAUDING the financial backing for school computers and the privilege to educate	
21	(children how to use them given by all countries government;	
22	2) 1	DEALIZING that many countries are underprivilesed when it comes to any	
23 24	, -	REALIZING that many countries are underprivileged when it comes to any echnological advantage;	
25	l	ecimological advantage,	
26	3)]	MPLORES that more funding to be given to the children for computers, so they can	
27	, -	have a commensurate opportunity in the future.	
<i>4</i>		have a commensurate opportunity in the future.	

Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Digital Divide Submitted By: Cuba

1 TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that many nations have fallen very behind in technology
2 use, and
3
4 BEARING IN MIND that as many as 60% of the world's population or about 4.2
5 billion people still do not have access to Internet, and
6
7 HAVING DEEP CONCERN that many nations have the right to use many different types
8 of technology, but does not have access to them, and
10MINDFUL that most nations are not able to have equal amount of access to technology
11 as other nations, and
12
13 AWARE that not all nations would want to learn how to learn use and upgrade to new
14 technology, and
15
16 <u>AFFIRMING</u> that roughly 80% of the world has mobile phone coverage, but sadly only 17 25% take advantage of this, and
18
19NOTING WITH REGRET that 20 million personal computers are "retired" a year; most
20 are disassembled, melted down, or buried in a landfill;
21
22 1) EXPRESSES THE HOPE that more new technology will reach nations that are in
23 need of help from the UN and other nations willing to help;
24
25 2) <u>INVITES</u> other willing nations to teach less developed countries about new
26 technology and show them how to use it properly;
27
28 3) <u>REQUESTS</u> that unused working technology be donated to others in need of
29 technology and are willing to learn and work with new technology to them.
30



Submitted To: Economic and Social

Topic: Digital Divide

Submitted By: Democratic People's Republic of Korea

1 2 3	<u>RECOGNIZING</u> the position of other countries digital development, i.e. telecommunications internet computers etc. may affect their social and potentially economic stance in the world, a	nd
4	EMPHASIZING that other under-developed countries are not ready for telecommunication	
5	networks and internet being that some other 3 rd world countries cannot solve other more simp	le
6	issues, and	~~
7	in the state of th	
8	NOTING that having these advanced systems in place can lead to a form of communication w	vith
9	other countries regarding trade to help countries to develop both economically and socially	
0	throughout the world, and	
1		
2	REALIZING that these networks over the internet and public broadcasting systems should be	;
3	monitored so our youth can be more educated and less effected by unproductive internet use a	ınd
4	other public programmings, and	
5		
6	ENDORSING the need for these technological advances so that the more developed countries	3
7	can improve social relations and mutually benefit all that will be involved to assist one another	er;
8		
9	NOTING WITH SATIFACTION that internet and other digital developments are important to	0
0.	keep up with scientific, educational, and technological advances happening worldwide;	
1		
2	1) <u>CONFIRMS</u> that as of 2012 two thirds of the world had not developed internet	t
1 2 3 24 25 26 27	communications;	
4		
.5	2) <u>INVITES</u> other countries who already have advanced telecom networks to	
26	communicate and help other countries that are caught up with the digital divide	e to
27	improve social and economic relations;	
8		
9	3) <u>URGES</u> other countries to monitor and filter internet and public broadcasting	_
0	systems, such as television and radio, so that it is used in a productive manor s	uch
1	as education rather than just leisure time and relaxation;	
3 3		
	4) <u>CALLS UPON</u> the United Nations to help those with forms of advanced	
4	telecommunications to become more social and help other nations to trade and	L
5	boost worldwide economies.	



Submitted To: Economic Social Topic: Digital Divide Submitted By: Guatemala

1 2 3	RECOGNIZING that digital divide is the economic, educational, and social inequalities between those who have computers and online access and those who do not, and
4 5 6	EXPRESSING DEEP CONCERN that a widening gap in domestic digital divide could likely lead to an increase in poverty as a result of the younger generations of the lower classes not receiving the proper technological skills needed to succeed in an evolving society, and
7 8 9	<u>TAKING NOTE</u> that an inadequate access to computers and the internet in student homes creates issues dealing with the educators' inability to use technology as a teaching aid, and
10 11 12	STRESSING that the gap can be bridged or decreased by individual nations making it easier, cheaper, and faster for their citizens to connect to the internet, and
13 14 15 16	EMPHASIZING that, internationally, digital divide makes it harder for developing countries to become the nations that they strive to be when technology is needed in a successful government, and
17 18 19 20 21	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that the digital economy is growing worldwide, and in countries like Sweden, Switzerland, and the U.K, where leaders have made online access and commerce easier for their people, a greater share of their economies is held by the growing market of digital business, and
22 23 24 25	 URGES nations to begin viewing at digital divide as a major issue that could have damaging, long lasting effects on society, the economy, the nation, and the world;
26 27 28 29	 SUGGESTS that nations may think about offering free internet access and low-costing refurbished devices in areas devastated with high crime rates and low income households;
30 31 32	3.) RECOMMENDS that the United Nations create or aid in funding an organization or charity that sets bridging the divide as its main goal;
33 34	4.) CALLS UPON all nations to implement programs that would offer cheap,

cannot obtain or afford such technologies themselves.

35

36

easy internet access and lower priced, refurbished computers to schools that

3|7

Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Digital Divide Submitted By: Iraq

1	BEARING IN MIND that 60% of the world, or 4.2 billion people are without internet access and
2	do not have the valuable resources the web has to offer, and
<i>3</i>	NOTING that many websites on the internet primarily consist of English as the universal
5	language, as of 2013 800.6 million websites use the English language or 80% of internet
6	websites, thus creating a major struggle for 75% of the world's population seeing as they do not
7	speak English to access and use many world wide web pages, and
8 9	MINDFUL that now over 75% of the world has access to a mobile phone, however, due to
10	government restrictions in some nations people are without mobile phones, televisions,
11	computers etcetera, and
12	
13	STRESSING that many poor third world countries are at a staggering disadvantage and are
14	falling behind on information technology (IT) skills and other valuable knowledge on the world
15 16	wide web, and
17	UNDERSTANDING that with the lack of these information technology skills people from these
18	nations are unable to compete at an international level, and
19	
20	RECOGNIZING that countries that have a higher education will benefit tremendously from
21 22	highly trained citizens and in turn boosting their economic growth significantly, countries in a poorer state are at a critical deficit in their economic growth overall and if an improved educatio
23	was provided the payback would help the economic struggle greatly;
24	
25	1) STRESSES that nations understand the very importance of technology, and
26	understand the many benefits of having access to the web;
27 28	2) CALLS UPON corporations such as Google, Facebook and others to further their
29	efforts to make efficient technology more cheaply available;
30	
31	3) <u>INSTRUCTS</u> that nations provide efforts to make the internet, television and all
32	other forms of technology available to all people of any speaking language so as
33	to successfully break the language barrier;
34 35	4) STRONGLY SUGGESTS nations who support bridging the global digital divide
36	donate their resources to The United Nations Technology Service in a resolution
37	to further bettering our chances to bridging the digital gap that separates the

world's countries.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Council Topic: Digital Divide Submitted By: Azerbaijan

1 2		D by the fact that in major Asian countries, 80% to 90% of those below the poverty a rural areas, and
3		,
4		NED by the inability of the populations of these dry rural areas in undeveloped
5 6		to gain access to even the most basic of technologies such as the internet, telephones, or radio, and,
7	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	· • • • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
, 8 9		4ING the spread of modern technologies and knowledge by international organizations loped and relatively unpopulated areas, and
	to tindeve	oped and relatively unpopulated areas, and
10	MOTING	WITH REGRET that 3.2% of the world's population lives outside their country of
11 12		rching for better economic opportunities and access to technology that is unavailable
13		reating a lack of desire to spread modern technology to rural villages since many of the
14		n in these areas do not return home after they leave, and
15	people ool	in the those droub do not rotath home drop day, said
16	CONFIDE	ENT that people of rural working age can be convinced to remain in agricultural areas
17		migrating to urban areas with better access to technology, and
18	11100000	20, ,
19	1)	CALLS UPON the developed UN member nations to devote more attention to the
20	,	populations of rural zones that are dependent on agriculture;
21		
22	2)	ENDORSES the spread of modern technologies and ideas from cities to farming
23		zones by citizens with access to those modern technologies;
24		
25	3)	FURTHER INVITES UN member nations to continue to provide support to such
26		international organizations such as Doctors Without Borders, United Nations
27		Development Program, and the United Nations Population Fund, organizations which
28		are capable of spreading modern communications technologies to rural areas;
29		
30	4)	REAFFIRMS that such large populations of people would not feel the need to
31		migrate to more developed countries if they felt that they could gain access to wealth,
32		health care, and modern communication technologies in the home nations;
33		
34	5)	ENDORSES the spread of technology to rural areas to provide better lives for the
35		people there and to prevent the younger villager generations from migrating to cities
36		to seek technology and economic opportunities unavailable at home.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Digital Divide Submitted By: Chad

1 EMPHASIZING the fact that we live in a technologically dominated society and the 2 implementation of information and communication technologies is critical to the proper 3 distribution of information, and 4 5 CONSIOUS that only 1/5 of the world's population has experienced internet due to financial, 6 socio-economic, and cognitive obstacles that prevent the proper accessibility and interpretation 7 of information, and 8 9 NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that bridging the digital divide is essential to the future in terms of sustaining international communication and relation, as well as improving global 10 economic equality and social understanding, and 11 12 13 BEARING IN MIND that in addition to the already 4 million people worldwide without proper internet access, the digital divide grows at an alarming rate, and 14 15 16 RECOGNIZING that segregation of digital accessibility due to different standards of education, 17 race, and economic capability presents a virulent and divisive issue for international cooperation; 18 19 1) EMPHASIZES the role of governmental actions in regards to subsidizing internet 20 access for poorer households in attempts to enhance universal access of technology 21 such as this; 22 23 2) DEMANDS the cooperation of the United Nations and other entities to support the 24 establishment of Community Access Centers (CACs) which are extremely beneficial to the spread and schooling of information technology especially in developing 25 26 nations; 27 28 3) URGES countries to spotlight the need for properly trained and knowledgeable staff to provide guidance in nations seeking to giant insight into new technology and 29 30 proper applications; 31 32 4) <u>REQUESTS</u> the international community to understand the positive potential 33 impacts of proper digital distribution on a global scale; 34

5) RECOGNIZES the efforts taken by corporations such as AT&T and Microsoft, as

well as other governmental and non-governmental entities in promoting online

resource education and donations for the growth of digital accessibility.

35

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Submitted To: Economic Social
Topic: Digital Divide
Submitted By: Nigeria

1 2	Stressing that the definition of "digital divide" is an economic and social inequality according to categories of persons in a given population in their access to, use of, or knowledge of
3 4	information and communication technologies, and
5	Acknowledging that Nigeria is ranked 169th in the world in internet hosts with 1234 in 2012 and
6 7	the lowest ranked is Marshall Islands with 3 and the highest is the United States with 505,000,000, and
8	
9 10	<u>Alarmed</u> by the number of people in underdeveloped counties without access to the internet or any communication technology, and
11 12 13	Mindful of the cost that comes with internet access and that it is an impossible idea in some countries, and
14 15 16 17	Concerned that many jobs these days require digital literacy and those without will get left behind, and
18 19 20	Keeping in mind that the countries that are unable to utilize their technology are at a disadvantage and will become disregarded in a world that revolves around the use of technology, Nigeria.
21	
22 23	1. <u>Calls upon</u> the help of counties with evolved technology to share their knowledge;
24	2. Acknowledges the language barrier;
25 26 27	3. Encourages nations to make all forms of technology and communication internationally accessible with a variety of languages;
28	memationally accessione while variety of languages,
29 30	4. <u>Suggests</u> that countries donate financial aid to countries without a large amount of internet use;
31	

5. Stresses that a world with more countries having access to the internet and

communication could make trading and alliances better.

34 35

32



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Digital Divide Submitted By: Lebanon

1	STRESSI	NG the fact that digital divide is a continuous problem that affects the uniformity of
2		and its nations, universal advancements in the field of technology must be made if we,
3		are to move forward, and
4		
5	PUTTING	EMPHASIS ON the fact that developed nations must put forth necessary financial
6		ch such affected nations can therefore accept graciously, with great fortitude and
7		
8	NOTING	WITH DEEP CONCERN the funds and struggles necessary to execute such a plan
9	of equality	, along with the occurring of events in which terrorism has taken such a devastating
10	turn and	
11		
12	FULLY E	IOPING that more advanced nations take into consideration the fact that digital divide
13	can impro	we international relations, the world's economy, and the lives of numerous men,
14		d children and
15		
16	1)	BELIEVES IN an equal level of all participants on this potentially beautiful and
17	,	utterly equal society along with a better understanding of technology as one knows it
18		for all;
19		
20	2)	PUSHES FOR the consideration of more advanced nations to provide necessary
21		funds and resources for the creation of such technological advancements for lesser
22		advanced countries;
23		
24	3)	URGES advanced countries to provide the guidance necessary to comprehend these
25	•	complex machines with the upmost understanding pending the cooperation of these
26		advanced countries;
27		
28	4)	REMINDS these advanced nations that such consideration and assistance would have
29	ŕ	a return in the form of a more stable world economy and possibly lesser grudges to b
30		held by such terrorist groups;
31		
32	5)	EXPRESSES with modest reasoning that the suggestions in this resolution are basic
33	ŕ	and require only the minimum assistance and hope for a greater good to be produced
34		by a possible International Technology Advancement organization of some sort in
35		hope a beautiful planet such as our own can become utterly equal and harbor

companionship and brotherhood among nations in every department forever.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Digital Divide Submitted By: France

		Submitted by: France
1 2 3 4		g the belief that everyone in the world deserves to have the right to access, cate, and manage their personal internet, telephone, and even television on a regular
5 6 7 8	nation mu	that in order for everyone in the world to have equal access to the digital world, every st put forth an economic plan to aid the rural, poor, and other underdeveloped hic areas in its boundaries, and
9 10 11		nowledging any and all efforts put forth by each nation to assist its inhabitants to reach evel of digital equality as the rest of the world, and
12 13 14 15 16	the world dollars a r	that Dr. Martin Hilbert of the United Nations Economic Affairs shows that 40% of s population lives on less than two U.S. dollars a day, and since around ten U.S. nonth (\$365 a year) is enough for the basic internet access, this 40% of the world spending 33% (\$120/365) of their income, and
17 18 19		ing further that if each country helps out its poorer interior, digital access will be equal t the world and there won't be a big digital divide, and
20 21 22 23	1)	Stresses the importance of sharing the status each country concerning digital divide to the world as developed member nations can aid the developing countries and help cure the digital divide to the world as a whole;
24 25 26	2)	<u>Promotes</u> the United Nations to set up a World Digital Fund where developed countries can put in money that can temporarily be used to help developing countries;
27 28 29 30	3)	<u>Implores</u> each country to subsidize internet, television, and all other digital products to release a burden off those individuals who do not have access to digital devices and programs;
31 32	4)	Encourages member nations to promote the necessity for digital equality worldwide;
33 34	5)	Suggests that this money be used for a public computer lab, installed every sixty miles from one another for digital fairness and equality in developing countries:

<u>Invites</u> that the United Nations sanction an annual International Summit which would focus solely on communication of digital advancement between nations, so that the apparent digital

divide between the world can be remedied.

35 36

Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Global Economic Inequality Submitted By: Argentina

States, and

AWARE that the high-income countries, which account for only 16% of the world's population, are estimated to generate 55% of the global income, while the low-income countries only account for about 1% of the global income, and ALARMED by the fact that the gross domestic product (GDP) in the LLDCs in 2010 was an estimated

NOTING that a primary factor in the global economic inequality gap is the skills gap between skilled and low wage workers, and

\$2,014 per capita compared to the \$27,640 per capita in the European Union and \$41,399 in the United

GRIEVED by the fact that nations have failed to introduce progressive taxes while reducing promoting strategies to reduce levels of corruption, and

CONSCIOUS that progress has been made to improve overall distribution of wealth and resources as measured by the Gini coefficient but still remains at .4, and

APPLAUDS the effort made by the Millennium Development Goal 1.A to reduce levels of extreme poverty as defined as \$1.25, and

CONCERNED that, according the International Monetary Fund (IMF), economic inequality results in lower levels of economic growth and development while increasing the likelihood of political instability;

23 24

1.) CALLS UPON the member states to enhance macroeconomic policies designed to address all forms of economic discrimination by:

25 26 27

a. Encouraging developing states to improve social and economic policy to increase the wages and income of primary wage-earners;

b. Incorporating adequate corporate taxation and progressive income taxation by implementing policies that address corporate taxation and progressive income taxes on the elite:

32 33 34 c. Redistributing the corporate and progressive income taxes to the lower-income earners to help balance the access to basic societal needs;

35 36 37

2.) URGES all states to concentrate all resources on domestic growth and development while reducing waste and corruption;

38 39 40 3.) SUGGESTS that services be equalized, especially education, and increase the level of support in order to bridge the global economic inequality gap as measured the Gini coefficient;

41 42 4.) **RECOMMENDS** that the Millennium Development Goals address the target of global economic inequality through the creation of a separate goal on inequality;

43 44 45

46

5.) **<u>REQUESTS</u>** that countries reduce political instability by focusing on economic growth in order to stabilize the countries' governments to avoid the collapse and replacement of the government.



412

Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Addressing Global Economic Inequality Submitted By: Bolivia

Spring 2015

1	<u>RECOGNIZING</u> that nations are in need of equality in the global atmosphere to be successful,
2 3	and
<i>3</i> 4	DEALIZING that the congined life and reductive and reducti
5	<u>REALIZING</u> that the gaps in child mortality and malnutrition are huge in smaller undeveloped third world countries that are not in the greatest of economic situations, and
6	unid world countries that are not in the greatest of economic situations, and
7	CONCERNED for countries like Bolivia, due to the fact they have 65% of the population living
8	in poverty, making them one of the most affected by poverty in the world, and
9	in poverty, making them one of the most directed by poverty in the world, and
10	STRESSING that global economic equality should be high on the priority list because there are
11	few educational opportunities that strive for financial gain, and even fewer for the people living
12	in extreme poverty, and
13	
14	WISHING that countries would come to the aid through financial support to help build
15	infrastructure for education and job creation, and
16	
17	RECALLING that education is key for success and will help out these countries entirely, not
18	only just for that country to benefit, but for the whole world to advance, and
19	
20	BELIEVING that in a world where natural resource harvesting countries are at a disadvantage
21	because of all the job loss and unemployment through machines taking high valued labor jobs;
22	1 WELCOMES -11 from some above and a second of the second
23 24	1. <u>WELCOMES</u> aid from any other country that would be willing to donate supplies to build such buildings for education and job creation;
2 4 25	build such buildings for education and job creation;
26	2. SUGGESTS that countries help close the gap on economic equalities for the
27	betterment of the world and future generations;
28	octorment of the world and future generations,
29	3. <u>INVITES</u> the placement of a law that would require bigger more powerful countries to
30	contribute these donations, and if not met by a certain date be more heavily supervised;
31	
32	4. TAKES NOTE that countries are in need for a better generation to thrive in the world
33	economy for years to come.

39

40



Submitted To: Economic And Social Topic: Global Economic Equality

4/3

	Submitted by: Oktaine
1 2 3 4	REALIZING that we cannot look down upon those nations more wealthy than others, but instead peruse the betterment and enrichment of those who are less fortunate to give the opportunity to execute great things is not only essential for progress of a single nation, but the success of the entire world, and
5 6 7 8	BEARING IN MIND without one the success of all, the world as a whole will never reach it's true potential with the imminent threat of a severe Economic Inequality prohibiting the spread of universal greatness to each and every country around the globe, and
9 10 11 12	<u>FULFILLING</u> the goal of decreasing the gap between nations economics to increase the success of every individual to make the world a better place for all, decreasing said gap would exponentially increase many necessary living conditions as well as well, and
13 14 15	EMPHASIZING that closing the gap of global economic equality is not only necessary, but very attainable if given adequate time and cooperation of the nations, and
16 17 18 19	TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION efforts already being given by other nations in the betterment of global economics and understanding the situation of those who cannot yet aide in such endeavors, and
20 21 22	WELCOMING any and all contributions no matter if they be denotations, investments, or innovating ideas in order to close the gap of economic inequality worldwide;
23 24 25 26 27	1) RECOMMENDS that instead of looking at the entire operation as simply giving to those in need to simply visualize it as a long term investment in the betterment of our world and increasing the odds of success;
28 29 30	2) <u>SUPPORTS</u> the immediate creation of a United Nations committee to further analyze the possibilities long term effects of closing the Gap between wealth;
31 32 33 34	ENCOURAGES the cooperation of all who can aide in the betterment of the world by evening the playing field and expanding competition to stimulate global economics of foreign and domestic market;
35 36 37 38	4) <u>STRONGLY CONDEMNS</u> those who work directly against improvemen and decreasing the economic gap to monopolize on small economies;

5) FURTHER REMINDS the rest of the nations that we are not only

fortunate enough to have representation, but that it is our duty to represent



Submitted To: ECOSOC **Topic:** Global Economic Inequality
Submitted By: Portugal

<u>Noting</u> the major differences in economies of many countries all throughout the world,

<u>Recognizing</u> the significance of aiding other countries that do not have the proper income of supporting their own country economically and, or financially in the state that our world is in today,

<u>Understanding</u> that many nations around the world are struggling with economic problems due to political stress, lack of sufficient labor, lack of resources, war, natural disasters, and many other factors that cause the inequalities between countries today,

<u>Stressing</u> the significance of various countries contributing and supporting the global economy so that it maintains a stable condition in the difficult times that some countries are having,

<u>Affirming</u> that economic equality is greatly needed so that every country can contribute and support the global economy and be able to prosper in their own economy.

- 1.) <u>Promotes</u> the invention of a worldwide council to research and find new ideas and processes that will help failing or underdeveloped countries to better achieve a more stable and trustworthy economy.
- 2.) <u>Suggests</u> the innovation of more economically stable countries allow banks to contribute resources that would help out various countries, who are failing or unable to make income, prosper



Submitted To: ECOSOC Topic: Addressing Global Economic Inequality

Submitted By: China

1 2

Stressing the importance of every member nations' overall national economy as it pertains to, supports, and contributes to the global economy and allows said economy to be sustained,

Noting the massive divides in the economies of various nations throughout the world,

<u>Understanding</u> that many member nations are undergoing various struggles as relates to their economies, causing inequality, due to lack of resources, war, recent natural disaster, lack of sufficient labor or capital, political tensions, or various other factors,

Affirming the need for economic equality in the economies of every nation, so that each nation can contribute to the success of the global economy and can provide growth for its own nation and people

<u>Recognizing</u> the importance of offering economic and financial aid to nations whose economies are currently underperforming or failing

1.) <u>Suggests</u> the creation of a global council sponsored by the United Nations to observe, study, and develop ideas and procedures that will allow undeveloped and failing nations to greater achieve more economic opportunity and stability

2.) <u>Promotes</u> the idea of allowing and encouraging various banks and financial institutions of the world to contribute capital and resources to such underdeveloped and economically inept nations

3.) Encourages nations with failing economies to seek loans and other forms of financial and social aid from organizations with investment interests to try to create balance and equality for all nations of the world.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Global and Economic Inequality Submitted By: United Kingdom

2) ENDROSES that not all countries can be equal, for all countries to be equal major

changes must be made and these changes are not plausible anytime in the near future.

3) ENCOURAGES countries to be accepting of other countries way of religion, some

1	ACKNOWLEDGEING economic inequality varies between societies, historical periods,
2	economic structures and systems, and
3	
4	BEARING IN MIND global inequality refers to the extent to which income and wealth is
5	distributed in an uneven manner among the world's population, and
6	
7	RECONIZING because people rise to different levels of success based on what they contribute
8	to society and to the marketplace, and that's as it should be, and
9	
10	KEEPING INMIND based on research done by a team of scholars from the United Nations,
11	1% of the world's adult population, individuals worth at least \$514,512, owned 39.9% of the
12	world's household wealth. A total greater than the wealth of the world's poorest 95%, those
13	adults worth under \$150,145 who hold, together, just 29.4% of the world's wealth, and
14	
15	OBSERVING that inequality is the mechanism through which the market generates and spreads
16	innovation, which in turn generates opportunities for millions of individuals, and
17	
18	DECLARING inequality is usually associated with poorer, developing nations. But for many
19	years studies have shown that many wealthier nations also suffer from inequality, sometimes at
20	levels similar to poorer developing countries, and
21	
22	HAVING HEARD effects of inequality researchers have found include higher rates of health
23	and social problems, and lower rates of social goods, and
24	
25	1) ASKS that countries take care of their young, the young are their most valuable
26	resource, and
27	
28	

inequality is caused by religious sensitivity.

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Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Global Economic Inequality Submitted By: Syrian Arab Republic

- 1. STATING that according to the definition of Global Economic Inequality is "a gap
- 2. between different wealth's and a wealth and income disparity," and
- 3. NOTING that the Syrian Arab Republic's poverty rate remains high, with one
- 4. of three citizens below the poverty line showing, that the social and regional inequality
- 5. is growing, and
- 6. OBSERVING that globally, an estimated 250,000 citizens enter to the job-seeking
- 7. community and the Public Sector employs 30% of the workforce, creating 20,000
- 8. per-year since the mid 1990's, and
- 9. TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that the national increase of inequality, and the decrease
- 10. globally in the middle class countries and the stagnate, yet decreasing inequality of the
- 11. upper class countries, and
- 12. RECALLING that although the global estimate of inequality is reducing for middle and
- 13. upper class nations, starting in 2010, global billionaire's has grown from 3.6 trillion to 6.4
- 14. trillion dollars and the lower to middle class has increased in inequality by 1.6 percent,
- 15. and
- 16. NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that with the definition of Global Economic
- 17. Inequality does not only mean wealth, it can include gender, health, education,
- 18. taxes, and
- 19. WARY OF THE FACT of the strong difference between men and women's
- 20. yearly and weekly incomes (Women's full-time yearly: \$37,791 Men's: \$49,398.
- 21. Women's weekly: \$706 Men's \$860);

22.

23. 1.) <u>ENCOURAGES</u> a recommended worldwide change of equality for other nations,
24. genders, and races, whether at the poverty level or upper class;

25.

26. 2.) <u>EXPRESSES THE HOPE</u> of improving the taxation business, bringing the inequality taxes to a minimal issue, having all citizens in the work force an equal tax pay;

28.

29. 3.) <u>SUGGESTS</u> having higher taxes for citizens in the mid-upper to upper classes, helping 30. to balance out the inequality of all the income inequality.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Committee **Topic: Global Economic Inequality** Submitted By: India

1	TAKING NOTE of the fact that global wealth is vastly unevenly distributed among the
2	population of the world, with households earning under \$10K a year making up roughly 70% of
3	the world population with only 3% of the world monetary share, and
4	
5	NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN the fact that unequal distribution of wealth on a global
6	scale is a leading cause of poverty, which kills 22,000 children every day according to UNICEF
7	statistics, and
8	
9	<u>DRAWS ATTENTION TO</u> the fact that the global gap between the rich and the poor is steadily
10	increasing, as more than 80% of the world's population lives in nations where the difference in
11	income among people is widening, and
12	
13	STRESSING the fact that around 80% of the world's population, 5.15 billion people, live on a
14	daily wage of \$10 or less, putting them below the poverty line, while salaries for the other 20%
15	of the world are steadily increasing, and
16	
17	CONSCIOUS of the fact that 20% of the Global population account for roughly three-quarters of
18	the global distribution of wealth, and
19	
20	EMPHASIZING the fact that the leading cause of civil unrest and war is economic inequality,
21	and as Global Economic Inequality increases, poverty, war, and civil unrest will only increase,
22	and
23	·
24	1) <u>URGES</u> member nations to further support non-governmental organizations (NGOs)
25	dedicated to the closing of the economic gap and the elimination of poverty, such as
26	Oxfam International and the Bangladesh Rural Advancement Committee (BRAC);

2) SUGGESTS international framework for an agreement to lower global poverty levels

a) That shall be held in New Delhi beginning on 1 August 2015 and run as long as

deemed necessary to lay out framework;

increase.

and the international global economic gap by all member nations through a conference:

b) Where the point of said conference will be to devise an international agreement that

all nations can meet standards of poverty reduction and a global minimum wage

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Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Global Economic Inequality Submitted By: Canada

4/9

1 2 3	RECOGNIZING that 3 billion people are living on \$2.50 per day despite the efforts made to implement the Millennium Development Goals, and
4	AWARE that the richest one percent is controlling forty percent of global assets, while the
5	bottom fifty percent owned one percent out of global wealth, and
6 7 8	TAKING NOTE that the goal of reducing half of extreme poverty rates was met five years before 2015, and
9 10 11	STRESSING that internationally 384 million workers lived below the \$1.25 poverty line in 2011, and
12 13 14	REALIZING that the first Millennium Development Goal ceases to be completed by the end of 2015, and
15 16 17	ALARMED that worldwide the unemployment rate for workers who have low levels of education is higher than those with advanced education;
18 19 20	1.) <u>CALLS UPON</u> member states to contribute voluntary extra budgetary funds to assist the least developed countries;
21 22 23	2.) HAVING REGARDED that member requests to redistribute income wealth to low wage workers;
24 25 26	3.) REQUESTS that member states to renew their commitments to the Millennium Development Goals;
27 28 29	4.) SUGGESTS that member states increase educational levels for the lower waged workers;
30 31 32	5.) <u>URGES</u> that member states to hold a conference to discuss ways to reduce extreme poverty rates.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Global Economic Inequality

Submitted By: Panama

	·
1 2 3	AWARE that the richest 1% of the population controls a greater amount then the worlds lowest 95%, and
4 5	REALIZING that individuals holding over 1 million in wealth are the richest and hold 44% of the world's net worth, and
6 7 8 9	ENCOURAGED by the fact that during the past 20 years global economic inequality has been falling, and
10 11 12	NOTING that between 1990 and 2015 have the proportion of peoples whose income is less that \$1.25 a day, and
13 14 15	COGNIZANT that reducing inequality on the other hand has clear economic as well as social benefits, and
16 17 18	<u>BELIEVING</u> that though there are many economic inequality, the Palma ratio is the best way to measure global economic inequality;
19 20 21	1.) REQUESTING that the richest populations distribute their wealth to the lower 95% of the population;
22 23	2.) SUGGESTS the richest 44% shares their wealth and worlds net worth with the less wealthiest;
24 25 26 27	3.) <u>URGES</u> member states to enact measures designed to further reduce global economic inequality;
28 29	4.) STRESSING that if the economic problems are fixed the social benefits will no longer have problems;
30 31 32	5.) <u>INVTES</u> member states to use the Palma ratio in order to access their income inequality.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Committee Topic: Global Economic Inequality Submitted By: The Republic of Belarus

1 2	<u>RECOGNIZING</u> that collecting data on different levels of global inequality can be challengin due to some nations tallying wealth and income differently or some nations not tallying data a	_	
3	all, and		
4	an, and		
5	AWARE that there have been many studies done by different institutions such as the United		
6	Nations, the Luxembourg Income Study, the World Top Incomes Database, Forbes Magazine,		
7	and several other financial institutions, and	'	
8			
. 9	BEARING IN MIND that between 2012 and 2014 the growing inequality was identified as the	ıe	
10 11	most likely threat to the global economy, and		
12	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that the World Economic Forum (WEF) has urged governments	: to	
13	measure minimum wages, trade union membership, invest in public services, and use corruptio		
14	as part of an action plan, and		
15			
16	EXPRESSING WITH DEEP CONCERN that inequality within nations is increasing although	i	
17	inequality worldwide is slightly decreasing as middle class families emerge in some nations as	nd	
18	incomes of typical families stagnate and even out, and		
19			
20	HAVING REVIEWED that many, if not all, of the financial institutions tallied the data in		
21	different ways, and		
22			
23	MINDFUL that the WEF has stressed the need to ensure that the fruits of economic progress a	ıre	
24	shared more equally;		
25	1) SUPPORTS the fourteen measures of inclusive growth that the WEF has drawn up		
26 27	which include education and skills, employment and labor compensation, asset	,	
28	building and business investment, corruption and rents, fiscal transfers, and basic		
29	services and infrastructure;		
30	bol vices and infrastructure,		
31	2) CALLS UPON nations to establish an international system to easily tally and keep)	
32	track of wealth data;		
33			
34	3) ENCOURAGES member states to follow the measuring policies that have been		
35	drawn up by the WEF, these policies effect inclusiveness such as business ethics,		
36	social safety nets, and the quality of basic infrastructure;		
37			

37 38

4) APPLAUDS the WEF on their efforts to help improve global economic inequality.



Submitted To: Economic and Social **Topic: Global Economic Inequality** Submitted By: Russian Federation

1 CONSIDERING that the definition of global economic inequality can be described as the gap 2 between rich and poor, income inequality, wealth disparity, wealth and income differences or 3 wealth gap, or the state of affairs in which assets, wealth, or income are distributed unequally 4 among individuals in a group, among groups in a population, or among countries, and 5 6 AWARE 80 percent of the world's population lives in countries where income differentials are 7 widening, and 8 9 NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that the poorest 40 percent of the world's population 10 accounts for 5 percent of global income, the richest 20 percent accounts for three-quarters of world income and according to UNICEF, 22,000 children die each day due to poverty, and 11 12 13 TAKING NOTE that over three billion people, live on less than 2.50 (USD) a day, and at least 14 80 percent of humanity lives on less than 10 (USD) a day, and 15 16 EMPHASIZING that 783 million people do not have access to clean drinking water due to a 17 paucity of infrastructure and funds to supply those in need with sufficient water to consume, and 18 19 RECOGNIZING that many nations have insufficient funds and are not able to finance an enterprise of infrastructure and agricultural level or output; 20 21 22 1) SUGGESTS creating a program built off a small but mandatory payment from wealthy first world nations willing to participate that offers funds for infrastructure for housing 23 and business in order to create shelter and jobs in third world nations; 25 26

- 24
- 2) RECOMMENDS creating a myriad of jobs among the nations through an increase in funding for infrastructure, an aggressive approach to polarizing pay by increasing or setting a minimum wage, and lowering taxes and unjustifiable government spending;

28 29 30

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3) CALLS UPON nations to protect trade with low tariff rates which do not exceed 6% and a removal of most embargos while at the same time protect the rights of smaller nations;

31 32 33

4) INVITES an increase in funding for organizations who provide sufficient drinkable water for those in need;

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5) REQUESTS that all nations create affordable high quality child care within the government spending budget.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Addressing Global Economic Inequality Submitted By: New Zealand 4/13

1 2	individual j	ZING that economic inequality refers to how different economic factors are distributed among people within groups and different groups within a population, but that global economic	
3	inequality of	expands the distribution ratios from within a single country, to the entire world, and	
4			
5		nat economic inequality is an issue that affects many nations all over the world, from the poor	
6	and develop	ping countries, to the wealthier and developed, and	
7			
8	MINDFUL that level of development, employment and wage rates, wealth concentration, education, and		
9	culture are	all factors of economic inequality, and	
10	# A TEN TO S	romed and the second se	
11		NOTE that wealth concentration is an issue which means a small minority of a nation's	
12		possesses a majority of that nation's wealth, and said minority only continues to grow	
13 14	off, and	nd wealthier due to investments and offspring which then pick up where their progenitor left	
15	om, and		
16	AT ADMEI	by the statistic that as of 2014, the bottom half of the world's income earners own less than	
17		wealth and that just the top 1% hold 48.2% of global wealth, and	
18	170 01 10141	weatth and that just the top 170 hold 40.270 of groods weatth, and	
19	RECOGNI	ZING that children from the wealthiest 20% of the world are up to four times more likely to be	
20		and get an education than the poorest 20%, and	
$\overline{21}$		g 32	
22	TAKING I	NTO ACCOUNT that education is a vital means of decreasing global economic inequality	
23	because it l	nelps nations develop, spreads technological advances, and create more opportunities for the	
24		low class to achieve higher paying jobs and better wages;	
25			
26	1)	<u>CALLS UPON</u> nations to take action to redistribute the money from that which the already	
27		tremendously wealthy are making and simply getting wealthier and wealthier to the poor who	
28		continue to barely get by;	
29		r	
30	2)	<u>RECOMMENDS</u> actions that are taken are to help the poorest in the world, rather than the	
31		middle to lower income people of the wealthier OECD countries because these actions will	
32		do more to deduce global inequality;	
33			
34	3)	<u>SUGGESTS</u> that certain nations consider making changes to migration policies in order to	
35		give more opportunities to immigrants simply looking to better their lives and contribute to	
36		the rate of deduction of global inequality, and that other nations should provide more	

opportunities for their own citizens.



Submitted To: Economic and Social **Topic: Addressing Global Economic Inequality** Submitted By: Estonia

1	AWARE OF that the world's 1600 billionaires own \$6.4 trillion of the world's wealth, and
2	
3	RECALLING that the people in the world that have less than \$10,000 hold \$7.6 trillion of the
4	world's wealth, and
5	
6	BELIEVING that the there is a sizeable gap between the world's richest citizens and the world's
7	poorest citizens, and
8	
9	DESIRING to put more capitol in the hands of the people of Earth, and
10	
11	REALIZING that poverty is more common in socialist and developing countries than in
12	capitalist and first world countries, and
13	
14	CONVINCED that the economic inequality of the Earth cannot be fixed through the transfer of
15	wealth from the people who have money to the people who have less.
16	
17	1. REQUESTS that the United Nations gives grants to businesses to expand to
18	developing countries, fostering the creation of jobs;
19	
20	2. ENCOURAGES all countries belonging to the United Nations to lower all forms of

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- o businesses to expand to
- United Nations to lower all forms of welfare, instead promoting back to work programs;
- 3. FURTHER INVITES countries with more socialist-oriented economies to introduce more free trade and capitalism, so that capital can be put in the hands of the people;
- 4. STRESSES that jobs must be created and all forms of taxes must be lowered for economic inequality to be decreased.



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Human Trafficking
Submitted By: The Republic of Chile

5/1

1		NG that the trafficking in persons violates the Universal Declaration of Human	
2	Rights and the	e enjoyment of them, as well as the UN Trafficking in Persons Protocol as put into	
3	effect in 2003	, and	
4			
5		G DEEP CONCERN that more than 15% of the 128 states under the UN	
6	Trafficking in	Persons Protocol recorded no convictions during the period of 2010-2012 and that	
7	only 24% of p	persons investigated in trafficking are convicted, and	
8			
9	CONCERNE	$\underline{\mathbf{D}}$ that the trafficking of children has doubled in the last 10 years, due to an increase	
10	in the utilization of child soldiers in areas of conflict, and		
11			
12	EMPHASIZI	NG the knowledge that more than two billion people are not wholly protected from	
13	trafficking as required by the UNTPP, merely receiving partial or no protection under states'		
14	laws, and		
15			
16	STRESSING	the challenges to combat the trafficking of persons, due to the lack of adequate	
17		d implementation of existing legislation, alongside the lack of resources;	
18	-		
19	1) <u>C</u>	ALLS UPON states to fully criminalize all forms of exploitation and protect all	
20	vi	ctims in trafficking in persons, as stated by the UN Trafficking in Persons Protocol;	
21		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
22	2) <u>D</u>	EMANDS that states completely investigate and convict those guilty of trafficking	
23	, —	persons and impose heavier criminal charges with punishments upon convicted	
24	tra	affickers;	
25			
26	3) RI	ECOMMENDS this committee create a fund to better aid developing states in the	
27		ght against trafficking in persons;	
28	`		
29	4) IN	IVITES any state that has not joined under the UN Trafficking in Persons Protocol	
30	to	do so immediately;	
31			
32	5) U	RGES states implement a system to educate the public about the signs of trafficking	
33	,	d how to help prevent the trafficking in persons.	

33



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Human Trafficking Submitted By: South Africa



1 2	<u>CONCERNED</u> for the 100,000 people annually trafficked in lower-developed countries like South Africa, and
3	
4 5	TROUBLED that 98% of sexual exploitation victims are women and young girls, and
6	ALARMED that a majority of trafficking victims are exposed to xenophobia, racial
7	discrimination, sexism, and all acts of violence and terrorism associated with them, and
8	
9 10	STARTLED by the lack of progress made on Millennium Development Goals 6.A and 6.B, which are directed towards halting and reversing the spread of HIV/AIDS and would
11	simultaneously aid victims of human trafficking by reducing their exposure, and
12	or polate, and
13	AFFIRMING that a vast majority of sex trafficking victims are especially vulnerable due to
14	poverty, discrimination, and disability, and
15	F · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
16	APPALLED by human trafficking's control of the international child sex tourism industry;
17	1) DECOMMENTO 4. C 1011 / C 1 1 1 1 2 C 1 1 1
18 19	1) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> the fulfillment of general and sexual education for adults in
20	all nations to help reduce the spread of venereal diseases in human trafficking;
20	2) COMMENDS the Office of the Heiter d Netions III of Commission of
22	2) <u>COMMENDS</u> the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for
23	Human Rights on their work towards bringing freedom, safety, and equality to all victims of human trafficking;
24	an victims of numan trafficking;
25	2) DEMANDS that fourther restrictions and assemblitance 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
26	3) <u>DEMANDS</u> that further restrictions and surveillance be placed upon the
27	international trade and transport of sex slaves and trafficked humans from
28	lesser-developed countries to developed countries;
29	4) INCERPTOTE all rations to form 1
30	4) <u>INSTRUCTS</u> all nations to form laws and codes criminalizing all forms of
31	human trafficking and protecting those who are at-risk or are victims of
32	human trafficking.

MODEL UNITED NATIONS



Submitted To: Economic and Social Topic: Human Trafficking Submitted By: Germany

1		WITH DEEP CONCERN that the amount of known human trafficking cases increases	
2	every year, and		
3 4	TAKING	NOTE that human trafficking is a \$150 billion industry, building wealth off of sexual	
5	exploitation, and forced labor from the people that are being kidnapped and forced into their		
6	business, and		
7			
8		NG that greater precautions must be taken to ensure the safety of our citizens and to	
9	ensure the beginning of the riddance of human trafficking and the forced labor industry, and		
10			
11	TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that most of the people being trafficked and exploited are women		
12	above the age of majority but children are also taken into the industry and forced into labor and		
13	sexual businesses, and		
14			
15		<u>INED</u> to free the world of the monstrosity that is human trafficking and to secure the	
16	safety of t	he people of the world from the confinements of forced labor;	
17			
18	1)	STRESSES the need for higher security against human trafficking as in better	
19		surveillance and international efforts to seek out and bring down these industries;	
20			
21	2)	ENCOURAGES efforts for international communication to spread information on the	
22		ever-increasing human trafficking industries;	
23			
24	3)	<u>URGES</u> other nations to raise awareness by spreading the word through military,	
25		policing, and political means;	
26			
27	4)	<u>CALLS UPON</u> the people of our nations to help spread any information they have on	
28		these efforts and to help bring down the industries that torment the citizens of the	
29		world.	