

# First Political

- 1. Africa
- 2. Asia
- 3. Americas
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- 5. Europe
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- 7. Antarctica



### MODEL UNITED NATIONS

Subject: Africa
Sponsored By: Republic of Côte d'Ivoire
Submitted To: 1st Political



- 1. ALARMED by the current Anglophone crisis in the Republic of Cameroon, where
  2. Anglophone individuals feel marginalized by a Francophone majority because of the
  3. alleged maldistribution of resources and appointment of French-educated judges in
  4. Anglophone communities, among many other things, and
  5.
  6. RECOGNIZING the important historical context which helped this crisis come to
  7. fruition, as originally Cameroon had been divided into ten parts, with the French
  8. taking control of eight of the parts of Cameroon and the British taking control over the
- 9. additional parts, influencing the language of said parts, once reaching independence, 10. the French and British parts joined together as a Federal Republic in which both the
- 11. French and British parts were represented as Oriental and Occidental regions, and 12.
- 13. NOTING that significant problems in the state emerged whenever the Federal
- 14. Republic of Cameroon was dissolved, giving way to a highly centralized United
- 15. Republic of Cameroon, many of the Anglophone people believe that the government
- 16. was inappropriately dissolved to this day, and

17.

- 18. DEEPLY CONCERNED by the violence and displacement of peoples ravishing the
- 19. region since 2015, as the UN estimates that approximately 160,000 individuals have
- 20. been internally displaced by the conflicts and that over 400 individuals have been
- 21. killed by armed separatist groups or security personnel, with the conflict escalating to
- 22. never before seen levels within the recent months;

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- 1) <u>RECOMMENDS</u> the Mediation Support Unit work with United Nations Office for West Africa and the Sahel (UNOWAS) to establish a diplomatic mediation process, with representatives democratically selected from the Anglophone community and a representative from the Republic of Cameroon, with the following being discussed:
- 28. with the following being discussed:
  29. a) The distribution of resources obtained from the production of
  30. individuals within West Cameroon and their goods, specifically oil and
  31. other natural resources;
  - b) The role of the judicial system and how its officials are put in place;
- c) The sovereignty of the states, specifically regarding a return to a
  federal state system with Cameroon Oriental and Cameroon Occidental
  regions represented as they were in the Federal Republic of Cameroon;
  d)The role of the education system as well as standards of education
  and the rules and regulations regarding said system;

38. 39.

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2) <u>EMPHASIZES</u> that the goal of the aforementioned mediation would be to keep peace between the two groups in Cameroon, in hopes to prevent civil war and save lives.



Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Africa
Submitted By: Equatorial Guinea

1/2

**<u>DEEPLY DISTURBED</u>** how Africa's Youth unemployment rate, according to the ILO, is nearing 50%, and

**BEARING IN MIND** that youth unemployment not only creates unrest, but destroys the country's economies, and

<u>VIEWING WITH APPRECIATION</u> all the humanitarian aid, however effective it may or may not be, all member Nations have given to the continent of Africa, and

**FULLY BELIEVING** NGOs are not effective and government organizations are vastly superior, create jobs, and jumpstart economies, and

<u>WELCOMING ALL</u> private companies willing to invest in jobs, capital, and infrastructure in these developing nations;

- 1. **RECOMMENDS** all nations suffering through vast poverty start government programs specifically for the purpose of creating jobs;
- 2. <u>FURTHER INVITES</u> private companies and business to invest in these developing nations;
- **3. EXPRESSES ITS HOPE** that all nations will respect the sovereignty of each nation an allow them to use their own programs to specialize solutions to their needs.



Subject: Africa Sponsored By: 1st Political Submitted To: Finland

1/3

| 1<br>2<br>3          | <b>EMPHASIZING</b> that as a matter of fact, universal basic income exhibits clear evidence of the positive impacts on health, education, and well being, and  |
|----------------------|--|
| 5<br>5<br>6<br>7     | <b>STRESSING</b> the fact that in order for universal basic income to succeed, the United Nations needs to aid underdeveloped countries in the mending of their economic stability and political security first, and |
| 8<br>9<br>10         | <u>ACKNOWLEDGING</u> that there is no global institutions of economic and political governance, which could help, struggling countries deal with these issues on a daily basis effectively, and                      |
| 12<br>13<br>14       | <b>NOTING</b> however, that developed and underdeveloped countries need to assist each other economically by sharing information regarding a reduced pay of universal income globally, and                           |
| 15<br>16<br>17       | <b>EMPHASIZING FURTHER</b> that the universal basic income could significantly aid countries gain global interdependence, combat poverty, and provide an efficient alternative to existing healthcare;               |
| 19<br>20<br>21<br>22 | <ol> <li><u>IMPLORES</u> that developed countries in the United Nations need to aid the<br/>underdeveloped countries in providing or sharing information on technology that could<br/>help globally;</li> </ol>      |
| 23<br>24             | 2. <b>PROMOTES</b> that it is more effective than other bills, or care acts previously made and passed, regarding health or welfare systems;   |
| 25<br>26<br>27<br>28 | 3. <b>STRESSES</b> that it is a politically palatable extension of benefits, that is global, so anyone, anywhere can acquire it;   |
| 29<br>30<br>31       | 4. <b>SUGGESTS</b> that the United Nations should hold a meeting about universal basic income and its impact on economic and political growth in the G7 summit held each year.                                       |
| 32<br>33<br>34       |  |
| 35<br>36<br>37       |  |
|                      |  |



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Greece

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|------------------|--|
| 1<br>2<br>3<br>4 | Considering. Boko Haram, an Islamic militarist group have conducted terrorist attacks on religious and political groups throughout Nigeria, since 2011, as well as the multiple bombings of schools and markets, and |
| 5<br>6<br>7      | <u>Having reviewed</u> , the group is organized under the Muslim cleric Mohammed Yusuf. It is centered in Maiduguri, the capital of the northeastern state of Borno.   |
| 8<br>9<br>10     | Recalling, in April of 2014 Boko Haram kidnapped over two hundred girls from their school, and   |
| 11<br>12<br>13   | Taking into account, the Nigerian military have pushed with help from other surrounding countries to push Boko Haram out of Nigeria, and   |
| 14<br>15<br>16   | <u>Determined</u> , Boko Haram has still retained control in some villages throughout Nigeria and continues to use suicide attacks and abduct women and children, and  |
| 17<br>18         | Stressing, In 2015 the U.N. appealed to help refugees in Nigeria, but they were half funded, and   |
| 19<br>20<br>21   | Considering, the group's main goal is to establish an Islamic caliphate within Nigeria while the Nigerian government is a democracy, similar to that in America, and   |
| 22<br>23<br>24   | Taking into account, the translation of Boko Haram means, "Western civilization is forbidden", the group does not agree with the Nigerian government, and  |
| 25<br>26<br>27   | Recognizing, no one wants to help this terrorist group, they are well funded by countless amounts of bank robberies and looting in towns that are under their control, and   |
| 28<br>29<br>30   | Recalling. Boko Haram is a terrorist group who harm innocent people, but more people are joining against the government for not being able to fix this problem, and  |
| 31<br>32<br>33   | <ol> <li>Suggests, give book Haram their own piece of land in Nigeria to build their own society<br/>in order for the Nigerian government to focus on their own issues;</li> </ol>                                   |
| 34<br>35<br>36   | <ol> <li>Supports, building more refugee camps for the people of Nigeria in order to focus more<br/>on the war with Boko Haram and not the people</li> </ol>   |
| 37<br>38         | 3) Urges, the Nigerian to focus more on the military to make it better and stronger  |

4) Suggests, all nations to come together to help fund their government to aid their people

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Submitted To: First Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Kuwait

1/5

| 1        | <b>DEEPLY CONCERNED</b> about the piracy along Africa's coast that has been increasing over             |
|----------|---|
| 2        | the past few years, and   |
| 3        |   |
| 4        | <b>NOTING</b> that piracy is the practice of attacking, hijacking, and robbing ships at sea, as well as |
| 5        | stealing cargo and holding passengers for ransom, and   |
| 6        |   |
| 7        | <b>BEARING IN MIND</b> that the number of deaths due to Africa's pirates is rising, and                 |
| 8        |   |
| 9        | <b>DEEPLY DISTURBED</b> with the brutalities captives often face including being locked in              |
| 10       | freezers, burned with cigarettes, and having fingernails pulled out, and                                |
| 11       |   |
| 12       | <b>RECALLING</b> that the United Nations' decision to renew measures to combat piracy on the            |
| 13       | Somali Coast and Red Sea stressed the need for the international community to respond to                |
| 14       | prevent and suppress piracy and tackle its underlying causes;   |
| 15<br>16 | 1) <b>REQUESTS</b> that nations with high levels of influence respond to this crisis by                 |
| 17       | providing naval support to regions of piracy;   |
| 18       | providing havar support to regions of phracy,   |
| 19       | 2) <b>ENCOURAGES</b> all nations to help create solutions for the issue and take up the                 |
| 20       | responsibility to control piracy worldwide;   |
| 21       | responsible to temper phase y world with the  |
| 22       | 3) <b>RECOMMENDS</b> that all nations disregarding the laws set by the United Nations                   |
| 23       | recognize the significance of these laws to protect their citizens, and hopefully                       |
| 24       | enforce these laws;   |
| 25       |   |
| 26       | 4) <b>EXPRESSES ITS HOPE</b> that the United Nations will continue in their endeavors t                 |
| 27       | end piracy, help provide financial and naval aid to any countries directly affected by                  |
| 28       | it, and create an anti-piracy task force.   |



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Nicaragua

1/6

**NOTING** the Alarming issue of the increasing famine rate in Africa, and

**FULLY AWARE** that africa as a whole has over 243 million people that are undernourished which is over 20% of its immense population, and

**GRAVELY CONCERNED** that over 5 million children die from famine in Africa every year averaging out to be 10 people per minute, and

**COGNIZANT** of the U.N. establishment of the Task Force on the Global Food Security Crisis, and

**RECOGNIZING** the launch of the Zero Hunger Challenge to inspire a global movement for a world free of hunger within a generation;

- 1.) **ENCOURAGES** that the U.N. launch a new campaign to work towards finding a solution to the famine epidemic;
- 2.) **URGES** larger, more powerful countries to consider using some of their extra resources to help out to help make sure that everyone has access to a meal;
- 3.) **REQUESTS** that nations with a surplus in their food stock and nourishments consider sending some to help fight the famine if they are not being used;
- 6.) **EXPRESSES THE HOPE** that the nations of the world can come together to put an end to the issues and problems regarding this topic and the betterment for the future.



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Africa Submitted By: Republic of Panama

1/7

NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN, the ethnic groups of Banunu and Batende are currently fighting in the Democratic Republic of Congo over the debated burial site of the Banunu chief that started in December, and

EMPHAZING the fact that, the Democratic Republic of Congo has lost 900 innocnet citizens as a result of the fighting between the Banunu and Batende ethnic groups in Congo, and

<u>FULLY ACKNOWLEDING</u> the fact that, the Democratic Republic of Congo government ecently have been going through some political conflictions regarding the most previous presidential election, and

STRESSING that actions that would disable the ethnic groups from fighting need to be taken in order to prevent more citizens of Congo dying, Panama believes these actions should be made by the Congo government, and

EMPHASIZING FURTHER Panama urges other nations to take further action to prevent theseacts of violence;

- 1) PROMOTING, the fact that Panama's National Assembly passed a bill restraining the formation of a standing military force, and forming a new one just to invade the nation of Congo would cause many problems to the nation of Panama;
- 2) <u>STRESSES</u> the urgency in fixing this problem because many people are losing their lives due to the ethnic groups' dispute;
- 3) <u>IMPLORES</u> the need for Congo's government to take more of a leadership role to control these groups and bring safety to their citizens.



Subject: Africa
Sponsored By: Sweden
Submitted To: First Political

1/8

<u>CONCERNED</u> by the countless political issues pertaining to the continent of Africa, of which never seem to get resolved despite the countless hours the United Nations has already invested into the country, and

<u>AWARE</u> that most people in Africa are living in a circle of poverty that is hard to get out of without outside help from other people, governments, or countries, and

<u>TAKEING NOTE</u> that many Africans have very little knowledge of places outside of their own country. Many of the citizens have little to no knowledge due to the poor education system and not much is being done to help the continent as a whole to become more educated, and

<u>UNDERSTANDING</u> that Africa already receives 36 percent of the United Nations' expenditures for development and have put much emphasis on global literacy and education by trying to raise the percentage of young women who go to primary school, and

<u>EMPHASIZING</u> that the percentage of Africans who finish primary school has gone up in the past years, the amount of literate adults is still around 59 percent while the global average is 84 percent, and

<u>CALLS UPON</u> the United Nations to take a greater responsibility in ensuring every human, no matter what age or sex has equal opportunity to a sound education that allows them to be a working role in the society and earn an income to provide for their family;

<u>URGES</u> the Forum for African Women Educationalists (FAWE) to continue promoting education in young women in Africa by allowing easier access to education and to also promote gender equality in the area;

<u>REQUESTS</u> the consideration of implementing an open school system that does not discriminate age, gender, or past knowledge, and allowing them to the full education that all humans should be entitled to;

<u>EXPRESSES WITH HOPE</u> that with the appropriate amount of help from outside countries, governments, and organizations these problems may get resolved in the next couple of decades.



Subject: Asia

#### Sponsored By: Republic of Côte d'Ivoire

**Submitted To: 1st Political** 

- 2. Territories dispute, regards the sovereignty, ownership, militarization, and economic activity
- 3. of the four most southernmost Kuril Islands, including Kunashiri, Inturup (Etorofu),
- 4. Shikotan, and Habomai, by the Russian Federation and Japan, and

5.

- 6. BEARING IN MIND that this dispute has been ongoing for several decades, since the end of World
- 7. War Two, in which Soviet forces invaded the North and South Kuril Islands in August of 1945, and
- 8. were given full rights to the Kuril Islands under the Treaty of San Francisco of 1951 Article 2c,
- 9. which reads "Japan renounces all right, title and claim to the Kuril Islands...", and

10.

- 11. AWARE that the USSR never officially signed the Treaty of San Francisco and it was thereby
- 12. superseded by the Russo-Japanese Treaty of Commerce, Navigation and Delimitation (the Treaty of
- 13. Shimoda), in which Japan had full rights to the disputed islands, until the establishment of the
- 14. Japan-Soviet Joint Declaration in 1956, which was signed by both the Soviet Union and Japan, and 15.

15.

- 16. KEEPING IN MIND that the Japan-Soviet Joint Declaration was signed as precedence for a peace
- 17. treaty, as it restored diplomatic relations and ended the state of war; article 9 of the declaration also
- 18. states the islands of Habomai and Shikotan will be returned to Japan once a formal peace treaty is
- 19. put in place;

20.

- 21. 1) <u>SUPPORTS</u> a formal and permanent peace treaty establishing the official end of war
- 22. between the Russian Federation and Japan, and offers the following provisions as a basis for

23. said treaty:

- a) Japan will gain full control and sovereignty over Shikotan and Habomai, with the
- 25. Russian Federation maintaining control and sovereignty over Kunashiri and Inturup;
- b) Shikotan and Habomai will remain demilitarized, and the Russian Federation will
- 27. cease the building of any and all new military infrastructure on the Islands of Kunashiri
- and Inturup, but will be allowed to maintain their current operations within structures
- 29. already built on those particular islands;
- 30. c) The Russian Federation and Japan will create a joint economic operation in which
- 31. Japanese citizens will retain the right to commercial fishing off of the coast of
- 32. Kunashiri and Inturup:
- d) The Russian Federation will pay no concessions to Japan for the removal and
- 34. displacement of indigenous Japanese peoples after the initial taking of the islands:
- 35. e) The current military structure within Japan, including all foreign troops stationed
- 36. within the nation state, will remain intact.



#### Subject: Asia Sponsored By: Democratic People's Republic Of Korea

**Submitted To: First Political** 

2/2

| 1<br>2 |   | ld of the stress and tension created by the nuclear testing that has taken place in the tratic People's Republic Of Korea (DPRK), and |  |
|--------|---|---|--|
| 3      |   |   |  |
| 4      | Confid  | ent that with further summits with the USA and South Korea the possibility of   |  |
| 5      | ,   | earization will be reached, and   |  |
| 6      |   |   |  |
| 7      | Taking  | Into Account that with the historic summit and with the possibility of denuclearization   |  |
| 8      |   | actions placed on the nation of DPRK need to be lessened or completely removed to   |  |
| 9      |   | he economy and living in DPRK, and  |  |
| 10     |   |   |  |
| 11     | Noting  | Further that during the summit the United States seems to be willing to create a deal that  |  |
| 12     |   | help strengthen the economy of the DPRK, therefore if they did denuclearize more  |  |
| 13     | summit  | s would be needed to further figure out what the true terms of a deal would be, and   |  |
| 14     |   |   |  |
| 15     | Determined that if sanctions are removed the economy will flourish and the DPRK will be       |   |  |
| 16     | become  | e an even stronger nation than it already is, and   |  |
| 17     |   |   |  |
| 18     | Anxious that if the DPRK where to denuclearize they will be taken advantage of by the         |   |  |
| 19     | Western nations seeing as the United States still is in possession of nuclear missiles and is |   |  |
| 20     |   | llong with the forces in South Korea so until then, no further action will be taken by the  |  |
| 21     | DPRK  | to denuclearize, and  |  |
| 22     |   |   |  |
| 23     | <u>Welcor</u>   | ning further summits and meetings with leaders such as Donald Trump and Moon Jae-In;  |  |
| 24     |   |   |  |
| 25     | 1)  | Stresses that with the correct procedures and steps, denuclearization is within the future  |  |
| 26     |   | for the DPRK;   |  |
| 27     |   |   |  |
| 28     | 2)  | Requests that if the DPRK does denuclearize, the UN Security Council remove the   |  |
| 29     |   | sanctions placed on the nation;   |  |
| 30     | σ.\   |   |  |
| 31     | 3)  | Approves the idea of further summits and meeting with other world leaders to help with  |  |
| 32     |   | the process of denuclearization, but not until the United States begins the   |  |
| 33     |   | denuclearization process and the forces in South Korea stands down for our nation to  |  |
| 34     |   | feel comfortable with further summits;  |  |

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4) <u>Supports</u> that with further summits and meetings with other nations besides the United States and South Korea the process of denuclearization and the rebuilding of the DPRK's economy will be achievable and showing the DPRK as a world power.



Subject: Asia Sponsored By: Israel Submitted To: 1st Political

2/3

| 1  | Expressing deep concern that there are 40 million trafficking victims and of those 40 million,  |
|----|---|
| 2  | two-thirds of human trafficking victims come from East Asia and the Pacific ,and                |
| 3  |   |
| 4  | Observing that out of 40 billion victims woman and children are the most vulnerable to be       |
| 5  | trafficked for commercial sex, domestic work, and construction work, and                        |
| 6  |   |
| 7  | Noting the most vulnerable people to human trafficking are poor families, displaced victims     |
| 8  | from armed conflict, and natural disasters who are desperate, and                               |
| 9  | , ,   |
| 10 | Taking into account that these victims are usually tricked by false advertisements that they    |
| 11 | will be helped, when instead they are sold to different owners and are forced to pay off a      |
| 12 | debt, and   |
| 13 | ,   |
| 14 | Bearing in mind victims often suffer physical and mental abuse along with social                |
| 15 | stigmatization, and   |
| 16 | B   |
| 17 | Taking note that human trafficking is becoming a fast growing industry with little risk and     |
| 18 | chances for large profits, which makes about \$50 billion a year, and                           |
| 19 | S. F ,  |
| 20 | Affirming human trafficking is not a problem in Asia, but all around the world, and should be   |
| 21 | taken care of as an important matter;   |
| 22 | 1   |
| 23 | 1) Further recommends that countries help human trafficking victims access legal                |
| 24 | protection, healthcare, and temporary shelter,  |
| 25 |   |
| 26 | 2)Encourages countries in Asia to make stricter laws and punishments for human                  |
| 27 | trafficking.  |
| 28 |   |
| 29 | 3) <u>Invites</u> nations to check identities, visas, and the well beings of people annually to |
| 30 | help prevent human trafficking.   |
| 31 |   |
| 32 | 4) Instructs nations to set up hotlines that people may call if they are being trafficked or    |
| 33 | know someone who is.  |
| 34 |   |
| 35 |   |
| 36 |   |





#### Submitted To: First Political

2/4

|          | Topic: Asia  |
|----------|--|
|          | Submitted By: Pakistan   |
| 1.       | Expressing deep concern with the long drawn out border conflict in the province of   |
| 2.<br>3. | Kashmir between Pakistan, China, and India that has lasted over 60 years and   |
| 4,       | Alarmed that the conflict has killed around 324 soldiers and 100 civilians in 2018 alone   |
| 5.<br>6. | with projections for a worsening of the conflict that has taken a reported 47,000 live since its beginning in 1947, and  |
| 7.       | since its beginning in 1947, and   |
| 8.       | Concerned about the human right's abuses reported on by the Office of the U.N. High  |
| 9.       | Commissioner for Human Rights from both militant and Indian forces such as the use of  |
| 10       | pellet firing shotguns used by security forces as a method of crowd dispersion that can  |
| 11       | cause severe civilian injury and incidents of excessive force and full caliber rounds being  |
| 12       | used to drive back profestors, but   |
| 13       |  |
| 14.      | Recognizing that in response militant groups have begun to become more violent with  |
| 16.      | actions such as kidnapping and killing local Indian law enforcement, and   |
|          | Taking note of the 1948 United Nations Security Council resolution 47 that set the   |
| 18.      | precedent for a referendum in Kashmir to have a democratic vote to decide the national   |
| 19.      | allegiance of the province, and  |
| 20.      |  |
| 21.      | -) Success a constant of action in the first of the contract o |
| 22.      | groups must be negotiated with the proposition of peace and a fair   |
| 23.      | vote used as a motivator, and  |
| 24.      |  |
| 25.      | 2) Emphasizes a ceasing of the use of indiscriminate crowd dispersal   |
| 26.      | weapons by security forces, and  |
| 27.      |  |
| 28.      | 3)Suggests a referendum of residents living in the province of Kashmir   |
| 29.      | should be conducted to avoid further violent conflict, and   |
| 30.      |  |
| 31.      | 4) Recommends a creation of a temporary administration in Kashmir  |
| 32.      | to provide the necessary resources to hold a referendum and  |
| 33.      | facilitate a transfer of the province after the voting has concluded.  |



#### Submitted To: First Political Topic: Asia Submitted By: Republic of Korea

2/5

|                      | Submitted By: Republic of Korea   |
|----------------------|---|
| 1<br>2<br>3<br>4     | <u>TAKING NOTE</u> that even though Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea (DPRK) has increasingly been producing nuclear weapons, they are entertaining peaceful talks with nations, and   |
| 5<br>6<br>7          | <b>AWARE</b> that DPRK has treated its citizens very abusive, and leave the residents with no food, freedom, or political stability, and  |
| 8<br>9<br>10         | <b>WISHING</b> for the DPRK to modernize its nation and give its nation what every first world nation has, freedom, jobs, and a steady income, etc., and  |
| 11<br>12<br>13       | <b>BEARING IN MIND THAT</b> inside the North Korean Prison Camps, unthinkable abuse of every form happens, and  |
| 14<br>15<br>16<br>17 | EXPRESSES ITS SYMPATHY that the EU has put many sanctions on (DPRK) of many kinds to try and stop them from making nuclear weapons, and in (DPRK) s response, they have been very flexible with communications with talks with the rest of the world, and |
| 18<br>19<br>20       | EMPHASIZING the (DPRK) has violated numerous Security Council Resolutions and Treatie related to their nuclear program, and   |
| 21<br>22<br>23       | <b>TAKING NOTE</b> that the Republic of Korea, China, the United States, and (DPRK) have been working together to reach an agreement to end the Korean Conflict, and  |
| 24<br>25             | <ol> <li><u>CALLS UPON</u> the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to adopt humane<br/>conditions as set by the industrialized world;</li> </ol>  |
| 26<br>27<br>28<br>29 | 2. <u>DIRECTS</u> the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to adopt and ratify the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty;   |
| 30<br>31<br>32       | 3. <u>URGE</u> the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to sign and ratify the Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty;  |
| 33<br>34<br>35       | 4. <b>EMPATHIZES</b> the need for both parties to reduce the rhetoric and hostilities made toward each other;   |
| 36<br>37<br>38<br>39 | 5. <b>EXPRESSES</b> the belief that one day the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Korea will be united under the rule of one democratically elected government;   |
| 40                   | 6. <b>URGES</b> all parties to work together to take substantive economic measures after  |

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reaching agreed upon goals.



Topic: Asia Sponsored By: USA Submitted To: 1st Political

2/6

| 1  | NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN the continuous growth of Chinese and North Korean                          |
|----|--|
| 2  | Aggression in the Asian community, and   |
| 3  |  |
| 4  | ALARMED by the growing power and influence of military and economic power spreading                  |
| 5  | throughout key choke points in the Western Pacific, and  |
| 6  |  |
| 7  | <b>REFERRING</b> to the buildup of numerous military islands capable of launching offensive          |
| 8  | military operations against the United States, United Kingdom, and several other Asian allies        |
| 9  | in the region, and   |
| 10 |  |
| 11 | BEARING IN MIND these issues could cause an issue of world peace that hangs in the                   |
| 12 | balance if no actions are taken towards this naked aggression, and                                   |
| 13 |  |
| 14 | <b>REAFFIRMING</b> if the United Nations does not control these growing potential threats to         |
| 15 | world peace, there would be an event such as the Korean War occur towards the Western                |
| 16 | Pacific and cost millions of lives;  |
| 17 |  |
| 18 | 1. <b><u>DECLARES</u></b> that the United Nations help out in controlling the rising threat of these |
| 19 | countries;   |
| 20 | 2 CATTO TIDONI (L. III.') 1 NT (' ) ( C. L   |
| 21 | 2. <u>CALLS UPON</u> the United Nations to fight against these countries ideologies and              |
| 22 | wrongful motives towards other Western Pacific countries;  |
| 23 | 2 DEOUESTS that the United Nations and two as and controlling account towards                        |
| 24 | 3. <b>REQUESTS</b> that the United Nations send troops and controlling measures towards              |
| 25 | the nations of China and North Korea.  |



#### Subject: Americas Sponsored By: Republic of Côte d'Ivoire

ôte d'Ivoire

|     | Submitted To: 1st Political  |
|-----|--|
| 1.  | <u>DEEPLY CONCERNED</u> by the political dispute within Venezuela which continues to escalate,     |
| 2.  | where a controversy over who is the rightful president of the nation is leading to some serious    |
| 3.  | international division, as more than fifty nations are supporting Nicolás Maduro as the rightful   |
| 4.  | President of Venezuela and more than sixty-five nations are supporting Juan Guaido as the          |
| 5.  | Acting-President, and  |
| 6.  |  |
| 7.  | NOTING WITH DEEP CONCERN that the humanitarian crisis taking place in Venezuela is                 |
| 8.  | worsening in its effects, as ninety percent of the population is now under the poverty line and    |
| 9.  | inflation has continued to skyrocket, all contributing to the expansion of political divisions     |
| 10. | within the nation, and   |
| 11. |  |
| 12. | FULLY AWARE of the international implications of this civil dispute, with historically             |
|     | socialist/communist nation states supporting Maduro and the historically capitalist nations        |
| 14. | supporting Guaido, reflecting the Cold War proxy wars to a large extent, and                       |
| 15. |  |
|     | BELIEVING that the humanitarian crisis within Venezuela must be addressed simultaneously with      |
|     | the political dispute in order to stabilize the nation state and prevent the political system from |
|     | falling back into a state of chaos;  |
| 19. |  |
| 20. | 1) <u>CALLS UPON</u> the Republic of Venezuela to initiate a special election, and allow for the   |
| 21. | involvement of the United Nations, in order to insure a fair, democratic election, in which        |
| 22. | Nicolás Maduro and Juan Guaido are candidates to be elected the official President of Venezuela    |
| 23. |  |
| 24. | 2) AUTHORIZES the Electoral Assistance Division of the Department of Political and                 |
| 25. | Peacebuilding Affairs (DPPA) of the United Nations Secretariat, as well as the Secretary-General   |
| 26. | to participate in the following:   |
| 27. | a)Offer technical assistance to the Republic of Venezuela in the form of legal,                    |
| 28. | operational and logistic assistance, in order to develop fair electoral processes;                 |
| 29. | b)Intiatiate the supervision of the election by the General Assembly;                              |
| 30. | c)Dispatch a panel of political and electoral experts in order to independently access the         |
| 31. | election process and provide full feedback to the General Assembly;                                |

3) <u>REQUEST</u> that from the moment of adoption of this resolution until the special election has taken place that the Republic of Venezuela allow all humanitarian aid from any nation that wishes

winner as the official President of Venezuela;

d)Certify the special election within the Republic of Venezuela, and recognize the

37. to give it to flow freely into its borders.

32.

33.

34.

35. 36.



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Drugs and Corruption Submitted By: Guatemala

| 1      | Emphasizing the fact that drug usage has been increasing rapidly lately, I feel it is important to   |
|--------|--|
| 2      | address the issue the use of fillelf drugs in (instemala, as well as the fact that there are   |
| 3      | and heroin is sinuggiou, also in 2010 the Guatemalan government estimated that an extense of   |
| 4<br>5 | 4500 hectares of opium poppy were being cultivated, and  |
| 6      | Stressing that all these dangerous drives are and the  |
| 7      | Stressing, that all these dangerous drugs are produced there, marijuana has also been started for  |
| 8      | production, also Guatemala is within close proximity to Mexico which makes Guatemala a staging area for drugs, but mostly cocaine,   |
| 9      | suging area for drugs, but mostly cocaine,   |
| 10     | Additionally there have been international diameter to the second of the |
| 11     | Additionally, there have been international disputes during annual ministerial meetings under the organization of American states- Initiated Agreement on the Framework for Negotiations and   |
| 12     | Confidence Building Measure, within these meetings the topic discussed has been about  |
| 13     | Guatemalan land and maritime claims in Belize and the Caribbean Sea, also Guatemala persists   |
| 14     | in its territorial claim to half of Belize, but agrees to keep Guatemalan squatters out of Belize's  |
| 15     | forested interior, and   |
| 16     | Total Mortor, and  |
| 17     | Fully acknowledging that with all those are being to the   |
| 18     | Fully acknowledging, that with all these are being done in Guatemala, money laundering has started to become a serious problem as well as corruption, and  |
| 19     |  |
| 20     | 1) Since, we have this knowledge about what happens in Guatemala with all the  |
| -21    | corruption and drugs, we need to take a stand against it to improve it and make it   |
| 22     | a better place, we should also give people the strength to stand up against it and   |
| 23     | not let it happen, and   |
| 24     |  |
| 25     | 2) Also, this issue doesn't only effect Guatemala, it also affects us because almost all   |
| 26     | of the cocaine is destined to come to the United States, and   |
| 27     | to the Office States, and  |
| 28     | 3) Suggesting, the many risk factors that go into this, we should still take a stand   |
| 29     | against it, and  |
| 30     |  |
| 31     | 4) Aware of the fact, that in some countries little kids are used to transport drugs and   |
| 32     | alcohol from one place to another, which is a huge risk to the future of the little  |
| 33     | kids, and if they refuse to cooperate with them or if they tell someone, they are  |
| 34     | threatened to be killed including their families and will it is someone, they are  |
| 35     | threatened to be killed including their family and with this pressure the little kids  |

unwillingly agree to this stuff, and

5) Recommending, the UN put in place some undercover spies to be able to catch these people so that the future of thousands of innocent kids is not ruined.



Subject: South America Sponsored By: Italy Submitted To: 1st Political

3/3

| 1                               | <b>DEEP</b>  | LY CONCERNED about the growing political chaos in Venezuela between Juan                 |  |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 2                               | Guaidó and Nicolás Maduro, and   |  |  |
| 3                               |  |  |  |
| 4                               | ALARMED BY over 500 Venezuelans being killed under the disguise of security fighting |  |  |
| 5                               | crime,   | and  |  |
| 6                               |  |  |  |
| 7                               | <u>OBSE</u>  | <b>RVING</b> 90% of the population is below the poverty line, and                        |  |
| 8                               | N.T.O. PROV  | NO WITHIN DECIDENT 10  |  |
| 9                               |  | NG WITH REGRET infant mortality has increased by more than 50 per cent since             |  |
| 10                              | 2017,  | and four in five hospitals lack the necessary medicines and staff to be operational, and |  |
| 11<br>12                        | TAIZI  | NG INTO ACCOUNT millions of dollars worth of humanitarian aid to Venezuela was           |  |
| 13                              |  | d at the border by the military, and   |  |
| 14                              | stoppe   | a at the border by the mintary, and  |  |
| 15                              | TAKI   | NG INTO ACCOUNT over three million refugees have fled Venezuela, and                     |  |
| 16                              |  | <u> </u>   |  |
| 17                              | 1.   | <b>CALLS FOR</b> re-elections under the watch of the UN;                                 |  |
| 18                              |  |  |  |
| 19                              | 2.   | <b>COMMENDS</b> The UN Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) for allocating             |  |
| 20                              |  | \$17.2 Million towards aid to Venezuela;   |  |
| 21                              |  |  |  |
| 22                              | 3.   | <u>CALLS UPON</u> nations of the UN to donate to (CERF);                                 |  |
| 23                              |  |  |  |
| 24                              | 4.   | <b>REQUESTS</b> field hospitals be set up by WHO(World Health Organization) for the      |  |
| 25                              |  | treatment of Venezuelan people;  |  |
| 26                              |  |  |  |
| <ul><li>27</li><li>28</li></ul> |  |  |  |
| 29                              |  |  |  |
| 30                              |  |  |  |
| 31                              |  |  |  |
| 32                              |  |  |  |
| 33                              |  |  |  |
| 34                              |  |  |  |
| 35                              |  |  |  |
| 36                              |  |  |  |
| 37                              |  |  |  |
| 38                              |  |  |  |



Subject: Middle East
Sponsored By: Afghanistan
Submitted To: First Political

4/1

| 1  | ACKNOWLEDGING the past of the Middle East, with the ongoing revolts and war,                |
|----|---|
| 2  | and the constant threat to the stability and framework of the region, and the citizens'     |
| 3  | lives, and  |
| 4  |   |
| 5  | NOTING WITH GRAVE CONCERN that after years of violence, there seems to be                   |
| 6  | no end with many bombings and massacres becoming a common occurrence, and                   |
| 7  |   |
| 8  | AWARE of the fact that the many surrounding countries of Libya, and the country             |
| 9  | itself, are still feeling the effects of the 2011 civil war which resulted in the overthrow |
| 10 | of the Gaddafi-controlled government, and   |
| 11 |   |
| 12 | STRESSING the fact that the region is continuing to destabilize and cripple, and will       |
| 13 | continue to do so without the interference of the UN, and                                   |
| 14 |   |
| 15 | RECOGNIZING that the will of the people is to have a self-elected government, and           |
| 16 | be free of the many controls of the old government, and                                     |
| 17 |   |
| 18 | CONSIDERING the ongoing threats and problems in this region, these following                |
| 19 | amendments will give new hope to peace in the Middle East;                                  |
| 20 |   |
| 21 | 1) REQUESTS that willing UN nations come into the Middle East, and                          |
| 22 | create a stable economy in the region;  |
| 23 |   |
| 24 | 2) <u>WELCOMES</u> the National Transitional Council and similar                            |
| 25 | organizations to help take back control of countries like Libya, who need                   |
| 26 | help recovering from the aftershocks of the civil war;                                      |
| 27 |   |
| 28 | 3) CALLS UPON member states to impose sanctions on countries that                           |
| 29 | would not comply with the terms of these amendments, and taking an                          |
| 30 | active role in strengthening the infrastructure of the Middle East;                         |
|    | ,   |



Submitted To: 1st Political
Topic: Middle East
Submitted By: Bolivia

4/2

|                      |                                      | Submitted by. Donyia  |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1<br>2<br>3          |                                      | <b>ENED</b> of violations of International Laws on the account of attacks and harassment sovereign nation of Syria using guided missiles, and                                       |
| 4<br>5<br>6<br>7     | ALARMI<br>they are cu<br>progress, a | ED of certain western nation's propensity to inaugurate conflict in the Middle East, as irrently doing in Iraq, Libya, Syria, and more, which is causing destabilization and no and |
| 8<br>9<br>10         |                                      | <u>IATING</u> the members of the Security Council who are keeping up with International le others are pushing personal agendas, and   |
| 11<br>12             |                                      | SIZING that no nation is above the U.N. Charter or international law, and if they act as ey must face consequences, and   |
| 13<br>14<br>15       |                                      | G IN MIND past examples of nations bringing forth false information to the United order to justify acts violations, and   |
| 16<br>17<br>18<br>19 |                                      | with grave concern the 5 million replaced refuges that have been force to flee from to attacks by nations;  |
| 20<br>21<br>22       | 1.)                                  | <u>DIRECTS</u> nations to recognize and obey the sovereignty of Syria which they are granted through this body;   |
| 23<br>24<br>25<br>26 | 2.)                                  | <u>URGES</u> member states to take measures to allow their Middle Eastern allies and enemies to handle conflicts amongst themselves, and to keep their interests elsewhere;         |
| 27<br>28<br>29       | 3.)                                  | <b>STRESSES</b> the need for a UN led biannual summit to revise international laws to cater to an ever evolving world in order to prevent confusion in the event of conflict;       |
| 30<br>31<br>32       | 4.)                                  | <b>REQUESTS</b> that the Security Council take steps to have a more solidified set of consequences for the violation of international law or any clause of the UN charter;          |
| 33<br>34<br>35       | 5.)                                  | <u>CALLS UPON</u> nations who are actively committing crimes against Syria to cease these actions   |

6.) **<u>DEMANDS</u>** that nations put forth better effort to support the refugees who are effected by the conflicts in Syria.



Subject: The Syrian Crisis
Sponsored By: Arab Republic of Egypt

**Submitted To: 1st Political** 

4/3

<u>Concerned</u> by the ongoing civil war within the Syrian Arab Republic, which is now entering it's eighth consecutive year, with an end to the violence nowhere in sight,

Aware that the conflict has prematurely claimed the lives of over 174,000 Syrian soldiers, 172,000 rebel and insurgent forces, and 222,114 civilians, caused significant damage to the national infrastructure of Syria, and created the largest refugee crisis in modern history with more than 11 million persons displaced from their homes,

Acknowledging the role which intervention by foreign powers has played in the establishment, and perpetuation of the civil war,

<u>Condemning</u> the efforts by foreign powers to interfere in the affairs of the Syrian people and to violate the sovereignty of the Syrian Arab Republic,

<u>Disturbed</u> by the rise of radical Islamist groups within the Syrian Arab Republic such as ISIS, Al Qaeda in Syria, Al Nusra, Ahrar ash-sham, and others,

**Firmly Believing** that a central, secular, and democratic government is the only path to ensure the future safety of the Syrian people and the stability of their nation,

<u>Cognizant</u> of the fact that the Syrian government remains the only secular and democratic force in the country after the collapse of the so called Free Syrian Army and the desertion of many of it's soldiers to radical groups,

<u>Calls Upon</u> the Security Council to authorize a UN peacekeeping force to aid in the Syrian government's efforts to reestablish stability in the country and de-escalate the conflict;

<u>Implores</u> the United Nations to issue a formal statement of commitment to the sovereignty of the Syrian state and the removal of all foreign forces not attached to the UN peacekeeping Corp from the country;

<u>Suggests</u> the allotment of funds to aid in the rebuilding of Syrian infrastructure and for the purpose of humanitarian aid to the displaced people of Syria;

<u>Proposes</u> that the United Nations work with the Arab League to coordinate peacekeeping, reconstruction, relocation and stabilization efforts in the war torn



Submitted To: 1st Political Topic: Middle East Submitted By: India

4/4

| 1 |  |
|---|--|
| 2 |  |
| 3 |  |
| 4 |  |
| 5 |  |

Grieved by the nearly 56,000 people killed in the Yemeni civil war since early 2016 and the fact that such a statistic is still rising by nearly 2,000 individuals per month, and

Concerned that the United Nations has tried to shield such a statistic from the rest of the world with their officials claiming that only 10,000 citizens have died as a result of the war, and

Angered by the government of the United Arab Emirates for attempting to hide such facts from the outside world through restricted access for foreign journalists along with the governments of the United States, Great Britain, and France for supporting the restrictions by the UAE, and

Aware that along with the death toll, and estimated 570,000 Yemenis have had to flee their homes and as a result suffered from severe malnutrition which has lead to an even higher death toll, and

<u>Cognizant</u> of the support by Iran and the UAE on the rebel Houthis against the world recognized Yemeni government and the fact that such political ideals are in conflict with resolution 2452 in which the UN has agreed to support the Hodeidah Agreement, and

<u>Understanding</u> that as the situation in Yemen grows still more unstable, world recognized terrorist organizations such as Al-Queda and IS affiliates have more power and the threat of attacks grows, and

Anxious that the instability of Yemen is causing a high political divide between the governments of Iran and the UAE against Saudi Arabia and war is likely to follow suit as Iran and the UAE continue to violate the actions of Saudi Arabia in averting this crisis and reinstating the government of Yemen;

4B 

- Supports any nation who aids in the relocation and rehabilitation of fleeing Yemeni citizens along with their families;
- Commends all nations who attempt to send in journalists with the intent of exposing the true facts of the conflict and how many people are actually suffering as a result;
- Request that all nations support the government of Yemen in its effort to control the violent Houthis and their attempted coup on the UN recognized government in place;
- 4) Recommends that the Security Council ease sanctions on the governments of the UAE and Iran if they agree to end the support of the Houthi resistance;
- 5) <u>Hopes</u> that nations to focus on more preparation for terrorist attacks in order to prevent any causalities from the growing strength of the terrorist organizations with power in Yemen;
- 6) Expresses the hope that nations will focus on the crisis of human rights in Yemen and lay down arms through diplomacy to protect them.



## Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: Islamic Republic of Iran Submitted To: Political

4/5

Emphasizing the fact that, in order for the peace and security around the globe to be achieved , solving a crisis in the Middle East, concerning Syrian civil war must be addressed by the United Nation with more attention and specific actions, and

Stressing the fact that, in order for the problem to be solved, the sovereignty and territorial

integrity of Syrian Arab Republic must be respected and acknowledged by every member

withdraw their forces from the conflict region, and

Conscious about procrastination of the war by outside forces, not willing to stop their involvement in the conflict, supporting the rebel groups, providing them with money and directly violating the sovereignty of Syrian Arab Republic, and

of United Nations, as well as an effort must be put forth by involved countries to fully

Considering, the tremendous amount of violence, death, injustice and insecurity, during the conflict in the region, and

Fully acknowledging the United Nations past actions to solve the conflict by enforcing resolutions 2040, 2043, 2118, 2139, 2254, 2319, 2328, 2336 2401, concerning humanitarian crisis, war and instability in Syrian Arab Republic, and

Noting with deep concern, however that political dispute, ideological and religious differences have created a ground of unjustified actions by outside forces, and

Emphasizing further, that the ending of the conflict in Syrian Arab Republic will guarantee peace in the Middle East, will end social, political or economical crisis in Middle Eastern countries and help their people recover from the tragic events, and

1) Stresses the importance of respecting the countries integrity and sovereignty, and domestic affairs;

2) Takes into account other countries illegal interference, victims of these illegal interference and the presence of the soldiers of different countries

3) Seeks for peaceful solution of the conflict in Syrian Arab Republic and in Middle East.

4) Suggests the United Nations to deploy peacekeeping forces in Syrian Arab Republic, in order to guarantee peaceful solution of the conflict and avoid future outside interference in Syrian Arab Republic.



Subject: Middle East
Sponsored By: Iraq
Submitted To: 1st Political

4/6

|  | Submitted 10: 1st Political  | <b>4</b> <i>8</i>                             |
|--|--|---|
| 1<br>2<br>3                            | the Kurdish secessionist movement that has been ongoing for around 3 years   | ^   |
| 4<br>5                                 | Taking Into Account Kurdish action has killed thousands of Iranian solds protests that endangered countless innocent Iranian civilians, and  | iers and have held                            |
| 6<br>7<br>8<br>9                       | Recalling that in 2016, the Kurds attacked many defenseless villages with he many homes and business, and causing over 20 villages to evacuate and leads   | , ,   |
| 10<br>11<br>12<br>13                   | Alarmed by the attempted assassinations of many government officials issued order to attempt to strike fear into Iranian civilians, and  | ed by the Kurds in                            |
| 14<br>15<br>16                         | Expecting the Kurds to continue their repeated acts of terrorism against the I Iran and its citizens in an attempt to overthrow and overpower the government   | -   |
| 17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21             | 1. <u>Condemns</u> the Kurdish for their heinous acts against the Republic assassination of government officials, acts of terrorism against destruction of property of the state and people resulting in the country turmoil for going on 3 years;   | unarmed citizens,                             |
| 22<br>23<br>24<br>25<br>26<br>27<br>28 | <ol> <li>Calls Upon Security Council to remove and denounce this terrorist has western areas of Iran by:         <ul> <li>Implementing the four pillars approach created by the Unit Counter-Terrorism Task Force;</li> <li>Allowing the Republic of Iran to take care of the situation bringing in peacekeepers an other United Nations officials to it.</li> <li>Calling nations to take in people of Iran in order to see each</li> </ul> </li> </ol> | ed Nations Global on their own, not ntervene; |
| 29<br>30                               | ·  |   |

3. Express Hope that the Kurds will immediately cease their actions or they will be

33 34 abolished.

31 32

35 36



Topic: Middle East Submitted To: 1<sup>st</sup> Political Submitted By: Jordan

| 1<br>2<br>3<br>4     |                 | alling the fact that the Syrian crisis has lasted for almost eight years without an end in sight is a world must work to find a way for peace because this issue does not just affect Syria, it is those in many other countries, and                                 |
|----------------------|-----------------|---|
| 5<br>6<br>7<br>8     |                 | ng into account the 11 million Syrian refugees in many different countries and the hate the ve of just wanting a safe place for their family and themselves must stop, so we have to e a safe space for the citizens in their own country, and                        |
| 9<br>10<br>11<br>12  |                 | ng considered different solutions and outcomes, the most efficient plan would be to stop president, Bashar al-Assad, and since the previous summit with Syria proved to be excessful, plans for another one should be on its way, and                                 |
| 13<br>14<br>15<br>16 |                 | e of the difficulties this request may bring, it seems this is the most peaceful solution, and me, there should be leaders of multiple leading countries attending, especially those ed by the conflict, to discuss a clear solution to end of this war in Syria, and |
| 17<br>18<br>19       | Confi<br>and d  | dent it will become a safer place for its citizens, and they will no longer have to face hate anger by leaving, and   |
| 20<br>21<br>22       | Expre<br>Syria, | sses the hope that peace will soon come, this will have many benefits to our world, not jus   |
| 23<br>24<br>25<br>26 | 1)              | Recognizing refugee crisis will minimize and other countries will not have to worry about finding places and jobs for them and whether or not they will be safe in the new country, and   |
| 27<br>28<br>29<br>30 | 2)              | Stressing that the cruel war crimes going on will come to a stop and chemical weapons will not be used on citizens in Syria, preventing the death of many including children, and   |
| 31<br>32<br>33<br>34 | 3)              | Welcoming trade with the newly peaceful country to help alleviate the economy after years of war, which will benefit both countries in trade, and   |
| 35<br>36             | 4)              | Mindful that once the crisis ends, we will not have to risk sending our troops back there.  |



## Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: United Arab Emirates Submitted To: 1st Political

4/8

**Recognizing** that the United Nations High Commissioner of Refugees (U.N.H.C.R) documented approximately 300,000 migrated Yemenis in Djibouti, Saudi Arabia, and Oman on August 26th, 2018, due to the war in Yemen, and

<u>Acknowledging</u> that there are 1 million recorded cholera cases (and possible unrecorded cases due to the displacement), 3 million displaced persons, and approximately 200 deaths per day due to war in civilian occupied areas of Yemen according to CNN, and

<u>Taking note</u> that more than 16 million Yemenis have no access to clean water, are dealing with famine, and are without jobs, thus resulting in disease, starvation, and lack of economical abilities, and

**Recollecting** that in 2011 Yemen elected a new president due to the failure of a political transition allowing Houthis time to abduct a majority of northern Yemen territories including their largest and most developed city (Sanna) in 2015; Yemeni government still has not recovered despite the support of 9 middle eastern countries along with the United States, United Kingdom, and France, and

**Recognizing** the Houthis are not the only terrorist in Yemen, as Al Qaeda is also an ongoing terrorist group causing tension not only for Yemen, but for the United States as well;

1. <u>Urges</u> the Yemeni government to sign a ceasefire with the Houthis to provide any civilians in northern Yemen the chance to escape the war and temporally relocate to safer areas in southern Yemen;

2. <u>Encourages</u> the United Nations and the United Nations Refugee Agency to open more, better equipped, refugee camps in Southern Yemen in which refugees can:

a) Be treated for any sickness or disease (especially cholera);b) Receive food and clean water;

c) Have a temporary living quarters away from war;

3. <u>Calls upon</u> Middle Eastern nations, specifically Saudi Arabia, to implement ground forces to push the Houthis giving the Yemen government time to reset and/or recover;

4. <u>Asks that</u> the Middle Eastern and African nations create stricter border control to reduce the spreading of cholera, other diseases, and refugee numbers;



## Subject: Middle East Sponsored By: United Arab Emirates Submitted To: 1st Political

4/9

| 1 | Noting with grave concern that Saudi Arabia's legal system, Sharia Law, is traditional Islamic law |
|---|--|
| 2 | based off the "Prophet of Muhammad," that has never been amended, meaning it still allows sexist,  |
| 3 | racist, and zealot acts, and   |
|   |  |

Recognizing that the Sunni majority and government whole in Saudi Arabia have often harmfully mistreated the sectarian Shia Muslims' human rights since 1913 when conquered by Sunni, Ibn Riyadh, and

<u>Acknowledging</u> that in 1979 the Sunni occupied government ordered the death of 24 and prosecution of many other Shia Muslim activists for participating in what the Sunni described as a "sectarian outburst," and

<u>Emphasising</u> that 2017-current, hundreds of Shia Muslim activists have been killed, injured, or have gone missing due to interrupted protests by Sunni forces or outside terrorist groups, and

<u>Recollecting</u> that Saudi Arabia is one of many Middle Eastern countries that do not believe in women's rights along with the rights of other religions or any religions sectarian from their own, and

<u>Bearing in mind</u> that Qatif is Saudi's most profitable subdivision/territory for exports seeing as it is home to its largest and most productive oil reserve (Ras Tanura) along with many other resources like fish and petroleum;

1. <u>Encourages</u> that despite Saudi Arabia's mass oil production, all nations participate in the canceling of all trade deals with Saudi Arabia and other countries with strict Sharia Law in hopes that they will be forced to adjust there current legal system;

2. <u>Expresses the hope</u> of other countries help and support the Shia Muslims fight for their human rights, religious freedom, and the abolishment of unfair sexist laws against women by:

a) Providing militant protection for safer protests;

b) Enhancing security of large Shia activists in hopes they will speak freely;c) Providing any health support needed for all Saudi minorities;

3. <u>Encourages</u> that 6 months is given to Saudi Arabia to complete the following or a request for action will be sent to the United Nations Security Council:

 a) Free all activists put in prison for protesting their gender, civil, and/or religious, rights;

b) Remove all laws in their current legal system that allow immoral acts against other religions, sexes, and indigenous peoples;

c) Prosecute all members that have participated or have been involved in the immoral crimes against Shia Muslims.



Subject: Europe Sponsored By: France Submitted To: 1st Political

5/1

| 1 2                  | Recognizing the major push for independence by the people of Spanish owned Catalonia ,that climaxed to the recent Catalan independence referendum of October 2018 and,   |
|----------------------|--|
| 3<br>4<br>5<br>6     | Concerning that even after 2 million residents of the Catalan region voted for independence, the government of Spain has refused to acknowledge the results of a democratic referendum, that was initiated by the natives of the region ,and   |
| 7<br>8<br>9          | Shocking that the Spanish government used law enforcement to block voters and used force to break the protest that followed the dissolution of Catalan autonomy ,and   |
| 10<br>11<br>12<br>13 | <u>Perplexed</u> with the charges brought against the members of the Catalonian government in custody, which include Rebellion, Misuse of Funds, and Sedition against the Government as the result of allowing the people of Catalonia to use their basic rights in a developed nation |
| 14<br>15<br>16       | and,  Acknowledging that Spain has re-established the Autonomy of Catalonia by reinstating the   |
| 17<br>18<br>19       | Catalan government with an ally of the previous Catalan government as its leader.  |
| 20<br>21<br>22       | 1) <u>Suggests</u> that the Spanish government take into the consideration the turnout of the referendum of Catalan independence and consider allowing a 2nd referendum.   |
| 23<br>24<br>25       |  |
| 26<br>27<br>28       |  |
| 29<br>30<br>31       |  |
| 32<br>33<br>34       |  |
| 35                   |  |



Submitted To: First Political Topic: Europe

|                       | Submitted By: Republic of Kazakhstan  |
|-----------------------|---|
| 1<br>2<br>3<br>4<br>5 | TAKING NOTE that the current conflict in Ukraine ignited with the Ukrainian government's decision in 2013 to strengthen ties between Ukraine and the European Union, which infuriated many pro-Russian citizens in the eastern regions of the nation who wish to rely on the Russian Federation, and  |
| 5<br>6<br>7<br>8<br>9 | <u>CONCIOUS</u> that most of Eastern Ukraine is experiencing violent conflict with Russia and pro-Russian separatists fighting against the Ukrainian government, which receives support from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), and   |
| 9<br>10<br>11<br>12   | MINDFUL that political uncertainty is heightened in the Crimea region which Russia took authority of in 2014 and the regions of Luhansk and Donetsk in which pro-Russian leaders have held a referendum to join Russia, and   |
| 13<br>14<br>15<br>16  | GRIEVED by the fact that the conflict in Ukraine has taken the lives of 10,300 citizens and injured 24,000 citizens since the April of 2014 while the UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) has reported that 2 million have been displaced while 1 million have left the country for asylum, and |
| 17<br>18<br>19<br>20  | <u>AWARE</u> of the fact that individual attempts by nations to impose sanctions based on the conflict on parties involved or entities within those nations may inhibit a peace process and economic relations between those in conflict, but   |
| 21<br>22<br>23<br>24  | ENCOURAGED by the creation of the Minsk Accords, an agreement calling for a cease fire, a withdrawal of high-power weapons, and Ukrainian government jurisdiction of areas in conflict, which was supported by UN Security Council Resolution 2202;   |
| 25<br>26<br>27        | <ol> <li>URGING willing and able member nations to aid those who have been displaced by the<br/>conflict and to work with the UNHCR to bring these citizens back to their homeland;</li> </ol>  |

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- 2.) CALLS UPON individual nations that have placed sanctions on parties involved in the conflict to lift sanctions relating to the dispute in order to facilitate diplomacy and prevent economic hardships;
- 3.) ASKS that all nations involved follow and observe the policies laid out in the Minsk Accords and reiterated in Security Council Resolution 2202 in order to prevent violence until a solution can be made peacefully;
- 4.) SUPPORTS the use of regular summits hosted by either the UN or neutral nations between the Ukrainian government, NATO, pro-Russian separatists, and Russia to create a permanent peace agreement that respects the sovereignty of Ukraine and re-establishes harmony in the continent:
- 5.) REQUESTS that the decisions that come from these summits are adhered to by all parties involved and respected by all member nations.



Subject: Europe

Sponsored By: New Zealand Submitted To: 1st Political

5/3

| 1 2            | <u>ALARMED</u> by the current dissolution of the Intermediate-Nuclear Forces Treaty treaty between the United States of America and the Russian Federation, and |
|----------------|---|
| 3<br>4<br>5    | <u>CONCERNED</u> by the fact that there is already enough nuclear weapons to wipe out the planet seven times over, and  |
| 6              |   |
| 7<br>8         | <u>STRESSING</u> that this action by both the United States of America and the Russian Federation be faced with diplomatic backlash, and                        |
| 9              |   |
| 10<br>11       | <u>EMPHASIZING</u> that the Russian Federation and the United States of America already have 3,200 warheads combined;   |
| 12             | - <b>,</b>  |
| 13             | 1) PROMOTES the idea that an agreement can be reached between both parties to find a  |
| 14             | solution;   |
| 15             |   |
| 16             | 2) ENCOURAGES continuation of the INF treaty between the two superpowers;   |
| 17             |   |
| 18             | 3) SUGGESTS that a conference be held between the two nations to find and agreement   |
| 19             | and, if necessary, strengthen the treaty.   |
| 20             |   |
| 21             |   |
| 22             |   |
| 23<br>24<br>25 |   |
| 24             |   |
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Subject: Europe
Sponsored By: Peru
Submitted To: 1st Political

5/4

| 1        | Concerned with the recent outbreak of immigrants rushing into Europe, the continent is facing     |  |  |
|----------|---|--|--|
| 2        | a immigration crisis, and   |  |  |
| 3        |   |  |  |
| 4        | Considering the fact that there are almost 22 million immigrants who are not currently citizens   |  |  |
| 5        | of European nations, with this alarming number, this is turning into a bigger issue of the safety |  |  |
| 6        | of European citizens, and   |  |  |
| 7        |   |  |  |
| 8        | Recognizing the efforts already put forth by EU agencies such as FRONTEX (European                |  |  |
| 9        | Border and Coast Guard Agency) and EASO (European Asylum Support Office) to help the              |  |  |
| 10       | large refugees influx in Europe, and  |  |  |
| 11       |   |  |  |
| 12       | Realizing that from the years 2014-2017, the same course of time as the influx of refugees, 65    |  |  |
| 13       | terrorist attacks have taken place, in Europe, among with 500 deaths due to horrific acts, and    |  |  |
| 14       |   |  |  |
| 15       | Bearing in mind the fact that if this crisis is not resolved that Europe could see an economic    |  |  |
| 16       | collapse within the coming years, and 11 countries in the EU have a Gross Domestic Product        |  |  |
| 17       | (GDP) under 3.0 and acknowledging the fact that many of these countries are where most of         |  |  |
| 18<br>19 | the refugees are fleeing to, and  |  |  |
| 20       | Concerned by the current economic situation in southeastern Europe, if these illegal              |  |  |
| 21       | immigrants move to northern Europe that those countries could also see a alarming drop in         |  |  |
| 22       | •   |  |  |
| 23       | then ODI Tate ,   |  |  |
| 24       | 1) Recommends that NGOs such as Tariha Justice Center to help with the vetting                    |  |  |
| 25       | process and gives immigrants and/or refugees citizenship more efficiently, also                   |  |  |
| 26       | recognizing that not all immigrants are fortunate enough to apply for citizenship;                |  |  |
| 27       |   |  |  |
| 28       | 2) <u>Promotes</u> and encourages people, that are able, to follow immigration laws already       |  |  |
| 29       | put in place and follow the path of legal immigration and work on getting citizenship             |  |  |
| 30       | not through amnesty;  |  |  |
| 31       |   |  |  |
| 32       | 3) Request that a census, conducted by IOM (International Organization for Migration),            |  |  |
| 33       | takes place every 3 years to show that the committee created is doing its job and not             |  |  |
| 34       | letting the situation escalate more.  |  |  |
| 35       |   |  |  |



Subject: European Union Sponsored By: Poland Submitted To: 1st Political

5/5

| 1 2 3                                  | <u><b>DEEPLY REGRETTING</b></u> that Poland has become one of the few selected nuisances of the EU (European Union) being seen as an unsteady government portraying good laws to its people,  |
|--|---|
| 4<br>5<br>6<br>7<br>8                  | <u>FULLY ACKNOWLEDGING</u> it has had issues with its independence of the judiciary and administration of justice, and worry abouts on asylum seekers it is harsh,  |
| 9<br>10<br>11                          | <b>TAKING NOTE OF</b> the EU's decision to place Poland under the Rule of Law aimed to take the Judiciary of Poland under political control,  |
| 12<br>13<br>14<br>15                   | <b>FURTHER NOTING</b> that the capital of Poland Warsaw has passed several pieces of legislation in our government and installed a new prime minister to insure the realization of the political control as it is undoubtedly an invasion of sovereignty,   |
| 16<br>17<br>18<br>19                   | <b>REITERATING</b> that it has been threatened in recent manners to cut vital funding not only from Poland itself but its neighboring states by those by superior countries who wish to preserve the bloc of the EU such as Germany, Belgium, France, etc,  |
| 20<br>21<br>22<br>23<br>24<br>25<br>26 | <b>FURTHER EMPHASIZING</b> that it has been stated by Laurent Pech, a professor of european law, and Patryk Wachowiec, a legal analyst, that it should become clear to all that the continuing, systemic and vicious attacks on polish courts and their judges are bound to produce consequences beyond Polish borders and constitute a clear and present danger to the EU legal system as a whole; |
| 27<br>28<br>29<br>30                   | <b>HAVING CONSIDERED</b> that Poland has not been further removed from the bloc of the European Union and that to ensure the least issues in the future that it;  |
| 31<br>32<br>33<br>34                   | 1) <u>CALLS UPON</u> the EU to continue the funding towards the country so that we will remain to flourish as a steady economy along with a sovereign society and strong military;  |

2) **TAKING NOTE OF** the fact that despite the substantial progress made with

legislation and dialogue the EU is pushing too much on Poland's government;

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- 3) **RECOGNIZES** that Poland has made numerous steps in alleviate its political setbacks since being declared with rule of law back december of 2016;
- 4) **ENCOURAGES** that the European Union come to a conclusion to lift the rule of law allowing Poland to be in full control of our own government again and;
- 5) <u>IMPLORES</u> the further involvement with European countries in more immediate need EU support with their economic struggles and other conflicting affairs occuring in countries such as Bulgaria, Italy, and Romania



Subject: Europe Sponsored By: Russia Submitted To: First Political

5/6

| 1<br>2         | Deeply  | Concerned of Ukraine's response of Crimea's vote for sovereignty  |  |
|----------------|---|---|--|
| 3<br>4         | Unders  | standing that the Crimean peninsula has been a providence of Ukraine since 1954   |  |
| 5<br>6<br>7    |   | nto account that President Viktor Yanukovych and Sergey Aksyonov had request Russia to troops, and the Russian government is              |  |
| 8<br>9         | <b>A</b>  | af the form and distance the decision is 2014.  |  |
| 10             | Aware of the fear and distress the decision in 2014 caused when Russia sent 30 armed personal and 6,000 extra troops, also  |   |  |
| 11             | and 0,0   | oo extra troops, also   |  |
| 12<br>13<br>14 | Alarmed at the number of lives lost in these past four years. The numbers as of 2017 have reached into the tens of thousand, Ukraine and the U.S. and other countries are not |   |  |
| 15             |   |   |  |
| 16             |   |   |  |
| 17<br>18       | Appreciate The U.N. sending peacekeepers to stop the protests from causing damage, and bring comfort to the civilians that have been caught up in the conflict                |   |  |
| 19<br>20       |   |   |  |
| 21             | 1)  | <u>Calls upon</u> a ceasefire on all sides of the conflict so that the rest of this conflict can be                                       |  |
| 22             |   | carried out with diplomacy  |  |
| 23             | 2)  |   |  |
| 24<br>25       | 2)  | Request more peacekeepers to be sent to Ukraine and the starting of U.N. led peace talks  |  |
| 26             |   | to help further the process of the conflicting ending and Crimea becoming its own country or choosing to join the Russian Federation, and |  |
| 27             |   | or choosing to join the Russian Federation, and   |  |
| 28             | 3)  | Urge that the U.N., Ukrainian, Crimean and Russian officials to have a peaceful   |  |
| 29<br>30       | - /   | conference to end the conflict and recognize Crimea sovereignty from Ukraine  |  |
| 31             |   |   |  |
| 32             | 4)  | Expresses hope that Ukraine ends it violent resistance against the people's wishes for  |  |
| 33             |   | independence  |  |
| 34<br>35       |   |   |  |
| 36             |   |   |  |



Subject: Europe (Unity in Spain)
Sponsored By: Spain
Submitted To: First Political

5/7

| 1 | Bearing in mind that in order to achieve economic prosperity in a global sense, the region of |
|---|---|
| 2 | Catalan must remain a dependent body of the nation of Spain, the disunity of this region will |
| 3 | affect the financial stability of more unified nations, and                                   |

Mindful that for what was previously stated to not cause global and national monetary ruin, an attempt of more unified nations to resolve the disarray must be put into action by coalesced countries involved with the United Nations to help unite the quarreling bodies, and

Recalling no previous action taken towards this situation of any kind, by more coalesced countries in the United Nations, and

<u>Calls upon</u> the immediate action to better the relations between Spain and its Catalonian district, so to sustain current relations between the two, which will not only improve the Spanish economy, but the global economy, and

1) <u>Draws attention to</u> the importance of national unity, worrying current and future financial allies about the outcome of a possible Spain-Catalan divergence harming relations between Spain and her allies, but the absolute unification of the two benefits all;

2) Adopts not only a sustained Spanish economy, but proposes a better and more powerful one, that will inspire new investors, lower interest rates and inflation, and stimulate more expansive trade;

3) <u>Urges strongly</u> the synergy between the more unified countries in the United Nations to send assistance to help manage the revolting of frustrated citizens and restoring order where order has been lost;

 4) Recommends that the United Nations send in peacekeeping troops to protect against future terror attacks or harmful rebellions that threaten national security that would simply be there in case of emergencies and until the conflict has been absolved, as to protect innocent bystanders from possible political activists.



**Subject: Antarctica Sponsored By: Federal Republic of Germany Submitted To: First Political** 

| 1 2 3    | <u>Deeply concerned</u> by the fact that the Antarctic ice sheet that covers 98% of the continent has decreased from once from accumulating 112 billion tons of ice (1992-2002) to accumulating only 82 billion tons from (2003-2008), and |
|----------|--|
| 4        | Emphasizing that the Endard Dapublic of Company along with many other nations signed a   |
| 5<br>6   | <u>Emphasizing</u> that the Federal Republic of Germany, along with many other nations, signed a treaty stating that Antarctica should remain as is, while also putting many organizations in place  |
| 7        | to ensure the well being of the continent such as SCAR as well as ASOC (Scientific Committee   |
| 8        | on Antarctic Research and Antarctic and Southern Ocean Coalition), and   |
| 9        | <b>,</b>   |
| 10       | Alarmed by how hardly anything is being done to preserve the South Pole (i.e. not permanently  |
| 11       | banning bio prospecting or mining along with tourism), and keeping in mind the long term effects   |
| 12       | that could cause damage globally, and  |
| 13       |  |
| 14       | <u>Disturbed</u> by the concern that if the glaciers were to thaw, sea levels globally would rise  |
| 15       | drastically, causing erosion to the land and affecting it also by causing the loss of habit for people   |
| 16<br>17 | as well as many other types of animals, and  |
| 18       | Realizing that the shrinkage of the glaciers has in recent years been linked to a global rise in   |
| 19       | carbon dioxide and the rise of acid in the oceans, as well as the precious ecosystem that it   |
| 20<br>21 | possesses could soon be diminished;  |
| 22       | 1) Approves more research and insight on global warming, and regional warming in   |
| 23       | Antarctica to provide a better understanding the effects it has on the continent and what  |
| 24       | steps need to be taken to change this;   |
| 25       |  |
| 26       | 2) Declares that mining along with bio prospecting should be banned permanently to   |
| 27       | prevent destroying the the environment and causing other damage to the ecosystem, with   |
| 28       | keeping in mind the effects it will have on a global level;  |
| 29       |  |
| 30       | 3) <u>Expresses the hope</u> that the nations that signed the Antarctic Treaty reinforce it by making  |
| 31       | the regulations more explicit, while also maintaining the original purpose of the treaty, and  |

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4) Urges that the U.N. ban tourism in Antarctica so that there is no economic development, and to ensure that the researchers who are stationed there for their studies do not abuse their privileges and ensure that there is no environmental or economical damage.

ensuring that it creates a strong outline of what steps need to be taken;



#### Subject: Antarctica Sponsored By: Sudan Submitted To:First Political

7/2

| 1                           | FULLY AWARE that the continent melting rate has tripled in the last two decades, and there  |
|-----------------------------|---|
| 2                           | is no real govrenment in Antarctica, and  |
| 3                           |   |
| 4                           | CONSCIOUS of the International Geophysical Year (IGY) in the 1950's that helped many  |
| 5                           | government nations (USSR, Argentiena, Chile, etc) come together for scientific research and   |
| 6                           | with military purposes prohibited, and  |
| 7                           |   |
| 8                           | HOPEFUL that the grovernment nations that have signed the Antarctic Treaty will not change  |
| 9                           | the treaty agreement that states that there would not be any nuclear testing, and   |
| 10                          |   |
| 11                          | BEARING IN MIND the treaty that was made in the year 1991 also states that there would be   |
| 12                          | no testing for the next fifty years, and after those years are over, the nation can back out of the   |
| 13                          | treaty;   |
| 14                          |   |
| 15                          | 1.) EXPRESSES ITS APPRECIATION that the 29 nations that are signed to the   |
| 16                          | Antarctic Treaty do not go against the treaty and preform nuclear testing;  |
| 17                          |   |
| 18.                         | 2.) <u>INVITES</u> other government nations to join in signing the treaty when the fifty year   |
| 19                          | period has surpassed;   |
| 20                          |   |
| 21                          | 3.) ACKNOWLEDGING the nations who are already joing in on the treaty signing;   |
| 22                          | A) NOTICE VITTIL INTERPRETATION AND A STATE OF THE STATE |
| 23                          | 4.) <u>NOTES WITH INTREST</u> that maybe the nations can do more than enviormental  |
| 24                          | studies in Antartica.   |
| 25                          |   |
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